THE

AMERICAN PRACTITIONER:

A MONTHLY JOURNAL OF

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

EDITED BY

DAVID W. YANDELL, M. D.

Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville,

ANE

THEOPHILUS PARVIN, M. D., LL.D.

Late Professor of the Medical and Surgical Diseases of Women, University of Louisville.



JOHN P. MORTON AND COMPANY,

THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

CONTENTS.

THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER:

A MONTHLY JOURNAL OF

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Terms: Three Dollars a Year, invariably in advance.

The AMERICAN PRACTITIONER is devoted exclusively to Practical Medicine and Surgery, and contains contributions from the leading medical writers of the country.

Its selections are made from original copies, and its reviews aim to extract the practical parts of such works as are noticed.

The editors endeavor to conduct the journal in the exclusive interest of the busy practitioner; while the publishers issue it in the highest style of the typographical art.

As an advertising medium it is unequaled by any medical periodical in the United States.

Letters on the business of the journal should be addressed to the publishers,

JOHN P. MORTON & CO. LOUISVILLE, KY.

All Communications, etc., should be addressed to the editors of the American Practitioner, care of the publishers.

Every Ms. should bear the name and address of the writer, and should be accompanied by the necessary postage-stamps for its return in case of non-acceptance.

All requests for change of address should be sent in before the 5th of the month preceding the one for which the change is desired, and should contain the post-office, county, and state, in full, of both the old and the new address.

Foreign exchanges, books, etc., should be sent to Chas. D. Cazenove, No. 15 Beaufort Buildings, Strand, London, W. C.

THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER.

JUNE, 1874.

17

13

to

nd

cal

sy

ed

Y.

AN

m-

th

ce,

15

Certainly it is excellent discipline for an author to feel that he must say all he has to say in the fewest possible words, or his reader is sure to skip them; and in the plainest possible words, or his reader will certainly misunderstand them. Generally, also, a downright fact may be told in a plain way; and we want downright facts at present more than any thing else.—Ruskin.

Original Communications.

REMARKS CONCERNING DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

BY A. D. ROCKWELL, M. D., Electro-therapeutist to the New York State Women's Hospital.

An exceedingly interesting point in the consideration of diseases of the spinal cord is the discrepancy between observed symptoms and the authoritative statements in regard to the necessary and constant relation of certain symptoms with certain central diseases. In pathological conditions of the brain and spinal cord, more perhaps than with other organs of the body, it is difficult—nay, utterly impossible—to associate a long list of distinct symptoms, with some change or tendency to change of structure, and say that they invariably exist as effects and cause. Variations from the physiological condition of the great nerve-centers so markedly and undeniably run into and overlap each other—are so frequently, as it were, intertwined—that it is hard for the most careful observer to do more than to arrive at approximately correct

VOL. IX .-- 21

conclusions as to the actual pathology. Irritation and congestion of the cord may co-exist. Congestion of a severe and chronic character may simulate actual sclerosis, and hysteria, associated with a mild form of either irritation or congestion, may give rise to symptoms of anæsthesia and such decided impairment of electro-muscular sensibility as to completely mislead the practitioner and suggest the existence of serious organic disturbance. As an illustration of these remarks I will cite the following case:

Mr. B. W., aged seventeen years, but exceptionally mature both in physical and mental endowments, was referred to me by his physician, Dr. John J. Crane. The patient, who was a student at Harvard, stated that some weeks previously he had one afternoon walked quite briskly and for a considerable length of time, and while in a state of perspiration had reclined upon the grass until a sense of chilliness warned him of his imprudence. During the rest of the day and on retiring at night he observed no unusual symptoms, but in the morning the legs were found to be stiff and weak, associated with a decided loss of co-ordinating power. In short, the patient was suffering from incomplete paralysis in a paraplegic form. There was slight but marked tenderness along the spine on pressure, but no exaggeration of reflex excitability in the limbs, and no appreciable impairment of electromuscular contractility or sensibility. Anæsthesia was quite decided in the calves of the legs and the toes, but any sensation of tingling was altogether wanting.

It seemed sufficiently clear that the case was primarily one of spinal congestion, and our first impulse was to trust to galvanization of the spine; but on further thought, and taking into consideration the recentness of the attack and the remarkable effects of general faradization in equalizing the circulation, I submitted the patient to a most thorough but mild seance of the last-named method, and directed him to call on the following day. On his return I found that the

anæsthesia had almost entirely ceased to annoy him, his limbs were more supple and stronger, and there was a manifest increase in the power of co-ordination. Substantially the same method was employed on seven different occasions, from May 3d to May 13th, when he returned to his studies completely recovered.

It is in just such cases as the above that the mistaken diagnosis of muscular rheumatism has so often been made. This error in diagnosis has in the past been of such frequent occurrence that it is proper to simply call attention to the peculiar sensory symptoms that are invariably associated with most diseases of central origin. These symptoms are sufficiently distinctive, and a practical acquaintance with them will render it comparatively easy to differentiate such disorders as spinal congestion and irritation, and the peripheral affections with which are associated symptoms somewhat analogous.

Locomotor ataxy itself has in its earlier stages frequently been mistaken for muscular rheumatism, and at this time I have under my observation a gentleman afflicted with spinal sclerosis, which for upward of a year was thought by his physician (a most intelligent practitioner) to be a persistent form of rheumatism. To take cold in the cord is an occurrence far more frequent than is generally believed; and while the primary congestion that ensues may yield most readily to treatment, it may, if neglected or increased by continued exposure, lead to irreparable structural change.

In the above case it will be observed that anæsthesia was a prominent symptom, while there were absolutely no sensations of formication or tingling present. Tenderness on pressure along the spine was decided, and yet we find various authors stating that in spinal congestion not only is this symptom wanting, but so also is anæsthesia, while the sensations of formication and tingling in either the toes or fingers are almost invariably present. We must account for this discrepancy then and want of accord among authorities in the

consideration of these and kindred disorders of the central nervous system on the basis of the liability of two or more of them to occur at the same time and in the same individual. Sometimes the symptoms of one pathological condition may be the more prominent, sometimes the symptoms of another, and occasionally it may be observed by one whose experience is at all extended that spinal congestion and irritation occur together as affections, so to speak, co-ordinate and co-equal. In this case congestion of the cord was undoubtedly the predominant condition, while the symptom especially of tenderness along the spine on pressure rendered it evident that irritation was present as well.

In regard to the most effective method of electrization in the treatment of spinal congestion and irritation it must be remarked, in the first place, that they are exceedingly capricious in their demands on the skill and experience of the electro-therapeutist. No one method will answer in all cases, neither is there any law in electro-physiology so precise and with such well-adjusted relations to electro-therapeutics as to enable us to lay down specific rules for treatment. It is true that the application of electricity to the human body may produce certain modifications of animal electricity, together with other and peculiar physiological phenomena. When a nerve, for example, is submitted to the action of the galvanic current certain changes occur in its condition dependent on the local action of the electricity; and independent of this local action the direction of the current exercises a decided effect through its power to influence either the excitability of the motor or sensitive nerves.

The ascending current increases excitability, increases reflex action, acts most powerfully on the sensitive nerves, and influences the motor nerves through its direct and not through its reflex action on the spinal cord. The descending current, on the other hand, diminishes both excitability and reflex action, acts most powerfully on the motor nerves, and influ-

ences them by reflex and not by direct action on the cord. These principles, which are thought to be established, are undoubtedly of practical importance in the treatment of disease; but unfortunately they do not afford a sufficient basis upon which to rear a superstructure of therapeutics uniform and complete in its application. On the theory that the descending current lessens irritation it is logical to employ this method in spinal irritation, and practical experience confirms its propriety. I have had occasion in many cases to test its superiority over the opposite method. In regard to special methods of galvanization of the cord in spinal congestion I can not speak with the same confidence, although, on general principles, I am in favor of ascending currents; but, at the risk of being thought unphysiological, I do not hesitate to declare that general faradization is, as a rule, more efficient in the treatment of spinal congestion than direct galvanization, and that in irritation it can almost always be alternated with the descending galvanic current, and with the best results.

The question very naturally and properly arises, what is the measure of benefit to be derived from the use of central galvanization and other methods of electrization in organic diseases of the brain and spinal cord?

One-sided paralysis from cerebral effusion, paraplegia dependent on spinal apoplexy, softening of the brain, palsy agitans, progressive locomotor ataxy (spinal sclerosis), progressive muscular atrophy, and kindred affections have ever been regarded as the *opprobria medicorum*.

While no sane man would presume to triumphantly proclaim a method or a remedy as a panacea for these fearful diseases, it can yet be confidently asserted that in some one or more of the various forms of electrization we have under control a potent means by which the symptoms of these diseases may almost always be relieved, and occasionally approximate recoveries follow.

In the treatment of these various affections both the

galvanic and faradic currents are, as a rule, indicated, although the prominence which is to be given to either current or to any method depends on the character of each individual case. In hemiplegia, for example, it was formerly thought useless and even unsafe to apply electricity until some months after the attack. It is now used almost immediately and with favorable results.

By localized faradization the tendency to muscular atrophy is undoubtedly resisted, and even after atrophy has taken place in the limbs it is no uncommon thing to see the parts develop with rapidity under the mechanical action of the current.

By general faradization the nutrition, if impaired, is improved; and by galvanization of the brain the process of absorption is hastened. Of all the cases of hemiplegia that have come under my observation the treatment has resulted most favorably, and the results have been most permanent where the patient was seen and submitted to treatment within a comparatively short time subsequent to the attack.

Paraplegia of a reflex character is, of course, amenable to treatment in a far greater degree than when dependent on effusion within the cord; and yet in this last condition galvanization of the cord, with faradization of the lower limbs, is generally indicated, and is often of infinite service. Of above a dozen cases of softening of the brain that have been under my care, and that I have treated more or less persistently, not one has improved in any marked degree, and in but two or three were the symptoms even slightly alleviated.

Palsy agitans offers a somewhat more satisfactory field for electrical treatment. The faradic current, in whatever manner used, seems to possess but little influence over the disease.

The most thorough form of central galvanization, however, exercises very frequently a controlling power over the constant agitation that is most grateful to the patient. It can hardly be said that I have knowledge of an effectual cure wrought in this disease by any method of treatment, but in two cases certainly central galvanization has been followed by approximate and apparently permanent relief.

In locomotor ataxy electrization is unquestionably the remedy par excellence, and the only one, in fact, to which we can look with any degree of confidence in the consideration of its therapeutics. The experience and observation of the most able German electro-therapeutists prove that this progressive disease may not only at times be arrested in its course, but most markedly relieved in every symptom. With these observations my own fully accord.

The same encouragement is afforded in the consideration of progressive muscular atrophy, a disease hardly less frequent and certain in its progress than ataxy.

NEW YORK.

COCCYODYNIA, WITH A CASE.

BY JOHN O'REILLY, M. D.

Coccyodynia was first described by Dr. Nott, of Alabama, in 1844. Since that time numerous cases have been placed on record by different practitioners. The literature on the subject is, however, very scant, a great many authors on diseases of women making no mention of it. The cases published are only those of the most severe type, and such as always required surgical aid before relief was obtained. We believe, however, that there is a more frequent form of subacute or chronic coccyodynia that is entirely overlooked, being referred, among other symptoms of pelvic neuralgia or myalgia, to uterine trouble.

Mrs. M., a married woman, aged thirty years, of good constitution, was confined June, 1865. She had a long, lingering labor, having suffered with inefficient pains for forty-

eight hours before she was delivered with the forceps. From this time forward she always complained of soreness along the lower part of the spine, a tired feeling on the least exertion, with a more or less general discomfort about the pelvic region. In the latter part of 1867 this lady came under my care. She was suffering with vaginal leucorrhœa, but an examination of the womb revealed no disease of that organ. The uneasiness about the back and loins, with pain at the coccyx, was becoming more severe, and occasionally she would apply for relief for these symptoms. The leucorrhœa disappeared, but the bearing-down sensation about the womb and rectum-or a general fullness, as if something was passing out-was not diminished to any considerable extent. This state of things kept up until May, 1860. About this time she fell going down stairs and struck on the sacro-coccygeal region. For some days she experienced but little more soreness than usual. About the first of July, however, she was confined to her bed with an excruciating pain at the extreme end of the spine, and from that time until the middle of September she passed through such an ordeal of suffering as I have never seen in any other disease. On examination the slightest pressure of the finger over the coccyx was perfectly unbearable. She would scream when moved the least bit. An action on the bowels or evacuation of the bladder was. to use her own words, "like striking a knife in her heart." She lay as helpless as an infant, and if the house had been on fire she could not have moved to save herself. This is no exaggeration of her suffering, nor was she a weak-minded, hysterical woman, that gave way to a little pain; on the contrary, she was a patient of more than ordinary nerve.

All that could be devised by the best medical counsel was done, but to no purpose. Her suffering had brought her to death's door. About the first of September Dr. Ireland severed the coccyx from its muscular attachments. The effect was surprising. One that has not seen such a case

will scarcely believe it. This haggard, emaciated woman was well in forty-eight hours. This patient from months of torture passed to perfect ease, and that in two days. The moment muscular tension on the coccyx ceased the whole difficulty was relieved, the pain ceased, and the patient was, in a word, well. Time and good diet soon restored her general health. I do not mention the special medical treatment in this case, because it would only be tedious to relate, and of no special benefit, as it was all without avail.

A short time after her recovery Mrs. M. moved to New Orleans. There she led a very active life. Some months after her removal she was taken, to use her own language, "with pain in my womb, also excruciating pain in the extreme end of my spine. A pain extended from my womb up over my left hip, and from my back through the under part of my thigh to the knee. I suffered with continual pain in my hip, knee, and back, and my leg kept shortening all the time. The muscles finally became so hard and contracted that I could not straighten my leg at all, but kept it crooked up under me." During this time, as I afterward ascertained, she had had a very severe attack of endometritis with extensive ulceration of the limb commenced.

July 8, 1872, Mrs. M. returned to Louisville. She was using crutches, the leg being contracted almost to a right angle with the thigh, and the hip-joint immovable. Around the hip were the signs of all forms of counter-irritation which had been used for the purpose of relieving some supposed disease of the joint. Examining her a few days after her arrival, I found still some endometritis, soreness around the muscular structures of the hip, but pressure on the joint from the knee did not increase it. She complained of great pain over the coccyx and soreness of the perinæum, and could not sit on any hard substance, always carrying a pillow to rest on. Believing that the contraction of the leg did not

depend on disease of the hip, and judging from the increasing trouble about the coccyx that it was but a complication of the returning coccyodynia, I consulted Prof. D. W. Yandell about the case. He confirmed my views.

About the first of July, having chloroformed our patient for a more thorough examination, we were surprised to find the limb gradually lengthen itself out; but as the effect of the anæsthetic wore off it contracted as permanently as ever. This proved at once that the contraction was due to some nerve disturbance and not to disease about the hip. We had constructed an iron angular splint, which could be extended by means of a sliding screw. This being well padded and fitted to the under surface of the thigh and leg, the limb was straightened daily a little. By this means Mrs. M. was enabled to throw away her crutches in a couple of months. The coccyodynia, however, was not much better, but as our patient was so much relieved otherwise she returned south.

I heard no more from Mrs. M. until July, 1873, when I was called to see her in this city, and learned the following history. In the past spring the pain in the coccyx and womb became so intense that she was confined to her bed. The ulceration of the womb was so severe that some pronounced it malignant. While, however, her physician treated the uterine disease and relieved it to a great extent, he maintained that the intense pelvic and spinal pain depended on the womb disease, and would only disappear with it. In the mean time so great was the prostration produced that her medical advisers pronounced her case hopeless, and she was placed in a sleeping-coach at New Orleans with the hope that she might reach home alive, but only to die. In this condition Dr. D. W. Yandell saw her with me soon after her arrival. The conclusion arrived at was that the coccyodynia was killing her, and that the coccyx must be removed. After a few days' supportive treatment Dr. Yandell removed the bone, and with its removal, as by magic, the pain and suffering of Mrs. M.

disappeared. It is true the endometritis remained, and from it, as well as the great prostration of her system, she was some months rallying, but her improvement commenced from the moment of the operation. Mrs. M., writing February 1, 1874, says, "I am a well woman. I can straighten myself out at full length and lie flat on my back, which is something I have not done for five years. There is still some little discharge from the wound." *

Such then is the ending of this case of coccyodynia. It is certain from the treatment at different times that this prolonged case of suffering was due to inflammation of the coccyx and its muscular and ligamentous attachments. When these parts are very sensitive it is impossible to get up or sit down—in fact, perform any motion—without pain. We believe a great many cases of pelvic weakness, accompanied by soreness across the sacrum, and which pass for symptoms of irritable uterus, are due to more or less irritation of these parts.

One point I wish to show from the clinical history of this case is that an assemblage of symptoms which authors attribute solely to irritable and other conditions of the uterus do not depend exclusively on such morbid states, though they may co-exist with them. My reason for this is that the limiting of these symptoms to pathological conditions of the uterus prevents the practitioner from seeking the cause elsewhere, and leads to much of our unsuccessful medication. Hodge, under the head of irritable uterus, condenses many of them in the following language: "The kind of pain varies indefinitely, and various expressions are employed to give an idea of its character. Perhaps most frequently it is described as a dull, aching, weary feeling in the back, with more or less of a sense of pressure, weight, etc." "A bearing-down sensation in the back, abdomen, thighs, in the lower part of the pelvis, in the bladder, vagina, and rectum; an open feeling as

^{*}May 15th: The wound has entirely healed; general health excellent; is in full flesh, weighing one hundred and thirty pounds.

as if there was no support and all the pelvic contents must escape, or as if the patient must 'fall to pieces' when in the erect position; a sense of pressure on the rectum, as if the bowels must be moved, or simulating the fullness and weight of hemorrhoidal tumors."

All these feelings were complained of by Mrs. M., and several practitioners who saw her attributed them to the condition of the womb, but all their medication of that organ failed to relieve them. The removal of the coccyx, however, not only relieved the coccyodynia, but also the symptoms of pelvic muscular neuralgia mentioned by Hodge as having their origin in uterine trouble. This operation shows that these sensations, though co-existent with a diseased uterus, did not depend on it. In this case they were relieved by the removal of a diseased bone, although the womb was still considerably enlarged and suffering from chronic endometritis. If morbid effects are only relieved by eradicating the cause, then in this instance the cause was the coccyx and not the uterus. Such being the case, should we not infer that the group of symptoms daily complained of by females is often caused by some morbid condition existing in the pelvic, muscular, and nervous structures themselves, and not in the womb.

This fact being established, a change should be made in the direction of our medication. In place of trying to relieve these ailments by pessaries, tents, and sounds, we would find much better results from the administration of muscular and nerve tonics when they are the effect of debility, or by the removal of such other causes as they may depend on. That there are many other causes there can be no doubt. Does it seem unreasonable that irritation of the sacral plexus, or troubles of a rheumatic or neuralgic character existing in the levator ani, sphincter ani, coccygeal and other pelvic muscles which resist the expulsive efforts and support the pelvic contents, should give rise to those feelings which our female

patients are wont to attribute to the womb? Nor is it strange that when arising from such causes they should be relieved sooner by quinine, strychnine, iron, pepsin, and general treatment than by supporters and pessaries? Many facts tend to show that these symptoms depend on the diseased conditions just mentioned, as well as that they do not always accompany a diseased uterus. We find them in females perfectly free from uterine trouble—young anæmic women, who suffer from chronic constipation, and whose employment requires them to be seated or standing many hours together in close apartments. We find them in overworked child-bearing women. who before one child is weaned are carrying another. Surely this class of patients can not have irritable wombs, or they would abort instead of going to full term. On the other hand, many persons suffering from leucorrhœa, dysmenorrhœa, and menorrhagia do not present them at all. The worst cases of dysmenorrhoea that ever came under my noticethose accompanied monthly by general muscular spasm and great nervous prostration—were not attended either at the period or during the intermission with these miserable "givingway, bearing-down feelings, irritation of the rectum," etc. Surely these wombs were irritable. In fact, this muscular uneasiness and weakness is felt where there is no womb. Men sometimes complain of it. I remember once having heard an eminent physician, when recovering from prolonged illness and trying to describe his feelings, say that he felt just like a woman that had falling of the womb. It is hardly probable that this suffering in structures which nature intends to pass through the hardships of labor should be caused by an irritable uterus. These symptoms are the result in females of the following causes, irrespective of the state of the uterus: general muscular and nervous debility, with local neuralgia, or rheumatic trouble in the unmarried, and the effect of labor on the muscular and nerve structures of the pelvis in childbearing women.

Such being the case, had not this assemblage of symptoms better be classed under the head of "pelvic myalgia" instead of morbid conditions of the uterus? Arranged under such a heading we will, when they are complained of, examine all the structures of the pelvis before locating their origin. We once knew a patient who, complaining of these symptoms, was treated by a prominent practitioner for months for uterine disease, when passing into other hands she was relieved entirely by being cured of strictured rectum. Had this patient been thoroughly examined, the proper cause would have been discovered at first. So in other cases the location will be found in the different pelvic structures, and frequently, as in Mrs. M., in the coccyx or its attachments.

LOUISVILLE.

IS LABOR PROTRACTED BY EARLY SPONTANEOUS RUPTURE OF THE MEMBRANES?

BY G. W. H. KEMPER, M. D.

The above question is, I believe, answered affirmatively by all our text-books, and the student goes from his books to the bedside impressed with this idea. The most recent obstetric authority, Leishman, thus unqualifiedly expresses himself as to the effect of early rupture of the membranes (Obstetrics, p. 255): "And the result when that occurs is, as every one knows, protracted labor and increased risk to the child." I well remember my own anxiety attending my first case of "dry labor." A larger experience and careful observation have led me to believe that the statement we have quoted is not to be received as absolute truth. This belief has been confirmed by reading the following extract from the Obstetrical Journal of Great Britain and Ireland, December,

1873, p. 629: "Having described the functions of the bag of waters, Dr. Gartipny proves, by the notes of two thousand deliveries, that its spontaneous rupture is of frequent occurrence. The premature flow of the waters hastens the labor, and exercises no injurious influence on the mother or child. Its occurrence is therefore favorable when pregnancy has arrived at its full term."

I offer the following statistics from my practice showing the duration of labor and the results to the mother and child:

Cases,	Age	No. of labors	Result to mother.	Result to child	From rupture of membranes to be- ginning of pains	Duration of labor from beginning of pains	
1	15	Primipara	Did well	Did well	4 hours	101/4 hours	
2	20	44	44	44	201 hours	6 "	
3	25	Multipara	46	44	At once	23/4 11	
4	20	Primipara	46	66	66	101/2 "	
5	41	Multipara	66	44	66	20 74	
5	28	66	44	£4	66	5 44	
7	30	46	44	44	2 days	51/2 46	
7 8	33	46	44	46	At once	61/2 "	
9	21	Primipara	66	44	44	7 1/2 "	
10	19	46	66	54	46	7 "	

These ten cases occurred in my first two hundred recorded cases, showing an average of this accident once in twenty cases. The ages ranged from fifteen to forty-one years; five were primiparæ and the remaining five multiparæ. As regards the results to the mothers, all did well, convalescing rapidly. In every case the child was born alive. Pains supervened in seven immediately upon the rupture of the membranes, and in three not until after an interval, one delaying two days. The entire length of time of the ten labors was eighty-one hours, averaging eight hours and six minutes to each case; or in respect to multiplicity of labors, the average was seven hours and fifty-seven minutes for the multiparous, and eight hours and fifteen minutes for the primiparous cases.

MUNCIE, IND.

CYSTICERCUS IN THE PUPILLARY EDGE OF THE IRIS.

BY D. S. REYNOLDS, M. D.

Mrs. C., of Simpsonville, Ky., was sent to me by my friend, Dr. W. E. Ryon, with a very painful affection of the left eye. The trouble had existed for some time, but not until the last two weeks had she suffered much pain or had vision become obscured. She could not at this time tell positively that she saw the flame reflected directly into the eye by the ophthalmoscopic mirror. There was great tenderness of the eyeball, though only a very low grade of iritis existed. The pupil opened well under the influence of atropia, except at the inferior and external portion, where there was a white opaque pear-shaped tumor, the small end of which rested upon and was adherent to the capsule of the lens. I could see nothing with the ophthalmoscope beyond the hazy lens-capsule.

At noon of the same day I removed that portion of the iris containing the cyst; but the cyst itself was so firmly adherent to the lens-capsule that it was necessary to seize it with forceps, and by careful traction made in the same plane with the lens-surface to detach and remove it. I succeeded in doing so without rupturing the capsule of the crystalline. The wet compressive bandage was applied and the patient put to bed.

At 7 P. M., patient complaining of headache and discomfort about the eye, I gave hypodermically one fourth grain of morphia and one sixtieth grain of atropia, and injected between the lids a four-grain solution of atropia, and left her quite comfortable.

11 A. M.: Patient has had no pain; says she had little rest; is thirsty; skin hot and dry; pulse 100; tongue dry and brownish. Ordered five grains each of calomel and chlorate of potash.

12 M. next day: Mrs. C. had rested well; is comfortable; has taken a small quantity of food. On removing the dressing the wound of the clear cornea was found well united, pupillary space clear, and she could count fingers at the distance of two feet with the sound eye closed. Her health and vision now rapidly improved.

The cysticercus when placed under the microscope showed three suckers and a beautiful circle of hooklets. The head and a portion of the neck was all that I succeeded in preserving for minute inspection.

The very rapid abatement of all signs of irritation in the eye, with the almost sudden restoration of vision, gives to the case all its remarkable features, and at the same time affords an adequate apology for my reporting it.

LOUISVILLE.

INTRA-UTERINE TREATMENT IN ENDOMETRITIS AND MENORRHAGIA WITH PURE NITRIC ACID.

BY A. C. HAYNES, M. D.

As a rule, in all chronic cases of intra-uterine disease a permanent cure is hopeless by any means which do not act directly upon the diseased surfaces—viz., the mucous membrane lining the uterus and cervical canal—this endocervicitis or endometritis being often associated with hypertrophy, congestion, granulations, etc. To accomplish this local medication two methods are used—injections and swabbings. The first is generally condemned as dangerous, nearly all writers having reported cases of death resulting from intra-uterine injections, and they are seldom resorted to unless in cases of urgent danger from menorrhagia or metrorrhagia.

The substances most commonly used by means of swab-

VOL. IX.-22

bing are sulphate of zinc, carbolic acid, chromic acid, nitric acid, iodine, nitrate of silver, perchloride and persulphate of iron.

Dr. Barnes uses sulphate of zinc perhaps more than any other one remedy; Dr. Playfair carbolic acid; Drs. Nott and Whitehead iodine; Dr. Lombe Atthill, of Dublin, undiluted nitric acid. The most common way of making these applications is by means of a fine probe of whalebone, round which a thin film of cotton-wool is wrapped. This is saturated in the solution to be used, and then the application can readily be made to the interior of the uterus without pain or danger. It is generally advisable to have the cervical canal well dilated, though some authors do not think this always necessary. I frequently fasten a fine piece of sponge round the end of a probe and dip this into nitric acid, and then apply it freely to the interior of the uterus. In all the cases in which I have pursued this plan of treatment the greatest benefit has resulted. Great judgment should be used in selecting cases, and where there is much uterine tenderness intra-uterine treatment should be postponed until this has been diminished; but, a proper selection made, the nitric-acid treatment is quite safe. Before applying the medicine it is advisable to clean the parts of their contents; for if this should be neglected they will materially interfere with the beneficial effects of the remedy, neutralizing it to a greater or less degree.

Stillé mentions cases where pieces of lunar caustic have been swallowed without serious injury. Tyler Smith says that leucorrheal discharges, coagulated by injections, may remain in the vagina for days, and then come away in an egg-shaped mass. If this can take place in the vagina, it is much more likely to occur in the uterus, since it has a much smaller outlet.

The discrepancies which exist among gynecologists regarding the value of various uterine remedies may be explained from the fact of inert chemical compounds formed between the materials introduced and the fluids found in the uterus.

The following cases are selected, not because they present any unusual features, but because each of them had been vigorously treated for lengthened periods by the methods usually employed, and without any permanent relief, while they were rapidly cured as soon as the true seat of disease was attacked with nitric acid.

Case I. A woman, twenty-four years of age, had suffered with uterine trouble for five years. On examination the uterus was found to be large and heavy, the os patulous and gaping. On the 19th of August, 1873, I inserted a sponge-tent, and on the 20th, upon its removal, applied the fuming nitric acid to the whole interior of the uterus and cervical canal without causing the least pain. In order to make a thorough cauterization I applied the acid a second time. About one month after this I repeated the operation. This patient was under my care about six weeks. I applied nitric acid twice. The symptoms all improved from the first application. I have frequently seen her since and she enjoys excellent health, and is now (April, 1874) about six months pregnant.

Case II. A woman, twenty-three years of age, has suffered from profuse menorrhagia for some time, with ulceration and abrasion of the os and cervix, and is quite debilitated from the loss of blood. It was with some difficulty that the os was found, it was so jagged and torn. It bled freely on being touched. I inserted a sponge-tent in the morning, removing it in the evening, and applied nitric acid freely to the os and about two thirds the length of the cervical canal. The application produced no pain. This woman has passed three menstrual periods since the operation, each period being but three or four days, and the flow normal and without pain, though previously from ten to twelve days in duration and attended with severe suffering. I made but one application, and the patient is quite well.

I could report a number of similar cases, the results being equally satisfactory, but it would seem too much like repeating what I have already written.

OWENSBORO, KY.

PUERPERAL CONVULSIONS.

BY J. J. ELAN, M. D.

January 4, 1872, at 8 P. M., was called to see A. B., aged eighteen years, primipara, at full term. Found labor progressing favorably; os dilated to the size of a crown; patient in good spirits. 9:30 P. M.: complained of a very slight frontal pain; labor making rapid progress. Gave thirty grains of chloral hydrate, and at 10 P. M. delivered her of a healthy male child weighing nine pounds. Patient fell asleep immediately after delivery, with all promising well.

At 10:30 P. M., while congratulating myself over her quick and easy labor, I was surprised to find my patient seized with a most violent convulsion and with an expression scarcely human. I immediately corded her left arm and freely opened the median vein, but could only get about one ounce of very black, thick blood; opened the temporal artery on the left side, from which about two drachms of blood came; corded the right arm and opened the median vein, from which about half an ounce of blood came; opened the veins of the foot, from which only a few jets came.

She had eight severe convulsions in two hours, although I had repeated the chloral, with the addition of tincture of veratrum and gelseminum, and they were finally mitigated—not prevented—by chloroform, administered freely. She has flooded a little since her second convulsion. At 12:30 A.M.

I introduced my hand into the uterus, and finding the placenta adherent I detached it with some difficulty. The uterus contracted well.

I A. M.: convulsions continue every fifteen minutes; pulse 130. Gave the following:

R.	Potass. bromid., .			Эij;
	Tinct. cannabis ind.,			3 ss;
	Tinct. gelsemini, .			gtt x;
	Tinct. verat. viride,			gtt x;
	Aquæ,			3 ij.
	M. ft. haustu	ıs.		

To be taken every two hours; ordered jugs of hot water to feet and hips, and kept her under the influence of chloroform, by which means the paroxysms were warded off for forty minutes, the longest period.

At 1:30 A. M., in consultation with Dr. Wallace, we applied cut-cups to the temples, but got only about half a drachm of blood. Patient conscious between the attacks, and calls for the handkerchief (wanting chloroform), but before it could be given her she would be convulsed; pulse 140; gave twenty grains calomel and applied cold water to the head.

3:30 A.M.: convulsions recurred at intervals of fifteen minutes, notwithstanding the means resorted to. Seeing that our patient must soon die if not relieved—her pulse being now 145, small and tremulous—I suggested to Dr. Wallace the application of *five* as the *dernier ressort*, being satisfied that I had once before in a similar attack saved her life by the use of fire when all other remedies had failed to bring on reaction.

Dr. Wallace fully agreeing with me, a *coal of fire* was procured—the patient being at the time in a severe convulsion—and passed rapidly over the chest, making a series of small blisters, the largest over the region of the heart. Reaction came on immediately, and the jaws, previously clenched, now moved freely, and the patient exclaimed, "Quit burning me!"

The pulse immediately became fuller and stronger and the breathing less labored. Fifteen minutes after applying the fire strong symptoms of recurring convulsions; administered chloroform; ceased in about two minutes; patient slept; pulse 130. Thirty minutes after had slight symptoms of convulsion; ordered jugs of hot water and chloroform; patient went to sleep. Roused up in two hours with no symptoms of convulsions; pulse 78, full and strong.

2:45 P. M.: patient has rested quietly, but the symptoms are not so favorable, pulse being 100 and corded.

3:15 P. M.: eleven hours and forty minutes since applying the fire; patient called for the handkerchief (wanting chloroform), but before I could administer it she was convulsed, though the paroxysm was immediately cut short; pulse 100.

At 5 P. M. patient awoke, took fifteen grains chloral hydrate, and went immediately to sleep.

7:30 P. M.: still asleep; no return of convulsions; pulse normal; ordered enemata.

January 6th, 1:30 A. M.: patient roused up; bowels acted three times; no bad symptoms; has had six or eight hours of refreshing sleep; feels much better; pulse 85.

IO P. M.: has been awake three hours; no more convulsions; pulse 80, full and regular; gave the following:

R.	Hoffman's anodyne,		3 j;
	Spirits nitrici dulc.,		ā ij;
	Spirits mindereri, .		3 ij;
	Flu. ext. gelsem., .		3 ij.

M. S. One tea-spoonful every two hours in a wine-glass of water.

January 7th found patient doing well, having had no return of convulsions. She now made a rapid recovery. I regret that her urine was not examined.

The points worthy of special consideration in the foregoing case are:

1. The influence exerted over the circulatory and muscular systems by fire, as manifested by the increase in the volume

and reduction in the frequency of the pulse, and the relaxation of the jaws previously locked.

- 2. The power of chloroform to cut short but not prevent the recurrence of the convulsions.
- 3. The action of chloral hydrate as a hypnotic. The action of fire I consider of the first importance, from the fact that chloroform, chloral, etc., though carefully and persistently employed, had failed. Will the editors of the American Practitioner please give an expression of opinion on the subject?

MASON, TENN.

AN ABSTRACT OF SIX CASES OF OVARIOTOMY.*

BY D. W. YANDELL, M. D.

My purpose in the present paper is simply to group such features of the several cases I am about to report as possess some special interest. The patients operated upon were aged respectively twenty-two, twenty-seven, thirty-one, thirty-three, forty-four, and sixty-five years. Three were residents of Louisville, one was of Texas, one of Glasgow, Ky., and one of Illinois. One was single, but has since married and borne two children; another, though married ten years, was childless; the other three were mothers of several children. Four of the six women were of unexceptionable constitution. The patient who was married but childless was of phthisical descent; had lost two brothers with pulmonary consumption; was thin, feeble, a non-consumer of fats, but without physical evidence of tubercles. The unmarried patient was extremely delicate, but without appreciable organic disease.

^{*}Read before the Kentucky State Medical Society at its annual meeting, April, 1874.

In one patient the tumor was discovered eight years before the operation; in another five years; in another three; while in the remaining three it was discovered but two years before. In four of the cases nothing unusual occurred from the time the tumor was discovered until it was removed. In one, while on the commode and pressing the abdomen with her hands, a sudden giving-way was experienced, and the parts, which had been hard and unyielding, became soft. For a moment she seemed relieved. In a little while, however, she had orthopnœa, passed into collapse, and death seemed imminent. After being in this condition for about fifteen hours she was tapped by the physician who saw her in consultation, and about twelve pints of serous fluid evacuated through an opening made below the umbilicus and a little to the left of the mesian line. The relief was immediate. Indeed she grew perceptibly more comfortable while the fluid was flowing. The whole train of urgent symptoms instantly disappeared; the patient passed into quiet sleep, from which she awoke easy and refreshed. In three weeks after the operation she traveled from her home to Louisville, a distance of a hundred miles.

I removed a multilocular cyst of the right ovary from this patient the 3d of July, 1873. One portion of the cyst contained twenty-two pounds of dark grumous fluid, which escaped readily through the canula. The remaining portion of the tumor was composed of colloid material, distributed in lesser cysts, and of about the consistency of calf's-foot jelly. The contents of the tumor weighed twenty-eight pounds. The tumor, with a portion of the colloid mass remaining, weighed eleven pounds. The only noticeable adhesions were to the diaphragm and liver. These were sufficiently firm to require time and patience for their separation. The patient rallied fairly, and continued for two days reasonably well. At the end of this time vomiting set in and continued well-nigh incessantly for nine days, resisting every

means attempted for its control. Life was sustained during this dreary period by nutritive enemata. On the second day of the vomiting—the fourth day after the operation there was marked abdominal tenderness, while a considerable gush of reddish serum from the lower angle of the wound followed each act of vomiting. The pulse rose to 130 and the temperature to 104°. I now began the use of intra-peritoneal injections after the manner recommended by Dr. Peaslee, and made them from three to six times in the twenty-four hours during the greater part of a month. If at any time the injections were omitted for more than six hours, the temperature would rise from three to six degrees. The fluid used for injection consisted of a very weak solution of permanganate of potash and carbolic acid. When the vomiting ceased the patient was put upon quinine and iron, and made a good recovery, returning home in nine weeks after the operation. Her health has steadily improved, and recent letters from her state that it is better than it had been at any other period of her history.

The second case presents the following interesting history in connection with the treatment of the tumor. Nearly nine years ago she first detected a tumor, about the size of a gooseegg, in the region of the right ovary. During five years its growth was so slow as scarcely to attract her attention. About that time it began to enlarge, and she had treatment for it. Many were the doctors consulted and the remedies used.

Throughout all this period the tumor remained movable. She could float it about in the abdominal cavity with her hand. She now went under the care of a traveling electrician, who undertook to disperse the tumor with his battery, following each sitting by the application to the os uteri of the solid nitrate of silver. The patient represents the treatment as having been painful beyond any language to describe it;

but, being a woman of extraordinary heroism, she submitted to it for several months. On more than one occasion the pain was so overwhelming that she well-nigh fainted, while the tenderness and suffering frequently continued for days after the use of the battery.

I operated on this patient on the 4th of March last, emptying a unilocular cyst of thirty-seven pounds of purulent fluid. The cyst itself was adherent to the abdominal walls, to the bladder, and to almost the entire rim of the pelvis. No effort that I thought proper to make enabled me to separate the adhesions, except over a small space on the right side midway between the umbilicus and the pubis, and this to an extent barely sufficient to expose the intestines. In carrying my hand into the cyst I found that its anterior wall was firmly adherent so far above the umbilicus that I did not deem it expedient to try, by enlarging the original incision, to get above its superior attachments, though this I should have done but for the deeper-seated adhesions. I did attempt to peel the cyst from the peritonæum, as has been done so beautifully by Dr. W. L. Atlee, but failed. I excised a small portion of the cyst, closed the wound, introduced into the cyst a large drainage-tube, and endeavored, as in Ledran's operation, to keep the cyst open, and finally effect its obliteration under drainage and inflammation. The patient rallied well, and on the eleventh day was sitting up. Very large quantities of purulent fluid escaped daily through the tube. Injections of carbolated water were made morning and evening into the cyst. The tube was withdrawn occasionally, cleansed, and returned. On the fourteenth day the patient was walking about her room. On the sixteenth day the tube escaped from its place, and could not be returned by the nurse. Being absent from the city at the time, I found at the expiration of twenty-four hours that the opening had closed. I hoped, though clearly against hope, that the cyst would be obliterated. At the end of a week, however, I found I was mistaken. It had begun to refill. The patient had two sharp attacks of abdominal pain, with a sense of sinking, but without elevation of temperature or change of pulse. The tumor continued rapidly to enlarge, and on Saturday, the 4th of April, I withdrew by trocar and canula twelve pounds of fluid; the first of which was albuminous, the latter purulent. The patient experienced great relief from the operation, slept in comfort, and is again able to move about her room. Should the tumor refill—which in the nature of things it will almost surely do—I shall practice iodic injections with the view of closing, if possible, such portion of the growth as can collapse, and then open the remainder of the cyst through the roof of the vagina, as practiced so successfully by Dr. Noeggerath, of New York.*

Two of the six patients operated on have died: one on the sixth day, from general peritonitis; the other on the eighth day, from intestinal obstruction. In the latter instance-my fifth case—the pedicle was so short and the abdominal walls so thick that I deemed it best not to treat the pedicle externally, as I had done in my previous operations; but, after securing it, dropped it back into the abdominal cavity. There was not an untoward symptom in her case until the night of the fourth day, when tympanites and occasional vomiting of a dark-greenish fluid set in. The pulse and temperature remained unchanged. Dr. Hewitt, who saw the case with me the next day, pronounced it one of intestinal obstruction, and advised opium, belladonna, the rectal tube, and large warm-water enemata. The abdominal distension becoming enormous, the aspirator was used, but failed to give relief. The patient died on the morning of the eighth day. The autopsy (made by Dr. Roberts and one of my clinical assistants, Mr., now Dr., Splawn, of Louisiana) revealed the abdominal incision firmly united throughout its entire extent.

^{*}American Journal of Obstetrics, May, 1869.

There was neither fluid in the peritoneal cavity nor signs of inflammation; but the pedicle lay full against the ilio-cœcal valve, and by an abundant exudation of plastic lymph, firmly organized, had completely occluded this portion of the intestines. But for this untoward event there can be no doubt that this patient, the oldest but perhaps the stoutest of the series, would have made a perfect recovery.

In three of the patients the incision was six inches long. In one, which terminated fatally by peritonitis, it was but four inches long. In two it was necessary to make the larger incision. In one of these, my first, the incision reached from the ensiform cartilage to the pubis. In four cases the pedicle was treated by what is known as Mr. Clay's method; that is, externally. In one it was dropped into the abdominal cavity. The other was an incomplete operation.

The weights of the several tumors removed were as follows: eighty-four pounds, sixty pounds, fifty-eight pounds, forty-two pounds, thirty-nine pounds. Five of the tumors were polycysts, one only being monocystic. Four of my patients lived and two died.

The entire series was operated on at St. Joseph's Infirmary, Louisville; and whatever success has been realized, much of it is due to the intelligent attentions of Sister Maud, the nurse, whose sleepless and unfailing kindness was bestowed upon them all. The first operation was done in May, 1870. The remaining five have been performed within the past eight months. The several operations were witnessed by Drs. Lewis and Coleman Rogers, Dr. Roberts, Drs. Owen and Mills, Dr. Ely McClellan, Dr. T. S. Bell, Dr. R. Brandeis, and Dr. Donhoff, to all of whom I wish here publicly to express my obligations.

LOUISVILLE.

Reviews.

A Clinical History of the Medical and Surgical Diseases of Women. By ROBERT BARNES, M. D., etc. Philadelphia: Henry C. Lea. 1874.

This is a reprint, by the leading medical publisher of the United States, of a treatise issued a few months ago in London, and from one of the greatest of living teachers in obstetrics and diseases of women. Dr. Barnes's Obstetric Operations, the first edition of which was issued about four years ago, has been very favorably received by the profession in Great Britain and in this country; but, if we are not much mistaken, this last work is destined to a wider fame and a larger circulation. The problems in uterine therapeutics—at least medical therapeutics—are so many, and of these many not a few very far from satisfactory solution, that the ardent student will hail with pleasure a work that is rich with the experience of one of the best of observers and most philosophic of teachers.

The volume contains fifty-two chapters, the first sixteen being occupied with topics relating to diagnosis. The seventeenth chapter includes menstruation and its disorders, while the last is devoted to diseases of the vulva; thus making quite an innovation upon the order usually pursued by writers of treatises upon diseases of women. This innovation is wise, philosophic; for certainly the internal organ of generation ranks far higher in function than the external, and the consideration of the maladies of the former—more frequent, more complicated, more important—should precede that of the latter.

We do not regard Dr. Barnes as a perfect teacher. The time has not yet come—nay, it is far away—for any one to place the topmost stone upon the completed edifice of gynecological science. We differ with him in some of his instructions. Nevertheless, we do not know a better work in the English language on diseases of women.

His discussion of peri-metric inflammation seems to us to fall below not only the needs of the practitioner, but below the actual condition of the abundant literature of the subject. Especially is that portion devoted to the therapeutics of this disorder remarkably defective. On the other hand, hematocele is very fully considered. Indeed more pages devoted to this disorder, which, while not uncommon and by no means unimportant, than to the one previously referred to, which is one of the most frequent of the maladies of women. However, we have not time even to present an analysis of this volume and a discussion of some of its prominent topics. Elsewhere* we have done this, and we do not care to travel the same ground and repeat a labor already accomplished. We can conscientiously and cordially recommend "Barnes". to every physician interested in the study of diseases of women. T. P.

A Treatise on Diseases of the Eye. By Dr. Carl Stellwag (von Carion), Professor of Ophthalmology in the Imperial Royal University of Vienna. Translated from the fourth German edition by D. B. St. John Roosa, M. D., Chas. S. Bull, M. D., and Chas. E. Hackley, M. D. New York: Wm. Wood & Co. 1873.

The fact that this work has passed through four German editions within ten years is in itself conclusive evidence of its excellence, for our Teutonic brethren are not very apt to call

^{*}American Journal of the Medical Sciences, April, 1874.

for a work which is not up to date in all its parts. Prof. S. himself occupies a leading position in ophthalmic science, and next to Donders, and since the death of the lamented Graefe, may be considered as the first authority on the subject. If Stellwag errs at all, it is in his excessive depth and prolixity, which is sometimes so marked that it is almost impossible to arrive at his meaning. Some sections of his work are written in such an abstruse vein that a paragraph must be read and reread time and again before its true meaning can be discovered.

We are glad to see that the American editors have judiciously omitted the diatribe directed against Donders, which was published as preface to the third German edition, and in which Stellwag laid claim to priority in the establishment of the fundamental truths bearing on accommodation and refraction. We feel no hesitancy in declaring that S. enunciated these theories as long ago as 1855. The fact is that Stellwag has fallen an easy prey to others, who did not hesitate to appropriate the results of his original investigations and palm them off as their own.

The latest investigations in ophthalmology have been collated and inserted in their proper place, so that there is hardly any thing of note which can not be found in the work before us. We think, however, the work would be improved if in the next edition mention was made of several congenital affections which hitherto have been purposely ignored. We are clearly of the opinion that a text-book occupying the rank of Stellwag's should not be lacking in a description of such affections as anophthalmia, coloboma, cyclopis, microphthalmus, etc., for these are seen by the practical man as well as by the scientific investigator.

Prof. S.'s arrangement of his material under four heads—viz.: 1. Inflammations; 2. Tumors; 3. Cataract; 4. Functional Diseases—could, we think, be better treated if the different affections of the eye and its appendages were arranged in

their anatomical order. The bibliography which is appended to every chapter, the list of authorities quoted, and the very exhaustive index of subjects treated of will help us to overcome some of the difficulties which this arrangement gives rise to.

The fullness of the different parts leave but little room for criticism. The section on inflammatory diseases is very exhaustive and lucid, while the chapter on the inflammations of the optic nerve is simply masterly. In this chapter Stellwag agrees with Dr. Annuske, who, in the last number of Von Graefe's Archive, in speaking of optic neuritis in cerebral tumors, says that optic neuritis is almost unexceptionally a positive symptom of cerebral neoplasms, and is consequently of greater diagnostic importance than was formerly supposed, for its early appearance, in the absence of other symptoms, enables us to make a diagnosis.

The section on tumors is as full as may be, and is particularly valuable owing to the fact that it is based on Virchow's classification as enunciated in his great work on Tumors.

The discussion of functional diseases is very lucid and concise, and is to be recommended to those who desire to acquaint themselves with the theories of accommodation and refraction without entering into the elaborate details of Donders's classical treatise.

It is characteristic of Stellwag that he does not attempt to discuss such subjects which are not as yet positively determined; as, for instance, his obstinate silence about the hypodermic use of strychnia in amaurotic and amblyopic affections.

The subject of cataract, which forms one of the sections of the work, is discussed in all its bearings, but is to our mind the most unsatisfactory portion of the book. Stellwag yields to his innate modesty and fairness in giving all the views advanced on the subject, and with his desire to omit nothing tends rather to confuse than to convince.

We regret that S. is still influenced by his personal dislike to Von Graefe, and does not give his unhesitating indorsement to the modified peripheric linear extraction. He states, however, that Reuss and Woinder have found that there is less astigmatism after the peripheric than after the old flap extraction. He condemns both couching and the suction method, and considers the latter as "merely the linear extraction with artificial hinderances."

The work is well gotten up, the illustrations being better than usual, though the same can not be said of the chromolithographs, which do not bear comparison with those found in the German edition. The text is clear and neat, and altogether the book is as handsome a specimen of domestic handiwork as can easily be found.

Thanks are due to the able editors, who have shown a patience and skill in translation which is not often found.

R. C. B.

A Dictionary of Medical Science. By Robley Dunglison, M. D., LL. D., etc.

This is a new edition of the most popular medical lexicon in the English language, enlarged and revised by the son of the lamented author, Dr. Richard J. Dunglison. The reputation which the dictionary has enjoyed for forty years, at home and abroad, will be fully sustained and even enhanced by the present edition of the work. It is fortunate for the medical profession of our country that the son has inherited the qualities of mind which fitted the father in so eminent a degree for the work of a lexicographer. Old Scaliger is said very devoutly to have thanked the Giver of all our Mercies, whenever lexicographers were mentioned, "that of his infinite goodness he had endowed some men with the spirit of dictionary-making." The old critic could not believe it possible

that any man would choose so tedious and tiresome an office "who had not a mind peculiarly formed by Heaven for collecting words and measuring syllables, and that had not by a special decree been ordained of old to this condemnation." The Dunglisons belong to that category, and the fate of Dunglison's Dictionary is secure. In the hands of the son it will be kept up to the full measure of excellence which has left it for nearly half a century almost without a rival. It is safe to say that it will be found on the table of every American physician.

Clinic of the Month.

Modifications of Nélaton's Catheter. — Dr. George Cowan, of Danville, Ky., describes, in the American Journal of Medical Sciences, two modifications of the rubber catheter, both of which possess certain advantages in particular cases. In the single case in which Dr. C. had occasion to use them they enabled him to reach the bladder when no other instrument could be passed. It is to be hoped that some of our surgical cutlers will prepare the catheters as modified by Dr. C., and thus save such persons as may have occasion to use them the troubles now connected with their preparation. Meantime we make the following abstract from Dr. C.'s paper:

"I fit snugly inside of them a closely-wound spiral coil of wire, having three or four turns of it sufficiently far apart opposite to the eyelet to allow the easy flow of the urine and mucus. A closely-twisted spiral coil was made of hard brass wire, No. 24 (Wilkinson's gauge), around a stiff steel wire, about No. 15 in size; and the spiral with the steel wire upon which it had been turned were together gently, and by a twisting and pushing movement, introduced into a No. 18 Nélaton catheter (which it fitted snugly) until the spiral pressed firmly against the closed extremity of the catheter, the spiral being closed at that end to enable the steel wire to push it along. The spiral having thus been introduced entirely within the catheter, a stiff metallic tube of suitable caliber and length is passed along the straight steel-wire stylet as a guide, and pressed tightly down upon the end of the spiral, while the catheter is made to glide in an opposite

direction over the spiral by a gently kneading pressure, like that made in sliding the fingers into a new kid glove. The object of this is to close the turns of the spiral upon each other, which, having been more or less opened throughout the entire length of the coil by the stretching received by the spiral in its introduction, are still retained in a stretched-open condition by the closely-embracing contraction of the catheter. It is very necessary that all the turns of the spiral should be compact and close against each other throughout its entire length, otherwise that elasticity and power of transmitting accurately a propelling force which is peculiar to the spiral curve is in a great measure lost.

"The first introduction of the catheter thus prepared tested fully the theory, the patient being entirely unconscious of its passage into the bladder until informed of the fact. It was then put into the hands of the patient's nurse, who used it ever thereafter with similar success. It is obvious that any degree of stiffness may be obtained by simply using wire varying in size or hardness of material. It is also probable that the combination of the spiral coil with the soft gum catheter could be better effected by molding the gum around the spiral at the manufactory. Further, the brass wire in warm weather should be superseded by a less corrosive material. Steel wire, nickel-plated, if it did not lose its elasticity by being plated, and the plating did not crack in twisting the spiral, would probably answer a better purpose. German silver and possibly platinum would each also serve a better purpose than brass."

The second modification, which also seems to be an improvement, is as follows:

"I procured two pieces of watch-spring—one No. 14 in width and the other No. 10, by Dennison's watch-spring gauge—of equal lengths, and both somewhat longer than the catheter. On one, the longest, was soldered, by means of a slit in its narrowest end, a small pear-shaped brass head.

The other spring, which was the narrowest one, and also about two inches shorter, was firmly riveted and soldered to the longer one, at a point about two inches from its probepointed extremity, so as to lie flat upon it and re-enforce it. The springs thus attached to each other were given, by bending, an overbent prostatic curve of such a degree and length as would insure the carrying of the beak of the catheter, into which it was to be inserted, gently but firmly elevated against the upper surface of the urethral canal throughout its course.

"The introduction of such an instrument into the urethra requires, of course, a good deal of unfolding and straightening of the prostatic curve in the hands in passing it through the straight portion of the urethra. After it has been inserted an inch or two within the meatus, the penis must be gently grasped in the left hand and carried over into the fold of the groin, while with the right hand the instrument is glided along the urethra, and the closing of the prostatic end resisted by bending the straight end somewhat in an opposite curve to the prostatic end. As soon as the sinus of the bulb is reached the instrument is carried over to the median line, the penis held nearly perpendicular to the body, and the instrument pushed on into the bladder. The catheter is now held firmly in one hand while the external end of the stylet is depressed somewhat between the thighs and withdrawn."

HAY FEVER.—Thomas C. Hoover, M. D., of Bellair, Ohio, writes to the American Journal of Medical Science:

"Miss M. E., who had been suffering from recurring attacks of catarrhus æstivus for eleven years, consulted me as to what means she should try for relief. The disease had uniformly recurred on the 18th of August, and had a mean duration of six weeks. At the time I first saw her she was in a paroxysm of sneezing, which she said had lasted for several hours. At times she suffered from distressing dyspnæa. She had also

a slight cough; general health excellent. Made a solution as follows: Potassæ chloratis, gr. xx; morphia sulphatis, gr. iv; aquæ distillat., fl. 3 ij. M.: and used it by means of Holmes's perfumer, a form of atomizer, it being the most convenient. The relief was instantaneous. The same application was continued. The patient slept well, and was apparently entirely relieved until the fifth day. The sneezing returned. I then ordered her to use through the same instrument the following: Potassii bromid., z j; aquæ, fl. z ij. M. The paroxysm was interrupted as in the first instance. I ordered her to use these solutions alternately, using from six to ten inhalations three times daily, or equal to about one fourth of a drachm of the mixture. She continued to improve under this treatment, and without another return of dyspnæa or sneezing, until the 15th of September, when she discarded the use of the spray, being entirely well.

"J. D., a married man, aged about twenty-five years, who had been a sufferer from the same disease for six years past, came to my office, on the 26th of August, in the midst of a violent paroxysm of dyspnæa and coughing. He complained of a sensation of weight over the region of the bifurcation of the trachea, and a smarting sensation there when he coughed. Having the first solution on the table, I directed him how to use it. The relief was the same as in the first case. Ordered him to continue the use of the spray. Saw him about the 12th of September. He had discontinued the inhalation, having been entirely free from any symptoms of the disease after the first week he had used my treatment.

"Two other cases which came under my care were treated in the same way and with the same success."

TREATMENT OF VASCULAR Nævi WITH THE GALVANIC CAU-TERY.—It may be remembered that we made for this journal an abstract of Dr. Dawson's paper, published in 1871, on the actual cautery in vascular nævi. In the May number of the American Journal of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children Dr. D., in another communication on the subject, states that subsequent experience has but confirmed the views then expressed of the advantages and results of this treatment. He reports in detail a number of cases, and says:

"During the last two years, however, I have had opportunities of witnessing the use of, as well as using myself, the galvanic cautery in many operations in which it is par excellence the best means at the command of the surgeon. Having the requisite apparatus, I have used it many times for the destruction of nævi—in some of which other methods, excepting the actual cautery, had proved unsatisfactory—with unfailing success and most gratifying results.

"As many surgeons still seem undecided as to the best means for removing this not uncommon congenital disease, many still adhering to the oldest and most unsatisfactory methods, I deem it not inadvisable to add my testimony in favor of a method that so high an authority as Dr. Maas, of Breslau,* pronounces to be followed by the best results, and to be much safer than the injection of iron or other coagulating fluid. This opinion he arrived at after having used the galvanic cautery in 112 cases with the following results: Capillary nævus—cured, 32; improved, 1. Cavernous or venous nævus—cured, 72; improved, 8; died, 3. Arterial or racemose nævus—cured, 2; improved, 1. Nævus combined with other tumors—cured, 6; improved, 1; result unknown, 2.

"The galvanic cautery differs from the actual cautery in the means and facility for heating the needles, while it is superior to the latter from the fact that the degree and duration of the heat is wholly under control of the operator, and consequently it admits of being used with greater care and deliberation, while the actual-cautery needles, readily parting with their heat, necessitates their hurried use. These advantages, combined with the admissibility of using very

^{*}Archiv für Klinische Chirurgie, vol. xii, 1871.

fine needles,† are the only advantages the galvanic can claim over the actual, for the effects of the two methods are precisely similar—destruction of the diseased parts by heat. Both methods have the advantage of allowing the destruction of nævi in parts of the body where it would be either unsafe or impossible to apply other means, as was the case in the third of the following cases which I have selected out of eight as best illustrating the advantages claimed for the galvanic cautery."

THE HYPODERMIC USE OF ERGOTINE.—Prof. Hildebrandt, of Königsberg, Prussia, thus writes to Dr. Munde, of the American Journal of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, concerning this subject:

"I still see as much benefit from the method as formerly, and do not intend to relinquish it. The patients frequently complain of severe pain, and some are compelled to retire to their beds an hour after the injection, and rest for an hour or two. In a number of other women I made the injections in my office, and they regularly went home *on foot* without any difficulty.

"Abscesses I have never seen, and during the past few years I have made personally several hundred injections of a full Pravaz's (hypodermic) syringe. I know, however, that my colleagues here have met with them several times, but I also know with equal certainty that the canula in such cases was generally introduced too superficially. In two cases only in my clinic the sensitiveness of the skin was so great that in one patient after the tenth, and in the other after the twelfth, injection, which were made by my assistant, cutaneous abscesses arose.

"In performing the injection I take up a firm fold of skin and insert the canula of the syringe perpendicularly (not

[†]The needles used are made of fine platinum wire, doubled like a hair-pin, and then pinched tightly together. They need not be longer than an inch.

obliquely) into the crest of the fold to the depth of one half the length of the canula, in order that the fluid may always enter the thick, adipose, subcutaneous cellular tissue. I believe that it is owing to this circumstance alone that I have never had occasion to see an abscess. As a rule, only the first three to five injections are painful; subsequently they are more and more easily borne. A slight subcutaneous infiltration (Hautknoten) always remains, in some women only several days, in others many days and even weeks."

Dr. H. promises to follow the above in a few weeks by a more detailed article.

EARLY SIGNS OF URETHRAL STRICTURE.—Dr. Fessenden N. Otis, in a paper recently read before the New York Medical Journal Association and published by our able contemporary, the New York Medical Journal, thus speaks of certain matters connected with the urethra and its strictures:

"Chronic urethral discharge, commonly called gleet, is the signal which nature hangs out to notify the intelligent surgeon that an obstruction to the normal working of the muscular apparatus of the urethra has occurred; that plastic material, laid down in the antecedent inflammatory condition, has begun to contract the normal urethral caliber, whether it be twenty or forty millimetres in circumference, and that nothing short of a complete restoration of the normal caliber of the canal will afford a permanent cure. Sandal-oil may stop it for a time; injections of innumerable variety may, any one of them, temporarily remove it; but a little vinous or venereal excess will reproduce it, and thus the case goes on until finally an attack of retention of urine calls attention to the fact that the patient has strictured urethra.

"To prevent the return of stricture after operation, the stricture must first have been thoroughly sundered at some point; that those strictures which have been permanently cured (and in this number I do not include those facetiously termed

362

cured where the patient is obliged to use or have used a sound every two weeks for the balance of his life, but those that never re-appear after operation) have been so sundered, either by rupture through dilatation more or less rapid, by divulsion, or division. The reason why the treatment of stricture after the usual methods is imperfect—that there is always a tendency of the stricture to return-arises from the fact that, as in the case cited, the strictures were not completely sundered at any point—that they were distended, not completely divided. All urethral strictures are composed of elastic tissue, and any operative procedure that falls short of complete division of the constricting band can never produce more than temporary results. As long as No. 8 of the English and No. 21 of the French scales are accepted as representing the normal caliber of the human male urethra, and as long as curative treatment ceases when this caliber has been reached, there will never be radical, permanent cure of urethral stricture. Sooner or later, however, it is certain to be accepted that urethræ vary in size in different individuals just as widely as any other constituent portions of the human body, and that consequently stricture of the urethra is a relative term; that while No. 8 bougie English or No. 21 French will determine the presence or absence of stricture in the urethra of corresponding caliber, it fails to recognize stricture in urethræ of larger size, and which has been positively demonstrated in certain cases to reach as high as thirty-six or even forty millimetres in circumference; and that complete division of stricture, of whatever caliber, having been accomplished, recontraction may be prevented, and that thus strictured urethræ can by appropriate treatment be with certainty restored to their normal dimensions without fear of subsequent recontraction. This I do not assert unadvisedly or rashly, as the records of more than fifty cases occurring in my own experience will demonstrate. Several of these cases, in which five and six strictures were present two years ago, and then thoroughly divided, have been carefully examined by me within the last month, and can be shown to-day free from the slightest evidence of recontraction. This goes far to prove that complete division of stricture, with appropriate after-treatment, will give complete immunity from recontraction. The results of operations with the dilating urethrotome, presented by me to the profession at a meeting of the New York Medical Journal Association more than a year ago, have remained permanent; that is to say, that the strictures operated on, having been thoroughly divided, were afterward completely absorbed."

Stricture completely curable. - Dr. Otis wishes to be distinctly understood as claiming that "stricture, as ordinarily met with, is absolutely within the reach of curative measures; that if completely divided, and this division maintained by suitable means until healing of the parts has occurred, no recontraction can ever take place; that dilatation, temporary or permanent, is never more than a palliative measure, unless carried to a point sufficient to completely rupture the stricture; that the division of stricture is not more hazardous, to say the least, than permanent dilatation—that is, by introduction of dilating instruments, which are required to remain in situ for hours or days-or than rapid dilatation, which requires instruments of increasing sizes to be introduced at one sitting; and, I may venture to say, scarcely more likely to produce trouble than temporary or transient dilatation, as usually practiced by surgeons, which is simply to pass a sound or bougie gently through the urethra, and to be immediately withdrawn: the same to be re-introduced, at intervals of two or three days or weeks, for the rest of the natural life of the unfortunate patient."

Dr. O. then concludes with the following: "1. Stricture may be present before difficulty in urinating occurs. 2. It is always present when *gleet* is present—*gleet*, as a rule, means stricture. 3. Dilatation of strictures is, at best, but a

temporary expedient; valuable in close stricture, where urination is interfered with, and the stricture is too close for the introduction of instruments for completely dividing it; but dilatation is not only without permanent value except in such cases, but it is pernicious, inasmuch as, while it is never curative, it takes the place of curative measures. 4. Nothing short of complete division of strictures can ever result in radical cure."

OBSERVATIONS ON HARE-LIP.—Sir William Fergusson, in a recent lecture on hare-lip (British Medical Journal), states that his favorite date for performing the operation is from three weeks to three months after birth, provided always that the child be in good health. "I have a strong impression, from my experience, that the older a patient is the more is the effect of the operation perceptible on the constitution, bodily and mentally; and I am equally convinced that if it be performed at an age when there can be no subsequent recollection of the circumstance, so much the better for all parties."

Sir William F. is of the opinion that projection of the intermaxillary bone, besides frequently the cause of much annoyance to the surgeon, is often the direct cause of failure in operations.

"In the case of double hare-lip, with double cleft in the alveolar ridge, there may be great projection or little or none. In the latter case, particularly if the columna and lateral portions of the lip be of good size, there may be no need for meddling with the intermaxillary mass. If, however, the projection be considerable, or what may be called great, and if the columna and side portions of lip be scanty, there ought then, in my opinion, to be no hesitation about taking away the projection at its junction with the vomer. The attempt to push this part back by gradual pressure is troublesome, or well-nigh impossible, in most instances, even if, as has been proposed, its narrow neck be broken. In either instance—

it has never been told from experience in what directionthe teeth come in the part thus displaced. In either or both instances I have no doubt in my own mind that the teeth, if they came at all, would so slope backward as to be of no value either for show or for use. There is, however, indubitable proof that without thus meddling with the part there are only two incisors of respectable size after all, and these are of such indifferent quality that they had better have been dispensed with at the earliest date. I therefore never hesitate to remove the intermaxillary mass when it seems the least in the way of a satisfactory operation. The advantages of doing so seem to me greatly to preponderate, and if there be cleft hard palate at the same time, there is far greater chance in after-years of the gap becoming narrower, while in adult life there will be greater facility for the assistance of the dentist. But, I imagine, there is less hesitation or difficulty in the surgeon's mind in the case of capacious double gap than when there is only a single one with considerable projection of the intermaxillary margin. It is to such cases that the chief object of these observations is directed. If it be difficult to apply compression on the intermaxillary portion in double cleft, it is still more so when only one side projects. for its base is broader and firmer. The instances where there is no special projection are common, and require no comment, as there is then, as regards this matter, no obstacle to a satisfactory and successful operation; but when there is a projection, if considerable, it is a more serious obstacle to these results than those inexperienced may imagine. I believe that this condition is a frequent cause of failure in the ordinary operation, particularly if it be done without the truss-compressor on each cheek to push the lateral portions of the lip toward the mesial line. In such a case the surgeon is naturally anxious to leave the alveolar ridge untouched; and in accordance with a common practice, when it is desirable to secure union by first intention, when the stitches or needles

366

are withdrawn, strips of plaster are carried from cheek to cheek to hold the union firm. Scarcely a greater mistake can be made, for the line of union in the lip being generally under such circumstances exactly over or opposite to the sharp angle of the projection of bone, the young cicatrix is pressed against it, and gradually thins away until it is fairly split open, when the operation proves a failure. This, I have a strong impression, is an explanation of the failure of many cases that do not seem in any special way complicated. I do not mean that straps always conduce to this effect, and that therefore they should never be used. On the contrary, I have very frequently seen them of much service. But, if the single projection alluded to be conspicuous—in which case there will always be a somewhat sharp, angular marginit is, in my opinion, best to get rid of it at the time of the operation. In my own practice I was at one time in the habit of cutting the projection away with sharp small boneforceps, dividing gum and bone at the same time, and aiming chiefly at getting rid of the projection. This usually involved all the intermaxillary bone on that side, and implied perhaps little heed of what damage might be inflicted on the sound side, although latterly I always passed the blades into the mesial line between the intermaxillary bones, so as to secure this side from material injury. In the course of my experience I fancy that I refined on this practice. I found that it was well to detach the portion as high up toward the nostril as could conveniently be reached, and here I discovered that in all young subjects there was only cartilage to be divided. This could easily be done with the knife or scissors, and so for many years I have used only one or other of these instruments. Usually I have passed the scalpel through the mucous membrane, under the frænum, up between the bones, and divided the cartilage, periosteum, and gum to sever the part; and thus the use of cutting with the bone-forceps has been dispensed with; for, to say the least, such an instrument

is coarse-like and clumsy in an operation for hare-lip on an infant only a few weeks old.

"While I can offer little objection to this proceeding, I fancy that I have recently fallen on one equally efficacious, and void of certain objections which, I think, might be urged against it. Instead of this sweeping wholesale abstraction, I content myself with making an incision-vertical, sloping, or horizontal—with a scalpel through the mucous membrane and periosteum over the projecting piece of bone. With a few touches with a knife, or a little squeeze with finger and thumb, I so separate these tissues as to permit the entrance of a gouge of a quarter or three eighths of an inch in breadth, with which I scoop out the body of the milk incisor-tooth in as far as it is formed, taking no heed of the cyst or of that of the permanent one, and even cut out such wall of bone as may be there; usually, at four or eight weeks, only small plates of bone. In this way the hard projection is removed, and the tissues that remain offer no obstruction to the union of the junction of the lip in front, while the operation, as it appears to me, is less destructive, therefore more conservative, in character. There is thus left only the mucous membrane, with possibly some periosteum, which forms a soft cushion behind the wound in the lip, and so the remaining intermaxillary bone is not divested of covering so thoroughly as when cutting-instruments are passed in the mesial line to take all away on the offending side."

HYDRATE OF CHLORAL IN THE TREATMENT OF PERTUSSIS. Dr. Jas. Bordley, of Centreville, Ohio, thus speaks of chloral hydrate in hooping-cough: The dose, of course, must be regulated by the age of the patient and the severity of the attack, and care always taken to observe the peculiar susceptibility in each individual case; as some children are much more susceptible to its action than others, as much so as is the case with opium and its preparations. He commences

with a half grain for a child one year old, and increases half a grain for each additional year, and repeats every three or four hours. After noting the effect of that dose, he increases it from a half to one grain each day, according to the severity of the attack and the peculiar tolerance of the medicine. Yet in some cases this plan may be deviated from with benefit, and the increase may be much greater and more rapid, but in the majority of cases he has found the above plan satisfactory. Watch the effect of the article, and when decided symptoms of hypnosis are manifested suspend its use until the subsidence of such symptoms, then begin it again in diminished quantity, to be increased as before. He has found the "compound syrup of sarsaparilla" a good vehicle for its administration, as it masks the taste and destroys the pungency of the chloral more effectually than any thing else he has tried.

CARBUNCLE TREATED BY CARBOLIC ACID.—Dr. Peter Eade writes, in the London Lancet, that he has found the action of carbolic acid in carbuncle constantly beneficial. He uses one part of acid to four or five of oil or glycerine. He thinks the efficacy of the solution is limited almost absolutely to those parts with which it could be brought into actual contact; and, although it appears occasionally to have produced injurious effects when used in large quantity, he has kept a large sloughing and granulating surface, for days together, constantly covered with the carbolized oil without any harm arising, although the urine soon presented the peculiar blackish color which has been several times observed during its employment.

Motes and Queries.

THE MEDICAL LITERATURE OF KENTUCKY.—The following is an extract from a Report on the Medical Literature of Kentucky, by Dr. L. P. Yandell, which will be published in the forthcoming volume of Transactions of the State Medical Society:

"I have undertaken, in compliance with the wishes of the Medical Society of Kentucky, to write a history of the Medical Literature of the State, and have the honor to submit the following report as the result of my labors. The report embraces a period of seventy-five years, and refers to the productions of more than two hundred Kentucky physicians who have written on medicine. It is consequently long, and, if deemed by the society worthy of publication, must extend through at least two volumes of its Transactions. In preparing it two plans occurred to my mind; one to present a continuous history of the various publications as they appeared; the other to take up the several authors in the order of their appearance, and then, having introduced them, to follow each down to the present time or to the close of his career. The latter has been adopted as having upon the whole most advantages, and this notably among others, that with every author named in the report will be seen at a single view a list of all his writings.

"The report, besides notices of the medical literature of Kentucky, embraces some account of the origin of her medical schools, with biographical sketches of a number of her more distinguished medical men. In collecting the materials for it my chief reliance has been upon the medical journals of our country, and all these have been examined in which it was thought any thing was likely to be found from the pens of Kentucky physicians. The transactions of our society from the beginning and those of the American Medical Association have also been consulted. I have sought in addition to gather up all the introductory lectures delivered in our medical schools, and all the more ephemeral publications not contained in the journals of medicine. The reports of our hospitals, lunatic asylums, institutions for the blind and for deaf-mutes have also been referred to. The larger and more elaborate works on medicine have received due attention, and in addition to all I have had recourse to other than medical books for some facts that bear upon the history of Kentucky medicine. But with all my efforts to make the report complete I can hardly hope that many omissions will not be found in it which more time and greater care might have prevented; and still less reason have I to expect that my readers, however courteous, will concur in all the judgments expressed concerning our medical writers and their works. On the latter point I claim only to have formed these judgments candidly, and without any feeling of which I am conscious that would tempt me to do injustice to any one. Almost all that relates to the medical schools of Kentucky I have written from my own recollection, and venture to hope that my account of them will be found free from prejudice. Whatever were the controversies in which I bore a part while connected with those institutions, the time since has been sufficient to allay all the animosities they enkindled.

"On an impartial review of the labors of Kentucky physicians and surgeons, and a candid comparison of her medical literature with that of her sister states, I believe it will be admitted that a work has been performed by her medical profession of which she may well feel proud. Her great physicians and surgeons lose nothing by comparison with the statesmen, orators, and soldiers who have conferred luster

upon her name. A near neighbor to the Sage of Ashland. his medical counselor and intimate friend, lived the most successful lithotomist of his times. With the hero of Buena Vista grew up to manhood in the backwoods of Kentucky another surgeon, to whose boldness and skill the world is indebted for ovariotomy, an operation which has already added years to the average duration of life in women. The most original and elaborate treatise on medicine by an American physician is from the pen of a writer who was reared in Kentucky, and while engaged in its preparation was a teacher in one of her medical schools. One of the most comprehensive systems of surgery in our language was written by a former teacher in the same school; and the work on practice, which stands at the head of American medical books, is made up in part of materials collected by the author while a teacher of medicine in Kentucky.

"Among those who were first attracted by curiosity or by a spirit of adventure to the wilds of Kentucky were two physicians whose names have come down to us. Dr. Walker visited the eastern borders of the state as early as 1747, a good many years in advance of Daniel Boone, and Dr. Connolly came out in 1770, only a year after the great pioneer. Connolly was one of the company which laid out the plat of the city of Louisville in 1773, a year before the first logcabin was reared by a white man in the state. These hardy adventurers came and saw the glories of our primeval forests and our fertile lands, but left behind them no history of their observations or adventures; and but little further is known of them than that Connolly became a tory on the breaking out of our Revolutionary War; after having shared in the confidence of Washington was captured with dispatches on his person hostile to the colonies, and confined many years in prison.

"The medical literature of Kentucky dates back a few months beyond the beginning of the present century. It is an interesting fact that the idea of originating a medical school in Kentucky is as old as her literature. As early as 1700 the Medical Department of Transylvania University was partially organized, and Dr. Samuel Brown was elected to the chair of Theory and Practice of Medicine and Chemistry. About the same time Dr. Frederick Ridgely, who had distinguished himself as a surgeon in the Revolutionary army, delivered a course of lectures in the University to a small class of medical students. To this dignified and worthy pioneer of the profession therefore belongs the honor of having inaugurated the public teaching of medicine in Kentucky. Dr. Ridgely was a pupil and afterward a correspondent of Dr. Rush, and in all the moral elements that go to form a good physician, as well as in general scholarship and medical learning, he was a worthy pupil of his illustrious teacher.

"No one who only for a moment turns his mind to the medical literature of Kentucky can fail to remark how great an influence has been exerted over it from the beginning by her medical schools. It originated with Dr. Samuel Brown, who was also first to receive an appointment in the earliest organized school. The medical journals, which have done so much to stimulate professional writing, have been chiefly sustained by our schools of medicine.

"About the time that Dr. Brown was made a professor in Transylvania University he became a writer for the medical press. The first medical paper from the pen of a Kentucky physician that I have been able to trace is one written by him for the American Medical Repository, at that time, I believe, the only journal of medicine published in the United States. It bears date June, 1799, and is contained in the fourth volume of that journal. In the same volume is the report of a case by Dr. Brown, dated November, 1800, together with a second one of a later date; and these are followed, in subsequent numbers, by other medical histories,

which as possessing an inherent interest, as well as being matters of curiosity at this day, I shall notice in detail.

"Dr. Brown, the father of our medical literature, was in every respect a remarkable man. In person he was much above the ordinary size of men, as well as pleasing and commanding. He was of a noble aspect, and his manners were in keeping with his presence. Highly gifted by nature, his fine parts were set off by all the advantages of education. A scholar, with a quick, observant mind, enlarged and polished by intercourse with the world; witty, fluent in speech, full of general knowledge and anecdote gathered from extensive travel, he was fitted to shine as a lecturer; and if necessity or taste had turned his attention seriously to the practice of medicine, as a physician he might have attained to the highest rank. But with all his powers and varied accomplishments he was not a successful teacher, nor for many years did he take any serious part in the practice of medicine. His mind was a discursive one, and he could not brook the drudgery of his profession. He was a desultory rather than a severe student, and was always captivated by novelty, at the same time his strong common-sense saved him from the wild philosophy which pervaded some of the schools of medicine in his day.

"Dr. Brown was a native of Virginia, and on his mother's side was descended from John Preston, of the Blue Ridge, to whom so many gifted men of the South trace their lineage. He was sent to Edinburgh to complete his medical education, and heard the lectures of Monroe, Bell, and Black, where sat beside him fellow-students from America; Hosack, of New York, and Davidge, of Baltimore, and McDowell, of Kentucky. He was wont to relate to his classes in Lexington that three of the young Americans resolved among themselves to become teachers of medicine on their return home. The idea, he told us, seemed preposterous to the students of the old country, and the Americans were not a little ridiculed for their lofty designs. 'But,' he continued,

'we were not to be laughed out of our projects, and in a little while after his return Hosack was announced a professor in his native city, and Davidge was at work laying the foundations of the University of Maryland. I was appointed a professor in this young university, but the chair proved to be a barren scepter in my hand. After many years a new organization was effected, in which my name did not appear. But the enterprise failed; the professors disagreed, got into controversies, aspersed one another in acrimonious pamphlets, and the faculty was broken up. A new attempt was made, and my long-cherished vision was at last realized. I found myself, after so long a time, in a flourishing medical school.'

"But as he adhered long to no system of medicine, so he soon grew tired of the business of teaching, and in five years relinquished the place in the school for which he had waited so long. Dr. Caldwell, the most scholarly of his colleagues, on account of this readiness to embrace new theories and systems, pursue them eagerly for a little while and then abandon them for something newer, was in the habit of comparing him to 'a cur-dog hunting rabbits.' He certainly was wedded to no doctrine in medicine. Of none could he ever have said, with the great Hunter, that 'he would never give them up till he gave up the ghost.' His anecdotes, which he told in the happiest manner, formed the most attractive feature of his lectures, or at least the parts which I find clinging most tenaciously to my memory. One in particular I remember, related in his valedictory address to his class in 1824. 'I knew a professor in Edinburgh,' he said, 'who from repeated dislocations of his lower jaw was liable to that accident every time he yawned. On account of his infirmity it became necessary to take with him constantly a servant who had learned the art of reducing the dislocation. His students soon came to understand the case, and when at any time the professor grew tedious, they had only to set up a general yawning to excite the same movement in him; whereupon, before he thought of it, his jaw would fly out of place, and while his servant was at work setting it they would hurry out of his room, pretending to think the lecture was over. No doubt, gentlemen,' he continued, with a pathos that affected the most thoughtless of his pupils, 'you would have been glad many a time this winter if you could have exerted the same control over my jaw.'

"Like nearly all great men, Dr. Brown was natural in manner and simple in his tastes, as far as possible removed from that pedantry and pomposity that at one time seemed characteristic of medical men. The following incident is illustrative of this pleasing trait in his character. He had been called to see a sick child in consultation with a leading practitioner of Lexington, and among the measures agreed upon was a warm foot-bath. Returning to the chamber of the little patient, the physician in attendance proceeded to give directions to the mother in terms somewhat like these: 'You will immerse the lower extremities of your infant in tepid water, madam, and subsequently use friction freely with a napkin.' The mother was lost in the succession of long words, and raised her eyes in bewilderment. Dr. Brown saw her embarrassment, and hastened to relieve her by saving. 'Bathe your child's feet and legs in warm water, my good woman, and wipe them dry with a towel.'

"The crowning labor of Dr. Brown's life, from which he expected the happiest results, was the formation of a society designed to promote harmony among the members of the profession. He styled it the Kappa Lambda Association. It included among its members many of the most eminent physicians in our country. Dr. Brown was its president, and it was his purpose to devote the evening of his days to visiting the branch societies in the towns and cities of the Union, thus cultivating the social relations of physicians. He resigned his chair in 1825, and died, near Huntsville, Ala., on the 12th of January, 1830.

376

"Dr. Daniel Drake succeeded to the chair of Theory and Practice in the University. He had been connected with the efforts, in 1817, to form a medical school in Lexington. associates were Drs. Dudley, Richardson, Overton, and Blythe. The enterprise failed, and the faculty was disorganized at the close of the first session; Overton returning to Nashville a good deal disgusted with medical schools, and Drake returning to Cincinnati to establish one in that city. The feuds that led to the disruption resulted in a bitter personal controversy. which was carried on for a time in pamphlets, and ended in a duel between Dudley and Richardson. Drake was already an author before his first connection with the University, and as such was known beyond the bounds of his own country. His 'Picture of Cincinnati' had given him a reputation among scientific men in Europe. With the circular letter announcing the reorganization of the Lexington school came from him to us in Tennessee a prospectus of the Ohio Medical College, setting forth its claims to public patronage. With his indomitable will and perseverance he had procured a charter for a school of medicine in Cincinnati. The gifted anatomist, Godman, was associated with him; but he was doomed to a second disappointment, for Godman, after a year or two, became discouraged and resigned his professorship. Two other colleagues became refractory and conspired against him. In his charter he had unwisely placed the governing power of the college in the hands of the professors, and when dissensions arose in the faculty there was no umpire to settle them. Having the appointing power, they claimed also the right to expel an obnoxious member. Dr. Drake was president of the faculty, and would at any time after the first year or two have cheerfully accepted the resignation of his colleagues, but being in the minority he could not compel them to resign. After Godman gave up his place but three professors remained - Jesse Smith, Elijah Slack, and Drake. Things went on from bad to worse, until the majority made up their minds to get rid of the difficulties by expelling the president. A meeting of the faculty was accordingly called. The president had no right to decline taking part in it, and at the appointed hour appeared in his seat. A motion was made by Prof. Smith that Prof. Drake be expelled from his chair in the Ohio Medical College. It was duly seconded by Prof. Slack, and the president put it to vote. There were two votes in the affirmative, and the chair having no right to vote except in case of a tie, the president announced that 'Professor Drake was unanimously expelled from the Ohio Medical College;" and Dr. Slack, taking up the only candle in the room where this scene was being enacted, conducted the extruded professor down stairs.

"In October, the same year, I met Dr. Drake in Lexington, whither I had repaired to attend my first course of lectures. He had returned to Transylvania again, chastened by defeat and with powers enlarged by experience. I saw him take the oath of office administered to the professors in the University, and heard his Latin oration when inducted into office. For colleagues he had Caldwell, Brown, Dudley, Richardson, and Blythe. I know that large deductions must be made for first impressions on an ardent youthful mind. Much of the enthusiasm excited by new men and strange scenes, I am aware, is to be set down to the charm of novelty; but my conviction is still strong, after the lapse of these fifty years, that I have never seen in any medical school a more splendid combination of talent than adorned Transylvania University at that day. Caldwell, in all the personal and intellectual qualities that strike the eye and the ear in a lecturer, has rarely been equaled by a teacher of medicine. Though already advanced in years, he retained all the fire and vigor of early manhood. His spirits were buoyant and his temper sanguine, and whether on the rostrum or in his study, his air was that of a man who was doing his best. During the winter Drake engaged him in a debate on the question of spontaneous generation. He affirmed the truth of the doctrine, and adduced many facts to prove that acorns might be developed in the earth and fish in mill-ponds. Drake overwhelmed him by authorities to the contrary, and out of a class numbering two hundred carried nearly every student with him.

"Dr. Drake was in the habit of saying that 'he had resigned more professorships and been oftener expelled than any medical teacher in the United States.' His appointments amounted to not less than ten, and he was connected with five schools, two of which were of his own projecting. It is significant that from his first effort in Lexington down to his last winter in the University of Louisville, as often as he came to Kentucky he found relief from pecuniary pressure, and with this also comparative peace and tranquillity of mind; and that as often as he returned to his loved Cincinnati it was only to encounter jealousy and failure."

Gun-shot Wound. - Dr. W. P. White, of Louisville, Ky., communicates the following case: "Was called, on the 23d of last October, to see Mr. Mc. a few minutes after his having been shot by a Smith & Wesson pistol. The ball passed through the tragus of the left ear, behind the zygomatic fossa and ramus of the left inferior maxillary bone, passing across so as to strike the posterior alveolar processes of the right superior maxillary, dislodging two of the molars, and also breaking off a piece of the bone, and then was spit out. It was found badly battered. The hemorrhage, which was quite free, was arrested by compressing the temporal artery. Whisky was given, and the patient was removed to a hotel a square distant from where he was shot. In five hours reaction had fairly commenced, the bandage and compress were removed, the hemorrhage did not return, and fifteen grains of bromide of potassium were given every two hours. The bromide was used for some days at such intervals as seemed best, a laxative given when necessary, and cold-water dressing applied to the external wound. During a part of the time his pulse was 108, the skin hot and dry, and there was great somnolency. On the 30th he was removed home, two miles distant. On the 1st of November another tooth was removed, and also a portion of the alveolar process. On the 6th he was able to walk about. The wound healed up by healthy granulation, and his recovery was complete."

IMMEDIATE OPERATION FOR LACERATED PERINŒUM.—Dr. A. Given, of Louisville, Ky., gives the following narration:

"March 12th I saw Mrs. B. twenty minutes after her giving birth to a large child. Upon examination I found a complete rupture of the perinæum. Adopting the practice advised by Dr. Goodell in his article upon Laceration of the Perinæum, I immediately closed the rent with wire sutures; the patient's knees were fastened together, and a solution of carbolic acid introduced into the vagina twice a day. The bowels were evacuated on the seventh day—a warm-water enema being used—and on the eighth the stitches—there were but two—removed; and I found complete union, except at about one eighth of an inch of the upper angle of the rent. The result, while excellent, would have been more satisfactory had three sutures been used.

"The advantages of a primary over a secondary operation, as suggested by Dr. Goodell, are threefold:

"I. The parts, being raw and in a plastic state, readily unite when held in apposition.

"2. When the rent is immediately closed the union will usually be completed in the time allotted to women for keeping their beds in ordinary labors, thus saving time and a great deal of annoyance to the patient.

"3. The parts being in a state of anæsthesia produced by the labor, the introduction of sutures causes but little pain and inconvenience afterward; while if the case be left until the flaps cicatrize, the denudation and introduction of the suture is a very painful operation, unless performed while under the influence of chloroform."

AMENORRHOEA FROM CONGENITAL MALFORMATION. — Dr. A. C. Haynes, of Owensboro, Kentucky, communicates the following:

"In adult women the occurrence of sexual desire is a proof of ovarian activity. Dr. Churchill says, 'I think where this desire is present there can be no doubt of the presence of at least one ovary, and of its being more or less active, even though menstruation does not take place.' But, on the other hand, absence of sexual desire is no proof of the absence of the ovaries; for such desire is not essential for conception, and some women have been quite prolific never having experienced it.

"The subjoined case illustrates the fact of the existence of sexual feeling with absence of the uterus, and shows, according to the statement of Dr. Churchill just now quoted, that at least one ovary was present.

"Mrs. —, twenty-seven years old, has been married several years, and enjoys sexual intercourse. She has never menstruated. The external organs of generation are normal, the breasts well-developed, but the vagina is only about two inches long, and the most careful and thorough examination fails to detect a uterus even in a rudimentary condition."

Poisoning by the Root of Phytolacca Decandra.—Dr. Rawlings Young, of Corinth, Miss., writes that he was called, on the 21st inst., to three children—nine, six, and four years old—poisoned by eating the root of the *phytolacca decandra*. They ate this at 11:30 A. M., at 12 M. took a hearty dinner, and in an hour after commenced purging and vomiting. At 4:30 P. M., when he first saw them, the purging had ceased, but free vomiting occurred at intervals of twenty or thirty

minutes; great dilatation of pupils; pulse rapid and very feeble; inspiration short and sighing. When completely aroused from their narcotism they complained of intense epigastric pain, great thirst, and chilliness. The treatment consisted of hot baths, sinapisms, small doses of brandy frequently repeated; and they all recovered, though continuing to vomit until 6 A. M. the next day, and complaining of vertigo and epigastric tenderness for a day longer.

Was it Influenza?—The following has just been received from one of the most experienced and sagacious of our medical friends:

Editors American Practitioner:

A very curious case having recently come under my observation, I beg to give you its history in order to elicit reports of similar cases, if your readers have had such, that I may put them together, and, if possible, work out the pathological condition on which they depend, and which I could not definitely determine in the following case.

Mr. B., merchant, aged fifty-three years, previously healthy. having never had other illness than two or three attacks at distant intervals of intermittent fever-the last more than a year prior to the present attack-after a short ride by rail through cold March winds, finished by a few miles on the top of a stage, felt badly, as though he had contracted a cold. He took a foot-bath and a hot punch, and retired early. Next morning arose not feeling well, but passed the day pleasantly; among other things enjoyed for a short time a fox-chase on horseback. The succeeding night returned to the city still feeling badly, and upon the following morning, the 1st of April, I saw him. He was in bed, countenance and complexion entirely natural; was cheerful; said he had sent for me, but scarcely knew why; that he had moderate appetite, had slept well the preceding night, had no cough, no sore throat; felt weak, and had a sense of constriction

across the trunk about the top of the epigastric and hypochondriac regions.

He was so cheerful and complained so little that I was very near dismissing the case without even noting the pulse; but on doing so it was so long before I felt a beat that I supposed the artery was compressed at some point. Ascertaining, however, that it was not, I found it beating but 26 to the minute. The rhythm, fullness, and force were perfectly good; respiration 24 per minute. The heart was normal in size, its sounds distinct, and impulse pointed and natural. The bowels were in good condition, and the urine sufficiently abundant, its specific gravity 1020, and betraying nothing abnormal under microscopic and chemical examination.

I directed the recumbent position to be maintained, and brandy, musk, and camphor to be given freely. At the afternoon and evening visits the condition remained unchanged. At the evening visit withdrew the stimulants, and gave five grains of quinine and one quarter grain of calomel every three hours until four doses were taken.

The morning of the second day found him in every regard about the same, except the respiration, which was 14 per minute. Drs. Lewis Rogers and Bolling saw him with me in the course of the day, and upon careful examination found heart as above reported; but prior to their visit patient had a moderately large evacuation from the bowels, induced by the calomel, and the pulse-beats had increased to 32 per minute; respiration 14. We continued two-and-a-half-grain doses of quinine every four hours, and ordered a pill of two grains of calomel and compound extract of colocynth, each to be taken at bed-time. The third day the pulse was 36. The pill had acted well; otherwise the same.

The fourth day pulse 42. We gave no medicine. The fifth day pulse 60. The sixth day it rose to 80, its natural rate. Patient then resumed work; has observed no inconvenience, and is now quite well. The temperature the first

morning was 97°; that evening it rose to 98.4°, and continued at that throughout.

I should, as remarked at the outset, be glad to see reports of similar cases, if such occur in the practice of your readers.

Louisville, May 14, 1874.

E. D. FORÉE.

OBITUARY.—At a called meeting of the Zanesville Academy of Medicine, held Saturday, May 2d, to take action in relation to the death of its late fellow, Dr. Jno. G. F. Holston, which took place at Washington, D. C., May 1, 1874, the following resolutions were adopted:

"That we, whose occupation has been to relieve human suffering, are reminded that the time must come when our places on earth shall be vacated, therefore

"Resolved, that in the death of Dr. Holston the Zanesville Academy of Medicine loses one of its prominent members and the profession at large an eminent physician and surgeon of extensive professional and literary culture, ripe experience, and accurate judgment, and society a warm-hearted, genial, and generous member, whose life has been mainly devoted to the good of his fellow-beings.

"Resolved, that we attend the obsequies of our deceased fellow in a body.

"Resolved, that we deeply sympathize with the family and relatives of the deceased.

"Resolved, that the corresponding secretary transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family, the city press, and the medical journals.

C. C. HILDRETH, Chairman.

" A. E. BELL, Secretary pro tem."

THE McDowell Medical Society.—In response to a call made by the Henderson Medical Club upon the physicians in the counties of Hopkins, Christian, Union, Webster, and Henderson, between thirty and forty physicians assembled in Henderson, Ky., Thursday, May 7th, for the purpose of effecting a district medical association. Such an organization was effected, embracing the counties above named, and called

the "McDowell Medical Society," in honor of Dr. Ephraim McDowell. The following gentlemed were elected officers for the ensuing twelve months:

President—Dr. J. B. Cook, Henderson; First Vice-president—Dr. W. M. Fuquay, Christian County; Second Vice-president—Dr. R. M. King, Hopkins County; Third Vice-president—Dr. O. L. Drake, Webster County; Fourth Vice-president—Dr. J. T. Jenkins, Union County; Fifth Vice-president—Dr. P. Thompson, Henderson County.

Interesting and important papers were read by Drs. J. H. Letcher, J. L. Cook, P. Thompson, S. Furman, and J. A. Hodge. The following committees were appointed:

Committee of Arrangements — Dr. J. W. Pritchelt, Madisonville, Chairman; Committee on Medical Ethics — Dr. J. A. Hodge, Henderson, Chairman; Committee on Public Hygiene — Dr. Robert Stuart, Zion, Chairman; Committee on Epidemics — Dr. H. S. Jones, Corydon, Chairman; Committee on Obstetrics — Dr. O. L. Drake, Slaughtersville, Chairman; Committee on Improvements in Practical Medicine — Dr. Ben. Letcher, Henderson, Chairman; Committee on Improvements in Surgery — Dr. P. Thompson, Henderson, Chairman; Committee on Finance — Dr. Thomas W. Taylor, Henderson, Chairman; Committee on Publication — Dr. William M. Hanna, Henderson, Chairman.

DR. ELY McCLELLAN.—Under joint resolution of Congress, approved in March last, authorizing the detail of a medical officer of the army to inquire into and report upon the causes of epidemic cholera, Ely McClellan, M. D., has been selected by the surgeon-general of the United States army to carry out the provision of the resolution. Dr. McClellan is already known to the readers of the American Practitioner as an earnest and intelligent laborer in this interesting field. Of the many cultivated and accomplished men under the control of Dr. Barnes, we believe he could not have designated one who would make a more conscientious and exhaustive effort to collect and develop the facts of the late epidemic than Assistant Surgeon McClellan.

SUPPLEMENT.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.

ADDRESSES

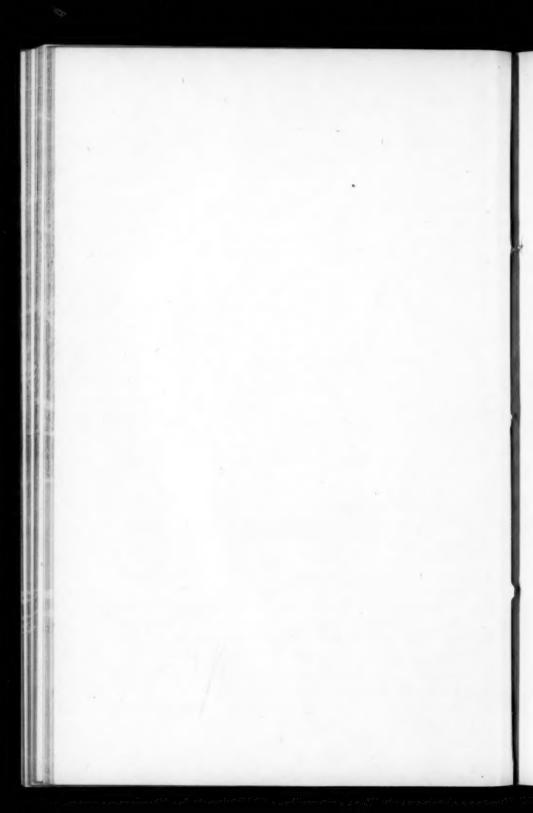
BEFORE THE

GRADUATING CLASS

OF THE

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

1874.



THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

BY LUNSFORD P. YANDELL, M. D.

GENTLEMEN GRADUATES:

I appear before you on this interesting occasion at the request of your late teachers, the medical professors of the University of Louisville. I have been invited by them to address some words of welcome to you on your admission into the brotherhood of physicians, which the diplomas you hold in your hands accredit you as qualified and worthy to enter. This pleasant office has been assigned me in consideration of my long service in the profession and of the relations which I sustained for many years to the institution of which you have just received the highest honors. It seemed to your teachers appropriate that the first welcoming hand should be extended to you, and a God-speed invoked as you step upon the theater of professional life, by one of the oldest physicians of Kentucky, who was also a member of the faculty which took part in the organization of the school and conducted its earliest exercises.

The interest that may heretofore have attached to this relation in the minds of the alumni of the University is greatly enhanced by an event fresh in the memory of you all, which leaves me without any of my old associates in it. One after another of the men who participated with me in the first labors of founding a medical school in Louisville has been called away, until I am left the only living representative of

its original faculty. Caldwell, much the oldest of the body, and the admitted leader in the enterprise, and Drake and Cooke, his oldest colleagues, and like him men of learning and great powers of mind, have been many years in their graves. Cobb, Short, and Flint, who stood next in point of seniority, followed them after lives of great usefulness and distinction, which were extended beyond the ordinary term. And you were called a few weeks ago to unite with the medical profession of Louisville in the last offices of respect to the memory of the last of my honored colleagues in the faculty, Dr. Henry Miller, who died, like those who went before him, as full of honors as of years.

I am not here this evening to pronounce eulogies on these gifted men. Their names and labors have become a part of the fame of American medicine. Dr. Gross, I may remark, was not in the school with us at the beginning, but a distinguished teacher in one of the schools at Cincinnati, and only came to the Medical Institute at the opening of its fourth session.

When we set to work to build up the school thirty-seven years ago we were engaged in an effort to extend medical education a little farther toward the frontier than it had ever been carried before, and the spire of the old medical college was the last on our continent to reflect back the rays of the evening sun. We were convinced that the time had come when another school of medicine should be erected in the valley of the Mississippi, and that Louisville was the place for it. Transylvania had accomplished a great work; but her days were numbered. Lexington, "the Athens of the West," the literary as well as the commercial emporium of this state and of all the surrounding states when the school was founded, afforded no adequate means for clinical or anatomical instruction. The tide was setting against it, and all foresaw that the causes in operation must eventually bear down the school. It was hoped at one time that it might be transferred to Louisville; but this scheme failed, and half the medical faculty, with Dudley, the most influential of them all, at the head, determined to abide its fortunes at Lexington. Louisville seconded our efforts with a noble liberality, and her municipal authorities promptly voted the Medical Institute an appropriation which assured its success.

Still at the outset our prospects were not unclouded, and there were some of our number who were by no means sanguine as to the result. To many outside the faculty the enterprise appeared decidedly unpromising. At Cincinnati were two powerful rivals, the old Ohio Medical College, with a reputation matured by nearly twenty years, and the Cincinnati Medical College, in the hands of Drake, Gross, and others of hardly inferior ability. Transylvania had been reorganized after the disruption of the faculty consequent upon the attempt at removal, and was believed by its friends to be stronger than ever. The citizens of Louisville were not generally hopeful of our immediate success. Almost every day the question was asked me by my friends, "Do you think you will have any students this winter?"

As dean of the faculty it became my duty to assemble the students that had come to the city in advance of the opening of the session, and well do I remember the circumstances of that meeting. It took place in one of the rooms of the old city work-house, on Chestnut Street, near the site of your present college-building, which had been fitted up by the city council for the use of the Medical Institute. The students who had come to aid in the inauguration of the new enterprise were just twenty-five in number. Only a few months before I had been lecturing in Lexington to a class of two hundred and forty-two. The contrast was somewhat trying, but I spoke hopeful words to the young men, all of which have been verified by the event. Before the session closed the class had swelled to eighty, or a little more than half the number of the graduates before me this evening.

The handful of students that I harangued in the lower room of the work-house that October morning in 1837 embraced some men who have since made their mark in the world. Dr. Athon was of the number, who has since been secretary of state for Indiana and filled high offices in his profession. Dr. Bayless, your late accomplished professor of surgery, was there. Dr. Jesse Rodman, who has been chosen more than once by his fellow-citizens to represent them in the legislature of the state, was of the number. Our fellow-citizens, Dr. Foree and Dr. Seaton, who have been themselves since honored teachers of medicine, sat in the little assembly, with others whose names are familiar to the profession of the state.

Of the career of the Medical Institute, or of the University of Louisville, the medical department of which the institute was made by an act of the legislature of Kentucky in 1845, there is no need that I should speak to you at any length. Its growing classes, especially the increasing number of students who return to it or come from other schools to obtain its honors, is the best proof that could be given of the hold it has acquired on the confidence of the profession. I might be indulged, I suppose, in some complacent reflections on the work we accomplished, of which, except my friend Dr. Gross, I alone of all who took part in it during the first twelve years of its existence am spared to take a retrospect. Old men are proverbially addicted to praising past times and things. Nothing appears to them, seen through the haze of age, equal to what they saw and did in their youth or prime of manhood, and you would listen to me with forbearance, I believe, if I should indulge in a little boasting about what the University was in its earlier years. But while I certainly look back with some pride upon that age of the school, I am constrained to say that in my judgment it has lost nothing by time. Its present faculty need not fear a comparison with any former faculty. In ability as teachers, in all that renders medical teaching attractive and instructive, the University has had none superior to them even in its palmiest days. If they claim to possess less learning than some of my old colleagues, they are better up with the times in their profession, and may well set their array of facts against the speculations which entertained the classes in the University twenty-five years ago.

Thirteen years before I came from Lexington to bear my humble part in the organization of the Medical Institute I had returned to my home in Tennessee from my first course of lectures in that elegant city, and had engaged in the practice of physic under the eye of my father; so that I come before you to-night with the experience of half a century in medicine. The feelings with which I revert to the events of this long term of professional activity are somewhat akin, I can suppose, to the emotions with which an aged mariner looks back from a safe and quiet haven upon the perils and hardships he endured at sea. The sound of the waves is still in his ears. The recollection of his trials stirs his pulse and brightens the decaying gleam in his eyes; but he is only affected by them as he sees his young friends, full of hope and ardor, embarking upon the same stormy sea. I have in the course of these fifty years seen our profession in all its aspects and colors. I have sounded all its depths and all its shoals, and tasted its pleasures and had experience of its discomforts. I have had pleasant association with great and good men in prosperous medical schools, and "drunk delight" such as ambitious young men feel in lecturing to large approving classes, and I know all about the hardships of country practice and the haunts, oftener seen in the city than in the country "where lonely want retires to die."

And what is the sum of it all? "Vanity and vexation of spirit?" Enough assuredly, but not all. My old friend Dr. Drake once exclaimed to me, when vexed by some professional troubles, "Medical schools have consumed me." My experience of them is more favorable, and upon the whole I

can conscientiously congratulate you on your choice of professions. I have no sympathy with those who continually croak about its standing and its prospects. You will meet with such soon who ill-naturedly will try to put you out of conceit of your noble calling. They will tell you that medicine has lost its former dignity; that doctors are not respected as they were when they sported gold-headed canes. Pointing to what the profession was in that day, they exclaim,

"Into what pit thou seest, From what height fallen!"

But this is all a mistake. There never was a time in medicine equal in all respects to the present time. Never was there a period in its history when it was so safe, so rational, so scientific, so salutary. Never was it more respectable or so worthy of the confidence of men. In no age was it ever more instinct with a spirit of inquiry or more progressive; and as to its resources, the improvement is immense in our own times. Giants doubtless there were in medicine in the centuries past; but we who now pursue it have the advantage, in respect to time, of standing on their shoulders, and have thus a wider horizon than the tallest of them commanded. If the honored teachers to whom I listened in Lexington, when my friends Dr. Craik and Dr. Holland were students with me, could come back to us, they would wonder at what they saw, and feel that it was necessary to take up the study of medicine afresh. The pains in surgery and in childbirth which they were wont to look upon as inevitable they would find abolished. They would see, as you have seen this winter, operations once frightful because so bloody now performed without the loss of a drop of blood. All their fine theories they would find brushed away; their speculations that appeared so satisfactory supplanted by ascertained science; and the systems to which they were so wedded all gone; but they could not help rejoicing nevertheless at the improved face assumed by medicine since their day.

The profession of medicine is objected to on the ground that it is not remunerative; that its fees are paid slowly and grudgingly; and that the young physician has generally to wait so long before he gains public confidence. It has been affirmed that the probationer has often to wait "for a crust until he has no teeth to chew it when it comes." These complaints are of an ancient date, and certainly there is some ground for them. It tries the patience of the young doctor to see his claims so long ignored, and the practice taxes all his patience and powers of endurance when at last he gets it. When doctors wrote in Latin and put their best thoughts in verse one of them sang:

"Three faces wears the doctor: when first sought An angel's; and a god's, the cure half wrought; But when, that cure complete, he seeks his fee, The de'il looks then less terrible than he."

But this libels human nature. Doctor's bills are not paid more tardily than pew-bills, and the merchant and the butcher would find it just as hard to collect theirs if they gave as long credit. We do not remember, when we thus complain, that most of the people in this world are poor people, and to them as a class belongs especially the heritage of disease. Emphatically were the words of the Savior addressed to physicians, "The poor ye have always with you;" and their ability to pay their medical bills is apt to be taken away with the cause which created them. The sickness or casualty that brought the doctor has too often stopped the income of the house, so that when he sends in his bill the family exchequer is found empty. His bill proves to be the one straw more than the camel's back can bear. But as the cup of cold water given in a right spirit is promised its reward, those acts of mercy which pertain to the daily life of a physician may be followed by a higher recompense than gold or silver. The great Boerhaave said, "The poor are my best patients, for God is their paymaster."

The querulous old Dr. Samuel Johnson described medicine as a "melancholy attendance on misery, a mean submission to peevishness, and a continual interruption to pleasure." To my mind it is a recommendation of the medical profession that it brings us into contact with the gentle and the pure of the world, though peevish, rather than with the unprincipled and the abandoned; with sick women and children rather than with rogues and murderers. Doubtless such association fosters a feeling of self-esteem, and may beget a tyrannical temper. Men who measure themselves habitually with others who receive implicitly their opinions and yield without a word to their commands are apt to grow conceited and impatient of contradiction; but this weakness is effectually cured by larger association with men of business and other professions.

It is a grave charge often brought against medicine that its pursuit is not friendly to the Christian faith. I think the allegation is unfounded; or if there be any foundation for it, it grows out of the fact that physicians find in their professional engagements an excuse for neglecting the chief means of confirming a religious faith. Too often "Sunday shines no Sabbath-day" to the physician in laborious practice, and too often the excuse of business is made by others not engaged who have no regard for the day. The truth is not heard and can not exert its legitimate force. That which should convince them is not understood. Whatever may be the other aids to faith, there is nothing like the gospel, which it has been well said "is emphatically its own witness, which shines in the light of its own evidence, and by its proclamation accredits and authenticates itself." The neglect of the church then, and not any thing in medicine, is the cause of infidelity. There is every thing in the practice of medicine—in the scenes of which medical men are constant witnesses—to impress them with the inestimable value of a strong religious belief. And as to the study, I need only remind you of the remark of the old pagan anatomist that the human frame is a perpetual hymn

to the Creator. Medicine, which is the study of nature, ought to conduct up to "nature's God." As a class, it is conceded that physicians have been distinguished for "liberality and dignity of sentiment, and for their readiness to exert a lucrative profession where there was no hope of lucre." Nor have more splendid examples of Christian character been afforded by any other class.

But I am detaining you too long from the pleasure you are expecting in the lecture of my young friend, Professor Palmer. Let me say in conclusion that I hope you are penetrated with a proper sense of the dignity of the profession upon which you are entering. Toilsome, anxious, often irksome and vexatious, always responsible you will find it. But it is worthy of all the respect you can bestow upon it—worthy of your admiration and all your energies. In an age when its curative resources must have been very small, Homer said:

"A wise physician skilled our wounds to heal Is more than armies to the public weal."

It will give you independence if you pursue it industriously, and social position if you show yourselves worthy of your profession. It opens up to you as a study boundless fields of inquiry, and in its highest problems affords scope for the exercise of all the faculties of your minds. The University expects you to do your duty. Your teachers will all unite with me in the wish that *Iter ad astra* may be written in clear characters over the paths of you all. They expect you to transmit your profession unimpaired in dignity to those who shall come after you.

INTELLECTUAL CULTURE.

BY EDWARD R. PALMER, M. D., Professor of Physiology.

When I was notified by the Dean that my turn had come, in the regular order of succession, to speak the faculty farewell to you, gentlemen of the graduating class, I remembered that it is just ten years since I received the medical degree at the hands of the distinguished Mr. Guthrie, so long President of the Board of Trustees of this University. I have never forgotten the exercises and incidents of that evening, and I am quite certain that you will retain a vivid remembrance of this evening of your graduation, freighted as it is with so much of joy and hope for each; joy in the fruition of your scholastic labors, and hope of a future full of honorable usefulness; and well do I know, could the castles your busy minds are now building spring by a magic touch into living, visible realities, they would far outrival in the splendor of their tracery and design the romantic beauties of ancient Venice or the gorgeous wonders of the palace of Aladdin.

Such day-dreams are not unworthy of you at an hour like this. We participate in your happiness, and I but speak the common sentiment of all this great assemblage when I wish for you in your future careers unbounded success and perfect happiness.

To-night marks an epoch not alone in your careers, but in that as well of your Alma Mater. Like human life, hers has had its lights and shadows. Founded when Louisville was yet an infant city, she soon attained a success and renown which attracted the admiration of the entire medical world.

The brightness of her morning splendor was not, however, destined to continue without interruption. A series of unfavorable developments which culminated in our recent war darkened her sky and sorely tried the confidence of her friends. The winter of 1862-63 came and went before her unopened doors. The patron of the art preservative of life hid her abashed face in the presence of an angry host bent upon life's destruction. The following fall a handful of students assembled, and with many misgivings on the part of the faculty lectures were resumed. At the close of that session eighteen of us constituted the graduating class, the smallest class the medical department has ever sent forth. Mr. Guthrie, advanced in years, yet firm in mien and unfaltering in speech. addressed us in that impressive style which so well became him. The father of the University and its warmest friend, he had watched its course with unconcealed anxiety; yet even in that its darkest hour he saw the silver lining of the clouds. and prophesied the advent of a refulgent sunlight which would bathe its historic walls with noonday brightness. This day, this hour, witnesses the fulfillment of his prophecy, and we can well imagine his proud satisfaction, were he still living, while contrasting the exit of the few ten years ago with the ovation of this commencement, which ushers through the open portal a class larger than the largest of the olden time, and fully its equal in intellectual worth. With us it is a night for mutual congratulations, and one that can never be forgotten.

Your lives, which have thus far been like rivulets, confined within the narrow bounds of college rule, escape to-night from the old familiar surroundings into the broad expanse of life's vast ocean. With the shore still near at hand you dream of success and home, while the friends and former guides from whom you are now severing are wishing you prosperity and happiness. To-morrow the struggle begins, when dreams must give place to work, and when each must strike out

lustily and persistently among the waves if he expects to keep his head above the breakers.

It has been said that advice is a cheap commodity, and often dear at any price. Notwithstanding this, I am going to preach you a sermon to-night in an advisory strain from THE EXPERIENCE OF A DECADE IN THE DOCTORATE.

In seizing the reins of the Esculapian steed you are as it were grasping the poles of an electric battery, whose successive shocks will shake almost every tenet of your student faith and threaten you with an absolute skepticism. I trust. however, that you possess a nature that will not falter when the fancies you have builded in student-life fall before the realities of actual practice. You have already discovered that the handsome descriptive plates of your anatomical textbook are quite unlike the actual dissections which your scalpels have made, and what seemed quite simple, viewed by light of text and plate, was soon vested with unexpected difficulties when sought for with the knife; so also in the field of practice will you often strive in vain to fit the text of the book to the language of the sick-couch. You have studied with commendable zeal descriptions of disease and the action of remedies; but you have yet to study the nature of mankind, and learn humanity as well as its diseases. This is particularly the case when we view the totality of a physician's life. Like ordinary life, it is made up of little things. You are not going forth to wage a constant battle against grave diseases. Serious cases will arise now and then, demanding your best medical skill and knowledge; but what will really try your abilities the severest are the little things of daily practice. A patient who is not very ill has both time and inclination to analyze his medical adviser, and you must make up your minds to be probed at such times more skillfully than ever surgeon probed patient.

It is quite often a complaint of the smart young graduate that Dr. ——, his neighbor, whose ignorance of medical books

is locally proverbial, has so much practice, while all his knowledge lies idle in the well-filled vaults of memory, waiting in vain for a requisition from the sick. Versed as this young doctor is in the pathology and therapeutics of grave disease, he may now and then teach his senior a valuable lesson; but he will find in return much that is worth knowing in the so-called "hard sense" of his successful though unscientific elder brother.

I do not purpose by this assertion to underrate the valuable knowledge you have thus far gained. Foster it, and be proud of it. But what I wish to impress upon you is that such knowledge forms but one part of all that is required in the superior physician. Moderate success may be won with "hard sense" alone; moderate success may be won with a knowledge of books alone; but both of these must be combined in order to insure that high success to which I trust each of you aspires; and, while the elements of the former must be instinctive with the possessor, they are nevertheless susceptible of a high degree of cultivation. How is this cultivation best advanced?

An eminent philosopher has recently written: "This faith in lesson-books and readings is one of the superstitions of the age. Even as appliances to intellectual culture books are greatly overestimated. Instead of second-hand knowledge being regarded as of less value than first-hand knowledge, and, as knowledge, to be sought only where first-hand knowledge can not be had, it is actually regarded as of greater value. Something gathered from printed pages is supposed to enter into a course of education; but if gathered by observation of life and nature is supposed not thus to enter. Reading is seeing by proxy—is learning indirectly through another man's faculties instead of directly through one's own faculties; and such is the prevailing bias that the indirect learning is thought preferable to the direct learning, and usurps the name of cultivation."

16

This extract from the writings of one whose views are widely read and accepted serves to show you that wisdom is by no means always found with greatest certainty by reading books. You must bear in mind also in this connection that books supply the reader with one form of mental food, and that intellectual dyspepsia as well as gastric dyspepsia may follow upon injudicious feeding. In supplying the wants of the body, however good a dinner may be, one does not want to eat it all day long, nor by any means does one desire the same dinner every day in the week, still less the month or year. So also of books; you should read something each day-read medicine-but in the name of all that is wise read something else besides medicine; at the same time never neglect to observe and reflect whenever and as often as is possible. The tendency of reading to the neglect of observation and due reflection is greatly to narrow one's mind; and of all men the doctor should cultivate a broad and liberal spirit, sedulously avoiding ruts as dangerous to both his usefulness and happiness. Among the various benefits which a broad and liberal culture is apt to bestow upon man is naturalness an unconstrained ease of manner. One can not read Hamlet's advice to the players without being struck with the applicability of much of it to the newly-fledged doctor. To be natural is to him every way most desirable. Of all things distasteful to persons of taste nothing is more so than a pompous doctor, whose long scientific terms, solemn airs, and funereal garb, while they may impress the ignorant that he is vastly learned, will with greater certainty inspire young children with dread and sensible grown people with serious doubts as to his ability. Remember always that with cultivated people solemn pomposity usually passes for a cloak to ignorance. An ostentatious mannerism is a very different thing from that easy dignity which intuitively adapts itself to surroundings with a readiness which marks true gentility.

This ease of manner is not the only benefit you will derive from liberal culture. The fund of varied knowledge you have thus stored up may often, when medical skill is uncalled for or of little avail, serve as a power for much good in your hands. In the social circle, where all is health and vivacity, your wit and learning, as they excite the throb and flush of pleasure in others, will excite the throb and flush of happiness in you. Far more in that dreary abode where the hours are as days and monotony rules relentlessly—the chamber of tedious convalescence—can you wield for positive good the power of variety in learning. To the invalid on his couch the quick step on the stair is no longer "the leech's stealthy tread." It means to the sufferer a respite from self; it means a respite from a study of the pattern on the wall; and, more than all else, it means a few moments of bright sunshine that will leave behind them hours of blessed twilight. Never fear that such knowledge will make you pedantic. Pedantry is the especial perquisite of the book-worm, while one of the many offspring of varied culture is that nice discernment and large recognition of things, called tact—a most desirable quality, and one which prevents pedantry and like evils, and vests the possessor with more power than any other one attribute he may have.

If then your ambition's aim is high success, you must combine the observation and study of social life and of nature with the observation and study of disease, and read general literature as well as medical.

In recognition of the truth of part of what I have just said, it has been asserted that the excellence of the English physician is largely due to the fact that travel so uniformly enters as a prominent part into his education; for "travel is the opportunity that best enables man to combine study, thought, and observation." It is long since I have read a more interesting book than the late Sir Henry Holland's "Recollections of a Past Life"—a life which abounded in travel. Few

careers have been more enviable in every respect than that of this finished scholar and wise physician.

It can not of course be the good fortune of many of you to travel in foreign parts, but there are leisure seasons in the life of every doctor when he owes it to himself and his patrons to break through the boundaries of his professional circuit, and leaving his medical paraphernalia behind go forth and see what is taking place in the world without. Each year the American Medical Association invites the brethren throughout the states to throw off their medical harness and come together for social enjoyment and an interchange of thought. A week away from home, spent at one of these gatherings, is medicine to the professional man's physical nature and food to his intellectual. In your future life you will never regret a resolution well carried out to snatch each year a short respite from the labors of practice and spend it in travel and sight-seeing.

I have always thought an important part of the student's education while here is contact with and observation of the customs of a large and populous city, and you will bear me witness that I have frequently counseled you not to cling too closely to the grooves of college-life, but to take advantage now and then of the outside opportunities which offer for social and intellectual enjoyment and improvement. In like manner do I advise you to seek often in the future the society of intelligent and cultivated people as one of the surest means for increasing cultivation and refinement in yourselves. the poet's fancy, when the world was young, man was a sighing hermit till woman smiled, and in the prosaic reality of our day he is far worse than that if he bears not in his nature the impress of her gentleness and her soul. When no call of duty summons to other scenes let the society of the fair and the conversation of the wise be to your admiring eyes and willing ears an oft-sought pleasure.

When you have selected your future harvest-fields, and sit watching for the first sprouting of the seeds of wisdom you have therein planted, do not be beguiled by the fallacy that a year or two more of unapplied medical reading will make better doctors of you. Thus far you have read with your graduation as an object in view; from this hour you read with a view to practice, and the sooner and oftener you combat disease the sooner will you become good doctors. It is known that unless physical exercise has some object in view apart from the mere movement of muscles it is devoid of good to the invalid. So in the reading of medicine the doctor must needs have some case in mind as an object if he would derive material benefit from his studies. The objection has been urged that plenty to do debars the young physician from needful reading. That active practice might be used by him as an excuse for such neglect is possible, but that it will actually prevent him from study is not probable. Indeed to my mind nothing will so often and so imperatively send him to his books as the exigencies of practice. Where there is a will to read the way and the time can readily be found, and the busiest physicians of this city to-day are many of them the most assiduous readers, not only of medicine, but of general literature. The study of my illustrious colleague, the Professor of the Science and Practice of Medicine, filled as it is with the latest and best publications of the day, furnishes marked evidence of this notable fact.

I remember when I entered the profession being told again and again that the paucity of my patients was my good fortune, as a blank visiting-list gave an abundance of time for study. It was some years before my time was any thing like occupied among the sick, and I well remember my faithful efforts at systematic reading, and how, after a few months, the whole subject became so monotonous that a distaste for treatises on disease and its remedies took such possession of me that I despaired of ever being a successful doctor, and became almost half convinced that I had mistaken my vocation. Under that cloud I laid my Watson and Stillé aside

and spent much of my leisure time with the best poets, essayists, and fiction-writers of the age. As I remember now the course I took, it is with a pleasure which more than repays me for the serious misgivings I then felt in thus supplementing the course which my seniors had advised. Perhaps it was this experience which has led me to believe in a doctor's being a man of varied learning, and in his cultivating a taste for some improving pursuit or study with which to occupy his leisure hours.

In indicating intellectual recreation for you I can by no means specify a common course for all or a definite course for any one to follow. Each must needs pay due heed to his tastes and opportunities. The vast domain of natural science is open to you, inviting to a study that will not only give pleasing variety to your lives, but at the same time enlarge your minds and improve your understandings. Ask him who in the ripeness of his years looks backward while you are looking forward, the senior Dr. Yandell, if he regrets the hours of rare pleasure spent by him in geologic research, and he will tell you with more weight than I can the real pleasure and benefit to be gained by combining such studies with that of medicine. Ask others, who in the countless fields of animated nature have unveiled its wonders and brought to light its hidden beauties, if they have suffered by such lapses from professional routine and study, and they too will answer in a similar strain. Would that the lamented Bayless were here to speak for the many hours which he spent so happily and so profitably among those "stars of earth's firmament," the beautiful flowers.

I am speaking to men most of whom will live apart from the bustling life of large cities, in regions where spare time is apt to hang idly on one's hands, and I know the nature of the temptations that will at such times beset them. Let me sketch you a picture of one of these temptations, and in contrast with what I have been advising. Each of you can easily add the finishing touches. It occupies the foreground of a typical village. A country store; before the door a long, low bench, well notched by industrious pen-knives; a broken chair or two on either side; and yonder, standing demurely at the hitch-rail, a saddle-mare, well laden with the household goods for which some worthy dame has just exchanged her last week's churning. In the doorway, leaning against the side, and divested of coat and hat, stands the village merchant, while, deepening the notches in the bench or tilting on the chairs, the village loungers while away the sleepy hours. They smoke and chew and chat and laugh, talk of the news, the latest foal, or the price of corn-good fellows, whom we all like, and whose opinions upon stock-raising and planting are by no means to be lightly estimated. Now and then they slap a well-dressed comrade on the back and familiarly call him "Doc." He is in high favor at the store, a sort of chairman of the gathering. Have you ever seen this picture? Be careful how you make a constant figure in it. You will go there with an eye to business, and will teach yourselves to believe that with the people "good fellow" means "good doctor" also. Guard against such a course and such fancies, however much you may desire to increase your practice. It is easy enough to stop as you pass for a momentary exchange of good-will without becoming a stereotyped member of that little party; and, believe me, the country people, like those in cities, take most pride in a doctor who from his refinement and superior education can find little pleasure in such idle associations. He is expected to be the first man of his neighborhood, and the higher and broader his culture the more is he reverenced, beloved, and sought after, provided always that the true gentleman is there as well as the scholar. Another picture hardly less objectionable could be drawn by transferring the scene and the actors to the doctor's office. I have known such places that looked more like the cardroom of a corner saloon than the habitation of science and

culture, and I urge you to discountenance, from the start. idling in your sanctum. This can be done by you without giving offense, and if commenced early may be accomplished easily. Let me remark here in passing that a well-furnished. well-kept office, one that has an atmosphere of studiousness and cleanliness pervading it, will go far as a legitimate means for increasing your practice. A doctor's office should be something more than a barren room, with a bare floor, few chairs, deal-tables, and dusty slate. Like the dress of woman, it is a gauge of one's taste and culture, and when neat and cozy will exert a sanitary influence upon both the possessor and his patrons. The same principle is true as applied to the doctor's personal appearance. An eminent lawyer, advanced in years, while recounting some of his reminiscences of the law, gave the following instance of the effect which a lawyer's personal appearance has upon clients: "It sometimes occurs," said he, "that a prisoner at the bar presents himself for trial without any counsel, and as the law will not try a man unless he be defended the judge instructs the accused to select counsel from the lawyers who are present. Nine times out of ten he selects the one who is cleanest and best dressed; and," said the lawyer, "ninety-nine times out of a hundred it is a wise choice. In his uneducated wisdom, which the world calls shrewdness, he reasons to himself somewhat after this manner: 'This lawyer is a self-respecting man. He is a man who respects also the requirements of good society. man with a good sense of justice. His dress betokens prosperity. If he were a rich man he would hardly be here; therefore his prosperity is due to his success as a lawyer, and he is successful because he is a man of ability.' Once in a great while the prisoner chooses a lawyer despite his unkempt exterior because he looks wise; but of such he usually reasons in this way: 'This is evidently a smart man, but with his unclean person he probably has unclean morals, or with his ragged coat an eccentric character, and neither of these will

serve me in my necessity." The moral of this anecdote applies with even greater force to the doctor who, avoiding dandyism on the one hand and slovenliness on the other, should always present a neat and cleanly exterior to the sensitive sick people who may require his services.

This is, however, somewhat of a digression, though I trust a pardonable one. I was speaking of the doctor as a man of varied learning and refinement.

In the matter of general reading I may perhaps be somewhat more explicit; and first I will say subscribe for one of the excellent weekly newspapers which emanate from our chief cities. A Tribune, a Sun, a World, or a Courier-Journal dropping in once a week will keep you informed with the progress which our globe is making in the various departments of science, art, and learning. The valuable columns of a first-class weekly paper, such as our Courier-Journal, constitute a faithful map of busy life, and will go far toward preventing your falling into a fossil state. In this same direction it will not be amiss for you to take one or more of the reviews or leading scientific periodicals which appear monthly or quarterly, reflecting the ideas of the leading thinkers of the day. Against the trashy, sensational stuff with which the country is too much flooded I can not too forcibly warn you. Such productions, false as they are to life and nature, are debasing in the extreme when read, and I gladly turn from them to suggest such writers as Taine and Ruskin in art; Dana, Tyndall, and Helmholz in science; Macaulay and Carlyle in essays; Thackeray and Dickens in fiction; and that great world of humanizing, immortal verse, in the past adorned by Shakespeare and Milton, and in the present by Longfellow and Tennyson, not forgetting that school which Hood rendered famous, and which our own Saxe and Holmes to-day so richly grace. These or any of the writers belonging to the classes represented, and whose productions are not deemed unworthy of careful perusal by the best minds of the day, may well occupy a goodly share of your leisure moments.

These views, partly the result of experience, are also largely due to early associations, and are, I am convinced, not only safe but excellent precepts to inculcate at this time. Whenever my memory reverts to him who was once pre-eminently dear to me—a patient friend, a wise counselor, a loving father—I most frequently think of him as a student and admirer of such authors as I have just named. At such times I love best to picture him as he spent many of his leisure hours with a volume of the immortal novelist of Scotland in his hand, absorbed in the contents of its oft-read pages, and well do I know the rare pleasure he was wont to draw from those matchless tales of feudal times and Scottish chivalry.

The following anecdote is told of the late Lord Jeffrey, who was a fervent admirer of Charles Dickens: One day a lady surprised him sitting in his library, his eyes suffused with tears, and was about to withdraw, when he led her to a seat and said, "Do n't go; I shall be right again soon." "Have you received bad news?" asked the lady; "is any one dead?" "Yes," said he solemnly, "Little Nell is dead. Are you not sorry?" He had just read the last number then out of the "Old Curiosity Shop."

Who among you would not rather have a soul of kindly sympathy in his nature, ready to respond to the sorrows or the joys of others, than to be a mere machine, with no ideas above pills and potions? And yet the very life you are now about entering will dim every kindlier faculty of your nature if you allow yourselves to narrow down into the bare routine of every-day practice. I am reminded, as I write, of one far nearer to us than Lord Jeffrey, who also found unutterable pleasure in the pages of England's great fiction-writer—the loveliest character and one of the noblest intellects that ever graced the halls of our University with his teachings, or enriched medical literature with the pen—the lamented Bartlett.

In an allegory written by him upon the familiar story of "Hard Times" there appears the following gem, which so befits this occasion that I give it you in full:

"This was the lofty moral of his creed,
That these were man's chief duties: trust in God;
The doing of his will in serving man
With earnest work and words of kindly cheer;
Always with work and words, for good, not ill,
Since man is bound to man by subtile bonds
No strength nor craft can sunder or untie,
For help or hurt, for blessing or for bane;
Hands washed in innocence—the wayward heart
Kept with all diligence; and a daily life
Unspotted from the world through which it flows."

By no words of my own can I so well indicate to-night the moral element which is necessary in the lofty character of the true physician.

I am well aware that there are those of the profession who differ from me in much that I have said, and who hold that a doctor should give his whole time to his special science if he would master it and attain eminent success. With due deference to this opinion, I make this plea for more varied intellectual cultivation in our ranks, convinced that one of its most certain effects will be not only to make us better and happier as men, but to make better doctors of us, and give a more exalted position to our vocation, which is justly called one of the learned and liberal professions.

On an occasion like this, when but little more than a parting word or two is expected of the speaker, it is manifestly impossible for him to say many things that would otherwise be eminently proper, and it may perhaps appear to you that in speaking of the doctor as a liberal scholar I have neglected giving due prominence to the importance of his being profoundly versed in his own special science. To have told you that your chosen calling must ever stand first with you; that medical literature in its newest and best forms should be eagerly sought for and carefully studied by you; that patient

26

painstaking, care, and watchfulness must ever be unfailing traits of your character; in short, to have told you throughout the hour that your new life will be one of grave responsibilities, demanding untiring mental and physical energies, would have been but a trite recital of what you already know or will quite soon learn. For this reason I have passed these important precepts by, and also because I wished to arouse in you, now in the plasticity of your young manhood, an ambition not by any means incompatible with your great life duties. My colleague, the Dean, in his admirable introductory address of 1872, called your student-life "the novitiate of that true nobility of our times, the aristocracy of intelligence." The true nobility rather of all time, and on whose royal roll, mingled with the names of Plato and Galileo, of Göthe and of Newton, shine those of Sydenham and Chomel, of Rush and of Niemeyer. A nobility which, like those by monarchs made, has fought even to death in defense of a cause; but which, unarmed with fire and sword, has ever battled for truth and right against error, superstition, and wrong. Its aim unerringly the elevation of mankind, dispensing true charity with a lavish hand, illuminating the darkness, planing down the rugged places, and bridging over the deep abysses, enlarging its power from age to age, and opening its teeming vaults that a whole world may enjoy the blessings which its wealth bestows-a glorious nobility, whose untainted letters-patent kings can not cancel and wealth can not purchase. It had its cradle among dynasties long since passed away. In the ages of tyranny and oppression its lamp still burned, though hid for the hour in the humble attics of its faithful votaries; but now that growth of national and religious liberty of which it is the father has untrammeled its hands and widened its scope of usefulness. No age, no principles of government have ever existed so favorable to the growth of its power as ours. By education, by history, by all the laws of social life, the physician belongs to this lofty brotherhood of learning. And yet how few of the profession in this land feel the grand import of this truth! The physician who lowers his calling to the level of ordinary mercenary pursuits rarely amasses wealth, and invariably sacrifices a higher and a purer joy, the joy of being one of the noblemen of letters. He feels so often the littleness of his compensation; he sees so soon the vanity of his hopes; and if he adheres to his calling, does so regretting that he has assumed a life of hardship and small reward. That so many follow this course is not surprising. In a land where money is so universally worshiped we need not wonder if the scholar too prostrates himself at that fane. Such should not, however, be, and the day will surely come here as well as in older lands when the aristocracy of learning will hold undisputed supremacy. In the midst of that engulfing tide of mankind which rolls to-day through every avenue of this fair land, restlessly seeking for wealth, you stand witnesses rather than participants. But in the purer stream which flows from the Pierian fount you may find, if you will, a proper channel for your intellectual training. Never forget then that the diploma which you now hold certifies that you are enrolled in the "aristocracy of intelligence," and let it ever be your proud ambition as you advance in years to advance also in scholarly wisdom, so as days ripen into years and seed-time rolls to harvest-time,

"At the full breasts of wisdom clinging,
Thou 'lt find each day a greater rapture bringing."

But enough; I must close ere you grow restless with delay. The hour of our parting is at hand. On the bosom of yonder swollen Ohio a goodly boat lies waiting to bear a part of your number to the land of sunshine and of flowers.

On the banks of the "Father of Waters," in the balmy air of the gulf, and far and wide through the fertile lands of cotton and of cane,—

Where the orange-groves open their soft golden bloom, And the spotless magnolia fills the air with perfume; Where the mild breeze of heaven a rich melody floats That is trilled by gay songsters in amative notes; Where the plowman, new turning the rich fallow soil, Is cheerily whistling, in joy with his toil; And even the cypress, that emblem of sadness, Grows green and alive with bright vernal gladness,—

all nature smiles her happy greeting, and anxious hearts are waiting ready to welcome you home. Not less the welcome in keeping for others of your band in the fertile, wide-spreading prairie lands of the West or the rich mineral fields of Pennsylvania and Virginia. The great commonwealth that once nurtured for her country's glory that hero and statesman, the immortal Jackson—east, middle, and west—waits in pride the coming of her sons. Over the river a sister state is ready to rejoice in the new ties that bind her still more closely to old Virginia's proud daughter, while at scores of Kentucky firesides busy, loving hands pile higher yet the blazing logs, and spread an old Kentucky welcome for the "boys" who are coming home.

Go, and may joy mingle its sweets with the blessing which your Alma Mater sends with you through life. Go proudly to those who await you. Go bravely to the duties in store for you. Go confident in your power to soothe the brow of pain. Go faithful to her who has trained you and taught you the rudiments of your art. She will not forget you. She will never lose her watchful interest in you. In your prosperity she will rejoice with you, and should reverses befall her strong right arm is ready and willing to sustain you. Her words of parting counsel are those of peace and love. She bids you remember the ties of professional brotherhood; to be slow in thinking evil of a brother, quick to defend, and charitable where fault is manifest. Life has enough asperities without your adding one jot to the burden. Forbearance and charity are the central jewels of earth's richest diadem, and brotherly love is the sum of human perfectness. Farewell!

CINCHO-QUININE.

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of *Perwvian Bark* in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphale of cinchonine or sulphale of quinine, but cinchonine, quinine, quinitine, quinidine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

At the prize of sulphate of quinine, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has equal tonic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the profession.

The cut below gives the size of the ounce phial. In I the form of putting up.

Dr. J. A. Perkerns, of Chestertown, Md., under date of Feb. 10, 1872 writes us as follows: "I have used your preparation of Cinebo-Quinine during the past summer in a maisrious district. I flud it entirely reliable as a substitute for the sulphate of quinine. It produces less unpleasant effects on the head, and is much better borne by the stomach. In the cases of children, I have found it to be a very desirable remedy, on account of the much less unpleasant taste. I use it satisfactorily in all cases as a substitute for the sulphate."

I have used one-anda-half ounces of the Cincho-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In a case of intermittent fever (the patient from Temessee), I found it to operate as well and as promptly as sulphate of quinine, withoutany unpleasant bead symptopies of the patient of the p

I have used several ounces of Cincho-Quinine with the most complete success. I prefer it to the sulphate of quinine in intermittents, especially with children. I can strongly recommend it to the profession generally. J. H. FRRY, M. D., Perry, Lowa.

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtless it will in time supersede the use of sulphate of quinine entirely.—Samuel. W. Cooss, M. D., Madison,



I have used CinchoQuinine in eight or ten
cases, and have reason
to think well of the results. I give it as I do
the sulphate, ID grains
in five dozes during the
intermission, and five
grains one or two hours
before a paroxysm is
due, and continue to
give five grains once a
week for three weeks.
I shall continue to use
it, and wish you to send
me one ounce by mail.
J. C. Downing, M. D.
Wapping Falls, New
York.

After further continued trial of the Cincho-Quinine, I can safely say that it is a most excellent remedy. The absence of cinchonism in its use, its comparatively pleasant taste, its cheapness, with its fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intellizent physician.—
8. A. BUTTERFUELD, M. J. Indianapolis, Ind.

I have been using the Cincho-Quinine in my practice in intermittents and remittents, and I think well of it I believe it to be quite equal to the sulphate, with all the advantages which you claim for it.—J. C. Ross. M. Lincoh, Ill.

I have used an ounce of Cincho-Quinine in some obstinate cases of intermittent neuralgia and ague, and am happy to state that it has thus far sustained in full the anticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensive general practice, and he informed me a few days ago that the Cin-Oquinine was giving satisfaction—J. H. BERGEN, Coldwater, Mich.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes, namely, a grains, and 3 grains, in such quantities as a are wanted. They are placed in vials holding roo each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same.

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO.

Manufacturing Chemists, BOSTON, MASS.

Manufacturers of Ashis, Othersform, Makers, Proparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Zino, Lead, Iron, Bismuth, and all Pine Chemicals used in Medicine or the Arts. E. FESSENDEN, President,

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH.
OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phanix is the only Company in the country which offers ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky, HAMILTON BUILDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII. free.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94

Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.

No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Amesthesia Spray Producera, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gause Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROFESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables us to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, O.

V.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

J. LAWRENCE SMITH President.	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President.
J. B. TEMPLEad Vice-President. JOHN B. SMITHTreasurer.	L. T. THUSTINSecretary. W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary.
S. T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. F. BARRETLegal Adviser.

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS:

J. Lawrence Smith,	John B. Smith,	Thos. L. Barret,	Geo. W. Norton,	
J. B. Temple,	Jas. B. Wilder,	S. T. Wilson,	C. Henry Finck,	
William Mix,	T. J. Tapp,	J. S. Kennedy,	Joseph Adams,	
T. H. Grinter,	S. P. Walters,	James A. Dawson,	J. H. Lindenberger	
W. C. Hite.	W. F. Barret.	J. G. Barret,	I. M. Robinson.	
D. H. Davies,	L. T. Thustin,	Geo. W. Morris	Geo. W. Wicks,	
T. T. Alexander,	Jas. A. Graham,	E. P. Campbell,	H. D. McHenry.	

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the surplus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent. would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as those of any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky, Frankfort, May 13, 1870.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company under the provisions of an act of the Legislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and regulation of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

IAMES W. TATE Treasurer.

B. F. HAUGH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS. Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing,

AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

HANBURY SMITH'S MINERAL SPRING WATERS

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870. Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufactured with the most intelligent and concientious care, and are every way reliable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's

substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses.

CHARLES A. SEELY,

Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, and of Chemistry and Metallurgy in the New York College of Dentistry.

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:

Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States.

United States.

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale. They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects.
Their indisputable superiority has made them more popular than any other.
They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous and emphatic indorsement, certainly not surreptitiously obtained.
They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hazard & Co., and the other leading druggists of New York and the neighboring cities.
In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to D.: Smith's.
Materials for manufacture, in solution or as DRY SALTS; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

smallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordially invited to visit the laboratory at 35 Union Square.

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD, 35 Union Square, New York.

No 49-

Established in 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

272 MAIN STREET,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties as low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

No. 49-

INCORPORATED 1846.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

Assets, \$33,000,000. Surplus, over \$10,000,000. Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.80 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FEATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary, ZEPHANIAH PRESTON, Vice-P't.

L. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r. WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

James Goodwin,
Zephaniah Preston,
John C. Palmer,
E. B. Watkinson,

E. D. Tiffany,
N. M. Waierman,
George S. Gilman,
Henry C. Robinson,
C. L. Thayer, Boston.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY,

Cor. Sixth & Main Sts., Louisville, Ky.

45 Madison Street, Memphis

No. 49—

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURE, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES.

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY BONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

STREET, SYLK \$10,000,000

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

tax paid.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAUTION!

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, across the label, thus

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This extract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee. from the finest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature.

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES,

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville. No. 49

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL

OF

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

A QUARTERLY REVIEW, DEVOTED TO THE CONSIDERATION OF

VENEREAL, GENITO-URINARY, AND SKIN DISEASES,

INCLUDING ALL DISEASES HAVING A VENEREAL ORIGIN OR LESION, AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Edited by M. H. HENRY, M. D.,

SURGEON-IN-CHIEF TO THE STATE EMIGRANT HOSPITALS, WARD'S ISLAND, N. Y.

FELLOW OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE; MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY
OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK; HONORARY SECRETARY FOR NEW YORK
OF THE ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, ETC.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY is the only Journal in the English language devoted exclusively to Venereal, Genito-Urinary, and Skin Diseases. Each part contains contributions from the leading Syphilographers, Dermatologists, and Surgeons of the world. The Editor aims to place before the profession a large, sound information on the etiology, pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of all venereal, cutaneous, and kindred diseases—bearing constantly in mind—when making selections—that the value of all contributions depends on the capacity as well as the veracity of the contributors.

ALL EDITORIAL AND PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EDITOR, DR. M. H. HENRY, No. 157 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Each number contains 96 pages of reading-matter. Each volume commences with the January number, and when completed forms a year-book of special diseases. The JOURNAL is printed from clear, large, new type, on the best paper, and is distinguished by the excellence of its execution.

Subscription Price, \$3.00 a year. Single numbers, \$1.00. Full sets of the JOURNAL handsomely bound in cloth, \$3.75 each volume.

All business communications should be addressed to

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher, 77 University Place, New York.

HOME AND SCHOOL

A JOURNAL OF POPULAR

EDUCATION, LITERATURE, AND SCIENCE.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1874.

HOME AND SCHOOL is published monthly at \$1.50 a year. It will record the progress of the South and West in literature and morals, and will truly reflect the sentiments of our people in matters of home and school education. None other than articles of high literary merit, interesting to the teacher and the general reader, will appear in its columns. Practical treatises on the science and art of teaching and kindred subjects will be published in every number. It will contain contributions from many eminent teachers and worthy writers of the Southern and Western States.

HOME AND SCHOOL is equally accurate in composition and beautiful in typography. As it is the most attractive in appearance, so will we endeavor to make it in all other respects the leading educational journal in the country.

It will be the best advertising medium of any educational periodical in the United States.

Its exceedingly low price of subscription places it within reach of all teachers and families.

Club Rates. We will send 5 copies for one year for \$7.50, and I extra copy to raiser of club.

HOME AND SCHOOL and either of the following periodicals will be sent one year on receipt of the club-rates; Scientific American [\$3] for \$4; Lippincott's Monthly, (\$4) for \$4; The Galaxy, Scribner's Monthly, or Appleton's Journal (each \$4) for \$4.50; Harper's Monthly, Weekly, or Basar (\$4) for \$4.75; Popular Science Monthly (\$5) for \$5.25; Littell's Living Age (\$8) for \$8.25. The journals clubbing with HOME AND SCHOOL will be mailed to subscribers directly from the office of publication.

Liberal discount to the trade. Agents wanted. Address

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers,

156 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

THE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of soft RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of being bent to any desired curve.

MON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY,

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited.
For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner
SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

Manufacturers and Proprietors,
JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

No. 49-



WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT,

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 88 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

BABGOCK'S PATENT:

Dr. L. A. Babcock's Silven Uterine Supporter, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retrover ion and Anteversion. Warranted a radical c.irc. Price, \$25.00.

would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

QUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the attention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK's improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily adjusted, and so comfortable and advantageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or thoms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a supporter applied. We speak thus positively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR: Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on obstetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I become familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I sed, for it supplies a want long felt.

EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

No. 49-19

OTTO & REYNDERS.

No. 64 Chatham Street,

NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

SURGICAL and ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.



Every apparatus for Local Anæsthesia and for Atomization of Liquida, Laryngoscopes, Syringes, Splints for Hip-Joint Disease, Skeletons, Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Laminaria Digitata, Uterine Tents, Axilla Thermometera, Beigel's Inhaler and Powder, etc.

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS

And new inventions on hand and received constantly from our Agents in Europe.

No. 49—

BROWNING & SLOAN,

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF'S APPARATUSES FOR

ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA. &.c.

By the Atomizer any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this act it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c.

SHURFLEPP, 80878M

(See Fig. 15.) ice Fig. 15.)

It consists of the spear-shaped brass boiler A, steam outlet-tube B, with packing-box C formed to receive rubber packing through which the atomising tube D passes, steam-tight, and by means of which tubes of various sizes may be tightly held against any force of steam by screwing down its cover while the packing is warm; the safety-valve E, capable of graduation for high or low pressure by the spring or serow in its top, the non-conducting handle F, by which the boiler may be lifted while hot, the medicament-cup and cup-holder G, the support H, iron base II, the glass face-shield J, with oval mouth-piece connected by the elastic band K with the cradle L, whose slotted staff passes into a slot in the shield-stand M M, where it may be fixed at any height or angle

passes into a slot in the shield-stand M M, where it may be fixed at any height or angle required by the mill-screw N.

The waste-cup, medicament-cup and lamp are held in their places in such a manner that they can not fall out when the apparatus is carried or used over a bed or otherwise. All its joints are hard soldered. It can not be injured by exhaustion of water, or any attainable pressure of steam. It does not throw spirts of hot water to frighten or scale the patient. Is compact and portable; occupies space of one sixth cubic foot only; can be carried from place to place without removing the atomising tubes or the water; can be unpacked and repacked without loss of time. Will render the best service for many years, and is cheap in the best sense of the word. Brass parts nickel-plated, additional.

Neatly made, strong, black-wainut box, with convenient handle, additional,



Fig. 5. Patented March 24, 1868. is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomizing Tubes, and two panied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with steam at very feet. Also hi h pressure.

N. B. To save collection expenses, finide should be cent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter.

For complete Unsetrated Price-list of Apparatus, Tobes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS."

With formules of those successfully employed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudichum, M. B. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formula.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LOGAL ANÆSTHESIA by Atomisation with Ether, by the method of Dr RICHARDSON, of London; or with Bhigolene, as described by Dr. Hener J. Bigelow, in the Beston Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1868.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost care, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesex Mechanics Association for Atom ising and Surgical instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

"1503. Codman & Shartleff, Bosion. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomizers.—
The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest
premium. The various other intruments for Inhalation of Atomized Liquide
and for Local Amesthesis were all apparently faultiess, both in design and workmanship.
The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for
having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal.

(Signed)

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Chairman."

Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—A Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ATSO BOR SATE

• Cammann's Stethoscopes : 7.00 Disarticulating	French Rubber Urinals, with valves, mais, for night or day
* Send for Desc	riptive Circular.

* Send for Descriptive Circular.

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Obstetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order. Trusses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suspensory Bandages—Hastie Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Caese—Otoscopes—Endoscopes—Dr. Sayre's Splints for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—Crutches—Universal Syringes—Galvanic Batteries and Apparatus—French Conical and Olive-tipped Bougles and Catheters.

Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Pathelogical Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instruments, Implements, and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles, Bow Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.

Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowditch, and accompanies with directions kindly farnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen con-

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen con-nected with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Appl ratus, and to supply new are able promptly to make to order the Instruments sharpened, polithed, and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 18 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

Our Atomising Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. G. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIEGEL, Surgical Instrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Jefferson and Green.

M. M. GREEN. A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN.

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS,

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement,

(UNDER STATE CHARTER.)

LOUISVILLE INSURANCE AND BANKING

COMPANY.

CAPITAL. . . \$100,000. SURPLUS. . . \$80,000.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Does a general Banking business. Collections made on all points in the United States. Draws sight-bills on London, Dublin, Paris, Vienna, and Berlin.

No. 49-

THEODORE HARRIS, President.

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR.

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly recommend it. A pamphlet describing it, and testimonials of distinguished physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON.

Sole Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

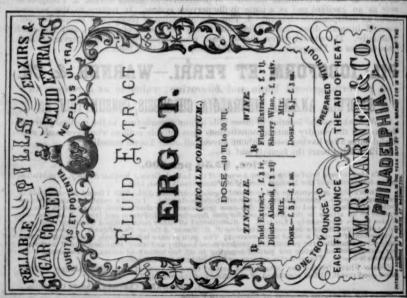
Also for sale in Louisville, Ky., by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally. No. 49-19

WILLIAM R. WARNER & CO'S

FLUID EXTRACTS.

of Standard Strength, and from materials of the first quality, in ALL THEIR VARIETY, with Labels, giving full directions for doses, formula, &c.





PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

WARRER & Co., for the superiority of their OFFICINAL SUGAR-COATED PRIS.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those ricual in the U. S. Pharmacopola, are furnished when requested.

PIL: PHOSPHORUS COMP: WARNER & CO.

Phosphorus, one-hundredth grain.—Ext: Nux Vomica, one-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to them. Such as

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power,

Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine, etc., in solution.

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.—Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Feb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI.-WARNER & CO.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

SCROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses.

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief extract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1888.

"Internally I gave quinine and iron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become sluggish. I tried a number of alteratives, as iodide of potassium and lime. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an article in the Medical and Surgical Reporter, on 'Iodoform and Iron.' I at once concluded to give this remedy a fair trial. I discontinued all other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three times a day, meanfactured by W. R. Warner & Co., of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid improvement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and mere abundant, and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a vestige of the disease is to be seen. The patient is enjoying perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel convinced of the efficacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price.

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES.

Please specify (Warner & Co.,) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Trabe Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS,

MANUFACTURED BY

R. WARNER

PHILADELPHIA

We claim for our SUGAR-CEATED PILLS the indispensable qualities, SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

THE FOLLOWING EMBRACES A PEW IMPORTANT RECIPES. FULL LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION. Price PILLS. PILLS. per 100. per loo. ALOES-U. S. P., FERRI CARB. (Vallet's.) 40 GAMBOGE COMP.

Pv. Gamboge,
"Aloes Soc.,
"Zingib;
"Saponia, ALOES et ASSAF,

(Pv. Aloes Soc., 1% gr.)

Assafœtida, 1% "

Pv. Saponis, 1% " ALOES et FERRI. Pv. Aloes Soc. % gr.
" Zingib Jam. 1 "
Ferri. Sul. Exa., 1 "
Ext. Conii, " GENTIAN COMP. ENTIAN COMP.

Ext. Gentlan, % gr.
Pv. Soc. Aloes, 2 gr.
Ol. Carui, 1-5 gr. ALOES et NUC. VOMICA.

{Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.}

{Ext. Nuc. Vom., ½ gr.} Soc. Aloes Ferri, Sul. Boc. Aloes, Ferri, Sul. Exs., Ext. Helleb. N. Pv. Myrrh, "Saponis, ALOES et MASTICH. (Lady Webster.) Pv. Soc. Aloes.

"Gum Mastich.
"Flor. Rosa, Canella. HYDRARGYRI-3 grs. ALTERATIVE, (Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.) Pv. Opil., " Ipecac, III 1-6 gr.) IPECAC of OPIL, 3% gpk , total six to? IRISIN Comp. (Irisin, ½ gr. Podophylin, 1, io gr.) a. . . (Strycimia, 1-10 gr.) ANDERSON SCOTS PODOPHYL et HYDRARG.

{ Podophyllin, % gr.

Mass. Hydrarg., 2 grs. } Pv. Soc. Aloes,
"Saponis,
"Fruct. Colocynth, Gamboge, GRANULES, mainten ad as Ol-Anisi. AC, Arsenious, 1-20, 1-30, 1-50 grs. ASSAFCETIDA, U. S. P., . CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-10 grs 7/ ASSAFCETIDA, COMP. Assafætida, 2 gr. Ferri. Sulph, Exs. 1 gr. EXT. Belladonna, Eng. % gr. Ignatia Am., 1/4 gr. A. CALOMEL,+2 grs. 40 Hyoscynmus, (Eng.), % gr. CAMPHOR et HYÖSCYAMUS, {Camphor, 1 gr. {Ext. Hyöscyamus, (Eng.) 1 gr.} Nuc. Vom. % gr. 50 LEPTANDRIN, % gr. . . CHINOIDIN,-1 gr. MERCURY, Iod., % gr. COOK8. Red, 1-16 gr. . Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 gr. PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr. Calomel, Pv. Saponis, STRYCHNIA, 1-16, 1-20, 1-30, 1-32, 1-40, 1-40, gr

Ms. W. R. WARNER, Pharmacoutical Chemist, Philadelphia.

My Dars Sir.—You have submitted for my inspection various samples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the suresi guaranty of their excellence, Yours, very respectfully, JOHN M. MAISCH, U. S. Army Laboratory.

Jan. 10, 1803.

(Now Professor in Phila. College of Pharmacy.)

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.





RELIABLE, SOLUBLE, PERMANENT

SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

Of the United States Pharmacopæia, and by Recipes of Eminent Physicians,

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM R. WARNER & CO.

No. 154 North Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

No. We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities SOLUBILITY AND PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of Sugar-Coating Pills without the application of heat, as employed by us only, avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

Can be obtained of the following Wholesale Depots, and from all the leading houses throughout the country:

W. H SCHIEFFELIN & CO., New York.
RUST BROS & BIED. Boston.
W. H BROWN & BRIED. Bailmore.
THOMSEN. LILLY & CO., Bailmore.
W. S. MEHRELL & CO., Cheinnat.
J. S. BURDSALL & CO., Cheinnat.
R. MACKEADY & CO., Cheinnat.
R. P. SAMUELA, Columbus.
R. S. SAMUELA, Columbus.
R. S. SAMUELA, Columbus.
R. S. SAMUELA, COLUMBUS.
C. Chicago, ACK, STEVENS & REID,
C. Chicago, ACK, STEVENS & REID,

VAN SCHAALE, SIEVENS & BALL Chicago. MI CRAWFORD, St. Louis. MEYER BROS & CO., St. Louis. RICHARDSON & CO., St. Louis. Z. F. CASTERLINE, Cereland. C. LANGLEY & CO., San Francisco. H. F. MAPSH, San Francisco. R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky. BALL& LYONS, New Orleans. HARRIS & EWING, Pittaburgh. KERRY, WATSON & CO., Montreal, Can.
A. K. IEFER, Indianapolla, Indiana,
BROWNING & SLOAN, Indianapolta, Ind.
DR. H. BAER, Charleston, S. C.
W. N. WILK ERSON & CO., Memphia, Tenn.
G. W. JONES & CO., Memphia, Tenn.
LAWRENCE & WEIGHSELBAUM, Se-

LAWRENCE & WEIGHSELBAUM, STANDAN, GR.
LEICH & LEMCKE, Evansville, Ind.
LLILY & PHELAN, Evansville, ind.
FARRAND, WILLIAMS & CO., Detroft,
W. H. GRAHAM & CO., Zanesville, Ohio,
PURCELL LADD & CO., Zanesville, Ohio,
PURCELL LADD & CO., Bithmond, Va.
LAUGHLIN BROS & CO., Wheeling, W. V.
J. S. PERKINS, & CO., Portland, Maine,
LANE & PAINE, Rochester, New York,
C. M., LVMAN & CO., Buffelo, New York,
NOYES BRO. S & CUTLER, St. Paul, Minn.

When it suits your convenience to order indirectly you will please specify our make. (Wannes & Co.)

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE



ELIXIR

IODO-BROMIDE

Calcium, Compound.

This new compound, since its introduction to the Profession nearly three years since, has been used in so diversified a number of cases, with such uniform success as to rank it among the most potent alterative and anti-scrofulous remedies in use. Physicians in all parts of the country are accepting it as a most satisfactory and efficient agent, to subdue that class of chronic diseases arising from a scrofulous diathesis and that type of diseases which are amenable only to atterative measures. Those who have given it a thorough trial in most difficult and obstinate cases, are surprised and gratified with its action. Having in combination several powerful chemical agents, as: Iodine, Bromine, Chlorine, Calcium &c., which are most frequently prescribed, in treating cases of a scrofulous and cancerous nature, physicians find in it, a convenient and excellent remedy; and seeing its fitness as a remedial agent, for the diseases in which it is indicated, prescribe it with confidence.

We can confidently advise its exhibition in that type of diseases which becomes amenable only to the alterative measures. In our own experience it has proved a very happy agent to combat, in scrofulous subjects, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Piles, Catarrh, Caries, Necrosis and Abscesses, where its exhibition was invariably attended with well marked tonic and aperient properties.

It is rapidly becoming a general remedy for the various complaints arising from impurities of the blood; being particularly efficacious as an antibilious remedy, to combat what is commonly called liver complaint.

A persistent use for months, in chronic cases to bring the system fully under its influence will often be imperatively required.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Tilden & Company,

New Lebanon, N. Y., and 176 William Street, New York.

In Chronic Irritable Ulcer.

Dr. S. H. POTTER, of Hamilton, Ohio, says: "Allow me to express my sincere gratitude for your offer to send me a quantity of the Elixir Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Compound. It has proven itself in every case a very valuable and potent remedy. I have been using it on a Chronic Irritable Ulcer on my own person arising from a severe contusion five years since.

Singular as it seems nothing else promotes healthy granulations, nothing else can be tolerated, and yet this acts like a charm.

Both internally and externally I have found it more efficacious than any other medicine that an experience of forty years of devoted practice enables me to select."

Extract from letter of A./H. Armstrong, M. D., Pine Flat, Indiana Co., Pa., Dec. 5, '73.—"I consider the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., Elixir and Solution, for internal and external use, the most admirable remedies in Scrofulous cases."

In a Case of Scrofulous Abscess.

Dr. F. M. HABVEY, Ontario, Canada, writes:—"The Elixir Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Compound is a magnificent remedy. I am using it with marked success in a case of Scrofulous Abscess in the upper part of the femur."

Psoriasis and Scrofula.

Dr. Hebert, Brooklyn. "I have used your Elixir Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp., in quite a number of cases of Psoriasis and Scrofula with marked success, and I am recommending it to my medical acquaintances."

Extract from letter of E. L. Ford, M. D., Chemung, N. Y., Dec. 8, 1873. —"I have found the Elixir of Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp., one of the most remarkable remedies in a state tending to mortification, to arrest the disease—and intend using it in many cases of a low type."

Scrofula.

Extract from letter of Y. Curris Priest, M. D. "I have a very unfavorable case of Scrofule which seems to be making rapid improvement under your Elixir Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp. Indeed the parents of the child think it is working wonders."

Scrofula and Necrosis.

Letter from Geo. W. Parr, M. D., Perrysville, Ashland Co., Ohio. "I get better results from your Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Compound in Scrofula and Necrosis, than from any other known remedy or combination of remedies."

Scrofulous Affections of the Face.

A. M. Heistand, M. D. "I treated successfully a very obstinate case of Scrofulous Affection of the face, with Necrosis of the superior maxillary bone, with the "Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp.," internally and externally. I have been using the "Iodo" for six months, with great success,

Scrofulous Ulcerations.

RICHARD D. LEE, Physician of Almshouse, Harford Co., Md., writes: "I have now under treatment and almost cured the worst case of Scrofulous Ulceration I have ever met with. My treatment has consisted in the use of the "Elixir' Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp.," internally, and the "Eolution" of the same as a wash."

Scrofulous Diseases.

Extract from letter of H. A. Spencer, M. D., Erie Pa.—"I have been using the "Elixir and Solution of Iodo Bromide of Calcium Comp.," and am curing a case of Scrofulous disease of all the glands of the neck, which have resisted all kinds of treatment heretofore adopted. I have also been pleased with the remedy in treating cases of severe Rheumatism. I believe the remedies are good, and should be used by every physician, in those cases where their use is indicated."

Piles and Scrofula.

Dr. Allen, Pella, Iowa. "I have used your Elixir Iodo-Bromide Calcium with great success in the cure of Piles and Scrofula."

Scrofulous and Cancerous Tumours.

Extract from letter of Dr. A. D. CRABTER, 87, Tremont St., Boston, Mass., August 8, 1873 .- "I have made the study and treatment of Scrofula and various taints of the blood a special branch of practice during sixteen years, and have ever been on the alert for the best remedies to meet such cases. I have been using the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., for some months with most remarkable success-and in fact before I knew of your admirable combination, I had used the articles composing the same, with great advantage, in curing scrofulous and cancerous tumours that have long resisted treatment heretofore known."

Scrofulous and Rheumatic Affections.

T. A. Drown, M. D., Wassaic, Dutchess Co., N. Y.—"I know of no remedies more to be relied on in treatment of Scrofulous and Rheumatic affections, than the Elixir and Solution of Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp."

Scrofula and Epilepsy.

Dr. Cornell, Editor of Guardian of Health, Boston, says:—"In Epilepsy, I have met with good success with the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Compound, I have used it in several Scrofula cases, and, in one case of Epilepsy, caused, as I supposed, by Scrofula. It has been very serviceable. It has cleaned the skin of the patient from a dirty, puffed appearance to a ruddy and healthy countenance, and he has now gone longer without a "fit" than usual by far."

Deafness Caused by Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.

Dr. J. A. INGLES, Monroe, Ill. "I used the Elixir Iodo-Bromide of Calcium in a case of deafness, caused by Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis with excellent success. The case is improving rapidly, patient is about ten years old, gave half a teaspoonful in water three times a day."

Chronic Arthritis.

Letter from A. T. STEELE, M. D.—
"I have used the Elixir of IodoBromide of Calcium Comp., in an old
standing case of chronic arthritis, (inflammatory gout) and find that it does
more good than all the remedies combined."

Cancerous Ulcer of the Womb.

Dr. RICHARDSON, of Winona, Minn., has been treating a case of cancerous ulcer of the womb, for seven years, without any particular results. Three weeks ago he put the patient upon the use of the Elixir Iodo-Bromide Calcium Comp., and now she is about well.

Inflammatory Rheumatism.

Paul F. Danci, M. D., Bonaghstown, Adam Co., Pa. "I am well pleased with the action of your "Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp.," having used both preparations in an inveterate case of sore leg. I have now another similar case on hand, and I feel confident of a successful issue. The case is Inflammatory Rheumatism, complicated with Scrofula, no doubt; but I have great faith in your preparations."

Chronic Rheumatism.

Extract from letter of G. W. Mallor, M. D., Lowell, Kent Co., Mich., Sept., 25, 1873.—"I have also used your Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., in chronic rheumatism for 41 years standing, and effected a cure in four weeks. The patient used the Elixir internally, and applied the Solution externally."

Elixir Iodo-Bromide Calcium Compound

In Cancer.

Messrs, Tilden & Co.:

It is with pleasure that I am able to give you very encouraging information concerning the case of CANCER, referred to in my previous letter. The case of Mrs. Terressa Augustine, colored, aged 52, a widow, under the care of Dr. O. S. Paine. She first noticed the growth in 1867,—situated in the roof of the mouth, at the arch of the palate, it grew rapidly for nearly a year and was pronounced cancer. In 1868, Dr. Miner in charge of a City Dispensary, skillfully removed it with the knife, holding the patient under an anæsthetic for nearly three hours, it being so difficult to operate without suffocation during the anæsthesia. Dr. Miner attended the patient daily for four months, until the surface healed; with the hope that a radical cure had been effected, however, in a short time it began to grow again from the same fibres, and about two months ago had reached the size of a half hen's egg, nearly filling the mouth. It sloughed and became an open, raw, bleeding, fortid sore, about this time she was admitted to the Hospital. The surface of the sore was as large as a silver dollar; voice lost, or rather could not speak, great debility.

I was invited by Dr Paine, Surgeon of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, to see this and other cases in their wards. I urged the use of the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., both Elixir and Solution in this case, citing my success with it. The case had been given up and was regarded hopeless. Dr. Paine kindly accepted the suggestion, and I sent to your House in William St., for these preparations to be sent to the Hospital, and she was at once put upon their use; the diluted Solution as a gargle and the Elixir given internally, a teaspoonful in water three times a day. From that day there has been an appreciable improvement observed, I might say daily. She has now been under this treatment three weeks, the sloughing surface to entirely healed, no fætor; good appetite and sleep; in all respects a remarkable improvement, and to the astonishment of Doctor Paine and myself, there is every prospect of a cure. The same treatment will be continued, and as this is a case of great interest to the profession, those who desire to do so, are courteously invited to call and see it, at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, 235, West 31 St., Dr. O. S. Paine, Surgeon.

Respectfully Yours,

WALTER M. FLEMING, M. D.

New York, No. 43, 31st St., Dec. 5th, 1873

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL. M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is "The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery' in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science, in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one, and the discussion is the work by the hear undertaken." Medical

and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."-Medical

Examiner.

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. BELL seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are

directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—
Appleton's Journal.
"This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."- The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal—not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

edge and science."-Christian Standard.

"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."-

Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health." The National.

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents.

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt of the price affixed to each:

or me bares		The second secon
THE SANI	TARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$5)
**	**	Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5)
***	1	LONDON LANCET (\$5) 6 60
**	**	THE GALAXY (\$4)
**	**	New York MEDICAL JOURNAL (\$4) 5 75
		New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75
**	**	THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (42)
4.4	**	Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3) . 5 25
**	***	BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT (\$2.50) 5 00

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN,"

AD 2

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers.

No. 49-

111 & 113 William Street, New York.

FOUGERA'S



COD LIVER OIL

Since the introduction of this Oil in 1868, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debility, Consumption, Scrofula, Rickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, stimulant and alterative properties of Iodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapeutically five times as efficacious as pure Cod Liver Oil.

Through its increased curative action, FOUGERA'S COD LIVER OIL will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Cod Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

MUSTARD PLASTERS.

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change—Clean and Economical.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandare.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each. Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which contains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of eight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each ounce.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA. Each ounce represents fully thirty grains of the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron per ounce.

NUTRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and borne by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

FOUGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the soothing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH.

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, atimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron.

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

FOR ASTHMA.

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief.

All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Lancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. Tonic, Stimulating and Resolvent. Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Anomia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS,

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's Pills of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmacer.sists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverized iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver seal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y. and the fac-simile of

nd on /

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480.) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debility of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it is invariant to the stomach.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres.

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding to about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is none the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analysed by Profs. Depaire and Jouret, of Brussels, whose signature is found on each pot.



H

11

is

ar

ê.

ch

he

p-

VO

ult

it

28-

ve

fat

nd ns.

is of is

SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Direction of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIES for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs. Savory & Moore, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.



"H.R.H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR THRIVES SO WELL UPON THE FOOD YOU HAVE PREPARED THAT IT MUNT BE VERY GOOD,"—T. M. KENDALI, Medical Attendant, Sandringham.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE" AND IS THE BEST KIND OF LIEBIG'S FOUD.—Dr. BAKKER, on Bight Foods for Infonts.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."—Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in FLESH-FORMING and BONE-FORMING substances, this FOOD perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nourishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husks of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhœa, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., New Bond Street, London.

Sold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use ALL STANDARD PHARMACEUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Pharmaceutical journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ, and CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARATION. As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which the original proprietors and present owners are in nowise, responsible, please observe the signature of our Manufacturing Chemist, which in the private will be written across every Labell, and is our guarantee for its efficacy and purity.

The following testimonials, were voluntarily tendered to the Louisville Chemical Works while under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufactured at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the best articles to be found in commerce

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we believe them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of Berlin, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, of Edinburgh. The tests, viz., Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Bichromate of Potash, Nitrate of Silver, and Soubevan's Test furnish precisely the same result, proving that there is really no difference in their purity.

H. A. PROUT, M. D., Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and purity. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their merit demands. CHAS. A. POPE, M. D. 1

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practice, I have no hesitation in recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indica-tions described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used. E. S. FRAZEN, M. D.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville

your excellent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopeia. I could not be induced to use any other chloroform for inhalation than yours, or that prepared by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hoffman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluid Extracts, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL. I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis,

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hoffman's Anodyne, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come not form desires than any articles of the sund over used by myself.

JNO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, scientific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacopæia. Very truly, LEWIS ROGERS, MID.3

No. 49-

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopaia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the most approved formula, when each first represents sixteen Trey owners of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ignore the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown strength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for us to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revisors of the l'harmacoperia) and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude material itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label embodies formulæ for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-list furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. The formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRENCE SMITH. It is regarded throughout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time safe. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Prout.) It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished oculists in Europe, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Professor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest care and put up in sealed packages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first page) that the contents are of the best character, and will stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Anodyne. Per lb. \$2.50.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manufacturers. It is a handsome and palatable artice, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchill, of Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of lime two and a half grains, soda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three fourths of a grain. Per doz. lbs. \$8.co.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, marasmus, nervous debility, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of liene, with small amounts of other phosphates. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

1

o-

I

rei lle

res

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an efficient and agreeable form for administering the bark. The tonic and anti-intermittent properties of the cinchona barks are well established, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bitterness. This has been overcome to a great extent in the Elixir Calisaya, which, representing twelve grains of calisaya bark in the fluid ounce, is so combined with other ingredients as to make it an agreeable cordial, acceptable to the most delicate stomach. To persons suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmless, preventives for sever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per dor, nitra socio. influence. Per doz. pints, \$9.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remedial properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrophosphate of iron, in each tea-spoonful combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chall beate taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. Per doz. pints, \$5,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA.

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and one one-hundredth grain strychnia, with sufficient aromatics to free it from the chalybeate taste common in similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recommend it to both physician and consumer.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, symptoms of paralysis, anæmia, arising from diseases peculiar to females, or general debility from any cause whatever, it will commend itself as a general therapeutic agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chill is broken. Per dos. pints, \$0.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stomach. It is valuable in cases of anzemia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially so when such cases are complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, we choose disturbes a Read decirious and control of the stomach and bowels.

or chronic diarrhea. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, and one one-hundredth grain strychnine with aromatics.

ammonia citrate bismuth, and one one-nundredth grain strychnine with aromatics.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anæmia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyspepsia, utritable condition of the stomach and bowels, diarrhea, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable therapeutic agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermittent attacks when once broken. Per doz. pints, \$9 00.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepsia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debility.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychaine, one grain ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics. Per doc. pints, \$15.00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bark and eight grains citrate of iron.

It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per doz. pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chlorotic and anæmic states, used in morbid conditions of the nervous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of strumous children threatened with scrollous degeneration, and ultimately with localized tubercular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate quinia, and one thirty-second grain phosphate strychnia to the drachm (tea-spoonful) of syrup. Fer doz. bls. \$15.500.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is too often the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is injurious not only as a diluent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by us more than two years ago, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spts. Nit. Dulce contains five per cent. of pure ether. Per lb. in 5 lb. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL.

Physicians and druggists failing to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on notifying us of the fact.

ESTABLISHED 1848:

Silver Medal awarded by Ohio Mechanics' Institute, 1860.

Large Silver Medal awarded by Cin. Industrial Exposition, 1870. FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1872, FOR BEST GLYCERIN.

FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1873, FOR BEST GLYCERIN.

Special Premium awarded for Sugar Coated Pills. All the above Premiums were awarded for superiority of my articles over those of other competitors.

W. J. M. GORDON, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

LABORATORIES:

Eggleston Ave., Culvert and Fifth Streets, and Branch Street. OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

142 WALNUT ST., CINCINNATI.

NEW YORK, 98 Maiden Lane, - - F. W. HURTT & BRO., Agts.

I solicit special attention to the following articles. I offer every advantage to purchasers that can be obtained of any MANUFACTURER in this country

Glycerin and Can be obtained of all kinds; Medicinal Fluid and Solid Extracts; Resinoids and Oleo-Resins; Packed Herbs, Roots and Barks; Pure Powdered Drugs; Ground Drugs of all degrees of fineness for percolation or other use; Sugar Coated Pills and Granules, Plasters, Ointments, Cerates, Syrups, Tinctures, Wines and Pharmaceutical Preparations generally.

87 Aliberal discount made according to amount purchased.

83 Special Quotations made for large quantities.

SUGAR COATED PILLS.

Of the U. S. Pharmacopæia and from Receipts of Eminent Physicians. ** We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities of SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the best materials, and perfectly reliable.

-					francisco Samuelani
			Price per 100 each.	bottle of 500 each.	for the atheres of the cost of the contract of
		1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr.		\$1.75 3.50	and and By By Brook of good of
AGUE; Chinoi Ext. C Ol. Pil Ferri.	din, 2 grs. dol. Co. 1/4 " ol. Co. 1/4 " ol. Nig. 1/6 " Sulph. 1/4 "	***************************************	75	3 25	oated I oantry, bassed sake Pill in d my he use elegan nannfa nannfa nannfa nannfa nannfa nannfa foi etting a pilly.
ALOES, U.S. P.	1 Saponis	a militar)	40	1 75	suri to m to m to m to m suri suri suri suri suri suri suri suri
" COMP., U. S. P.,	Ext. Gent., Aloes Socot., Pulv. Rhei, Ol. Carui,	1 1-3 gr. 0	50	2 25	of Sugardian the control of Sugardian the condition of the control
" et ASSAF U. S. P	Assafetida, ., Pulv. Sapon	is, 1 " "	} 40	1 75	herture I am e nd spl oating the p ing soli on giv on giv on giv on giv on giv on giv
" et FERR	I, Ferri Sulph	locot., 1-2 gr. b, Jam., 1 gr. l. Exsic., 1 gr. 1-2 gr.	40	1 75	manuf by no clinery, size a size a ced, and ced, ced, ced, ced, ced, ced, ced, ced,
Webst	er's Dinner Gu	Al. Socot., 11-0 m Mastich., 1-4 or. Rosse. 1-4	gr. 50	2 25	or the celled and I mad I mad I mand I ley un iscard bereby compt on 150 mar for we have have have have have have have hav
	Croce Stig	es Socot., 2 rrbse, 1 mat., 1-4	44 50		fittes f finish finish ployed 8 is d gar, th gar, th rundly As
" et NUX	VOMICA, Puly	Nux Vomica, 1/2	gra } 50	2.26	Fort
ALTERATIVE,	(Mess. Hydrarg	gri, 1 gr.) 1-8 gr.	1	2 25	My Grant tail of computer to the said of computer to t

		Bottles of	r 100	500	10
AMMON. BROMID,	1 gr		75	3 50	2 (
AMMON VALERIA	NATE, 1 gr	1	50	7 25	3
* 1	NATE, 1 gr	an lasgr			2
ANDERSON'S SCOT	S. Fruet, Color	vn., 1-2 gr	40	1 75	0
	Gambogiæ,	1-4 gr			2
	Gambogiæ, Gleum Ani uiv. Ext. Coloe. C. 21 odophyllin, Strychniæ, Ext. Belladonnæ,	ni., 1-8 gr			H (
ANTI-BILIOUS, I P	niv. Ext. Coloe. C. 21	-2 grs.	60	2 75	*
(Achermone) (L	Streehnim.	1-40 gr.)			2 2
	Ext. Belladonne,	1-10 4			0
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC	, Pulv. Ipecac.	" " 1	00	4 75	2
	Pulv. Ipecac. Mass. Hydrarg., 2 Ext. Coloc. Co., 2	46			5 1
	Mat. Coloc. Co., a				1
Ch	inoidine, 1 gr.			718	on 1
ANTI-CHILL, OL	ninoidine, 1 gr. hri Ferrocyan, 2 grs. Piper Nig. 1 gr. senic, 1-20 gr. Iron Hydrocyanate.		20	5 75	90
Ar	senie, 1-20 gr. Iron Hydrocyanate,				9
	Iron Hydrocyanate,	1-2 gr.			S
ANTI-EPILEPTIC	Valerianate Quinine Zine,	1-26	00 2	9 75	2
3 gra.	Ext. Valerian, Quiniæ Sulph., Ferri Sul. Exs.,	1			S (
	Quinise Sulph.,	1 gr.			
	Ferri Sul. Exs., Oi. Res. Plp. Nig.,	1-10 "			8
ANTI-MALARIAL (McCaw)	Ac Arrenice	1-10 4 1.2	25 1	11 00	2 706
(mcoun)	Ac. Arsenics., Gelsemin.,	1-4 11			8 01
	Podophyllin,	1-8 "			5 H
ANTIMONII COMI	(Calomel)			2 6
U. S. P., (Pil. Cal	P Calomel Oxysulph. Antim Guaiacum Resin.	ony, }	40	1 75	\$ ()
mel Comp.)					2
ANTHELMINTIC,	Santonin, Calomel, aa, 1 gr.) Cinchone Sulph., Ferri Sulph. Exstc.,	1	00	4 75	- Q
	(Cinchonæ Sulph.,	1 gr.)			4 3
	Ferri Sulph. Exsic.,	1 "			o M
ANTIPERIODIC,	J. TAMER SETTINGSTONE	1-2 " 1	00	4 75	- H
	" Rhel., Pulv. Myrrhæ,	2-3 4			B H
	Frt Nay Vernice	1-3 gr.)			2 1
APERIENT	" Hyoseyam., " Coloc. Comp., 2	1-2 "	90	4 25	@ X
1	" Coloc. Comp., 2	"			00
. (ruiv. Knei,	1-4 gr.)			701
" Prysdale's	" Aloe. Socot., 1	5_10 11	60	2 75	2 01.
	i Ipecac., Nuc. Vomica.	1-2 "			2 10
(ESEC. COLOC. CO.	56 OFF. 1			L GH
" MILD	Pulv. Rhei, Ext. Hyoseyami.	2 "	50. *	2 25	
1	Ol. Cari,	1-0	30	2 20	00
		************	70	3 25	R.S.
ASAFŒTIDA, U. S	S. P	************************	40	1 75	-
" 2 grs	Acafostida	9 are 1	***	1 75	3 "H
" COMP	Asafœtida, Ferri Sulph. Ex.,	2 grs. }	40	1 75	3 OF
	Asafætida, Pulv. Rhei,	1 gr.)			HOH
" et RHEL	Pulv. Rhei,	1 11 /	75	3 50	0
ATBOPIA, 1-60 gr	Ferrum per Hyd.,	1 ")	75	3 50	
Allen In, I am gi	Ext. Col. Comp	1 gr.)	812	9 00	
BALLOU	Ext. Col. Comp., " Jalapæ, Hyd'g. Chlor. Mit.,	1 "	75	3 50	N H
ITA LILATE	Hyd'g. Chlor. Mit.,	1	1.00	0 100	E 2
RELLADONNA E			40	1 75	E 4
DEMARKS NA IS	XT. (Eng.), 14 gr	********************	40	1 75	9 0
-44	1 gr		60 (2 75	20
BISMUTH, SUB. C	ARB., 3 grs	*****************	75	3 50	
BISMUTH et NUX	(Bismuth Sub Carb.	4 grs.)	10	3 50	2.
VOMICA	Bismuth Sub. Carb., Ext. Nux. Vomica, OM. Bismuth Subn	1/4 " [90	7 25	3 .
" and NHX Y	OM Bismuth Subn	it., 5 grs. 1,	50	7 25	0 R
HART TACK	Ext. Nux Vom	and 12 " 5"	- 1000	. 40	5 H
" and IGNAT	A. Ext. Ignatia An	para, 1/4	50	7 25	224
CAFFEIN CITRAS	OM. Bismuth Subnic Ext. Nux Vom. Bismuth Sub-Cext. Ignatia Au F., 1 gr., 2 grs., 8 grs		1 50	22 25	
CALOMEL, 1-2 gr.	, 1 gr., 2 grs., 8 grs	*******	40	1 75	
" COMP.,	(Calomel		50	2 25	030
(Plumme	r's) {Calomel, Oxysulph. Ant Gusiacum Resi	imony.	40	1 75	30 5
3 gra	Guaiacum Resi	n.,	1		SD
" et IPECAC	(Calomel,	A Mile I			30 70
COMP.	Pow'd. Ipecac. Con	ap., 3 1-3 "	50	2 25	201
	(Ext. Gentianie.	q. s.			1

I make this liberal Des-A compléte Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application. Pills sent by Mail in quantities not over 12 ounces. offer as an inducement for those who have not used my articles to give them a trial. As the purchaser may select, at List Price, amounting to \$15.00

		-	
	(Colored Come)	e 100	500
CALOMEL et O	PII { Calomel, 2 grs. }1	00	4 75
	(Calomel, 1-3 gr.)		
CALOMEL et RE	" Coloc. Co., 1-2 "	75	2 50
CAMPHOR et 1	HYOS- Gum Camphor, 1 gr. 1 Ext. Hyos. Eng. 1 " 1	50	2 25
CYAMUS.	Gum Camphor. 1 gr. 1	0.0	
CAMPHOR CON	MP. Powd. Kino,	90	4 25
CANNABIS IN	Ext. Capaicum, 1-16 " DICA EXT., % gr	60	2 75
CATHABITIC CO	JMP.] " Jalapæ, 1 " [60	2 75
U. S. P.	Calomel, 1 " } Pulv. Gambogiæ, 2-9 " }	00	* 10
	Ext. Coloc. Simp., 1-3 "		
" (Vegeta	Puly, Res. Scam., 1-3 "	60	2 75
(v cg cua	Aloes Socot. 11-4 " Cardamomi, 1-9 "		2
	Caponia, 1-0		1
	Ext. Coloc. Comp. 1 gr		
CATHARTIC CO		60	2 75
U. S. P., (Impro 3 grs.	" Gentianse, % "		
	Ol. Mentily Fib.,	40	1 75
	, 1-10 gr		4 75
CHAPMAN'S DI	INNER PILLS, Pulv. Aloes Soc., Rhei Opt.,	60	2 75
	(outil Masticit,		
CHINOIDIN, 1	PPS .	40 50	1 75
	(Chinoidin, 2 grs.)	00	4 75
CHIERTTA EX	(Oleo-resin, Pip.N. ½ gr.)	50	7 25
CIMICIFUGEN.	1 gr	40	1 75
CINCHONA SU	T., 3 grs	00 75	4 75
CINCHON, BUL	PH., 1% grs. Res. Scammony Pure, 1 gr	10	0 00
COCCIA	Pulv. Aloe Socot.,	90	
	Potass, Sulph		4 25
	Potass. Sulph., 18 "		4 25
CODIA, 1-16 gr.		05	4 25
CODIA, 1-16 gr. COLOCYNTHID Comp., U. 8.	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth		
COLOCYNTH et	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. t (Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.)	05 80	15 00 3 75
COLOCYNTH of	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs.	05	15 00
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of	S COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P P Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs. Pulv. Ipecae 1-6 gr. st (Ext. Col. Co. 2½ grs. Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg.	05 80	15 00 3 75
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU	S COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pil Hidrarg.	05 80 75	15 00 3 75 3 50
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU	S COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pulv. Ipecae 2 grs. Pulv. Ipecae 1-6 gr. 5 (Ext. Hyoseyamus 1) Pulv. Aloes Soc., 1 gr. Rhei, 1 gr. Calomel. 3 gr. 3 gr	05 80 75	15 00 3 75 3 50
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. It Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs. Pulv. Iperae. 1-6 gr.) If Ext. Col. Co. 2/2 grs. Si Ext. Hyoseyamus 1/2 Pulv. Aloes Soc., 1 gr. Rhei, 1 gr. Calomel, 2/2 gr.	605 80 75 75	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU	S COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.	80 75 75	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50
COLOCYNTH et HYDRARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH et HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs. (Pulv. Iperac. 1-6 gr.) tf {Ext. Gol. Co. 2½ grs.} {Ext. Hyoseyamus 1½ gr. Calomel, 2½ gr. Sapon. Hispan, ½ gr. P. 2 grs. Rein. Graiae. Ferri Cit.	605 80 75 75	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25
COLOCYNTH et HYDRARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH et HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg. 2 grs. (Pulv. Iperac. 1-6 gr.) tf {Ext. Gol. Co. 2½ grs.} {Ext. Hyoseyamus 1½ gr. Calomel, 2½ gr. Sapon. Hispan, ½ gr. P. 2 grs. Rein. Graiae. Ferri Cit.	95 80 75 75 60 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH e HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., et Ext.	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) ### Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. ### Pulv. Iperae	95 80 75 75 60 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25 3 75 3 75
COLOCYNTH et HYDRARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH e HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp.,- " et Ext.	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) L. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pulv. Iperae	80 75 75 50 80 80 40	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25 3 75 3 75 1 75
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH e HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., et Ext.	S COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. Pil Hidrarg.	80 75 75 76 50 80	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25 3 75 3 75
COLOCYNTH et HYDRARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH et HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs COPAIBÆ, U. S "Comp.," et Ext. CORROSIVE SU DIGITALIS, CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † Ext. Pulv. Hidrarg. 2 grs. † Pulv. Ipecac. 1-6 gr. † Ext. Hyoseyamus 1½ * Pulv. Aloes Soc., 1 gr. † Ext. Hyoseyamus 1½ * Pulv. Aloes Soc., 1 gr. † Reid. † Reid. † Reid. † Pr. Calomel. ½ gr. † Sapon. Hispan. † Pr. Calomel. † Pr. Calomel. † Reid. † Pr. Calomel. † Reid. † Pr. Calomel. † Bapon. Hispan. † Pr. Calomel. † Reid. † Poli. Copathe. † Reid. † Cubebæ. † Pil. Copathe. † Cubebæ. † Cubebæ. † Cubebæ. † Pil. Copathe. † Scollin. † Cubebæ. † Pulv. Digital. Eng., † Scollin. † Sc	80 75 75 50 80 80 40	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25 3 75 3 75 1 75
COLOCYNTH et HYDRARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH e HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, S grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " COMPAIRÆ, U. 8 " COMP., " et Ext. CORROSIVE SU DIGITALIN, 1-DIGITALIS CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) L. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pulv. Iperae	80 75 75 50 80 80 40 75 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 3 75 3 75 1 75 3 50 2 25
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., tet Ext. CORROSIVE SUDIGITALIN, 1- DIGITALIS CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Iperac.	80 75 75 50 80 80 80 40 75	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 2 25 3 75 3 75 1 75 3 50
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., tet Ext. CORROSIVE SUDIGITALIN, 1- DIGITALIS CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Iperac.	80 75 75 50 80 80 80 40 75 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 3 75 1 75 3 50 2 25 2 25
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., tet Ext. CORROSIVE SUDIGITALIN, 1- DIGITALIS CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs. † ### Pulv. Iperac.	80 75 75 50 80 80 40 75 50 50 50 50 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 2 25 3 75 3 75 3 75 3 75 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2
COLOCYNTH of HYDRARG of IPECAC, COLOCYNTH of HYOSCYAMU COOK'S, 3 grs. COPAIBÆ, U. 8 " Comp., tet Ext. CORROSIVE SUDIGITALIN, 1- DIGITALIS CO	IS COMP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocynth P. P. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) L. Pulv. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 grs.) Pulv. Iperae	80 75 75 50 80 80 80 40 75 50	15 00 3 75 3 50 3 50 2 25 3 75 1 75 3 50 2 25 2 25

many of these matters, we simply remark that Mr. Gordon pays over \$ year to one house in this city for refuse material for the "Practical Chemistry, so far as the preparation of standard drugs is implied, is being carried to a very high state of perfection in this city. For example, we recently visited the Laboratory of W. J. M. Gordon, and studied all its various arrangements and plans Mr. Gordon makes vast quantities of Glycerin, and to show the great change which is going on in So much for utilizing the waste products. In this Laboratory we also found attractive processes under full headway for the manufacture of Bromide of Potash, Hyd. Chloral and other Chemicals in particular demand. Physicians and Druggists from the country may find it worth while to look through this Laboratory and see what is doing. The proprietor will gladly make them welcome, and explain the details of his work." manufacture of Glycerin, which formerly went out into the city sewers. From the Lancet and Observer, Cincinnati :for manufacturing Chemicals.

EMMENAGGUE, Ergotine. 1 gr. 1 gr	2 25 2 25 3 30 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
EMMENAGOGUE, Aloes, 1 gr. 149 Ferri Sul. 1 gr. 1 gr. 1	2 25 2 25 3 50 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
Ol. sabina, 3/2 gr. 50 Solidario	2 25 3 50 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
FEL. BOVINUM, {Ox gall power 2 grs.} 50 FERRI (Quevenne's), 1 gr. 50 CARE. (Vallett's), U. S. P., 3 grs. 40 CITRATE, 2 grs. 50 COMP., U. S. P., 40 FERRI FERROCYANID, 3 grs. 50 IDID, 1 gr. 56 LACTAT, 1 gr. 50 PYROPHOSPHATE, 1 gr. 40 SULPH. EXSICCAT, 2 grs. 40	2 25 3 50 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
CARE (Vallett's), U.S. P., 3 grs. 40	3 50 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
CARB. (Vallett's), U. S. P., 3 grs. 40. CITRATE, 2 grs. 50 COMP. U. S. P. 40 FERRI FERROCYANID, 3 grs. 50 IDDID, 1 gr 66 LACTAT, 1 gr. 50 PYROPHOSPHATE, 1 gr. 40 SULPH, EXSICCAT, 2 grs. 40	1 75 2 25 1 75 2 25
" CITRATE, 2 grs 50 " COMP, U. S. P. 40 " FERRI FERROCYANID. 3 grs 50 " I DOHD. 1 gr 66 " LACTAT 1 gr. 50 " PYROPHOSPHATE, 1 gr. 40 " SULPH. EXSICCAT, 2 grs-14	2 25 1 75 2 25
FERRI FERROCYANID., 3 grs	1 75 2 25
ODID_1 gr 65	
PYROPHOSPHATE, 1 gr 40 SULPH, EXSICCAT., 2 grs-14 VALER 1 gr 100	
PYROPHOSPHATE, 1 gr 40 SULPH, EXSICCAT., 2 grs-14 VALER 1 gr 100	3 00 2 25
** SULPH. EXSICCAT., 2 grs	1 75
(Fer pet Hydrogen, 1% grs.)	1 75
Fer per nydrogen, 172 grs.	4 75
FERRI ET QUAS. Ext. Quassia, 1 gr. ""	~ ~
et Nuc. Vom. 1 Nux Vom. 1 gr. 75	3 50-
	3 50
FERRI ET QUINIÆ CIT., 1 gr	6 75
	3 50
	-
et STRYCHNIÆ CIT., Ferri Cit. 1 gr. 75	3 50
(Galbanium, 11-2gr.)	0.00
GALBANIA COMP., U. S. P. Pulv. Myrrh., 11-2 " 50 (Assafortids, 11-2 ")	2 25
(Pulv. Gambogies)	200
CAMBOOLE COMP 11. Aloe Socot, 1 40	1 75
Milkio, Jam.,	0.00
(Ext. Gantien, 2-8 gra.)	-
GENTIAN COMP., Ext. Gentlen, 2-8 grs. Aloes Socot 2-3 ii Puly. Rhes. 1 1-8 4	9 25
Pulv. Rhei, 11-8 "	2 20
(Ol. Carul, 1-0 "	
Hals, Copather Solid, 1 "	0.75
Ferri Sulph. Exsie 1-2 "	2 75
Terebinth, Venet., 11-2 "	1 75
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr	2 25
HELONIN, 1-10 gr., 50	2 25
(Pil. Hydrarg. 3 grs.)	4 25
HEPATICA, Ext. Colocynth Comp., 1 " 90 Hyoseyami, 1 " 90	4 20
(Aloes Socot	
Ferri Sulph, Exsic.,	
HOOPER (Female Ext. Heliebor, Pulv. Myrrh., 40	1 75
Pills), 21-2 gra. At Saponis,	
46 Canellie,	
HYDRARGYRI, U. S. P., 3 grs	1.75
SHVDRARGVRI 5 ave	2 25
(Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.)	-
" COMP Pulv. Opii, 1-2 " } 90	4 25
" IODIDE, 1-4 gr	1 75
" IODIDE, 1-4 gr	2 00
" RUB., 1-16 gr	1 75
" 10D. et OPII, { Hyd'g. Iedid., 1 gr. } 75 (Ricord's) { Pulv. Opii. 1-3 " } 75	3 50
HYOSCYAMUS EXT. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. 40	1.75
	2 25
IPECAC et OPIL, (Pulv. Doveri, U. S. P.) 3 1-3 grs 80	2 25
IODOFORM Las	7.75
PPPDI (Ferrum per Rydrogen, 1 gr. 1 a.m.	
" et PERRI, { Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. }2 00 (Irising 1-4 gr.)	9 75
IRISIN COMP. Podophyllin, 1-10 "	0.00
/ Strychnise 1-40 (-)	2 25
, Leptandrin, 1 gr.)	1 1
the promitation is Mr. I	4 75
LEPTAND. COMP. Leptandrin, 1 gr.	
LEPTAND. COMP. Trisin, 14 " 100	1 70
LEPTANDRIN, 1-8 gr	1 76
LEFTANDRIN, 1-8 gr	1 75 1 75 2 26 3 50

"For the last five or six years I have made use of a considerable quantity of Glycerin manufactured by W. J. M. Gordon, of this From Prof. John King, Editor American Belectic Dispensalory, King's American Practice, &c .:-

I bave likewise used in my practice the leading Eclectic preparations manufactured by him, as Resin of Mandrake or Podophyllin, their actions, as they have invariably fulfilled the indications for which they are prescribed. I therefore take great pleasure and satis-Leptandrin, Iridin, Aletrin, Alcoholic Extracts of Black Cohosh, as well as several Fluid Extracts, and have been much pleased with faction in recommending Mr. Gordon to the Eclectic profession as one among our many excellent manufacturers whose preparations city, for medicinal purposes, and I have no reason whatever for complaint, as it has in every instance answered the purpose admirably. JOHN KING, M. D. [Signed, may be relied upon."

			-	-
	Bottles of Rettles of Ret	100	500	
LUPULIN. 3 gra		40	1.75	
MACROTIN, 1-10 s	IV.	40	1 75	
MAGNESLE et R	HEL [1 or each]	40	1 75	
MORPHIA ACET.	1-8	70	3 25	
" SULPHAT	E 1-20 gr	40	3 25	
60 68	1-10 gr.	60	2 75	
** **	1-8 gr	70	8 25	
66 66	1-6 er	80	3 25 3 75	
46, 46,	1-4 gr1	00	4 75	
" VALERIAN	1-8 gr.	00	4 75	
	(Morph, Sulph., 1-4 gr.)			
MORPHIÆ COMI	Ant. et Pot. Tart., 1-4 "1	50	7 25	
	(Calomel, 1-4 "			
	Quiniæ Sulph., 2 grs.)			
NEURALGIC	Quiniæ Sulph., 2 grs. Morphia Sulph., 1.20 " Strychnia, 1.30 "			
	Strychnia, . 1-30	00	14 75	
Prof. S. D. Gross	Strychns,			
	Ext. Aconiti, 1-2 "			
" [Gross],	without Morphia3	00	14 75	
	Ext Hyoseyam, 2gr.			
201	" Conii, 2% 1.			
5.5	" Ignat. Am. 36 4		1614	
NEURALGIC,	" Opii, 1/2 " 2	on.	9 75	
IDIOPATH.	" Aconiti, 12 "	4M2	3 (0)	
	" Cannab. Ind. 14 "			
	" Stramon, 1.5 "			
	" Belladonnse, 16"			. ;
NUC. VOMICA E	XT., 1-4 gr.	40	1 75	-
		40	1 75	
OPH, U. S. P., 1 g		75	3 50	
1 11 et CAME	HORE { Pulv. Opii, 1 gr. }	00	4 75	
et Cami	Camphoree, 2"	00	4 75	
" et CAMPH.	Camphore, 2 " } et { Pulv. Opi, 1-4 gr. } (BI { Pulv. Opi, 1-2 gr. } Plumbi Acet., 11-2 grs. }		- 4	
TANKEN.	Camphore, 1 "1	00	4 75	1
TANNIN	(Acid Tannie, 2 grs.)		11	
et PLUM	IBI (Pulv. Opii. 1-2 gr.)		3 50	1
ACET.,	Plumbi Acet., 11-2 grs. (75	3 00	
PHOSPHORUS, 1-	50 gr1	00	4 75	- 1
45 COMP	(Phosphorus, 1-60 gr.)	or.	6 00	
COMP	Ext. Nux Vom., 1-4 " []	20	0 00	
PHOSPHORUS, (Phosphorus, 1-100 gr.)			
IRON & NUX	Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 1 "	75	8 50	
VOMICA,	Ext. Nux Vomica, 1/4 "			
PODOPHYLLIN,	Ext. Nux Vom., 1-4	40	1 75	
5.6	1-4 gr	40	1 75 2 25	
PODOPHYLLIN,	1-2 gr	50	2 25	
46	1 gr	75	3 50	
PODOPHYLLIN	(Podophyllin, 1-2 gr.)			
PODUPHILAD	1-2 gr 1 gr	75	3 50	
COMP.,	(" Nuc. Vom., 1-16 "			
4	(Podophyllin, % gr.)			
PODOPHYLLIN	Leptandrin, 1-16 **			
COMP.	Juglandin, 1-16 44 5	75	3 50	
(Eclectic.)	Macrotin, 1-32 "			
	Ol. Capsici,			
	[Podophyllin, Mgr.]			
PODOPHYLLIN	et Ext, Bellad,		3 50	
BELLADONNA	Ol. Res. Capsiel. 12 "	75	9 30	
	Podophyllin, // gr. Ext. Bellad, // Ol. Res. Capsicl, // Saccharl Lact. //			
PODOPHYLLIN	(Saccharl Lact. 1 ") et Podophyllin, 1 Ext. Hyoscyamus, as ½gr. 1 ARG. { Podophyllin, 1 - 4 gr. } ARG. { Pll. Hydrarg., 2 " } D, 1 gr	00	0 45	
HYOSCYAMUS.	Ext. Hyoscyamus, as 1/gr. [60	2 75	
a h menn	Podophyllin, 1-fgr.)	20	2 25	
et Hibr	Pil. Hydrarg., 2 " ("""	50	2 20	
POTASS. BROMI	D., 1 gr	75	3 50	
44 44	5 grs1	25	6 00	
" IODID.,	2 grs	85	4 00	
" PERMA	NG. CRYST., 1-8 gr	50	2 25	
QUINÆ SULPH.	. 1-2 gr	85	4 00	
16 , 14	1 grs 1 gr 1 gr	40	6 75	
44 5. 36	2 grs 2	75	13 50	1
X6. 56%	2 grs	00.	19 75	1
" VALER	IANATE 1-2 or	00	9 75	4
66	1 gr	144	17 25	1
	Quining Sulph 1 gr. Ferri per Hydrogen, 1 "1 (Acid. Arzenious, 1-60")			
" COMP	Ferri per Hydrogen, 1 "	75	8 50	1
	(Acid, Arsenious, 1-60 "			
	(Quinis Sulph., 1 ")			
QUINLÆ et COL	O- Ext. Col. Comp., 1 "			
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	J. 16 Tornet Aruse . 1.0 16 10	25	11 00	
CYNTH. COM	P., Piperine. 1-9 "		-	
QUINIÆ et EX	T. BEL- (Quinie Sulph., 1 gr.			
LIDONNA	T. BEL- Quiniæ Sulph., 1 gr. (Ext. Belladen., 1-4 11)	75	. 8 .50	-

From the Chicago Price Current and Chemical Repository :- Prof. H. D. Garrison, Editor.

importing Ulycerin, much of which is very impure, when so perfect an article is produced by our neighbor, and offered at prices far Gordon, long noted as the leading manufacturer of Glycerin in this country, is producing a perfectly odorless, colorless, concentaken from the common stock as it flowed from the still, fully corroborates his statement. We can not conceive any good reason for "A few weeks ago we had the pleasure of visiting the large manufacturing establishment of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati. trated and absolutely chemically pure Glycenin, all of which he warrants, and we must say that the specimen shown us, which was below what an imported brand can be sold for of the same quality "

		_		1
Bettier	af 190	5	90	
QUINIÆ et FERRI (Quiniæ Sulph., 1 gr.) CARB. (Ferri Carb. [Vallet's], 2 grs. 1 [Quinæ Sulph., 1 gr.]	75	8	50	
et FERRI FER- Oleo-Res. Capsici 1-20 ** ROCYAN., Gelsemin, 1-20 ** 2	25	11	00	
Podophyllin, 1-20 "				
QUINIZ et FERRI Quin. Sulph., 1 gr 11	75	8	50	
COMP. (Ferri Lactat, 2")		8	50	
STRYCH - Ferri Carb. (Vallet's), 2	75	8	50	-
et STRYCH " Iron, 1" PHOS. " Strych,1-00"	75	8	50	
QUINLE, 10- (lodoform, 1 gr.) DOFORM & Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 2 " IRON, (Quinie Sulph., 3 "		14	75	
Quiniee, Valerianate, 3 gr	00 50	9 17	75 25	
et HY- DRARG. {Quinie Sulph., 1 gr.} Mass. Hydrarg., 2 " Oleo-Resin, Pip. Nig., 1-4 " et STRYCHNIA, {Quin. Sulph. 1 gr.}	75	8	50	
(Strychula, 1.00 "	75	8	50	
(Zinci. valer. 1)	00	19	75	
RHEI, U. S. P., When, Saponis, 1 gr. Saponis, 1 gr. Pulv. Rhei, 2 grs.	75	3	50	
RHEI, COMP., U. S. P. "Aloes Socot, 1½ grs. Myrrh, Ol. Menth Pip., (Pulv, Rhei,	78	3	50	
et HYDRARG. Mass. Hydrarg. 4 grs	.80	4	75	
SANTONIN, 1 gr	00	4	75	
RHEUMATIC, Colchi Acet., I "Hyoseyami, 3 "Hyd. Chlor. Mit., 2 "Yellor. Mit., 2 "Yellor. Scillee, Ygr.)	90	4	25	
SCILLÆ COMP., U. S. P., Gum Ammoniae, 1 " Pulv. Saponia. 114 "	50	2	25	
STOMACHICÆ (Lady (Pulv. Aloes Socot.,)	78	3	80	
Webster's Dinner Gum Mastich., Pills), 3 grs. STRYCHNI.E, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr	50 40		26	
(Potass, Iodid 21-2 gra)	00		75	
	40		75	-
YRILLIN, 1-10 gr	50		25	-
(Fodophvillin, % ")	75	3	50	-
VERAIRIA SULFRAIE, I-12 gr	50	2	25	
ZINCI VALERIANATE, 1 gr	00	4	75	-

Cathartic, and all leading Pills furnished by the

pound or in bulk.
Pills will be made to order from special recipes, when ordered in tots of not less than 3,000 at one time. Any physician having a favorite recipe will find this a great saving of time, and at a less cost than they can make them themselves.
All recipes strictly confidential. Pills sent by mail with perfect

safety.

Cincinnati, Sept. 29, 1873.

To the Committee of Awards, Cin. Ind. Exposition:
We, the undersigned, Judges in Class No. 57, (Pharmaceutical Preparatious,) would recommend that a special premium be awarded to Mr. W. J. M. Gordon for Sugar Coated Pills, and for the following reasons: That it is a new branch of Pharmaceutical manufacture in the West, and the articles on exhibition are excellent of their kind, and a manufactory of importance to the trade of the city.

E. S. WAYNE, J. S. UNZIKER, Judges.

From New York Druggists' Price Current, April 19, 1871:

"Por some time past our attention has been called to the Pure Inodorous Glycerin of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati, and having obtained a bottle of the same from parties who did not know our object, we have submitted Mr. Gordon's Glycerin to several tests, and are happy to state that his Glycerin is, in every particular what Mr. G. claims—a pure and inodorous article, which we heartily recommend to the trade."

From Chicago Medical Times :-

His Pure Glycerin we regard equal to any Pharmaceutical preparations. An immense He is now turning out very handsome Sugar Coated Pills, as well as many other Pharmaceutical preparations. "As a manufacturer of Glycerin, Gordon is known throughout the civilized world. stock of Botanic goods is a comparatively recent feature in his trade. THE PROPERTY

direct preparations.

W. J. M. GORDON'S FLUID EXTRACTS.

These Fluid Extracts are put up in pint bottles (for which there is no extra charge.) Each fluid ounce of the Fluid Extract represents one Troy ounce of the crude material, except when otherwise ordered by the U.S. Pharmacopoia. They are warranted to be made from selected drugs, which, together with the great care exercised in their manufacture, entitles them to the confidence of Physicians and Draggists as being superior preparations, containing the entire medicinal property of the substances from which they are made.

Per Pint.	Cinchona Aromat 3 00
Aconite Leaves, Aconitum Napellus\$1 75	Cinnamon Bark, "Ceylon," Cassia
4 Root. 4 4 1 190	Cinchona, Cal. U. S. P 4 00
Agrimony, Agrimonia Eup	" Comp 2 50
Aletris, Aletris Far 2 00	" Palad 2 50
Aloes 1 00 1	" Rab 4 00
Ampeloneis, Ampeloneis Quino	Cloves, Caryophytlus Aron 2 00
Am. Valerian Ladies' Slipper, Cupripedium 2 (0)	Clover Heads, Trifolium Pratense 1 90
Amer., Valerian, Valerian Off	Cleavers Gallings 1 25
Allanice Eugenia Pimenta 1 75	Cleavers, Gallium
Angelica Root Angelica 1 20	Colohiana Post Odshima Automata 0 00
Angelica Root, Angelica	Colchieum Root, Colchieum Autumnale 2 00
Angusture Bark Gilenia Off	Colchicum Seed, Colchicum Autumnale 2 50
Arnica, Arnica Montana	Collinsonia, Collinsonia Can
Armica Doot	Colocynth, Colocynthis 2 25
Arnica Root 2 25 Anise Seed, Pimpinnella Anusum	Colocynth Com 2 25
Anise Seed, Pimpinnata Antium	Columbo, Cocculus Pulmatus 2 25
Asparagus, Asparagus Offic 1 25	" Amer., Frasera 1 75
Avens Root, Geum Rivale	Coltsfoot, Tussilago 1 25
Balm, Sweet, Metted 1 20	Comfrey, Symphytum 1 50
Balmony, Chelone Glabra 1 20	Condum, Conium Maculatum
Darberry Dark, Dergerus, a	Contum, Conium Maculatum 1 50
Bayberry, Myrica Cerefira 1 00	Cotton Root Bark, Gossypium Herbacium 2 50
Belladonna, Atroap Belladonna	Cramp Bark, Viburnum 1 25
Beth Root, Trillium 1 50	Coriander Seed, Coriandrum Sativum 1 60
Eitter Root, Apocynum Andros 1 70	Cranesbill, Geranium Maculatum. 1 50
Bitlersweet, Dalcamara 1 50	Crawley 3 50
Black Alder, Pinos Vertic 1 50	Cubebs, Alcoholic, Cubeba 2 00
Black Haw, Viburnum Prun 1 60	" Etherial, Oleo-Resina 7 35
Blackberry Root, Rubus Vilosus 1 25	Culver's Root, Leptandria Virg 2 00
Black Cohosh, Cimicifuga 1 50	Dandelion, Tarazacum 2 00
Black Cohosh Comp 2 00	69 Comp 2 00
Black Cohosh	and Senna 1 50
Black Pepper, Piper Nigrum 1 50	Dewberry Root, Rushus Trivialis
Bloodroot, Sanguinaria Canad 1 50	Dogwood, Cornsus Flor
Black Pepper, Proc. Nigram. 1 30	Dewberry Root, Rushus Trivialis
Blue Flag, Iris Varnicolor	Dwarf Elder, Aralia Hispida 1 50
Boneset, Rupator, Perfol. 1 25	Elder Flowers, Sambucus 1 50
Boxwood, Cornes Florida 1 20	Elecampane, Inula 1 25
Broom Tons, Sequences 1 40	Ergot and Cotton Root 3 50
Buchu, Barosma 2 25	Ergot, Ergala 3 00
11 Comp 2 25	Ergot Ethernal
Buchu and Pareira Brava, 2 50	Front settle
Buckthorn, Rham. Cath 1 50	Eucalyptus 3 00 Euphrasia, Euphrasia Of 1 75
Buckthorn Berries 1 50	False Unicorn Root, Helonias Dioics 2 00
Buckthorn Brake, Osmunda Regalis 1 90	Fennel Seed, Freniculum Vulgare 1 50
Bugleweed, Lycopus Virginica 1 25	Form throat Championia
Burdock, Lappa Minor	Fern, Sweet, Complonia
Burdock seed	Feverlew, Pyrethrum 1 25
Brittown at furtone	
Button Smake Doot Linter Swigate 1 54	Figwort 1 75
Butternut, Juglans	Fireweed, Erechthites
Calamus Root	Condone, Erigeron
Calamus Root	Foxglove, Digitalis 1 50
Canella, Canella Alba	Frontwort, Helianthemum
Canabis Indica	Garden Celandine, Chelidonium 1 50
Canthadis Indica amanana a 30	Garlie, Allium Satieum 1 80
Cantharides 5 50	Gelseminum, Gels. Semp 2 50
Cascarilla, Croten Eleuteria 1 25	Gentian, Gentiana Lutea 1 50
Castor Oil Bean 2 00	" Compound 1 50
Castor Oil Bean Arom 2 00	Ginger, Zingiberis
Catnip, Nepeta Cataria 1 25	Golden Rod, Solidago 1 25
Cardamon Seed 6 00	Golden Seal, Hudraudis 1 75
Cardamon Seed, Comp 5 00	Gold Thread, Coptis
Carraway Seed	Gold Thread, Coptis
Catechu 1 75	Greek Valerian
Cayenne, Capetcum 2 50	Guarac Wood, Guniacum Off 1 40
Ceanothus Americana 2 00	Hardhack, Spircea Tomentosa 1 00
Centaury, Red, Sabbatia 1 50	Hellebore, American, Veratrum Viride 2 00
Centaury, Red, Sabbatia	Black, Hellehorus Nig 1 75
Checkerberry, Mitchella Repens 1 25	White, Veratrum Alba 2 00
Cherry Bark, Wild, Prunis Virg 1 50	Hemlock, Pinus Canadensis 1 00
Checkerberry, Michella Repens	Henbane, Hyoncyamus 2 25
Chestnut Leaves, Chatanae Americana 1 50	High Cranberry, Viburnum Opalus 1 80
Chivatta Agath Chiv 9 78	Hone Pumulus 2 00

W. J. M. Gordon's Price List of Flind Extracts.

Horehound, Marrubium	1 50	Rhubarb and Senna	4	00
Hydrangea, Hydrangea Aboriscens	1 50	Rosin Weed, Silphium. Rue, Ruta Gravolens.	2	00
Hyssup, Hyssopus	1 25	Rue, Ruta Gravolens	k	25
Ignatia Bean, Ignatia Amara	3 50	Safron, Crocus Sativus Sarsaparilla, Smilac. Compound	1	50
Indian Hemp, Apocinu Canab. "Foreign, Canabis Indica Physic, Gillenia Trifoliata White, Asclepas Inc Turnip, Arum Triph	1 75	Saffron, Crocus Salivus	4	00
Foreign, Canabis Indica	3 00 .	Sarsaparilla, Smilac	2	QU
Physic, Gulenia Trijohata	1 20	Compound	2	0.1
White, Asciepias Inc	1 0			
Turnip, Aram Tripa	1 50	Amer and Dandellon Sussafras, Sassifras Office. Savin, Juniperus Savina	2	425
the teles of the t	7 50 0	Saves from Conselers Office	2	595
Cephelis Ipecacuanha	5 00	Savin Juninerus Savana	1	-0.5
	4 00	Savory, Satureia Hostossia. Savory, Satureia Hostossia. Scill Cap, Scatellaria Sculleap, Compound. Senecio, Senecio Grac. Senecio, Senecio Grac.	1	B4
Johnswort, Hypericum	1 25	Senll Can Scutellaria	1	72
Juniper Berries, Juniperia Communia	1 00	Scallean Compound	1	96
Kooiso, Bravera Anthelmintica	4 00	Senecio, Senecio Grac	1	50
King	9 78	Seneka, Polugala Senega	3	610
Ladies' Slipper, Cupripadium Pubescous	2 00	Senna, Cassia Agutifolia	1	54
Larkspur Seed, Delphinium Consolida	5 00	" Compound	2	00
Kino. Ladies' Sipper, Cypripelium Pubescous Larkspur Seed, Delphinium Onsolida Laurel Leaves, Kolmia Lemon Peel, Citrus Limonsum Lettuces, Lactuco Salica Llty White, Pond, Nymphaces	1 75	Seneks, Phygala Senega Senna, Cassia Asurifolia "Compound and Dandehon	1	40
Lemon Peel, Citrus Limonum	1 50			70
Lettuce, Lactuca Salica	1 25	and Rhubarb	4	74
Lily White, Pond, NymphaeaLife Root, Screen Aureus	1 25	Sheep Laurel, Kalmia Lot	1	7
Life Root, Senecio Aureus	1 80	Silkweed, Asclepius Syr	1	56
Licorice, Guycyrrmsa Glabra	1 20	Simaruha, Simaruha Offic	4	-30
Labelia Labelia Indata	1.50	Spales Post Vincinia Sameriania	0	9
Licorice, Gigarrhia Glabra Liverwort, Hepatica Americana Lobelia, Lobelia, Inflata Lobelia, Send, Lobela Inflata	0 50	Sunk Cabbage, Draontium. Snake Root, Virginia, Serpentaria. Soapwort, Saponaria. Solomon's Seal, Cow. Pologonatum. Southernwood, Artem Abrotanum.	-	50
Comp	1 50	Solomon's Seal Coun Polygongtum	1	2
Logwood Hamatardon	1 00	Southernwood Artem Abrotanum	1	34
Lovage, Limuteum Levisti.	1 541	Spearmint Mentha Viridia	î	2
Comp Logwood, Harnatoxylon. Lovage, Ligudicum Levisti. Lungwort, Pulmanaria. Lupulin, Lupulind. Lupulind. Lupulind.	1 50	Spikenard, Aralia Racemosa	1	25
Lupulin, Lupuling	3 40	Squill, Seilla Marilina.	1	8
	5.00	** Compound	2	Ful
Male Fern, Aspideum Filix Mas	1 50	Staphysagria	5	131
Male Fern, Aspideum Filix Mas Mandraka, Polophyllum	1 50	Staphysagria. Star Grass, Aletris. Stillingia, Stillingia Silvatica.	2	00
Marsh Rosemary, Statice Limonum	1 25	Stillingia, Stillingia Silvatica	2	-00
Masterwort, Heracleum Laratum	2 00			
Matico, Artanthe Elongata	2 00	Stone Root, Collinsonia	3	7
Mazereon Bark, Mazereum	2 00	Stramonium Leaves, Stram Fol.,	1	EM.
Motherwort, Leonarus	1 20	Beed	2	204
Mugwort, Artemisia	1 25 5 50	Stone Root, Collissonio. Stramonium Leaves, Stram Fot. Seed. St. Johu's Wort, Hypericum. Sunnach, Elus Glabram.	4	OH
Mullain Leaves Verhamens	1 50	Sunflower seed	1	7
Musk Root, Swabal. Mullein Leaves, Verbascuss. Muldenhsir, Adiant Pad. Nettle, Urtica Diocia	1 50	Character Plane Character Ass.	160	64
Nettle, Urtica Diocia	1 50	Sweet Flag, Acorus Calamus	1	54
Nutgalls, Gala	1 50	Sweet Gale, Mysica Gale	1	54
	5 00	Tag Alder, Alnus Rubra	1	õ
Nux Vomica, Strychoo Fax Vonsica. Oak Bark Red, Quercus Rub. Opium, Aqueous, Strength of Laudanum. Peodorized. Orange Peel, Awrantism. Orange Peel Bitter, Citrus Vulgaris.	2 00	Sweet Flng, Aorus Calamus. Sweet Flng, Aorus Calamus. Sweet Gale, Mysica Gale. Tag Alder, Alaus Rubra. Tanay, Tanacetus.	1	2.
Oak Bark Red, Quereus Rub	1 25			
Opium, Aqueous, Strength by Laudanum	3.00	Theroughwort, Eupater, Perfet	3	13
Orange Pool Augustium	1 95 4	Tohann Vicationa Tahas	3	7
Orange Peel Bitter Citrus Vulgaria	1 50	Tonka Bean, Dipterix Odorata	2	El
Orris Root, Iris For	1 25	Tormentilla Potentilla Tormentilla	Z	3 634
Pareira Brava, Cissampelos Pareira	3.00	Trailing Arbutus, Epigora Repens	2	0
Partridge Berry, Mitchella Repens	1 75	Trailing Arbutus, Epigea Repens Turkey Corn, Corydalis Turmerie, Curcuma Longa	2	1.3
Partridge Berry, Comp	1 75	Turmeric, Curcuma Longa	1	
Parilla Yellow, Meniop. Can,	1.40	Unicorn Boot, Aletris	2	3
Pennyroyal, Hedeoma Pulegioide	1 25	Uva Ursi, Arctostaphylos	1	2
Peppermint, Mentha Pepperita	1 25	Valerian, Valerian Offic	2	()
Pink Hopt, Spigena Maritanpica	2 25	Verminim Viride	1	7
Orris Boot, Iris For Pareira Brava, Cissampelon Fureira. Partridge Berry, Mitcholla Repens. Partridge Berry, Comp. Parilla Yellow, Meniop. Can. Pennyroyal, Heisema Pulegoide. Peppermint, Meatha Papperia. Piok Boot, Spigelia Maritaupica. and Senna.	2 00	Timeric, Curcinia Longa. Unicorn Boot, Abris. Uva Ursi, Arctostaphylos. Valerian, Volerian Offic Veratrum Viride Veratrum Viride Vervain, Verbena Offic Wahoo, Exonymus. Water Pepper, Polygonium Pune. Waternelon Seed, Curcubita Citruliis. White Onk Bark, Quercus Alba White Poplar Bark, Populus Trem White wood Bark, Liviodendron Wield Ginger, Asarum Wild Indigo, Baptista Tinet Wild Indigo, Baptista Tinet	41	20
Pipaissewa, Chimaphila Umb	1 25	Water Person Polymonium Pune	1	-0
Pitcher Plant, Sarracenia Purpurea	2 00	Watermalon Sand Owenhite Cityallie	1	9
Plenrier, Arclepius Tub	1.75	White Oak Bark, Quereus Alba	1	0
Plantain Leaves, Plantago Major	1 40	White Poplar Bark, Populus Trom	1	2
Pleuriss, Asclepius Tub	1 25	Whitewood Bark, Liriodendron	1	2
Poplar Bark, Populus	1 25	Wickup, Epilobrium Pal	1	5
Poppies, Paparer Somniferum	1 50	Wild Ginger, Asarum	3	6
Pomegranate Bark, Punica Granalum	3 00	Wild Indigo, Baptista Tinet	13	2
Popplar Bark, Populus Popples, Paparer Songaiferum Prinkly Ash, Xan hoxylum Prinkly Ash, Xan hoxylum Berries, Xanth Bacon Ptelin, Pielin Tribliata.	1 50	Wild Ginger, Asarum. Wild Indigo, Baptista Tinet. Wild Turnp, Arun Triphy. Wild Yam, Dioseovea Vilosa.	3	20
Dielan Dielin Tribliate	1 72	Wild Yam, Dioscorea Vilosa	1	0
Pumpkin Seeds, Cucurhita Poin	1 50	Willow Bark, Saliz	1	19
Pulsatilla	2 (10)	Witch Hazel Hamauslis Vica.	1	12
Pulsatilia Quassia, Sasaruba Ercetsa Queen of Meadow, Eupatacium Purp Raspberry Leaves, Rubus Strig	1 00	Witch Hazel Leaves, Hamanella Vica	1	2
Queen of Meadow, Eupatorium Purp	1 25	Wormsord, Chenopodium	1	15
Raspberry Leaves, Rubus Strig	1 00	Wormwood, Artemisa Absinth	3	2
Rhatany, Krameria	2 00	Yarrow, Achillen Millefol	1	2
Khubarb, Rheum	4.50	Willow Bark, Satist Wintergreen, Gauttheria Proc. Witch Hasel, Hamanalis Virg. Witch Hazel Leaves, Hamanalis Virg. Wormwood, Arteniaa Abouth Varrow, Achillen Milesol. Yellow Dock, Runsex Cripus Vallow Look, Runsex Cripus	1	0
Aromatic	4 60	Yellow Jeasumme, Geleemisum,	2	- 45
and Potass	2 100	тения гагии, меньфегрина Санав	1	- 23

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

On Venereal Diseases and Diseases of the Skin,
and Clinical Medicine, By Prof. L. P. YANDELL, JR.
On Ophthalmic and Aural Diseases, By Prof. J. M. Bodine.
On Diseases of the Throat and Chest, By Prof. E. R. PALMER.
On Urinology and Diseases of the Nervous System, By PROF. J. W. HOLLAND.
On Public Hygiene, BY PROF. T. S. Bell.
On Clinical Obstetrics and Diseases of Women, { By Prof. Crowe and Dr. W. H. Bolling.
On Clinical Surgery, By Prof. D. W. YANDELL.
On Operative Surgery and Surgical Dressings, . By Prof. R. O. Cowling.
On Physiology and Diseases of Children, By Dr. F. C. Wilson.
On Practice of Medicine and Anatomy, By Dr. W. O. ROBERTS.
On Chemistry and Materia Medica, By Dr. H. A. COTTELL.

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease. Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year

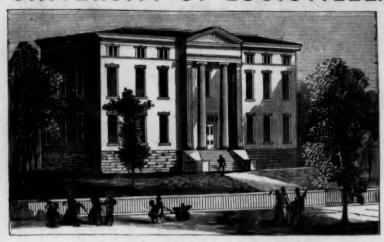
Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week. For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary,
Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLB.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. DProfessor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D Prof. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.
J. W. HOLLAND, M. DProfessor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology. Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. DProf. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

Professors' Tickets, in full \$50 00	Matriculation Fee \$ 5 00
Demonstrators' Ticket 10 00	Graduation Fee 30 00
Hospital Ticket (requ	aired by City), \$5 00

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

A Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars. address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty. 495 West Walnut Street.

CINCHO-QUINII

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of Peruvian Bark in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphate of cinchonine or sulphate of quinine, but cinchonine, quinine, quinidine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians It contains no subphale of circhonine or sulphale of quinne, but circhonine, quinine, quinine, quinine, without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

At the present price of sulphale of quinine, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has equal tonic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the profession.

The cut below gives the size of the ounce phial, and the form of putting up.

Dr. J. A. PERKINS, Chestertown, Md., un der date of Feb. 10, 1872 writes us as follows: "I have used your pre-paration of Cincho-Quiparation of Cincho-Qui-nine during the past summer in a maiarious district. I find it en-tirely reliable as a sub-stitute for the sulphate of quinine. It produces less unpleasant effects on the head and is on the head, and is much better borne by the stomach. In the cases of children, I have desirable remedy, on account of the much less unpleasant taste. I use it satisfactorily in all cases as a substitute for the sulphate."

I have used one-anda half ounces of the Cincho-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In a case of intermittent fever of intermittent fever (the patient from Ten-nessee), I found it to operate as well and as promptly as sulphate of quinine, without any unpleasant head symp-toms. In no case have discovered any un-leasant cerebral displeasant cerebral dis-turbance, as is often found in the use of the quinine.—J. M. Ar-prich, M. D. Fall River, Mars

I have used several ounces of Cincho-Quiounces of Cincho-Qui-nine with the most com-plete success. I prefer it to the sulphate of quinine is intermit-tents, especially with children. I can strong-ly recommend it to the rofession generally.-

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtless it will in time supersede the use of quinine entirely.—Samuel W. Coose M. D. Medium. entirely. - SAMUEL W. COONS, M. D., Madison,



I have used Cincho-Quiume in eight or ten cases, and have reason to think well of the results. I give it as I do the sulphate, 10 grains in five doese during the intermission, and five grains one or two hours before a paroxysm is due, and continue to give five grains once a week for three weeks. I shall continue to use it, and wish you to send me one ounce by mail.

J. C. Downieg, M. D. Wapping Falls, New York. I have used Cincho-Wapping York.

After further continued trial of the Cincho-Quinine, I can safely say that it is a most most. excellent remedy. The absence of cinchonism in its use, its compara-tively pleasant taste, its cheapness, with its fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intelligent physician.— S. A. BUTTERFIELD, M. D., Indianapolis, Ind.

I have been using the Cincho-Quinine in my practice in intermit-tents and remittents, and I think well of it. and I think well of it.
I believe it to be quite
equal to the sulphate,
with all the advantages which you claim
for it.—J. C. Ross. M.
D., Lincoln, Ill.

I have used an ounce Cincho-Quinine in ome obstinate cases of some obstinate cases of intermittent neuralgia and ague, and am happy to state that it has thus far sustained in full the anticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensice, and he informed me a few days ago that the Circho-Quinne was giving satisfaction—J. H. BERCH. Coldwater, Mich. BERCH, Coldwater, Mich.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes, namely, They are placed in vials holding 100 I grain, 2 grains, and 3 grains, in such quantities as are wanted. They each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO.

Successors to JAMES R. NICHOLS & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists, BOSTON, MASS

Manufacturers of Acids, Chloroform, Ethers, Preparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Zinc, Lead, Iron, Bismuth, and all Fine Chemicals used in Medicine or the Arts.

E. FESSENDEN, President.

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phanix is the only Company in the country which offers ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky,

HAMILTON BUILDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII. free.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94
Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.
No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Anæsthesia Spray Producers, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gauze Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROPESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables us to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, 0.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

J. LAWRENCE SMITH, President.	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President.
B. TEMPLEad Vice-President.	L. T. THUSTIN Secretary.
JOHN B. SMITHTreasurer. S. T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary. W. F. BARRET Legal Adviser.

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS:

J. Lawrence Smith, J. B. Temple, William Mix, T. H. Grinter, W. C. Hite, D. H. Davies, T. T. Alexander,	John B. Smith,	Thos. L. Barret,	Geo. W. Norton,
	Jas. B. Wilder,	S. T. Wilson,	C. Henry Finck,
	T. J. Tapp,	J. S. Kennedy,	Joseph Adams,
	S. P. Walters,	James A. Dawson,	J. H. Lindenberger,
	W. F. Barret,	J. G. Barret,	J. M. Robinson,
	L. T. Thustin,	Geo. W. Morris	Geo. W. Wicks,
	Jas. A. Graham,	E. P. Campbell,	H. D. McHenry.
W. C. Hite,	W. F. Barret,	J. G. Barret,	J. M. Robinson,
D. H. Davies,	L. T. Thustin,	Geo. W. Morris	Geo. W. Wicks,

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the surplus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent, would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as those of any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, May 13, 1870. The Southern Matual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company under the provisions of an act of the Legislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and regulation of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

IAMES W. TATE Treasurer. IAMES W. TATE, Treasurer.

No. 40-

B. F. HAUGH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS. Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing,

AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

No. 49-

HANBURY SMITH'S MINERAL SPRING WATERS

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870.

Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufac-tured with the most intelligent and concientious care, and are every way reliable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses. CHARLES A. SEELY.

Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, and of Chemistry and Metallurgy in the New York College of Dentistry.

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:
Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale.

They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects.

Their indisputable superiority has made them more popular than any other.

They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous and emphatic indorsement, certainly not surreptitionally obtained. titiously obtained.

thtously obtained.

They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hazard & Co., and the other leading druggists of New York and the neighboring cities.

In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to Dr. Smith's.

Materials for manufacture, in solution or as DRY SALTS; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordially invited to visit the laboratory at 35 Union

Square.

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD,

No 49-

35 Union Square, New York.

Established in 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

272 MAIN STREET,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties as low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

No. 49-

INCORPORATED 1846.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

ASSETS, \$33,000,000. SURPLUS, OVER \$10,000,000.

Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.89 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFETTING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FEATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary, ZEPHANIAH PRESTON, Vice-P't. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r. WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

James Goodwin, E. D. Tiffany, Thomas Sisson,
Zephaniah Preston, N. M. Waterman, W. S. Olmsted,
John C. Palmer, George S. Gilman, M. F. Hodges, N. York.
E. B. Watkinson, Henry C. Robinson, C. L. Thayer, Boston.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY,

GEN'L AGENTS FOR TENNESSEE,

Cor. Sixth & Main Sts., Louisville, R

AGENTS FOR TENNESSEE, Cor. Sixth & Main Sta, Louisville, Ky.
45 Madison Street, Memphis No. 49-

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURE, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES,

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY BONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or tax paid.

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAUTION!

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, across the label, thus Josephy

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This e tract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee, from the trest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature.

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES,

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville.

No. 49—

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL

OF

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

A QUARTERLY REVIEW, DEVOTED TO THE CONSIDERATION OF

VENEREAL, GENITO-URINARY, AND SKIN DISEASES,

INCLUDING ALL DISEASES HAVING A VENEREAL ORIGIN OR LESION, AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Edited by M. H. HENRY, M. D.,

SURGEON-IN-CHIEF TO THE STATE EMIGRANT HOSPITALS, WARD'S ISLAND, N. Y.

FELLOW OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE; MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY
OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK; HONORARY SECRETARY FOR NEW YORK
OF THE ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, ETC.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY is the only Journal in the English language devoted exclusively to Venereal, Genito-Urinary, and Skin Diseases. Each part contains contributions from the leading Syphilographers, Dermatologists, and Surgeons of the world. The Editor aims to place before the profession a large, sound information on the etiology, pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of all venereal, cutaneous, and kindred diseases—bearing constantly in mind—when making selections—that the value of all contributions depends on the capacity as well as the veracity of the contributors.

ALL EDITORIAL AND PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EDITOR, DR. M. H. HENRY, No. 157 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Each number contains 96 pages of reading-matter. Each volume commences with the January number, and when completed forms a year-book of special diseases. The JOURNAL is printed from clear, large, new type, on the best paper, and is distinguished by the excellence of its execution.

Subscription Price, \$3.00 a year. Single numbers, \$1.00. Full sets of the JOURNAL handsomely bound in cloth, \$3.75 each volume.

All business communications should be addressed to

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher, 77 University Place, New York.

HOME AND SCHOOL

A JOURNAL OF POPULAR

EDUCATION, LITERATURE, AND SCIENCE.

Home and School is published monthly at \$1.50 a year. It records the progress of the South and West in literature and morals, and truly reflects the sentiments of our people in matters of home and school education. None other than articles of high literary merit, interesting to the teacher and the general reader, appears in its columns. Practical treatises on the science and art of teaching and kindred subjects are published in every number.

Club Rates. We will send 5 copies for one year for \$7.50, and I extra copy to raiser of club.

Address

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers,

156 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Portable Electrical Instruments

R

ne o-

ng ns

n-

RE.

ST

es

al

F.

he

FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

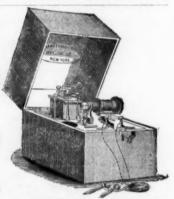
Galvanic & Galvano Caustic Batteries

Electro-Magnetic Machines, &c.

GALVANO-FARADIC MF'G CO.

167 East Thirty-Fourth Street, NEW YORK.

No. 50-11m Send for Illustrated Catalogue.



Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

THE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of SOFT RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of being bent to any desired curve.

NON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY,

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited.

For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

No. 49-

Manufacturers and Proprietors, JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT.

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 88 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

Dr. L. A. Babcock's Silver Uterine Sup-forter, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retrover ion and Anteversion. Warranted a radical cure.

QUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the attention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK's improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily adjusted, and so comfortable and advantageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or rooms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a sup-porter applied. We speak thus posi-tively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR: Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on obstetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I become familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

OTTO & REYNDERS.

No. 64 Chatham Street,
NEW YORK

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

SURGICAL and ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.



U-

igs,

cial

R

at-

ine ive

ede ind ad-

nts eir ties

up-

We

AN.

ob-

pelisbe-

the

D.

Every apparatus for Local Anæsthesia and for Atomization of Liquids, Laryngoscopes, Syringes, Splints for Hip-Joint Disease, Skeletons, Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Laminaria Digitata, Uterine Tents, Axilla Thermometers, Beigel's Inhaler and Powder, etc.

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS
And new inventions on hand and received constantly from our Agents in Europe.

No. 49—

BROWNING & SLOAN,

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF'S APPARATUSES FOR ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA. &c.

By the Atomizer any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this ate it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c.

(See Fig. 15.)



1g 5. Pat. Mar. 24, 1868 and Mar. 16, 1869.

It consists of the spear-shaped brass boiler A, steam outlet-tube B, with packing-box C formed to receive rubber packing through which the atomizing tube D passes, through which the atomizing tube D passes, steam-tight, and by means of which tubes of various sizes may be tightly held against any force of steam by screwing down its cover while the packing is warm; the safety-valve E, capable of graduation for high or low pressure by the spring or screw in its top, the non-conducting handle F, by which the boiler may be lifted while hot, the medi-cament-cup and cup-holder G, the support H, iron base I I, the glass face-shield J, with n, iron base 1 i, the giass face-shield J, with oval mouth-piece connected by the elastic band K with the eradle L, whose slotted staff passes into a slot in the shield-stand M M,

5. Pat. Mar. 24, 1868 and Mar. 16, 1869. where it may be fixed at any height or angle required by the mill-screw N.

The waste-cup, medicament-cup and lamp are held in their places in such a manner that they can not fall out when the apparatus is carried or used over a bed or otherwise. All its joints are hard soldered. It can not be injured by exhaustion of water, or any attainable pressure of steam. It does not throw spirts of hot water to frighten or scald the patient. pressure of steam. It does not throw spirts of hot water to frighten or scald the patient. Is compact and portable; occupies space of one sixth cubic foot only; can be carried from place to place without removing the atomizing tubes or the water; can be unpacked and repacked without loss of time. Will render the best service for many years, and is cheap in the best sense of the word. PRICE

Brass parts nickel-plated, additional.... Neatly made, strong, black-walnut box, with convenient handle, additional, 2.50

Shurtleff's Atomizing Apparatus.



Fig. 5. Patented March 24, 1868.

Atus. (See Fig. 5.)
For Inhalation, and, with suitable tubes, for Local Anæsthesia, and for making direct local applications of atomized liquids for a great variety of

purposes. (See our pamphlet.)
The most desirable hand apparatus. Rubber warranted of very best quality. Valves imperishable—every one carefully fitted to its seat, and work perfectly in all positions. The Bulbs are adapted to all the Tubes made by us for Local Anæsthesia in Surgical Opera-tions, Teeth Extraction, and for Inha-PRICE.....\$4.00 lation.

Each of the above Apparatuses is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomizing Tubes, and

accompanied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with steam at very high pressure. Each apparatus is carefully packed for transportation, and warranted high pressure. perfect. Also.

N. B. To save collection expenses, funds should be sent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter.
For complete Winstrated Price-list of Apparatus, Tubes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS,"

With formulæ of those successfully employed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudichum, M. R. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formulæ.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LOCAL ANÆSTHËSIA by Atomization with Ether, by the method of Dr RICHARDSON, of London; or with Rhigolene, as described by Dr. Henry J. Bigglow, in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1866.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost care, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesox Mechanics Association for Atom ixing and Surgical instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician :

"1603. Codman & Shurtleff, Boston. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomisers.— The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest premium. The various other intruments for Inhalation of Atomized Liquids. premium.

and for Local Amesthesia were all apparently faultless, both in design and workmanship.

The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal.

(Challes of the control of the

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Chairman." (Signed) Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—A Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ATRO MOD GATE.

VTSO NO	R BALLE:
*Cammann's Stethoscopes : \$7.00 *Enight's Modification 9.50 Simple Throat Mirrors 1.00 Ophthalmoscopes, Liebreich's 4.00 to 6.00 Holt's Dilator, improved 20.00 Barnes' Dilator, set of three, with Infator and Stopecoks 5.00	French Rubber Urinals, with valves, male, for night or day
Large Ear Mirrors, Troltsche's3.50 to 5.00 Hypodermic Syringes3.00 to 13.00 *Miller's Intra-Uterine, Scarificator, in case (post-paid)	Automatic, for Crust or Lymph, fresh from arm—instantaneous, certain, and almost painless (postpaid)
* Dr. Cutter's Retroversion and other Pessaries	The same, with Auto-Laryngoscopic Attachment
*Gaeffe's Electro-Medical Apparatus15 00 *Send for Desc	* Dr. H. R. Storer's Combined Speculum.6.00 riptive Circular.

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Obstetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order.

Trusses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suspensory Bandages—Elastic Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Cases—Otoscopes—Endoscopes—Endoscopes—Pressyre's Spiints for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—Crutches—Universal Syringes—Galvanic Batteries and Apparatus—French Conical and Olive-tipped Bougies and Catheters.

Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Patho-

Skeletone, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Pathological Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instruments, Implements, and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles, Bew Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.

Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowd'tch, and accompanied with directions kindly furnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen connected with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Apparatus, and to supply new inventions on favorable terms. Instruments sharpened, polished, and companies. and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 13 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

Our Atomizing Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. G. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIEGEL, Surgical Instrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Jefferson and Green. No. 49—

M. M. GREEN.

L. B GREEN.

A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN,

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS,

New York Mills Muslin Shirts \$3 00 Lonsdale " 2 75

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement.

(UNDER STATE CHARTER.)

LOUISVILLE INSURANCE AND BANKING

COMPANY.

CAPITAL, . . \$100,000. SURPLUS, . . \$80,000.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Does a general Banking business. Collections made on all points in the United States. Draws sight-bills on London, Dublin, Paris, Vienna, and Berlin.

No. 49-

THEODORE HARRIS, President.

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR,

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

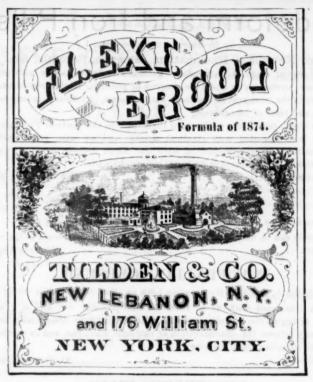
The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON.

Sole Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

Also for sale in Louisville, Ky., by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally.

No. 49-19



To Physicians.

This preparation is one of the most important used by physicians. Much has been written concerning the active principles of Ergot, and to what particular principle its action is due. The difference of opinion has been an embarrassment in the method of preparation; therefore, putting aside all speculation, and reasoning that the natural association of principles was for a wise purpose, we have associated all in the present preparation, which has been tried by a large number of physicians, with the assurance that it is the most perfect representation of fresh powdered Ergot, ever used by them.

We shall distinguish this from all others by designating it as of the "Formula, 1874" which will appear upon the label, and physicians are requested to designate that, in making their prescriptions and also to observe that such date is upon the label of the bottle dispensed from.

Positive uniformity of strength and action is ensured by the method of preparation, as well as by the tests to which all our preparations are subjected to.

SOLID EXTRACT OF ERGOT.

One grain represents six grains Ergot,

Dissolve ten grains in fifty minims of water and filter, and add water to make up sixty minims; this gives a solution representing one grain to each minim and is well adapted to the hypodermic uses of Ergot.

This preparation can be administered in the pilular forms, and physicians can estimate the quantity to be given.

Sent by mail in one ounce Capsules, \$1.50 per ounce prepaid.

lodoform and Iron Pills.

Iron, by Hydrogen, 1 gr. Iodoform, 1 gr.

For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Anæmia, Scrofula, &c.

Valuable general tonic and alterative. Possesses tonic, antiseptic and antispasmodic virtues; serviceable to arrest the progress of phthisis. Highly recommended as an alterative in the treatment of obstinate skin diseases, scrofulous enlargement of the glands, and cases of bronchocele.

It is now eight years since we brought these pills to the Medical Profession and they have been attended with excellent results—and we now particularly call attention to their use in conjunction with the Elixir Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., in those cases where it is desirable to introduce Iron.

Per Hundred,.....\$ 2.00 sent by mail,

Iodoform, Iron and Quinia.

Iodoform 1 gr., Carb. Iron (Vallet,) 2 grs. Quinine Sulph., 1/2 gr.

This formula can be used when it is desirable to use a specific tonic as Quinine.

Per Hundred.......\$3.00 sent by mail.

PODOPHYLLIN COMPOUND.

Podophyllin 1/2 gr., Ext. Hyoscyamus 1-8th gr., Ext. Nux Vomica 1-16th gr.

This pill originated with us in 1858, for our personal use, and is a reliable purgative, acting on the bowels promptly, unattended by the disagreeable sequelse which usually follows the administration of cathartic medicine, and is particularly efficacious in its action upon the liver.

Per Hundred......\$1.00 sent by mail.

PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

1-100 And 1-50 of a Grain.

Per Hundred,\$1.00 sent by mail.

Phosphorus Pills Compound.

Phosphorus 1-100 gr. Ext. Nux Vomica 1 gr.

Have proved to be a valuable remedy in the treatment of all diseases of the Brain and Nerve Centres, particularly Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Mental Derangement, Paraplegia, Paralysis and Impotency—especially in the three last, and in all cases where there is a loss of Nerve or Vital Force.

Phosphorus Pills Compound and Iron,

Phosphorus ... One-hundreth grain.

Extract Nux Vomica ... One-eighth "
Phosphate of Iron ... One-half "

These Pills are very much employed in many cases where the use of Iron is desired.

The administration of Phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, say one-hundreth of a grain and gradually increased, and should cease if digestive troubles supervene.

Per Hundred,\$1.80, sent by mail.

ALTERATIVE

EFFERVESCENT APERIENT.

The value of Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Compound in the form of an Elixir and Solution in scrofulous diseases, together with its alterative, resolvent and aperient properties, has suggested that its curative values be enhanced by the use of some alterative aperient, which after many experiments we have achieved, (containing Iodine, Bromine, &c.,) and shall designate as the

Alterative Effervescent Aperient.

with special reference to its compatibility with the constituent elements of the Elixir, as it is in most cases necessary to keep the bowels in a good condition, by an aperient, instead of resorting to active cathartics.

We also commend to those cases in general practice, where the torpidity of the bowels require some aperient or saline draught. Confident that its action will be more satisfactory than the ordinary effervescing citrate of magnesia.

As an Alterative Aperient,

Put in a dry tumbler a teaspoonful and fill the tumbler half full of cold or luke warm water, stir well, and drink while effervescing.

As a Mild Laxative,

Use two teaspoonfuls, as above, before breakfast. This quantity will generally be found sufficient for ordinary cases, but as some persons are less susceptible to its action, the same quantity may be repeated in an interval of two hours, if the effect desired is not obtained.

As a Simple Saline Draught,

A teaspoonful in a tumbler of water at intervals during the day, as thirst or circumstances may indicate. It may be flavored with Ginger, Peppermint or Brandy, according to circumstances.

That the profession may be able to dispense it themselves, we shall put up in pound bottles, as well as half pound, and one-fourth pound bottles.

PREPARED ONLY BY

TILDEN & CO.,

NEW LEBANON, N. Y.,

And 176 William Street, New York.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF

Exophthalmic Goitre

BY THE USE OF

Iodo-Bromide Calcium, Comp.

By C. H. GUPTILL, M. D., ELIOT, MAINE.

American Journal of the Medical Sciences, Philadelphia, Jan. 1874.

Sept. 22, 1872, was called to visit Mary G., unmarried, et. 45, who had been under the care of a respectable physician for one year, and had been treated for anemia and nervous troubles regarded as the result of long confinement as a seamstress. received no benefit from the treatment, chiefly tonic. I found her much emaciated; very excitable; bowels constipated; appetite poor; urine scanty and high coloured; pulse very rapid and small, often could not be counted; heart's action felt over a large area; breathing laboured, and muscles of neck enlarged, tending to rigidity; veins of face and neck congested; the thyroid gland was much enlarged, and this first alarmed the family. She had intolerable headaches; the expression of the face was that peculiar to exophthalmic goitre; the eyeballs very prominent, giving a wild stare and a larger look to the eye than natural. I had seen in thirty years of practice only one similar case. I prescribed TROUSSEAU's treatment, viz.: digitalis, which after a fair trial proved ineffectual; gelseminum and Fowler's solution were then successively used, but without benefit; anodynes for the headaches only aggravated the conditions present; nervines were useless About three months and a half after in their turn; stimulants made matters worse. Induration presented itself of the taking charge of this case, new features appeared. abdominal mucles, also of the thighs and legs. At this time I was led to prescribe the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., in the form of solution—one-half a teaspoonful in water morn, noon and eve. The indurated portions were also bathed with the same. Under this treatment my patient at once improved. The heart's action became more quiet. nervous excitement calmed, the appetite returned, the patient gained strength. Soon she was able to leave her bed. The thyroid gland lessened in size, and in six months became Soon my constant services were not required, and my visits became occasional only. Miss. G is now in very good health. I have, however, to say that she is not able to do without this medicine. If she omits its use for some weeks her symptoms return. She becomes excitable, and resorts to the remedy, always with success.

I regard the Iodo-Bromide of Calcium Comp., as a very valuable addition to our therapeutical list. It is a decided sedative, as I have seen in other nervous cases. It is an efficient alterative, and is well calculated to meet many conditions where a sedative, alterative, and tonic treatment is required. The effect is very satisfactory where nervous irritability and debility are conjoined with a peculiar cachexia, as seen, for instance, in exophthalmic goitre.

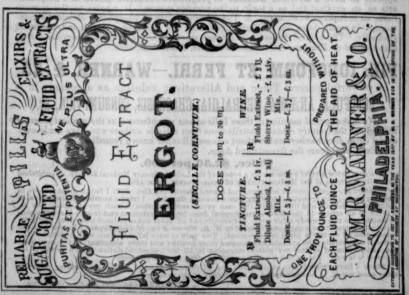
WILLIAM R. WARNER & CO'S

MEDICINAL

FLUID EXTRACTS.

Of Standard Strength, and from materials of the first quality, to ALL THEIR VARIETY, with Labels, giving full directions for doses, formula, &c.





PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

WARNER & Co., for the superiority of their OFFICINAL SUGAR-COATED PILLS.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those opposits in the U. S. Pharmacopæia, are furnished when requested.

PIL: PHOSPHORUS COMP:-WARNER & CO.

Phosphorus, one-hundredth grain.—Ext: Nux Vomica, one-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to them. Such as

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power, Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine,

etc., in solution.

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.—Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Feb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI-WARNER & CO.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

SCROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses.

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief extract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1888.

in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1888.

"Internally I gave quinine and iron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become sluggish. I tried a number of alteratives, as lodded of potassium and lime. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an article in the Medical and Surgical Reporter, on 'I odoform and Iron.' I at once concluded to give this remedy a fair trial. I discontinued all other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three times a day, scanarifactured by W. R. Warner & Co., of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid improvement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and more abundant, and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a estige of the discass to be seen. The patient is enjoying perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel convinced of the efficacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price.

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES.

Please specify (Warsen & Co.,) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Tabe Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS,

MANUPACTURED BY

WARNER

PHILADELPHIA

We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILES the indispensable qualities, SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

THE FOLLOWING EMBRACES A FEW IMPORTANT RECIPES. FULL LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

PILLS.	Price per 100.	PILLS. Price per 100.
ALOES-U. S. P.,	8 40	FERRI CARB. (Vallet's.)
ALOES et ASSAP. (Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.) Assaftetida, 1½ " (Pv. Saponis, 1½ ")	40	GAMBOGE COMP. Pv. Gamboge, Aloes Soc., Zingib.
ALOES et FERRI.		" Saponis,
Pv. Aloes Soc. 3/8 gr. 2 anglb Jam. 1 in Ferri. Sul. Exs., 1 in Exst. Conli, 3/4 if	40	GENTIAN COMP. Ext. Gentian, % gr. Pv. Soc. Aloss, 2 gr Ol. Carul, 1-5 gr.
ALOES et NUC. VOMICA. {Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.} Ext. Nuc. Vom., ½ "}	30	Soc. Aloes, Ferri, Sul. Exs., Ext. Helleb, N.
ALOES et MASTICH. (Lady Webster.) Pv. Soc. Aloes. " Gum Mastich. " Flor. Rosa.	50	" Saponis, " Canella. " ZinglbJam,
ALTERATIVE.		HYDRARGYRI-0 gm
{Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.} Pv. Opii., "Ipecac, EZ 1-8 gr.}	50	IPECAC et OPIL, -2% grs. 50 IRISIN Comp. {Irisin, ½ grs. 10 gr. }
ANDERSON SCOTS (Pv. Soc. Aloes, Saponis, Fruct. Colocynth, Gambage,	40	PODOPHYL et HYDRARG. {Podophyllin, % gr. {Mass. Hydrarg., 2 grs.}
Ol-Anisi,	40	The state of the s
ASSAFCETIDA, U. S. P.,	17/2	AC. Arsenious, 1-20, 1-30, 1-50 grs
Ferri. Sulph. Exs. 1 gr.	40	EXT. Belladonna, Eng. 1/2 gr
CALOMEL,-2 gra	40	" Ignatia Am., % gr
CAMPHOR et HYOSCYAMUS.		" Nuc. Vom. ½ gr
Ext. Hyoscyamus. (Eng.) 1 gr.	50	LEPTANDRIN, % gr
CHINOIDIN,-1 gr	40	MERCURY, Iod., 1/2 gr
COOKS, Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 gr.	1	" Red, 1-16 gr
Calomel, K " Pv. Saponis, K "	-50	STRYCHNIA, 1-16, 1-20, 1-30, 1-32, 1-40, 1-60, gr 40

Mr. W. B. WARNER, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Philadelphia.

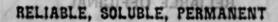
My Daas Sir.—You have submitted for my inspection various samples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the surest guaranty of their excellence.

Yours, very respectfully,

JOHN M. MAISCH, U. S. Army Laboratory,

(Now Professor in Phila. College of Pharmacy.)





SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

the United States Pharmacopæia, and by Recipes of Eminent Physicians,

oldsuppolitin and shart grand-passes for the total the ANUFACTURED BY MANUFACTURED BY

DESCRIPTO EMPERCED A FEW DOWNERS OF WOLL WILLIAM R. WARNER & CO.

No. 154 North Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA.

We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities SOLUBILITY AND PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of Sugar-Coating Pills without the application of heat, as employed by us only, avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

Can be obtained of the following Wholesale Depots, and from all the leading houses throughout the country:

H SCHTEFFELIN & CO., New York.
ST BROS & BIRD. Boston.
H BROWN & BROD. Baltimore.
OMSEN. LILLY & CO., Baltimore.
S. MERRELL & CO., Cincinnati.
S. BURDSALL & CO., Cincinnati.
MACREADY & CO., Cincinnati.
E. SAMUELS, Columbus. CHAACK, STEVENS & REID.

RSH, San Francisco. BINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky. LYONS, New Orleans.

SECTION PLRES

RERRY, WATSON & CO., Montreal, Can.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., Montreal, Can.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., Montreal, Can.

RROWNING & SLOAN, Indianapolis, Ind.

DR. H. BAER, Charlesion, S. C.

W. N. WILKERSON & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. JONES & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

LAWRENCE & WEICHSELBAUM, SANDERS & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

LAWRENCE & WEICHSELBAUM, SANDERS & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

LAILLY & PHELAN, Evanaville, Ind.

LILLY & PHELAN, Evanaville, Ind.

LILLY & PHELAN, Evanaville, Ind.

LILLY & PHELAN, Evanaville, Ind.

DR. GEO, BLOCKSOM Zanesville, Ohlo.

DR. GEO, BLOCKSOM Zanesville, Ohlo.

DR. GEO, BLOCKSOM Zanesville, Ohlo.

JR. PERKINS. & CO., Portland, Maine.

LANE & PAINE, Rochester, New York,

NOVES BRO. S & CUTLER, St. Panl, Minn.

When it suits your convenience to order indirectly you will please specify our make. (WARNER & Co.)

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL, M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery' in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science, in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one,

and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."-Medical

Examiner.

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. BELL seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—

Appleton's Journal.

'This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."- The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal—not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

edge and science."—Christian Standard.
"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."—

Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health." The National.

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents.

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt of the price affixed to each:

THE SAN	ITARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$5)
4.0		Philadelphia MEDICAL AND SURGICAL REPORTER (\$5) 6 79
**	**	Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5) 6 75
**	**	LONDON LANCET (\$5) 6 60
	**	THE GALAXY (\$4) 6 00
	**	New York MEDICAL JOURNAL (\$4) 5 75
**	3.5	New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75
	**	THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (\$3) 5 25
**	**	Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3). 5 25
**	**	BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT (\$2.50) 5 00

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN,"

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers,

111 & 113 William Street, New York.

AD 2

FOUGERA'S



IODINIZED

COD LIVER OIL.

Since the introduction of this Oil in 1858, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debitity, Consumption, Scrofula, Rickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, stimulant and alterative properties of Iodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapeutically five times as efficacious as pure Cod Liver Oil

Cod Liver Oil.

Through its increased curative action, FOUGERA'S COD LIVER OIL will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Cod Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

MUSTARD PLASTERS.

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change—Clean and Economical.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandage.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each.

Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which contains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of eight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each ounce.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA. Each ounce represents fully thirty grains of the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of fron per ounce.

NUIRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and ammon, o-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and borne by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

JUGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the southing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH.

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, stimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron.

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

FOR ASTHMA

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief.

All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Lancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. Tonic, Stimulating and Resolvent. Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Ancemia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS,

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's Pills of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmacer.sists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverized iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver seal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y. and the fac-simile of

Mancard

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Parts.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480,) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepvia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debiting of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it is invaluable as a corrective of Vamiling during Pregnancy.

is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres,

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding to about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is none the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analyzed by Profs. Depaire and Jourst, of Brussels, whose signature is found on each pot.



PAMORE

SAVORY & MODRE'S PANCREATINE

AND

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Due t on of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIE's for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs Savory & Moore, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.



"H.R.H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR
THE IVES SO WELL UPON THE FOOD YOU HAVE
PRE ALED HAT IF MU-T BE VERY GOOD,"—T. M.
KENDALL, Medical Attendant, Sandringham.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIB LE" AND IS THE BEST KIND OF LIEBIG'S FOUD.—Dr. BAKKER, on Right Foods for Infants.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."-Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in Flesh-forming and Bone-forming substances, this Food perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nourishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husks of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhosa, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOURE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., Now Bond Street, London.

Sold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use

ALL STANDARD PHARMACEUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Pharmaceutical journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ, and CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARATION.

As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which the original proprietors and present owners are in nowise responsible, please observe the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST, WHICH IN THE FUTURE WILL BE WRITTEN ACROSS EVERY LABEL, and is OUR GUARANTEE for its efficacy and purity.

The following testimonials, were voluntarily tendered to the Louisville Chemical Works shile under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufactured at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the Least art cles to be found in commerce.

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we be leve them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of \$1\$ ins, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, of Edinburgh. The stay viz.. Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, B chromate of Potash. Nitrate of Silver and Souhevan's Test furnish precisely the same result, proving that there is really no difference in heir purity.

H. A. PROUT. M. D., Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and surety. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their ment demands. CHAS. A. POPE, M. D.

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practice, I have no hesitation in recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indica-tions described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used.

E. S. FRAZEK, M. D.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville.

I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to your excel ent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopeia. I could not be indused to use any other chloroform for inhalation than yours, or that prepared by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hoffman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluckets, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL. I am very truly yours,

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis,

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hoffman's Anodyne, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come up to my desires than any articles of the kind over used by myself.

[NO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

I feel that I am doing a favor to the profession and general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, scientific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacopæia.

Very truly,

LEWIS ROGERS M. D. LEWIS ROGERS M. D. :

No. 49-

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopæia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the most approved formus, when each pint represents sixteen Trey ownces of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ignore the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown strength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for us to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revisers

of the l'harmacaparia and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude materia itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label embodies formulæ for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-ist furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. The formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRINGS SMITH. It is regarded thre ughout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time sale. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Pront.) It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished occulists in J urope, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Professor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest care and rut up in sealed rackages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first rage) that the contents are of the best character, and wiil stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Per lb. \$2.50.

OMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manu acturers. It is a handsome and pelatable artice, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchild, O Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of ime two and a half grains, roda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three tourths of a grain. Per doz. Ibs. \$8.00.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, marasmus, nervous debiity, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of lime, with small amounts of other phosphates. Fer duz. ibs. \$8.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an efficient and agreeable form for admitistering the bark. The toole and autointermittent properties of the enchoral barks are well statished, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bittercess. This has been overcome to a great extent in the kinar a disaya, which representing twelve grains of calisaya bark in the failed ounce, is so combined with other ingrecients as to make it an agreeable cordial, acceptable to the most desicale stomach. To persons suffering from dyspel sia, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmens, preventives for sever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remed al properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrog hosphate of iron, in each tea-spoonful combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chayteae taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. For duz, pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA.

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calissaya, two grains pyro, hospitate iron, and one one-hundredth grain strychila, with sufficient aron axis to free it from the charge-beate taste common in similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recomme dut to both physician and consumer. To persons suffering from nervous postration, symptoms of paraysis, anamia, arising from discases peculiar to females, or general debt my from any cause whatever, it will commend inself as a general thera entire agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent

the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chil is broken. Per doz. pints, \$9.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH.

Each fluid drachn (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stomach.

It is valuable in cases of anamia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially so when such cases are complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, or chronic diarrhea. Per doz. pints, \$6.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, at done one-hundredth grain stychnine with aromatics.

ammonia citrate bismuth, at done one-hundredth grain strychtine with aromanics.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anæmia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, distribute, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable the appendix agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermittent attacks when once broken. Per dos. pints, \$9 00.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepaia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debi.ity

Each fluid drachm (tea-spool-lui) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychnine, one grain ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatica. Fer doz. pints, \$15.00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bank and eight grains citrate of iron.

It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Per dos. pints \$9.00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per dos. pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chloronic and analmic states, used in morbid conditions of the nervous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of atrumous children theatened with rerodulous degeneration, and ultimately with localized tubercular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate quinia, and one thirty-second grain phosphate strychnia to the drachm (tea-spoonful) of syrup. Per doz. Ibl. \$15.00.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is too often the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is injurious not only as a diverse but is a most effectious property of decrease its price.

only as a dittent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by is note than two years ago, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spts. Nit. Dulce contains five per cent. of pure either. Per lb. in 5 ib. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL.

Physicians and druggists failing to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on notifying us of the fact.

UNIVERSITY DISPENSARY

ANT

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

0=	Venereal Diseases and Diseases of the Skin,
On	and Clinical Medicine, By Prof. L. P. YANDELL, JE
On	Ophthalmic and Aural Diseases, By Prof. J. M. Bodine.
On	Diseases of the Throat and Chest, By Prof. E. R. PALMER.
On	Urinology and Diseases of the Nervous System, By PROF. J. W. HOLLAND.
On	Public Hygiene, By Prof. T. S. Bell.
On	Clinical Obstetrics and Diseases of Women, { By Prof. Crowe and Dr. W. H. Bolling.
On	Clinical Surgery, By Prof. D. W. YANDELL.
On	Operative Surgery and Surgical Dressings, . By PROF. R. O. COWLING.
On	Physiology and Diseases of Children, By Dr. F. C. Wilson.
On	Practice of Medicine and Anatomy, By Dr. W. O. ROBERTS.
On	Chemistry and Materia Medica, By Dr. H. A. COTTELL.

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease.

Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week.

For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary,
Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLE.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. DProfessor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D Prof. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.
J. W. HOLLAND, M. DProfessor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. DProf. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

	Matriculation Fee \$ 5 00
Demonstrators' Ticket 10 00	Graduation Fee 30 00
Hospital Ticket (requ	aired by City), \$5 00

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

A Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 493% West Walnut Street.

CINCHO-QUINI

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of Peruvian Bark in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphate of cinchonine or sulphate of quinine, but cinchonine, quinine, quinidine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

At the present price of sulphate of quinine, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has count tonic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the profession.

The cut below gives the size of the oune Dr. J. A. Perrins, of Chestertown, Md., un der date of Feb. 10, 1872 "I have used your pre-paration of Cincho-Quiparation of Cinobo-Quinine during the past
summer in a maiarious
district. I flud it entirely reliable as a substitute for the sulphatof quinine. It produces
less unpleasant effects
on the head, and is
much better borne by
the atomach. In the
cases of children, I have
found it to be a very
desirable remedy, or
account of the much
less unpleasant taste.
I uso it satisfactorily
nall cases as a substiin all cases as a substitute for the sulphate."

I have used one-andounces of a-half ounces of the Cincho-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In a case of intermittent fever of intermittent lever (the patient from Teu-nessee), I found it to operate as well and as promptly as sulphate of quinine, without any unpleasant head symp-toms. In processe have In no case have discovered any unturbance, as is often found in the use of the quining.—J. M. Al-DRICH, M. D. Fall River, Mass.

I have used several ounces of Cincho-Qui-nine with the most comnine with the most complete success. I prefer it to the sulphate of quinine in intermittents, especially with children. I can strongly recommend it to the profession generally. rofession generally.-

en.

cal

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtleasit will in time supersede the use of sulphate of quinine entirely. -BANUL W. COORS, M. D., Madison, Ma.

One Ounce. n place of the Sulphate sul Dose the same MES PANCHOLS & GO hufacturing Chemi BOSTON.

ce phial fr 'the form of putting up I have used Cincho-I have used Cinche-Quinine in eight or ten cases, and have reason to think well of the re-sults. I give it as I do the sulphate, 10 grains in five doses during the intermission, and five grains one or two hours before a paroxysm is grains one or two nours before a paroxysm is due, and continue to give five grains once a week for three weeks. I shall continue to use it, and wish you to send the continue to was one cures by mail. me one ounce by mail.

J. C. Downing, M. D.

Wapping Falls, New

York.

> After further contin-ued trial of the Cinchoquinine, I can safely say that it is a most excellent remedy. The absence of cinchonism absence of cinchoniam in its use, its compara-tively pleasant taste, its cheapness, with its fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intelligent physician. 8. A. BUTTERFIELD. D., Indianapolis, Ind.

I have been using the I have been using the Cincho-Quinine in my practice in intermittents and remittents, and I think well of it. I believe it to be quite equal to the sulphate, with all the advantages which you claim for it.—J. C. Ross. M. D., Lincoln, Ill.

I have used an ounce of Cincho-Quinine in some obstinate cases of intermittent neuralgia and ague, and am happy to state that that thus far austamed in full the auticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. S. Cutter, of this city, has an orteniar Dr. B. S. Cutter, or this city, has an extensive general practice, and he informed me a few days ago that the Cincho-Quinine was giving satisfaction—J. H. Berch, Coldepter, Mick.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes, namely, a grains, and 3 grains, in such quantities as are wanted. They are placed in vials holding roo each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same.

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO.

Successors to JAMES R. NICHOLS & Co. Manufacturing Chemists, BOSTON, MASS.

Manufacturers of Acids, Caloroform, Ethers, Preparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Zinc, Lead, Iron, Eismuth, and all Fine Chemicals used in Medicine or the Arts.

E. FESSENDEN, President.

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phanix is the only Company in the country which offers ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky,

HAMILTON BUILDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII. free.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94

Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.

No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Anæsthesia Spray Producers, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gauze Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROFESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables us to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, O.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

LAWRENCE SMITH, President,	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President.
J. B. TEMPLE	L. T. THUSTINSecretary. W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary.
S. T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. F. BARRET Legal Adviser.

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS:

1 Lawrence Smith	John B. Smith,	Thos. L. Barret.	Geo. W. Norton,
J. Lawrence Smith, J. B. Temple,	Jas. B. Wilder,	S. T. Wilson,	C. Henry Finck,
William Mix.	T. J. Tapp,	J. S. Kennedy,	Ioseph Adams,
T. H. Grinter,	S. P. Walters,	James A. Dawson,	J. H. Lindenberger,
W. C. Hite,	W. F. Barret,	J. G. Barret,	J. M. Robinson,
D. H. Davies,	L. T. Thustin,	Geo. W. Morris	Geo. W. Wicks,
T. T. Alexander,	Jas. A. Graham,	E. P. Campbell,	H. D. McHenry.
I M Fords	1 W Proctor		

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the surplus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent. would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as those of any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, May 13, 1870.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par
value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred
thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company
under the provisions of an act of the Legislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and regulation of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

JAMES W. TATE, Treasurer.

B. F. HAUGH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS. Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing, AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

HANBURY SMITH'S MINERAL SPRING WATERS

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870. Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufacwhich he offers for safe, I am prepared to testify that the Water are maintactured with the most intelligent and concientious care, and are every way reliable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses.

CHARLES A. SEELY,

Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, and of Chemistry and Metallurgy in the New York College of Dentistry.

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:

Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the

Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States.

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale. They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects.

Their indisputable superiority has made them more popular than any other.

They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous and emphatic indorsement, certainly not surrep-

titiously obtained.

They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hazard & Co., and the other leading druggists of New York and the neighboring cities.

In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately

detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to Dr. Smith's.

Materials for manufacture, in solution or as DRY SALTS; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordially invited to visit the laboratory at 35 Union Square.

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD,

No 49-

35 Union Square, New York.

Established in 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

272 MAIN STREET,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties as low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

No. 49-

INCORPORATED 1846.

MUTUAL L FE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

Assets, \$33,000,000. Surplus, over \$10,000,000.

Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.89 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FEATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary, ZEPHANIAH PRESTON, Vice-P't.

L. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r. WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

the

OUT

IN-

ight

lties

DIRECTORS:

JAMES GOODWIN,
ZEPHANIAH PRESTON,
JOHN C. PALMER,
E. B. WATKINSON,

E. D. TIFFANY,
N. M. WATERMAN,
GEORGE S. GILMAN,
HENRY C. ROBINSON,
C. L. THAYER, BOSTON.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO.

Gen'l Agents for Tennessez,

45 Madison Street, Memphis

General Agents for Kentucky,

Cor. Sixth & Main Sts., Louisville, Ky.

No. 49—

No. 49—

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURE, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES,

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY BONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or tax paid.

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAUTION!

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, across the label, thus

JoLiebing

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This extract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee, from the finest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature,

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES,

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL

OF

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

A QUARTERLY REVIEW, DEVOTED TO THE CONSIDERATION OF

VENEREAL, GENITO-URINARY, AND SKIN DISEASES,

INCLUDING ALL DISEASES HAVING A VENEREAL ORIGIN OR LESION, AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Edited by M. H. HENRY, M. D.,

SURGEON-IN-CHIEF TO THE STATE EMIGRANT HOSPITALS, WARD'S ISLAND, N. Y.

FELLOW OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE; MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY
OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK; HONORARY SECRETARY FOR NEW YORK
OF THE ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, ETC.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY is the only Journal in the English language devoted exclusively to Venereal, Genito-Urinary, and Skin Diseases. Each part contains contributions from the leading Syphilographers, Dermatologists, and Surgeons of the world. The Editor aims to place before the profession a large, sound information on the etiology, pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of all venereal, cutaneous, and kindred diseases—bearing constantly in mind—when making selections—that the value of all contributions depends on the capacity as well as the veracity of the contributors.

ALL EDITORIAL AND PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EDITOR, DR. M. H. HENRY, No. 157 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Each number contains 96 pages of reading-matter. Each volume commences with the January number, and when completed forms a year-book of special diseases. The JOURNAL is printed from clear, large, new type, on the best paper, and is distinguished by the excellence of its execution.

Subscription Price, \$3.00 a year. Single numbers, \$1.00. Full sets of the JOURNAL handsomely bound in cloth, \$3.75 each volume.

All business communications should be addressed to

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher, 77 University Place, New York.

HOME AND SCHOOL

A JOURNAL OF POPULAR

EDUCATION, LITERATURE, AND SCIENCE.

HOME AND SCHOOL is published monthly at \$1.50 a year. It records the progress of the South and West in literature and morals, and truly reflects the sentiments of our people in matters of home and school education. None other than articles of high literary merit, interesting to the teacher and the general reader, appears in its columns. Practical treatises on the science and art of teaching and kindred subjects are published in every number.

Club Rates. We will send 5 copies for one year for \$7.50, and I extra copy to raiser of club. Address

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers,

156 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Portable Electrical Instruments

FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Galvanie & Galvano Caustic Batteries

Electro-Magnetic Machines, &c.

GALVANO-FARADIC MF'G CO.

167 East Thirty-Fourth Street, NEW YORK.

No. 50-11m Send for Illustrated Catalogue.



Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

THE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of SOFT RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of being bent to any desired curve.

NON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY,

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited.

For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner
SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

No. 49-

Manufacturers and Proprietors, JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT,

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 88 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

Dr. L. A. Babcock's Silver Uterine Sup-porter, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retrover ion and Anteversion. Warranted a radical cure.

QUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the attention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK's improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily adjusted, and so comfortable and advan-tageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or rooms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a supporter applied. We speak thus positively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR: Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on obstetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I become familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

OTTO & REYNDERS.

No. 64 Chatham Street,



MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

SURGICAL and ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.



Every apparatus for Local Anzesthesia and for Atomisation of Liquids, Laryngocopes, Syringes, Splints for Hip-Joint Disease, Skeletons, Trusses, Elastic, Stockings, Laminaria Digitata, Uterine Tenta, Axilla Thermometers, Beigel's Inhaler and Powder, etc.

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS
And new inventions on hand and received constantly from our Agents in Europe.

No. 49—

BROWNING & SLOAN.

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF'S ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA, &c.

By the Atomiser any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this ate it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c.

(See Fig. 15.)



It consists of the spear-shaped brass boiler A, steam outlet-tube B, with packing-box C formed to receive rubber packing through which the atomizing tube D passes, steam-tight, and by means of which tubes of various sizes may be tightly held against any force of steam by screwing down its er while the packing is warm; the safetyvalve E, capable of graduation for high or low pressure by the spring or screw in its top, the non-conducting handle F, by which top, the non-conducting handle F, by which the boiler may be lifted while hot, the medi-cament-cup and cup-holder G, the support H, iron base II, the glass face-shield J, with oval month-piece connected by the elastic band K with the cradle IL, whose slotted staff passes into a slot in the shield-stand M M, where it may be fixed at any height or angle

Brass parts nickel-plated, additional ...

Neatly made, strong, black-walnut box, with convenient handle, additional, 2.50

Shurtleff's Atomizing Apparatus.

90910H-

Paratus. (See Fig. 5.)
For Inhalation, and, with suitable tubes, for Local Annesthesis, and for making direct local applications of atomized liquids for a great variety of purposes. (See our pamphlet.)
The most desirable hand apparatus. Rubber warranted of seey best quality. Valves imperishable—every one careficily fitted to its east, and work perfectly in all positions. The Bulbs are adapted to all the Tubes made by us for Local Ansethesia in Surgical Operations, Teeth Extraction, and for Inhations, Teeth Extraction, and for Inhalation. PRICE.....\$4.00

Fig. 5. Patented March 24, 1868. is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomizing Tubes, and coompanied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with steam at very tigh pressure. Each apparatus is carefully packed for transportation, and warranted expects. high pressure, perfect. Also

N. B. To save collection expenses, funds should be sent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter,
For complete Ul-strated Price-list of Apparatus, Tubes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS,"

With formulæ of those successfully emp.oyed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudichum, M. E. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formulæ.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LOCAL ANÆSTHÉSIA by Atomisation with Ether, by the method of Dr Richardson, of London; or with Rhigolene, as described by Dr. Henry J. Bigelow, in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1866.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost care, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesex Mechanics Association for Atom ising and Surgical Instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

"1503. Codman & Shurtlef, Boston. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomisers.—
The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest The various other intruments for Inhalation of Atomized Liquids premium. . The various other intruments for tonatation of administ administ administ administ administ administration of administration of administration and for Local Amesthesia were all apparently faultless, both in design and workmanship. The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal.

(Signet) GilMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Chairman."

Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—A Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ALSO FOR SALE:

*Cammann's Stethoscopes: Disarticulating	French Rubber Urinals, with valves, male, for night or day
flator and Stopcocks. 5.00 Large Ear Mirrors, Troltsche's3.50 to 5.00 Hypodermic Syringes3.00 to 13.00 Miller's Intra-Uterine, Scarificator, in case (post-paid). 7.00 Lente's Intra-Uterine Caustic Instruments	* Vaccinators, Whittemore's Patent Automatic, for Crust or Lymph, fresh from arm—instantaneous, certain, and almost painless (post- paid)
Sponge Tents, plain and carbolized, each	* Dr. Oliver's Laryngoscopic Lantern The same, with Auto-Laryngoscopic Attachment
• Dr. Cutter's Retroversion and other Pessaries	The same, with ditto, and three Laryn- goscopic Mirrors, in case
* Soud for Deac	riptive Circular.

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Obstetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order.

Trasses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suppensory Bandages—
Elastic Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Cases—Otocopes—Endocepes—Dr.
Sayre's Splints for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—

Crutches-Universal Syringes-Galvanic Batteries and Apparatus-Olive-tipped Bougles and Catheters. -French Conical

Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Patho-Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Pathological Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instrument; mplements, and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles, Bow Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.

Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowditch, and accompanied with directions kindly furnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen connected with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Apparatus, and to supply new inventions on favorable terms. Instruments sharpened, polished, and remained.

and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 18 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

Our Atomixing Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. G. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIEGEL, Surgical Instrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Jefferson and Green. No. 49—

TO COUNTRY PRACTITIONERS.

A gentleman of family, with an experience of nearly five years in hospital and private practice, and at present holding a position as surgeon in the army, is desirous of connecting himself with a physician of standing in a quiet community somewhere near Louisville. Address, with particulars,

POST SURGEON, U.S. A..

CHEYENNE AGENCY,

Dakota Territory.

M. M. GREEN.

L B GREEN.

A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN,

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS.

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement. No. 49-

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR,

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly recommend it. A pamphlet describing it, and testimonials of distinguished physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON,

Sole Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

Also for sale in Louisville, Ky., by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally.

No. 49-ry

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES.

Please specify (Warner & Co.,) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Taxon Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

GAR-COATED PILLS

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS.

MANUPACTURED BY

VARNE

PHILADELPHIA

FOR We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PRES the indispensable qualities, SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble,

PILLS.	Price per	PILLS. Prior
ALOES-U.S. P.,	\$ 40	FERRI CARB. (Vallet's,)
ALOES et ASSAF, $ \begin{cases} Pv. & \text{Aloes Soc., } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ gr.} \\ Assafetida, & 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ in} \\ Pv. & \text{Saponis, } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ in} \end{cases} $	40	GAMBOGE COMP. Pv. Gamboge, Aloes Soc., Zingib.
ALOES et FERRI. (Pv. Aloes Soc. 1/4 gr.)	1	GENTIAN COMP.
Zingib Jam. 1 Ferri, Sul. Exe., 1 Ext. Conii,	40	Ext. Gentian, % gr. Pv. Soc. Aloes, 2 gr Ol. Carui, 1-5 gr.
ALOES et NUC. VOMICA. {Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.} {Ext. Nuc. Vom., ½ "}	50	Soc. Aloes, Ferri. Sul. Exs., Ext. Helleb. N.
ALOES et MASTICH. (Lady Webster.) { Pv. Soc. Aloes.	50	HOOPER. Pv. Myrrh, Saponis, Canella. ZingibJam,
ALTERATIVE.		HYDRARGYRI-3 grs
Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr. Pv. Opii., " Ipecac, 22 1-8 gr.)	50	IRISIN Comp. (Irisin, ¼ gr. 1.10 gr.)
ANDERSON SCOTS (Pv. Soc. Aloes,		(Strychnia, 1-40 gr.) PODOPHYL et HYDRARG.
" Raponis, "Fruct. Colocynth.	40	{Podophyllin, ½ gr. Musa, Hydrarg., 2 grs.}
Gamboge,	116	GRANULES.
ASSAFŒTIDA, U. S. P.,	40	AC. Arsenious, 1-20, 1-30, 1-50 grs
ASSAFŒTIDA, COMP. (Assafœtida, 2 gr.	2	CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-40 gra
(Ferri. Sulph. Exs. 1 gr.)	40	EXT. Belladonna, Eng. ¾ gr
CALOMEL,-2 gra	40	" Hyoseyamus, (Eng.) ½ gr 4
CAMPHOR et HYOSCYAMUS.	10	" Nuc. Vom. 16 gr
{Camphor, 1 gr. Ext, Hyoseyamus, (Eng.) 1 gr. }	80	LEPTANDRIN, % gr 4
CHINOIDIN,-1gr	40	MERCURY, Iod., 34 gr
COOKS, (Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 er.)	1170	Hed, 146 gr
Rhei 1	-	PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr.
Calomel.	50	Market and A

Mr. W. R. WARNER, Pharmacoulical Chemist, Philadelphia.

MY DEAR SIR,—You have submitted for my inspection various samples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the surest guaranty of their excellence.

Yours, very respectfully.

JOHN M. MAISCH. U. S. Army Laboratory.

John M. Maisch. College of Pharmacy.)

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

WARNER'S PHI GIODE AND SAMPLE BOTTLE.



These Globes are intended for distribution among our customers. They are filled with samples of SUGAR-COATED PILLS, manufactured only by Wm. R. WARNER & Co., and are useful as ornamental paper weights, &c.

Special Orders for Pills.

We invite your orders for special recipes. Any favorite Prescription for Pills, you may use in quantity, we will be pleased to make and sugar-coat in our best style. Adhering strictly to formula and keeping same confidential if desired.

As it is impracticable to coat less than 3000 Pills, we cannot accept orders for smaller number.

To fill your orders requires from a week to ten days, except in rare cases.



PHYSICIANS' SUPPLIES

A SPECIALTY.

TO PHYSICIANS.

We would call your attention to the annexed pages, embracing special preparations designed to meet your wants. We furnish, in addition to these, a full line of pure drugs and chemicals, and we beg to state that the products of our laboratory are endorsed by the leading medical journals and the profession throughout the country.

Your orders are invited direct, or should it please you to purchase through other houses you will mention the name—WARNER & Co.

OFFICINAL AND OTHER SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

This department receives our personal attention. The solubility of SUGAR-COATED PILLS is an indispensable quality, and a matter of so much importance as to command your favor. An experience of sixteen years, has enabled us to achieve a perfection otherwise unattainable, and we are free to claim that they have no equal.

Being extensively engaged in the Wholesale Drug Business, and in the manufacture of standard officinal Preparations and New Remedies, we are enabled to supply Physicians' orders with all articles of the purest quality at the lowest prices.

A discount will be made to Physicians on all orders for pills amounting to \$10 net. Less quantities will be sent by mail or express, prepaid, on receipt of catalogue price. Please specify our make, W. & Co., when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere.

FLUID EXTRACTS.

Prepared in accordance with the U. S. Pharmacopoia, from materials of the first quality.

[EACH FLUID OUNCE REPRESENTS ONE TROY OUNCE.]

The labels give formulas for making all the preparations, with doses, and medical properties.

ELIXIRS AND NEW REMEDIES.

Elixirs constitute a class of remedies much esteemed by physicians, when they are so prepared as to be reliable and efficient, and we confine our list to those combinations which are compatible and which are the most desirable in this form. Such "New Remedies" as would seem to have the greatest plausibility as to their excellence may, at all times, be obtained of our house. We would call attention to the compounds under the head of "Lactophosphates," and those containing Phosphorus in its elementary state; also the Pil Iodoform et Ferri et Quinia, and Pil Iodoform et Ferri Carb., the latter may be used in all cases where Iodoform et Ferri has been found to disagree with the patient

Thanking you for your influence and patronage, we are,

Yours, respectfully,

WM. R. WARNER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia,

PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

WARNER & Co., for the superiority of their OFFICINAL STEAM-COATED PILLS.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those expressal in the U. S. Paarmacopæia, are furnished when requested.

PIL: PHOSPHORUS COMP:—WARNER & CO.

Phosphorus, one-hundredth grain.—Ext: Nux Vomica, one-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power, Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine,

etc., in solution.

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.—Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Fcb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI.—WARNER & CO.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

ECROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses.

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief e-tract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

"Internally I gave quinino and iron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become sluggish. I tried a number of alteratives, as fedded of pota-sign and lime. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an artical-like in the Medical and Surgical Reporter, on 'I odolorm and Iron.' I at once concluded to give this medy a fair trial. I discontinue tall other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three it. is a day, vanuafactured by W. R. Warner & Co. of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid improvement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and more abundant, and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a vestige of the discussion to be seen. The patic tis enjoying perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have treated \$\frac{\psi}{2}\$, other cases, one of these and one of four years standing, with the

"Since I have treated we, other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel e avinced of the officacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price.

To the Medical Profession.

A New and Important Remedy,

LACTOPEPTINE.

COMPOSITION

OF

LACTOPEPTINE.

PEPSIN,
PTYALIN,
PANCREATINE,
LACTIC ACID,
HYDROCHLORIC ACID.

One drachm of
LACTOPEPTINE
will digest from 12 to 15
drachms of Albumen, or
any kind of cooked Animal
or Vegetable Food.

LACTOPEPTINE contains the five active agents of digestion, combined in the same proportion as they exist in the human system.

Its digestive power is from three to four times that of Pepsin, (described in the "United States Dipensatory," page 1685,) and has the all important advantage of dissolving all aliment used as food by mankind, while Pepsin acts only upon food of a plastic nature.

Description of the Component Parts of LACTOPEPTINE.

- PEPSIN is one of the principle agents of digestion found in the gastric juice, and in conjunction with acid matter present in that secretion, will convert Albumen, Fibrin, Cassein, &c., into Peptone.
- PTYALIN is the active principle of saliva. It has, until quite recently, been used but little medicinally, yet it is unquestionably one of the most important agents of digestion. It acts powerfully upon vegetable matter, by separating and dissolving the nutritious portion. One part of Ptyalin will separate the Dextrine and Glucose from 2,000 parts of Starch.
- PANCREATINE is secreted by the Pancreas. It acts immediately and powerfully upon Oily and Fatty substances, emulsionizing and preparing them for assimilation. It also has the power of digesting all kinds of food, and has undoubtedly been given this property so as to act upon any matter that may pass the Pylorus imperfectly digested.
- LACTIC and HYDROCHLORIC ACIDS are always found in the gastric juice, and their importance is shown from the fact that Pepsin will not change the character of the food without their presence.

TO TEST THE DIGESTIVE POWER OF LACTOPEPTINE.

To two fluid ounces of water, add one drachm of Lactopeptine, half drachm of Hydrochloric or Lactic Acid, 15 drachms of cooked food (reduced to a pulpy consistency), allowing it to remain from four to twelve hours, occasionally agite 3d and heated to a temperature of 105 deg.

Careful experiments and much study have been required in ascertaining the exact nature and proportion of each component part of Lacropergue, so as to furnish a preparation that represents all the various digestive agents that not upon food from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Pepsin or any of the other digestive agents, when administered alone, bears very little comparison to the medicinal value of Lacropeptine, and we confidently believe that it will entirely supersede their use. It is furnished at a price that will bring it within reach of every class of practice.

Physicians can test it with satisfaction, for its effects are positive and imme It is presented in a saccharated form and will be readily taken by the youngest child. It is used in the various forms of Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhea, Vomiting in Pregnance, CONSTIPATION, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases arising from Imperfect Nutrition.

As perfect digestion is required in restoring the waste suffered by the Blood during its circulation through the system, it is evident that Lacropertine should be classed as an important remedy in depraved conditions of that vitalizing fluid.

Dose of Powder, 2 to 5 grs.

PRICES.

L	ctopeptine	Powder, oz \$1.00	Elixir Lactopeptine, doz. pts \$15.00
	44	" lb. · · 13.00	" in bulk, Ppt. 1.15
	44	Pills, S.C., Phund. 1.00	Syrup " doz. pints, - 15.00
	**	Wine, dos. pints. · 15.00	in buik, to pt. 1.10
	41	" in bulk, P pt. 1.15	Troches Lactopeptine, [Large, 4.50
			doz. bxs. (Small, 2.25

LACTOPEPTINE POWDER, TROCHES, or SUGAR-COATED PILLS sent by mail to Physicians or Druggists, prepaid, upon the receipt of price.

We also combine Lactopeptine	with the following Preparations:
EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIX. CINCHONA, IRON & STRÝCHNIA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA BARK AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR GENTIAN & CHLORIDE of IRON WITH LACTOPEP"INE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA, IRON & BISMUTH, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
WINE OF CALISAYA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR LACTOPEPTINE, STRYCHNIA AND BISMUTH.
SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON AND LIME, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR STILLINGIA CO. LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR CALISAYA WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP IODIDE CALCIUM AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	BEEF, IRON AND WINE, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP LACTOPEPTINE CO.	LACTOPEPTINE EMULSION

LACTOPEPTINE EMULSION Containing Lactopeptine, Phos. Iron, SUPERIOR TO Phos. Lime, Phos. Soda and Phos. Potash. PANCREATIC EMULSION.

We should be pleased to have Physicians and Druggists, visiting the City, make our office headquarters during their stay. Correspondence earnestly invited, which will receive prompt and courteous attention.

Respectfully,

REED & CARNRICK,

Manufacturing Pharmacists,

198 Fulton St., New York.

Please send for Catalogue, containing a complete priced list of Fluid Extracts, Sugar-coated Pills, Elixirs, Syrups, Wines, Troches, Glyceroles, &c.

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL. M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery' in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science, in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one, and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."-Medical

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. BELL seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—

Appleton's Journal.

"This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."-The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal—not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

edge and science."-Christian Standard.

"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."-

Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health.' The National.

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents.

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt of the price affixed to each:

THE SA	ANITARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$5)\$7 25
8.0	* *	Philadelphia MEDICAL AND SURGICAL REPORTER (\$5) 6 75
**	0.0	Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5) 6 75
	**	LONDÔN LANCET (\$5) 6 60
* *	**	THE GALAXY (\$4) 6 00
**	**	New York MEDICAL IOURNAL (\$4) 5 75
**	**	New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75
**	**	THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (\$3) 5 25
**	**	Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3). 5 25
**	**	BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT (\$2.50) 5 00

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN,"

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers,

111 & 113 William Street, New York. No. 49-AD 2

FOUGERA'S



Since the introduction of this Oil in 1858, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debility, Consumption, Scrohula,

Rickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, atimulant and alterative properties of Iodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapeutically five times as efficacious as pure

Through its increased curative action, Fougera's Cod Liver Oil will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Cod Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

Mustard I ASTERS

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change-Clean and Economical.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandage.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each.

Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which contains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of eight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each ounce. NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALIBAYA. Each ounce represents fully thirty grains of

the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron per ounce. NUTRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and borne by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

L.UGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the soothing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

re

he

oh.

T,

ith

of

tht

nd

nts

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH.

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, stimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron.

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

FOR ASTHMA.

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief.

All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Lancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. *Tonic, Stimulating* and *Resolvent.* Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Anemia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS,

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's Pills of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmace. cists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverized iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver scal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y. and the fac-simile of

Manary

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Parts.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480.) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debility of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tes-

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres,

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding to about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is none the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analysed by Profs. Depaire and Jouret, of Brussels, whose signature is found on each pot.



SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATINE

AND

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Direction of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIES for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs. Savory & Moore, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS



e -

"H.R.H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR THRIVES SO WELL UPON THE FOOD YOU HAVE PREPARED THAT IT MUST HE VERY GOOD."—T. M. KENDALL, Medical Attendant, Sandringham.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE" AND IS THE BEST KIND OF LIEBIG'S FOOD,—Dr. BARKER, on Right Foods for Infants.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."—Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in Flesh-forming and Bons-forming substances, this Food perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nourishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husks of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhosa, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., New Bond Street, London.

Sold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use ALL STANDARD PHARMACBUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Pharmaceu ical journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ SIGNED CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARA ON. As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which t original proprietors and present owners are in nowise responsible, please observe the signat as of our Manufacturing Chemist, which in the future will be written across very Labelt, and is our guarantee for its efficacy and purity.

The following testimonials, were voluntarily tendered to the Louisville Chemical Works while under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufact tred at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the best articles to be found in commerce

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we believe them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of B din, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, of Edinburgh. The ests, Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Bichromate of Potash, Nitrate of Silver viz., Suprairie Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Deliverant that there is really no difference in their south. A. PROUT, M. D., Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and purity. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their merit demands. CHAS. A. POPE, M. D.

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practice, I have no hesitation in recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indica-tions described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used. E. S. FRAZER, M. D.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville.

I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to . I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to your excellent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopoeis. I could not be induced to see any other chloroform for inhalation than yours, or that prepar d by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hoffman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluid Extracts, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL.

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis,

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hoffman's Anodyne, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come up to my desirus than any articles of the kind over inset by myself.

JNO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, scientific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopocia.

Very truly,

LEWIS ROGERS M. D.

No. 49

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacoperia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the most approved formula, when each finit referents sixteen Troy owners of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ig one the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown st ength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for ut to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revision).

of the Pharmacopaia's and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude materia itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label en bodies formulæ for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-list furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. T'e formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRENCE SMITH. It is regarded to outhout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time safe. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Prout.). It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished oculists in Furope, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Professor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest care and put up in sealed packages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first page) that the contents are of the best character, and will stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Anodyne. Per lb. \$2.50.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

it

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manufacturers. It is a handsome and palatable article, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchill, of Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of lime two and a half grains, soda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three fourths of a grain. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, marasmus, nervous debility, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of lime, with small amounts of other phosphates. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an ef. cient and agreeable form for administering the bark. The tonic and anti-intermittent properties of the emchona barks are well established, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bitterness. This has been overcome to a great extent in the Elixir Calisaya, which, representing twelve grains of calisaya bark in the fluid ounce, is so combined with other ingredients as to make it an agreeable cordial, acceptable to the most delicate stomach. To persons suffering from dyseppsias, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmless, preventives, for fever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per dex prints soon. influence. Per doz. pints, \$9.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remedial properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrophosphate of iron, in each tea-spoonful combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chalybeate taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. Per doz. pints, \$6,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA.

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the

This valuable tone and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchons calisaya, two grains pyrophosphate into and one one-hundredth grain strychnia, with sufficient aromatics to free it from the chaiybeate taste common in similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recommend to both physician and consumer. To persons suffering from nervous prostration, symptoms of paralysis, anaemia, arising from diseases peculiar to females, or general debiinty from any cause whatever, it will commend itself as a general therapeutic agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chill is broken. Per doz. pints, \$9.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stomach.

It is valuable in cases of anzemia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially so then such cases are complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, or chronic diarrhea. Per dos. pints, \$5,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchone calisays bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, and one one-hundredth grain strychnine with aromatics.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anaæmia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, diarrhea, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable therapeutic agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermittent attacks when once broken. Per doz. pints, \$9 00.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepsia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debility.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychnine, one grain ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics. Per dos. pints, \$15.00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bark and eight grains citrate of iron. It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Fer doz. pints, \$9,00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per doz. pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chlorotic and anzemic states, used in morbid conditions of the unryous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of strumous children threatened with scrollous degeneration, and ultimately with localized tubercular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate quinia, and one thirty-second grain phosphate strychna to the drachm (tea-spoonful) of syrup. Fer dos. lbs. \$15.00.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is too often the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is injurious not only as a diluent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by us more than two years ago, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spits. Nit. Dulce contains five per cent. of pure ether. Per lb. in 5 lb. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL.

Physicians and druggists failing to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on notifying us of the fact.

UNIVERSITY DISPENSARY

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

five ially vels,

NE. edial

ysis, with

end the

able ych-

cinal erial

five

rtain es of es of berirty-

of its

have Julce

our

IST

lers , on

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

On	Venereal Diseases and	Diseases	of	the	S	kin,		
	and Clinical Medicine,						By	PROF. L. P. YANDELL, JR.
On	Ophthalmic and Aural	Diseases,					By	PROF. J. M. BODINE.
On	Diseases of the Throat	and Ches	t,				By	PROF. E. R. PALMER.
On	Urinology and Diseases of	f the Ner	vou	is Sy	rst	em,	By	PROF. J. W. HOLLAND.
On	Public Hygiene,						By	PROF. T. S. BELL.
On	Clinical Obstetrics and I	Diseases o	of	Won	ne	n, {	By	PROF. CROWE AND W. H. BOLLING.
On	Clinical Surgery,				4		By	PROF. D. W. YANDELL.
On	Operative Surgery and	Surgical I)re	ssing	38		By	PROF. R. O. COWLING.
On	Physiology and Disease	s of Child	lre	n, .			By	Dr. F. C. WILSON.
On	Practice of Medicine and	Anatom	у,				By	DR. W. O. ROBERTS.
On	Chemistry and Materia M	Medica.					By	DR. H. A. COTTELL.

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease. Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year

Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week.

For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary, Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLE.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. DProfessor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. DProf. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children
J. W. HOLLAND, M. DProfessor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. DProf. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

Professors' Tickets, in full\$50 00	Matriculation Fee \$ 5 00
Demonstrators' Ticket 10 00	Graduation Fee 30 00
Hospital Ticket (requ	aired by City), \$5 00

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

A Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 493½ West Walnut Street.

CINCHO-QUININ

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of *Peruvian Bark* in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphate of cinchonine or sulphate of quinine, but cischonine, quinine, quinine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the bands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

for trial, and the verdict in its layor is decisive.

At the present price of sulphate of quinina, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has equal tonic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the profession.

The cut below after the size of the other plain and the form of putting up.

Dr. J. A. PERKINS, of Chestertown, Md., under date of Feb. II, 1972 writes us as follows: "I have used your preparation of Cheshe Quince during the past summer in a malarious district. I find it entirely reliable as a substitute for the sulphate of quinine. It produces less unpleasant effects on the head, and is much better borne by the stomach. In the cases of children, I have found it to be a very desirable remedy, on secount of the much less unpleasant taste. I use it satisated in all cases as a substitute for the sulphate." Dr. J. A. PERKINS, of

I have used one-and-a-half ounces of the Cinche-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In a case of intermittent fewer (the patient from Tensesce), I found it to speciate as well and as promptly as sulphate of quinine, without any unpleasant head symptoms. In no case have I discovered any unpleasant cerebral disturbance, as is often found in the use of the quinine.—J. M. At-Dauca, M. D. Fatt River, Mass.

Mass.
I have used several ounces of Cinche-Quinine with the suret complete success. I prefer it to the sulphate of quinine in intermittents, especially with children. I can strongly recommend it to the profession generally.
J. H. Farr, M. D., Perry, Joses.

al

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtless it will in time supersude the use of guinine entirely.—Sanual W. Cooks, M. D., Madison, Ala.



I have used Cincho-Quinine in eight or ten cases, and have reason to think well of the re-sults. I give it as I do the sulphate, 10 grains in five doses during the intermission, and five grains one or two hours before a paroxysm is due, and continue to cive five grains once a before a paddue, and continue to give five grains once a week for three weeks. I shall continue to use it, and wish you to send me one ounce by mail.

J. C. DOWNING, M. D. Wanning Falls, New Wapping York

After further continued trial of the Cincho-Quinine, I can eafely say that it is a most excellent remedy. The absence of einchonism in its use, its chempters, with its fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intelligent physician.—

8. A. Buyrammens, M. D., Indianapolin, Ind.

I have been using the Cinche-Quinine in my practice in intermitients and I think well of it. Believe it to be quite equal to the sulphate, with all the advantages which you claim for it.—J. C. Ross. M. D., Lincols, Ill.

I have used an ounce of Cincho-Quinine in some obsfinate cases of intermittent neuralgis and ague, and am happy to state that it has thus far snatamed in full the anticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensive Dr. S. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensive general practice, and he informed me a few days ago that the Cincho-Quinine was giving satisfaction—J. H. Brech, Coldwater, Mich.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes, namely, a grains, and a grains, in such quantities as are wanted. They are placed in visits holding 100 each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same.

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO.

Manufacturing Chemists, BOSTON, MASS.

nhictures of Acids, Chlordom, Ethers, Preparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Sinc, Load, Iron, Binnath, and all Fine Chemicals used in Medicine or the Aria.

E. FESSENDEN, President,

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phanix is the only Company in the country which offers
ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky,

HAMILTON BUTLDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sta.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII. free.

d

E

У.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94

Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.

No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Anæsthesia Spray Producers, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gauze Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROFESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE
AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables as
to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, 0 ...

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

J. LAWRENCE SMITH President.	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President. L. T. THUSTIN Secretary.
JOHN B. SMITH Treasurer.	W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary.
S. T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. F. BARRET Legal Adviser.

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS:

Lawrence Smith,	John B. Smith,	Thos. L. Barret, S. T. Wilson,	Geo. W. Norton, C. Henry Finck,
William Mix,	T. J. Tapp, S. P. Walters,	J. S. Kennedy,	Ioseph Adams.
Γ. H. Grinter,		James A. Dawson,	J. H. Lindenberger,
W. C. Hite,	W. F. Barret,	J. G. Barret,	J. M. Robinson,
D. H. Davies, I. T. Alexander,	L. T. Thuetin, Jas. A. Graham.	Geo. W. Morris E. P. Campbell,	Geo. W. Wicks, H. D. McHenry.
I. M. Forle.	I. W. Prostor.	E. P. Campbell,	H. D. McHenty.

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the currelus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent. would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as these of any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, May 13, 1870.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company under the previsions of an act of the Aegislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and registration of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

JAMES W. TATE, Treasurer.

B. F. HAUCH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS. Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing, AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

.dni ,ziloqanaidni cals & instrume

d

n e

e it

0

(ESTABLISHED 1888.)

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870. Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufacwhich he offers for Sale, I am prepared to testify that the view are liable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses.

CHARLES A. SEELY,

Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College,

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:
Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States.

United States.

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale.

They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects.

Their indisputable superiority has made them more popular than any other.

They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous said emphasic indorsement, certainly not surreptitiously obtained.

They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hasard & Co., and the other leading draugists of New York and the neighboring cities.

In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to Dr. Smith's.

Materials for manufacture, in solution or as Day SALTS; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

emallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordibilly invited to visit the laboratory at 38 Union Square.

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD,

No 49-

35 Union Square, New York.

.OO 38 Established In 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS

WHOLESALE

Plate and Organization Stairs and General House-smithing, DRUG-GALSTS,

THE AND IMPORTERS OF COMME

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties as low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

35 Union Square, New York

INCORPORATED 1846.

CONNECTICUT

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

Assets, \$33,000,000. Surplus, over \$10,000,000. Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.89 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FRATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary, ZEPHANIAH PRESTON, Vice-P't.

L. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r. WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

James Goodwin, E. D. Tiffany, Thomas Sisson, Zephaniah Preston, N. M. Waterman, W. S. Olmsted, John C. Palmer, George S. Gilman, M. F. Hodges, N. York. E. B. Watkinson, Henry C. Robinson, C. L. Thayer, Boston.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO. GENERAL AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY,

Gan'l Agents for Tenerases, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts., Louisville, Ky.

45 Madison Street, Memphia

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURB, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY SONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or tax paid.

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

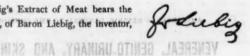
LOUISVILLE, KY.

ASSETS. \$13,000,000.

CAUTIONII

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the across the label, thus



NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This extract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee, from the finest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature.

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES,

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher,

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville. No. 49-

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

A QUARTERLY REVIEW, DEVOTED TO THE CONSIDERATION OF

VENEREAL, GENITO-URINARY, AND SKIN DISEASES,

INCLUDING ALL DISEASES HAVING A VENEREAL ORIGIN OR LESION, AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Edited by M. H. HENRY, M. D.,

SURGEON-IN-CHIEF TO THE STATE EMIGRANT HOSPITALS, WARD'S ISLAND, N. Y.

FELLOW OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE; MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE SOUNTY OF PIEW YORK; MONCHARY EXPERTABLY FOR NEW YORK OF THE ANYHOPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, ETC.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY is the only Journal in the English language devoted exclusively to Venereal, Genito-Urinary, and Skin Diseases. Each part contains contributions from the leading Syphilographers, Dermatologists, and Surgeons of the world. The Editor aims to place before the profession a large, sound information on the etiology, pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of all venereal, chtaneous, and kindred diseasesbearing constantly in mind—when making selections—that the value of all contributions depends on the capacity as well as the veracity of the contributors.

ALL EDITORIAL AND PROPESSIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EDITOR, DR. M. H. HENRY, No. 157 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Each number contains 96 pages of reading-matter. Each volume commences with the January number, and when completed forms a year-book of special diseases. The JOURNAL is printed from clear, large, new type, on the best paper, and is distinguished by the excellence of its execution.

Subscription Price, \$3.00 a year. Single numbers, \$1.00. Full sets of the JOURNAL handsomely bound in cloth, \$3.75 each volume.

All business communications should be addressed to

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher,
77 University Place, New York.

HOME AND SCHOOL

A JOURNAL OF POPULAR

EDUCATION, LITERATURE, AND SCIENCE.

HOME AND SCHOOL is published monthly at \$1.50 a year. It records the progress of the South and West in literature and morals, and truly reflects the sentiments of our people in matters of home and school education. None other than articles of high literary merit, interesting to the teacher and the general reader, appears in its columns. Practical treatises on the science and art of teaching and kindred subjects are published in every number.

Club Rates. We will send 5 copies for one year for \$7.50, and I extra copy to raiser of club.

Address

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers,

156 W. Main St., Louisville, Ky.

Portable Electrical Instruments

FOR PRISICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Galvanic & Galvano-Caustic Batteries

Electro-Magnetic Machines, &c.

GALVANO-FARADIC MF'G CO.

167 East Thirty-Fourth Street, NEW TOSL.

No. 50-11m

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.



Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

THE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of SOFT RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of heing bent to any desired curve.

NON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY.

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited.

For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner
SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

No. 49-

Manufacturers and Proprietors, JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 85 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

Br. L. a. Balcock's St.van UTBRINE SUF-rontun, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retrover don and Anteversida. Warranted a radical cure. Price, \$25.00.

OUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the at-tention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK's improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily ad-justed, and so comfortable and advantageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or rooms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a supporter applied. We speak thus posi-tively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR! Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on ob-stetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I become familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

No. 49-19 EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

OTTO & REYNDERS.

No. 64 Chatham Street,

NEW YORK



SURGICAL and ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.



ee cedinsirsaniine

D.

Every apparatus for Local Anzesthesia and for Atsentiation of Liquida, Laryngoacopes, Syriages, Splints for Hip-Joint Disease, Skeletons, Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Laminaria Digitata, Uterine Tents, Azilla Thermometers, Beigel's Inhaler and Powder etc. Powder, etc.

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS And new inventions on hand and re-ceived constantly from our Agents in Europe. No. 49—

BROWNING & SLOAN.

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHUBTLEFF'S APPARATUSES FOR ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA, &c.

By the Atomizer any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this act it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c.



Neatly made, strong, black-walnut box, with convenient handle, additional,



Patented March 24, 1868.

Each of the above Apparatuses is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomizing Tubes, and

accompanied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with atcame a very high pressure. Each apparatus is carefully packed for transportation, and warranted high pressur Also,

N. B. To save collection expenses, funds should be sent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter.

For complete Unestrated Price-list of Apparatus, Tubes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS,

With formulæ of those successfully employed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudronum M. R. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formulæ.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LOCAL ANÆSTHÆSIA by Atomination with Ether, by the method of Dr RICHARDSON, of London; or with Rhigolone, as described by Dr. HENRY J. Bigelow, in the Bestes Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1866.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost cars, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesez Mechanics Association for Atomising and Surgical instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

"1503. Codman & Shavilef, Boston. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomizers.—
The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest premium.

The various other intruments for Inhalation of Atomised Liquids and for Local Anesthesis were all apparently faultless, both in design and workmanship. The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal.

(Signed)

GLMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Chairman."

11th

ic M, le at

nd

for of of ity. re-er-

for

ade and ery

3.50 2.50 1.00 1.50 .25 1.00

3.50 orm

Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—A Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ALSO FOR SALE:

Cammann's Stethoscopes; Disarticulating	French Rubber Urisals, with valves, male, for night or day
Large Ear Mirrors, Troltsche's.3.50 to 5.00 Hypodermic Syringes	Automatic, for Crust or Lymph, fresh from arm—instantaneous, certain, and almost painless (postpaid) 3.00 Do. do. in case. 3.50
Lente's Intra-Uterine Caustic Instru- ments 1.25 to 3.50	Powder Syringes 2.00 Laryngoscopes, complete16.00 to 30.00
Sponge Tents, plain and carbolised,	* Dr. Oliver's Laryngoscopic Lantern The same, with Auto-Laryngoscopic Attachment
• Dr. Cutter's Retroversion and other Pessaries, 3.00 • Gaeffe's Electro-Medical Apparatus15 00	The same, with ditto, and three Laryn- goscopic Mirrors, in case

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Obstetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order.

Trusses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suspensory Bandages—Blastie Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Cases—Otocopes—Endoscopes—Dr. Sayre's Spilnts for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—Crutches—Universal Syringes—Glavanic Batteries and Apparatus—French Conitest and Olive-tipped Bougies and Gatheters.

Skeletons, Skulls, and Amstomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Amstomical and Pastrological Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instruments, implements, and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles, Bow Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.

Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowditch, and accompanied with directions kindly farnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen can be rected with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Apparatus, and to supply new inventions on favorable terms. Instruments sharpened, polished and repaired. * Send for Descriptive Circular,

and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 18 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON. H. H. BURRINGTON

Our Atomizing Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. C. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIEGEL, Surgical Instrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Jefferson and Green. No. 49—No. 49—

AN APPROPRIATE PICTURE FOR A DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

THE greatest wonder of the nineteenth century. The great picture, "LIFE AND DEATH;" proclaimed by both press and public to be the greatest mystery of the age. It represents two children in the bloom of youth at play; but upon viewing it from a distance you perceive a Human Skull.

This picture sent to any one, prepaid, for 75 cents.

Address

WESTERN NOVELTY COMPANY,

52-3m

YOUNGSTOWN, O.

M. M. GREEN.

L B GREEN.

A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN,

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS,

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement. No. 49—

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR.

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly recommend it. A pamphlet describing it, and testimonials of distinguished physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON,

Sale Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

Also for sale in Louisville, Ky., by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally.

To the Medical Profession.

A New and Important Remedy,

LACTOPEPTINE.

COMPOSITION

OF

LACTOPEPTINE.

PEPSIN,
PTYALIN,
PANCREATINE,
LACTIC ACID,
HYDROCHLORIC ACID.

One drachm of
LACTOPEPTINE
will digest from 12 to 15
drachms of Albumen, or
any kind of cooked Animal
or Vegetable Food.

LACTOPEPTINE contains the five active agents of digestion, combined in the same proportion as they exist in the human system.

Its digestive power is from three to four times that of Pepsin, (described in the "United States Dipensatory," page 1685,) and has the all important advantage of dissolving all aliment used as food by mankind, while Pepsin acts only upon food of a plastic nature.

Description of the Component Parts of LACTOPEPTINE.

- PEPSIN is one of the principle agents of digestion found in the gastric juice, and in conjunction with acid matter present in that secretion, will convert Albumen, Fibrin, Cassein, &c., into Peptone.
- PTYALIN is the active principle of saliva. It has, until quite recently, been used but little medicinally, yet it is unquestionably one of the most important agents of digestion. It acts powerfully upon vegetable matter, by separating and dissolving the nutritious portion. One part of Ptyalin will separate the Dextrine and Glucose from 2,000 parts of Starch.
- PANCREATINE is secreted by the Pancreas. It acts immediately and powerfully upon Oily and Fatty substances, emulsionizing and preparing them for assimilation. It also has the power of digesting all kinds of food, and has undoubtedly been given this property so as to act upon any matter that may pass the Pylorus imperfectly digested.
- LACTIC and HYDROCHLORIC ACIDS are always found in the gastric juice, and their importance is shown from the fact that Pepsin will not change the character of the food without their presence.

TO TEST THE DIGESTIVE POWER OF LACTOPEPTINE.

To two fluid ounces of water, add one drachm of Lactopeptine, half drachm of Hydrochloric or Lactic Acid, 15 drachms of cooked food (reduced to a pulpy consistency), allowing it to remain from four to twelve hours, occasionally agitated and heated to a temperature of 105 deg.

Careful experiments and much study have been required in ascertaining the exact nature and proportion of each component part of Lacropspuns, so as to furnish a preparation that represents all the various digestive agents that act upon food from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Pepsin or any of the other digestive agents, when administered alone, bears very little comparison to the medicinal value of Lactopeptine, and we confidently believe that it will entirely supersede their use. It is furnished at a price that will bring it within reach of every class of practice.

Physicians can test it will satisfaction, for its effects are positive and immediate. It is presented in a saccharated form and will be readily taken by the youngest child. It is used in the various forms of Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhea, Vomiting in Pregnancy, CONSTIPATION, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases arising from Imperfect Nutrition.

As perfect digestion is required in restoring the waste suffered by the Blood during its circulation through the system, it is evident that Lacroperries should be classed as an important remedy in depraved conditions of that vitalizing fluid.

DOSE OF POWDER, 2 TO 5 GRA.

PRICES.

Lactopeptine	Powder, os \$1.00	Elixir Lactopeptine, doz. pts \$15.00
64	" lb. · 13.00 Pills, S.C., Phuad. 1.00 Wine, dos. pints. · 15.00 " in bu'k, Ppt. 1.15	" in bul', Apt. 1.15 Syrup " dos. pints, - 15.00 " in bulk, Apt. 1 15 Troches Lactopeptine, Large, 4.50 dos. bxs. Small, 2.25

LACTOPEPTINE POWDER, TROCHES, or SUGAR-COATED PILLS

sent by mail to Physicians or Druggis	its, prepaid, upon the receipt of price.
We also combine Lactopeptine	with the following Preparations:
EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIX. CINCHONA, IRON & STRYCHNIA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA BARK AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR GENTIAN & CHLORIDE of IRON WITH LACTOPEP"INE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA, IRON & BISMUTH, LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
WINE OF CALISAYA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR LACTOPEPTINE, STRYCHNIA AND BISMUTH.
SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON AND LIME, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR STILLINGIA CO. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR CALISAYA WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP IODIDE CALCIUM AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	BEEF, IRON AND WINE, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP LACTOPEPTINE CO. Containing Lactopeptine, Phos. Iron.	LACTOPEPTINE EMULSION

Phos. Lime, Phos. Soda and Phos. Potash.

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

We should be pleased to have Physicians and Druggists, visiting the City, make our office headquarters during their stay. Correspondence earnestly invited, which will receive prompt and courteous attention.

Respectfully,

REED & CARNRICK, Manufacturing Pharmacists, 198 Fulton St., New York.

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES.

Please specify (Warner & Co...) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Trans Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS,

MANUFACTURED BY

WARNER

PHILADELPHIA

PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

PILLS.	Price per 100.	PILLS.	Price per 103,
ALOES-U. S. P.,	. 8 40	FERRI CARB. (Vallet's.)	\$ 40
ALOFS et ASSAF, $ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Pv. Aloes Soc.} \ 1^{1}_{5} \ \text{gr.} \\ \text{Assafortida,} & 1^{1}_{5} \ \text{u} \\ \text{Pv. Saponis,} & 1^{1}_{5} \ \text{u} \end{array} \right\} , \dots, $	40	GAMBOGE COMP. Pv. Gamboge, "Aloes Soc., "Zingib. "Suponis,	40
ALOES et FERRI. Pv. Aloes Soc. 3/8 gr. Zingib Jam. 1 Ferri. Sul. Exs., 1 Ext. Conii.	40	GENTIAN COMP. (Ext. Gentian, % gr. Pv. Soc. Aloes, 2 gr Ol. Carul, 1-5 gr.)	40
ALOES et NUC, VOMICA. {Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.} {Ext. Nuc. Vom., ½ "}	. 50	Soc. Aloes, Ferri, Sul. Exs., Ext. Helleb. N. HOOPER, Pv. Myrrh.	40
ALOES et MASTICH. (Lady Webster.) (Pv. Soc. Aloes. "Gum Mastlch. "Flor. Rosa.	. 50	Saponis, Canella. ZingibJam,	
ALTERATIVE.		HYDRARGYRI-3 grs	40
Mass, Hydrarg., 1 gr. Pv. Opli., 1 pecae, 22 1-8 gr.	. 50	IPECAC et OPII., -2½ grs	50
ANDERSON SCOTS Pv. Soc. Aloes, Saponis, Fruet. Colocynth, Gambage,	. 40	(Strychnia, 1-i0 gr.) PODOPHYL et HYDRARG. (Podophyllin, 1, gr.) (Mass, Hydrarg., 2 grs.) GRANULES.	50
Ol-Anisi, ASSAFŒTIDA, U. S. P.,	40	AC. Arsenious, 1-20, 1-30, 1-50 grs	
ASSAFŒTIDA, COMP.	1	CORPOSIVE SUBLIMATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-40 grs	40
(Assaftetida, 2 gr.	. 40	EXT. Belladonna, Eng. 1/2 gr.	40
(Ferri. Sulph. Exs. 1 gr.)	- 60	" Ignatia Am., ¼ gr.	50
CALOMEL,-3 grs	- 60	" Hyoscyamus, (Eng.) 3/2 gr	40
CAMPHOR et HYOSCYAMUS, (Camphor, 1 gr.		" Nuc. Vom. 1/4 gr	50
Ext. Hyoscyamus. (Eng.) 1 gr.	. 50	LEPTANDRIN, % gr	40
CHINOIDIN,-1 gr	. 60	MERCURY, Iod., 1/2 gr	40
COOKS,		4 Red, 1-16 gr	40
Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 CT.		PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr	40
Calomel, 34 " Comment	. 50	" Mgr	40
Pv. Saponis, 17 "	1	STRYCHNIA, 1-16, 1-20, 1-30, 1-32, 1-40, 1-60, gr	46

Mr. W. B. WARNER, Pharmacoutical Chemist, Philadelphia.

My Dran Sir, "Four have submitted for my inspection various ramples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the surest guaranty of their excellence.

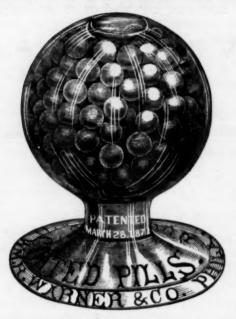
Yours, very respectfully.

JOHN M. MAISCH, U. S. Army Laboratory.

John St. (Now Professor in Phila. College of Pharmacy.)

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

WARNER'S PHE GLOBE AND SAMPLE BOTTLE.



These Globes are intended for distribution among our customers. They are filled with samples of SUGAR-COATED PILLS, manufactured only by Wm. R. WARNER & Co., and are suseful as ornamental paper weights, &c.

Special Orders for Pills.

We invite your orders for special recipes. Any favorite Prescription for Pills, you may use in quantity, we will be pleased to make and sugar-coat in our best style. Adhering strictly to formula and keeping same confidential if desired.

As it is impracticable to coat less than 3000 Pills, we cannot accept orders for smaller number.

To fill your orders requires from a week to ten days, except in rare cases.



PHYSICIANS' SUPPLIES

A SPECIALTY.

TO PHYSICIANS.

We would call your attention to the annexed pages, embracing special preparations designed to meet your wants. We furnish, in addition to these, a full line of pure drugs and chemicals, and we beg to state that the products of our laboratory are endorsed by the leading medical journals and the profession throughout the country.

Your orders are invited direct, or should it please you to purchase through other houses you will mention the name—WARNER & Co.

OFFICINAL AND OTHER SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

IN GREAT PARIETY.

This department receives our personal attention. The solubility of SUGAR-COATED PILLS is an indispensable quality, and a matter of so much importance as to command your favor. An experience of sixteen years, has enabled us to achieve a perfection otherwise unattainable, and we are free to claim that they have no equal.

Being extensively engaged in the Wholesale Drug Business, and in the manufacture of standard officinal Preparations and New Remedies, we are enabled to supply Physicians' orders with all articles of the purest quality at the lowest prices.

A discount will be made to Physicians on all orders for pills amounting to \$10 net. Less quantities will be sent by mail or express, prepaid, on receipt of catalogue price. Please specify our make, W. & Co., when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere.

FLUID EXTRACTS.

Prepared in accordance with the U. S. Pharmacoponia, from materials of the first quality.

[EACH FLUID OUNCE REPRESENTS ONE TROY OUNCE.]

The labels give formulas for making all the preparations, with doses, and medical properties.

ELIXIRS AND NEW REMEDIES.

Elixirs constitute a class of remedies much esteemed by physicians, when they are so prepared as to be reliable and efficient, and we confine our list to those combinations which are compatible and which are the most desirable in this form. Such "New Remedies" as would seem to have the greatest plausibility as to their excellence may, at all times, be obtained of our house. We would call attention to the compounds under the head of "Lactophosphates," and those containing Phosphorus its elementary state; also the Pil Iodoform et Ferri et Quinia, and Pil Iodoform et Ferri Carb., the latter may be used in all cases where Iodoform et Ferri has been found to disagree with the patient

Thanking you for your influence and patronage, we are,

Yours, respectfully,

WM. R. WARNER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia.

PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

Awarded WM. R. WARNER & Co., for the superiority of their Officinal Sugar-Coated Pills.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those official in the U. S. Pharmacopoia, are furnished when requested.

PIL: PHOSPHORUS COMP:—WARNER & CO.

Phosphorus, one-hundredth grain.—Ext: Nnx Vomica, ene-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to them. Such as

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power, Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine, etc., in solution.

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.—Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Feb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI.-WARNER & CO.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

ECROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses,

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief e-tract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

"Internally I gave quinino and iron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become sluggish. I tried a number of alteratives, so indide of pota-sium and lime. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an article in the Medical and Sergical Reporter, on "Indicator and Iron." I at once concluded to give this remedy a fair trial. I discontinue tall other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three times a day, wannyactured by W.R. Warner & Co. of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid innerovement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and more abundant and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a exhips of the discass is to be seen. The patient is esjoning perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have itstend two other cases one of them each four years standing with the

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel convinced of the efficacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price.

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL, M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery' in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science, in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one, and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undestables." Medical

and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."-Medical

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. BELL seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—

Appleton's Journal.

"This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."-The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal-not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

n

101

n-

ed

als

on-

hed

a in

the

had ave

the

ee.

edge and science."—Christian Standard.
"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."— Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health." The National.

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents.

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt of the price affixed to each:

THE SAN	ITARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$5)	
		Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5)	
**	**	LONDON LANCET (\$5) 6 60	
**	**	THE GALAXY (\$4)	
**	**	New York MEDICAL IOURNAL (\$4) 5 75	
	**	New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75	
**		THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (\$1) 5 25	
**	**	Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3). 5 25	
**	**	PRAITHWAITE'S PETROSPECT (40 - 10)	

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN,"

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers,

111 & 113 William Street, New York, AD 2

FOUGERA'S



COD LIVER OIL

Since the introduction of this Oil in 1858, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debility, Consumption, Scrofula, Rickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, atimulant and alterative properties of Jodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapeutically five times as efficacious as pure Cod Liver Oil.

Through its increased curative action, FOUGERA'S COD LIVER OIL will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Ced Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

MUSTARD PLASTERS.

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change—Clean and Economical.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandage.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each.

Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which contains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of eight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each sunce.

NUTBITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA. Each onnee represents fully thirty grains of the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIB OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate-of iron per ounce.

NUTRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and borne by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere,

F. UGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the soothing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

he

be

the h a

ch.

AT.

vith

n of

s of

ight

and

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH.

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, stimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron.

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

FOR ASTHMA

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief.

... All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Lancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. Tonic, Stimulating and Resolvent. Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Anemia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS,

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's Pills of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmacer.cists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverized iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver scal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y. and the fac-simile of

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Parts.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480,) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debility of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it

is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres,

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding to about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is none the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analysed by Profs. Depaire and Jouret, of Brussels, whose signature is found on each pot.



SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Direction of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIES for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS



THRIVES SO WELL UPON THE FOOD YOU HAVE PREPARED THAT IT MUST BE VERY GOOD."-T. M. KENDALL, Medical Attendant, Sandringbam.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE" AND IS THE BEST KIND OF LIEBIG'S FOOD.—Dr. BARKER, on Right Foots for Infonts.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."—Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in FLESH-FORMING and BONE-FORMING substances, this Food perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nourishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husks of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhose, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., New Bond Street, London.

Bold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America

ESTABLISHED 1857.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

E CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use

ALL STANDARD PHARMACRUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Ph journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ, and CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARATION.

As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which the original proprietors and present owners are in nowise responsible, please observe the signatures of our MANUPACTURING CHEMIST, which is THE PUTLER WILL BE WRITTEN ACROSS EVERY LABEL, and is OUR GUARANTER for its efficacy and parity.

The following testimonials, were voluntarily tendered to the Louisville Chemical Works while under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufactured at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the best

at the Louisville Chemical Works, and nave no nessature.

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we believe them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of Berlin, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, of Edimburgh. The tests, viz., Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Bichromats of Polash, Nitrate of Silver, and Soubevan's Test furnish precisely the same result, proving that there is really no difference in their purity.

Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and purity. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their merit demands.

CHAS. A. POPE, M. D.

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practice, I have no healtafton is recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indications described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used.

E. S. FRAZER, M. D.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville.

I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to your excellent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopeeia. I rende not be induced to use any ether chieroform for industion than yours, or that prepared by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hofman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluid Extracts, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL.

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hofman's Anadyse, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come up to my desires than ally articles of the kind over used by myself.

JNO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

I feel that I am doing a favor to the profession and general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, sensitific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacopeia.

Very truly,

LEWIS ROGERS M. D.

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopaia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the must approved formula, when each fint referents sixteen Troy owners of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ignore the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown strength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for us to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revisers of the Pharmaceparia) and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude material itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label embodies formulas for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-list furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. The formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRENCE SMITH. It is regarded throughout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time safe. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Prost.) It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished oculists in Europe, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Prajessor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

ile

be in, ts,

to I I by of

ari

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest care and put up in sealed packages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first page) that the contents are of the best character, and will stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Anodyne. Per lb. \$2.50.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manufacturers. It is a handsome and palatable article, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchill, of Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of lime two and a half grains, soda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three fourths of a grain. Per dox. lbs. \$5.00.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, marasmus, nervous debility, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of lime, with small amounts of other phosphates. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an efficient and agreeable form for administering the bark. The tonic and anti-intermittent properties of the cinchona barks are well established, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bitterness. This has been overcome to a great extent in the Elixir Calisaya, which, representing twelve grains of calisaya bark in the fluid ounce, is so combined with other ingredients as to make it an agreeable cordial acceptable to the most delicate stomach. To persons suffering from dyspepsis, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove-invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmless, preventives for fever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per doz. pints, \$9,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remedial properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrophosphate of iron, in each tea-spoonful combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chalybeate taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA.

This valuable tonc and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and one one-bundredth grain strychnia, with sufficient aromatics to free it from the chalybeate tusts common in similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recommend it to both physician and consumer. To persons suffering from nervous prostration, symptoms of paralysis, anemic arising from diseases peculiar to females, or general debility from any cause whatever, it will commend itself as a general therapeutic agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chill is broken. Per dos. pints, \$0.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stomach.

It is valuable in cases of anæmia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially so when such cases are complicated with dyapepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, or chronic diarrhea. Per dox, pists, \$5,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonia citrate bismuth, and one one-bundredth grain strychnise with aromatics.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anamia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, diarrhea, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable therapeutic agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermittent attacks when once broken. Per doz. pints, \$9 oo.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepsia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debility.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychnine, one grain ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics. Per doc. pints, \$15,00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bark and eight grains citrate of iron.

It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per doz. pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chlorotic and anæmic states, used in morbid conditions of the nervous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of strumous children threatened with scrotilous degeneration, and ultimately with localized tuber-cular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate supulia, and one thirty-second grain phosphate strychnia to the drachm (tea-spoonful) of syrup. Fer doz. lbs. \$15.00.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is too often the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is injurious not

outen the case, from fraudurent administ on water to decrease its price. Water is injurious for cally as a dilutent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by us more than two years ago, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spts. Nit. Dulcs contains five per cent. of pure ether. Per lb. in 5 lb. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL.

Physicians and druggists falling to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on notifying us of the fact.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

Silver Medal awarded by Ohio Mechanics' Institute, 1860.

Large Silver Medal a warded by Cin. Industrial Exposition, 1870,

FIRST PREMIUM awar ed by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1872, FOR BEST GLYCERIN.

FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1873,

FOR BEST GLYCERIN.
Special Premium awarded for Sugar Coated Pills.

All the above Premiums were awarded for superiority of my articles over those of other competitors.

W. J. M. GORDON. MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

LABORATORIES:

Eggleston Ave., Culvert and Fifth Streets, and Branch Street. OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

142 WALNUT ST., CINCINNATI.

I solicit special attention to the following articles. I offer every advantage to

purchasers that can be obtained of any MANUFACTURER in this country.

Glycerin and Chemicals of all kinds; Medicinal Fluid and Solid Extracts;
Resinoids and Oleo-Resins; Packed Herbs, Roots and Barks; Pure Powdered
Drugs; Ground Drugs of all degrees of fineness for percolation or other use;
Sugar Coated Pills and Granules, Plasters, Ointments, Cerates, Syrups, Tinctures, Wines and Pharmaceutical Preparations generally.

no A liberal discount made according to amount purchased.

SUGAR COATED PILLS

Of the U. S. Pharmacoposia and from Receipts of Eminent Physicians. We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities of SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the best materials, and perfectly reliable.

	ech.	bettle of 500 each	for the sth- sess ams ling ling ling ling ling ling ling ling
CTD, ARSENIOUS, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr	*40 76	\$1.75 3.50	and By
GUE, Chinoidia, 2 gra. Ext. Col. Co. 3 " Of Pip Nig. Ferri, Sulph. 3 "	78	3 50	untry assed. assed. assed. inke Pill ind my ind my elegane nannfa an thre ties for
LOES, U. S. P. Pulv. Aloes Socot., 2 grs. Saponis, 2 grs.	40	1 75	or control of the con
" COMP., Aloes Secot., 2-3 gr., Aloes Secot., 2-3 gr., Pulv. Rhel, 11-3 gr., Ol. Carui, 1-5 gr.	50	¥ 25	of Suga not be nabled nabled recoldit where lisenve ability a not to th or to th or to th
" et ASSAF., {Pulv. Aloes Socot., 11-8 grs. Assafætida, " " " " Pulv. Saponia, " " "	40	1 75	cture house y can l'ame id spl ating. the pi ng soli n give lots o
" et FERRI, { " Aloes Socot., 1-2 gr. } " Zingib, Jam., 1 gr. } Ferri Sulph. Exsic., 1 gr. } Ext. Conii, 1-2 gr. }	40	1 75	nanufa by no by no inery, size an size an e) in co od, and, ensurh ills, in
" et MASTICH, (Lady Webster's Dinner Pilis,) 3 grs. { Pr. Al. Socot., 1 1-2 gr.} Gum Mastich., 1-4 gr.} Flor. Rosæ. 1-4 gr.}	50	2 25	and range and ra
LOES, et MYRRH (Pulv. Aloes Socot., 2 grs.) U. S. Pi (Myrrhs., 1 1-2 ")	50	2 25	ties for the state of the state
" et NUX VOMICA, { Pulv. Aloes Soc: 11/2 grs. }	50	2 25	achillians and achill
LTERATIVE, (Mass. Hydrargyri, 1 gr.) Pulv. Opii, 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr.	80	2 %	My farming and of pure second of pur

I make this liberal

A complete Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application. Pills sent by Mail in quantities not over 12 ounces. As the purchaser may select, at List Price, amounting to \$15.00 I make this liber offer as an inducement for those who have not used my articles to give them a trial.

Bottles of 100	500	
AMMON. BROMID, 1 gr	3 50	2
AMMON VALERIANATE, 1 gr	7 25	3
Pulv. Aloes Socot., 1 gr		2
ANDERSON'S SCOTS, Sapon, Hispan., 1-8 gr Fruct. Colocyn., 1-2 gr 40	i 75	2
Gambogiæ, 1.4gr	× 10	
ANTI-BILIOUS, Pulv. Ext. Coloc. C. 21-2 grs.)		M. Children
(Vegetable) Podophyllin, 14 gr 60	2 75	*
(Strychnie, 1-40 or)		3
Ext. Belladonne, 1-10		3
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Pulv. Iperac. "1 00	4 75	0
Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 "		5
Chinoidine, 1 gr.		- TAY
ANTI-CHILL, Ol. Piper Nig. 1 gr	8 75	30
Arsenio, 1-20 gr.	100	20
		-
A WTT PDII PDTIC Valerianate Quinine, 1 "	29 75	3
	40 10	3
		1
Ferri Sul Exs., 1-4 "		2
	11 00	2 -
Gelsemin. 1-4 "		3 (1)
Delegated the		2 6
ANTIMONII COMP. (Calomel		3 0
mdl Comp.) Guaiacum Regin 40	1 75	0 0
	1, 50	3 0
Calomel, as, 1 gr. f	4 75	3
Cinchonæ Sulph., 1 gr. Ferri Sulph. Exsic., 1 "		H . 3
ANTIPERIODIC, Ext. Quassim, 1-2 1 1 00	4 75	0 8
" Rhei., 1-4 "	# 10	2 H
Pulv. Myrrhæ, 2-3 "		N H
PERIENT Ext. Nux. Vomica, 1-3 gr. Hyoscyam., 1-2 "} 90		2 1
" Color Comp "9 "	4 25	9 N
4 Page 1-1-1-1 " Aloe, Secot., 1 1-4 "	2 75	= 701
Drysdale's 14 Ipecae., 5-12 4 60		2 01
(Ext color Co 1/m)		3 40
MILD Pulv. Rhei, 2 2	1	~ TH
Ol. Cari. 1-6 " 50	2 25	HH
APOCYNUM, 2 gra	3 25	S HP
ASAFŒTIDA, U. S. P 40	1 75	2 0 P
Z gre	1 75	4 H.1
Ferri Sulph. Ex. 1 4 7 40	1 75	3 .H
(Asafætida, 1 gr.)		D Of
et KHEL < Puly Rhel. 1 " C 7"	3 50	Z HH
	0.00	S FI
Ext. Col. Comp., 1 gr.	3 50	7 14
	9 50	> H
Hyd'g, Cblor, Mit., 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	8 50	2
BELLADONNA EXT. (Eng.) 3/2 gr 40	1 75	3 4
	1 75	4 7
1 gr	2 75	a ()
3ISMUTH, SUB. CARB., 3 grs	3 50	5 7
3ISMUTH, SUB. CARB., 3 grs		~ U
VOMICA, I EXT. NOV. VORDUG LC 14 C	25	2
and NUX VOM.	7 25	2 0
and NUX VOM. Est. Nux Vom., Ext. Nux Vom., Bismuth Sub-Carb., grs. 1 50 and IGNATIA Ext. Ignatia Amara, AFFEIN CITRAT., 1 gr	D. C.	5 H
	7 25	2 2 1
	22 25	PE
** 5 grs	1 75	20 rk
" COMP., (Calomel,	-	03()
(Plummer's) { Oxysulph. Antimony, } 40	1 75	0 1
3 gra Quoison Pesis		
3 grs. (Guniacum Regin		Jh.
et IPECAC. Pow'd. Ipecac. Comp., 3 1-3 " 50	2 25	3 70
et IPECAC Carolines,	2 25	S C

W. J.	M.	Gordon's	Price	List	of .	Suga
				Bottles	of 100	500
CALOMEL et OPII	Calome Opium, Calome		1. 9 or	1	00	4 75
CALOMEL et BHEI	Ext. Ri	loe. Co.,	1-3 gr. 1-2 '' 1-2 ''		75	3 50
CAMPHOR et HYON	Gum				50	2 25
CAMPHOR COMP. 8 grs. CANNABIS INDICA CATHARTIC COMP. U. S. P.	Powd.	mphor, Kino,	1 gr. }	*****	90	4 25
CANNABIS INDICA	Ext, C	psicum,	1-16 ")	*******	60	2 75
CATHARTIC COMP.	SExt.	Coloc. Com Jalapæ,	p., 1% gr	}	60	2 75
U. S. P.	Pulv.	Gambogia coloc. Simp	e, 2-9 "			
" (Vegetable)	Puly.	hillin, Res. Scam	1-3 "	****	60	2 75
	46	Alnes Soco Cardamom Caponia,	i, 1-9 " 1-3 "	****		
100		oloc. Com	p. 1 gr	·		
CATHARTIC COMP. U. S. P., (Improved).	I E amount		59	****	60	2 75
U. S. P., (Improved). 3 grs.	Ol. Me	entianæ,	12 11	****		
CAULOPHYLIN, 1-10 CERRI OXALAS, 1 g	gr		***********	1	40 00	1 75 4 75
CHAPMAN'S DINNE	R PILL	s, Pulv.	Aloes Soc Rhei Opt.	;}-	60	2 75
46 2 gra			dastien,		40	1 75
	Chinoi Ferri S	din, odph. Exs esiu, Pip.1	2 grs.) e., 1 gr.	1	00	4 75
CHIRETTA, EXT., 3 CIMICIFUGEN, 1-10 CINCHONA SULPH. CINCHONIDIA SUL	(Oleo-r	esiu, Pip.1	N. 1/2 gr.)	1	50 40	7 25 1 75
CINCHONA SULPH.	ATE, 3	(rs	**********	1	00 50	1 75 4 75 2 25
"	rn., /2	***************************************	***********	********	70	3 40
66		44			35	6 25 9 50
Rea	Scamm	ony Pure,	l gr.		00	9 00
Pul	v. Aloe	Socot.,	11/4 "	****		4.00
COCCIAPot	Colocy ass. Sulp Caryoph	h.,	1 gr.		90	4 25
CODIA, 1-16 gr	**********		ract Colo	3	05	15 00
COLOCYNTH et CI	Poly Py	t Colon (Jomn 9		80	3 75
COLOCYNTHIDIS COCOCOCYNTH et (HYDBARG et IPECAC, COLOCYNTH et (EHYOSCYAMUS)	il Hidra	rg		gre.	75	3 50
(Pul	r. Aloes	Soc., 1 gr.	1		75	3 50
COOK'S, 3 grs. Calc	mel,	1/2 gr.			50	2 25
(Pil.	Copaibs	D)		50	2 25
" Comp., For	ri Cit	IC			80	3 75
" et Ext. Cube	bm, Pi	I. Coparbee	whohen 1	gr.}	80	8 75
" et Ext. Cube CORROSIVE SUBLII DIGITALIN, 1-60 gr	MATE,	-12, 1-20, 1	-30 and 1-	e grs.	40 75	1 75 3 50
DIGITALIS COMP.,	Pulv.	Digital. E. Scillæ,	ng., 1 gr.	}	50	2 25
(Sapo F	(Futam	Dulw 0 m		,		
(OL DHE	cae Juni	p. laro	p.)	*******	80	2 25
DUPUYTREN, Pull Hyd	lg. Chlor v. Opri,	Corres.,	3 grs. 1-10 gr. 3 gr.	********	50	2 25

processing the process of the second of the

From the Lancet and Observer, Cincinnati :-

"Practical Chemistry, so far as the preparation of standard drugs is implied, is being carried to a very high state of perfection for manufacturing Chemicals. Mr. Gordon makes vast quantities of Glycerin, and to show the great change which is going on in many of these matters, we simply remark that Mr. Gordon pays over \$....... year to one house in this city for refuse material for the we also found attractive processes under full headway for the manufacture of Bromide of Potash, Hyd. Chloral and other Chemicals in particular demand. Physicians and Druggists from the country may find it worth while to look through this Laboratory and see what this city. For example, we recently visited the Laboratory of W. J. M. Gordon, and studied all its various arrangements and plans manufacture of Glycerin, which formerly went out into the city sewers. So much for utilizing the waste products. In this Laboratory is doing. The proprietor will gladly make them welcome, and explain the details of his work.

ELATERIUM (Clutterbuck's), F-10 gr. 100 4.75 EMMENAGOGUE, Alos Socol. Pulv. 25 1.75 (Mutter) 15 gr. 40 1.75 (Mutter) 17 gr. 18 18 gr. 19 gr. (Mutter) 18 gr. 18 gr. 19 gr. EMMENAGOGUE, Ferri Sul. 18 gr. 140 6.75 Fergione. 18 gr. 18 gr. 18 gr. Alos. 18 gr. 18 gr. 18 gr. FEL., BOVINUM, Sabina, 2 gra. 50 2 25 (Mutter) 18 gr. 18 gr. 19 gr. 19 gr. FERRI (Quievenne's), 1 gr. 50 2 25 (Mutter) 18 gr. 75 3 50 (Mutter) 18 gr. 76 3 50 (Mutter) 18		Bottles o	f 100	500	
EMMENAGGGUE, (Mutter)	ELATERIUM (Club	tanhandlet #10 en 1		4 75	
EMMENAGOGUE, Err. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr. Ext. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr.			-		
EMMENAGOGUE, Err. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr. Ext. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr.	EMMENAGOGUE,	Aloe Socot, Puly., 32 "	40	1 75	
Ferri Sul.	(Atutter)	Terebinth Alb., 132 "			
Ferri Sul.		Ergotine, 1 gr. 1			
Ferri Sul.		Ext. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr.			
FEL., BOVINUM, Powd. Jam. Ginger, 1 gr. 50 2 25 FERRI (Quevenne's), 1 gr. 50 2 25 "CARB. (Vallett's), U.S. P., 5 grs. 40 1 76 "CITRATE 2 grs. 50 2 25 "COMP., U.S. P., 5 grs. 40 1 75 "ERRI FERROCYANID., 3 grs. 50 2 25 "LACTAT., 1 gr. 50 2 25 "LACTAT., 1 gr. 50 2 25 "PROPHOSPHATE 1 gr. 40 1 75 "SULPH. EXSICCAT., 2 grs. 40 1 75 "VALER, 1 gr. 10 4 75 "ERRI ET QUAS. Fer. per Hydrogen, 1½ grs. 10 4 75 "ERRI ET QUINLÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 2 50 "ET STRYCHNIÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 2 50 "ET STRYCHNIÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 3 50 GALBANIA COMP., U.S. P., Polly. Myrrh., 1.2 2 75 GENTIAN OOMP., U.S. P., Polly. Myrrh., 1.2 2 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 HEPATICA, Ext. Colorynth Comp., 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	EMMENAGOGUE,		40	6 70	
FEL., BOVINUM, Powd. Jam. Ginger, 1 gr. 50 2 25 FERRI (Quevenne's), 1 gr. 50 2 25 "CARB. (Vallett's), U.S. P., 5 grs. 40 1 76 "CITRATE 2 grs. 50 2 25 "COMP., U.S. P., 5 grs. 40 1 75 "ERRI FERROCYANID., 3 grs. 50 2 25 "LACTAT., 1 gr. 50 2 25 "LACTAT., 1 gr. 50 2 25 "PROPHOSPHATE 1 gr. 40 1 75 "SULPH. EXSICCAT., 2 grs. 40 1 75 "VALER, 1 gr. 10 4 75 "ERRI ET QUAS. Fer. per Hydrogen, 1½ grs. 10 4 75 "ERRI ET QUINLÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 2 50 "ET STRYCHNIÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 2 50 "ET STRYCHNIÆ CIT., 1 gr. 75 3 50 GALBANIA COMP., U.S. P., Polly. Myrrh., 1.2 2 75 GENTIAN OOMP., U.S. P., Polly. Myrrh., 1.2 2 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 10 8 1 75 HEPATICA, Ext. Colorynth Comp., 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Ferri Sul. 1 gr.			
CARB. (Vallett's), U.S. P., 3 grs		Or. Sabina, %gr.)		1	
CARB. (Vallett's), U.S. P., 3 grs	FEL., BOVINUM,	Powd Jam Ginger Lor Land	80	2 25	
" IODID. I K	FERRI (Quievenne's	a) 1 ar	50	2 25	
" IODID. I K	50 65	2 gra.			
" IODID. I K	" CARB. (Val	lett's), U. S. P., 3 grs		I 75	
" IODID. I K	" CITRATE,	gra			
" IODID. I K	" COMP., U.	S. P.,			
LACTA1. gr. 50 2 20					
" SVLPH EXSICCAT. 2 grs	100000.18	F		3 00	
FERRI ET QU'AS	" LACTAT., I	EF terrimerations			
FERRI ET QU'AS	PYROPHOS	PHAIE, I gr		1. 70	4
FERRI ET QUAS	SULPH. E.	ASICCAT., 2 grs			
FERRI ET QUINLE CIT., 1 gr	VALER, I	KF		# 10	
FERRI ET QUINLE CIT., 1 gr	CENTRE DE CHAS	Fer per Hydrogen, 1% grs.			3
FERRI ET QUINLE CIT., 1 gr	FERRI ET QUAS.	Ext. Quassia, 1 gr.	75	3.50	
FERRI ET QUINLE CIT., 1 gr	et Nuc. vom.	Duly Salar vom., gr.			-
Assafetida, 11-2 "		[ruiv. saponis, % gr.]			
Assafedida, 11-2 "	FERRI ET QUINL	E CIT., 1 gr	6.00		
Assafedida, 11-2 "	46 41	2 grs	40	6 75	
Assafedida, 11-2 "		(Strychnia, 1-60 gr.)	-		
Assafedida, 11-2 "	" EL SIELC	HNLÆ, Fer. per Hydrog.	75	9 00	
Assafedida, 11-2 "		(Quevennes), 2 grs.)			
Assafedida, 11-2 "	" et STRYCH	NIE CIT. Stryen. Cit. 1-00 gr.	75	3 50	9
Assafedida, 11-2 "		Calbarian 11 gr.			
Assafedida, 11-2 "	CALBANTA COMP.	TO D Date Mount 11-2gr.	80	9.95	
GAMBOGLE COMP. Pulv. Gambogles Aloe Socot Aloe Soc	GALDANIA COMT.	Acceptation 110 "	90	M 200	
## Zingrib. Jarn. ## Saponis, Ext. Gentien, 2-3 grs. ## Aloos Socot 2-3 ** Pulv. Lobebse, ## Buls. Copathes Solid, 1 ** Pulv. Cubebse, ## Buls. Copathes Solid, 1 ** Perri Suiph. Exale., 1-2 ** ## GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr		(Puly Gambooise		- 4	
## Zingrib. Jarn. ## Saponis, Ext. Gentien, 2-3 grs. ## Aloos Socot 2-3 ** Pulv. Lobebse, ## Buls. Copathes Solid, 1 ** Pulv. Cubebse, ## Buls. Copathes Solid, 1 ** Perri Suiph. Exale., 1-2 ** ## GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr		11 Aloe Socot.			- 1
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo	GAMBOGLÆ COMP	1 2 Zingih Jam	40	1 75	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo		ss Saponis.			
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo		(Ext. Gentien, 2-3 grs.)		1	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo	GRAMMAN GOMB	Aloes Socot 2-8 "	86	2.06	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo	GENTIAN COMP.,	Pulv. Rhei, 11-3 "	00	# 20	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo		[Ul. Carul, 1-5 44]		- 1	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo		[Pulv. Cubeha, 2 grs.]			
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo	GONORRHOEÆ	Bals. Copaibe Solid, 1 "	60	2 75	
GELSEMIN, 1-16 gr. 40 1 75 1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, {Fil. Hydrarg, 1 (Nos Scoot, Ferri Sulph. Exsio., Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 2 1-2 grs. 2 logology am, 1 1 2 logology am, 2 lo	ao. O.	Ferri Suiph. Exsic., 1-2 "	-	- 1-	6
1-8 gr. 50 2 25 HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, { Ext. Colocynth Comp., 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			40	1 90	- '
HELONIN, 1-10 gr. 50 2 25 HEPATICA, Pil. Hydrarg, 3 gra Hiyoscyami, 1 '' Hyoscyami, 1 '' Hooper (Female Ext. Hellebor, Perri Sulph. Exsic., Ext. Hellebor, Perri Sulph. Exsic., Ext. Hellebor, Pulv. Myrrh., 40 1 75 Canelise, Zingib. Jam. 40 1 75 Gyrs Canelise, Zingib. Jam. 40 1 75 Hydrarg, I, U.S. P., 3 grs. 40 1 75 Gyrs Gyrs 50 2 25 Hydrarg, I, 1 1-2 '' 90 4 25 Hydrarg, I, 1 1-2 1-2 1-2 Hydrarg, I, 1 1-2 1-3 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 1 1-3 75 3 60 Hydrarg, I, 2 1-3 1-3 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 2 1-3 1-3 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 2 1-3 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 3 1-3 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 4 1-3 Hydrarg, I, 1	GELSEMIN, 1-10 g				
Aloes Socot. Ferri Sulph. Exsic. Ext. Hellebor, Ferri Sulph. Hellebor,	MELONIN 1-10 gr	*****************		9 95	
Aloes Socot. Ferri Sulph. Exsic. Ext. Hellebor, Ferri Sulph. Hellebor,	RELONIN, I-10 gr.	Indrawa 2 and 3	DU	4 40	- 13
Aloes Socot. Ferri Sulph. Exsic. Ext. Hellebor, Ferri Sulph. Hellebor,	HEPATICA Ext	Colocynth Comp 1 "	90 -	4.25	
HOOPER (Female Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 21-2 grs. Ext. Hellebor, Pullv. Myrrh., Washington, Washington	Harrison, July	Hymeyami 1 "	- 000		,
HOOPER (Female Ext. Hellebor, Pills), 21-2 grs. Ext. Hellebor, Pullv. Myrrh., Washington, Washington		(Alges Socot.			
HOOPER (Female Ext. Hellebor, Pulv. Myrrh., 40 1.75 Pulv. Pulv. Myrrh., 40 1.75 Pulv. Myrrh., 40 1.75 Saponis, 50 2.50 Comp		Ferri Sulph, Exsie			
Pills), 21-2 grs. Pulv. Myrrh., Saponis, Caneliae, Zingib. Jam. HYDRARGYRI, U.S. P., 3 grs. COMP	HOOPER (Female	Ext. Hellehor.			
HYDRARGYRI, U.S. P., 3 grs. 40 1 75 Gomp		Pulv. Myrrh.,	40	1 75	
"Canellae, "Zingib. Jam. 40 1 75 "Zingib. Jam. 40 1 75 "Zingib. Jam. 50 2 25 "Grs. 5 2 25 "COMP	Pilla), 2 1-2 grs.				
COMP		" Caneliæ,		1	
COMP		Zingib. Jam.			
" COMP	HYDRAEGYRI, U.				
" " 1-2 gr 50 2 00 1 175	- ogr		50	3 30	
" " 1-2 gr 50 2 00 1 175	u comb	(Stass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.)	-	4.00	
" " 1-2 gr 50 2 00 1 175	· COMP	Tuly Opil, 1-2 -	30	* 20	
" " 1-2 gr 50 2 00 1 175	HYDRARG TODED	E 1.4 or	40	1 96	
" RUB, 1-16 gr 40 1 75 " IOD. et OPII, " [Hyd] g. Iodid., 1 gr		1-9 op			
HYUSGYAMUS EXT. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. 40 1 75 IGNATIÆ AMARÆ EXT. 1-4 gr. 50 2 26 IPEGAC et OPII, Pulv. Dovert, U.S. P.) 3 1-3 grs. 50 2 25 IPEGAC et OPII, 5 grs. 65 3 90 IODOFORM., 1 gr. 1 60 7 75 "et PERRI, { Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 00 9 75	45 94	RIIR. 1-16 or			
HYUSGYAMUS EXT. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. 40 1 75 IGNATIÆ AMARÆ EXT. 1-4 gr. 50 2 26 IPEGAC et OPII, Pulv. Dovert, U.S. P.) 3 1-3 grs. 50 2 25 IPEGAC et OPII, 5 grs. 65 3 90 IODOFORM., 1 gr. 1 60 7 75 "et PERRI, { Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 00 9 75	" IOD et O	PIL (Hyd g Iodid 1 gr)	-		
HYUSGYAMUS EXT. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. 40 1 75 IGNATIÆ AMARÆ EXT. 1-4 gr. 50 2 26 IPEGAC et OPII, Pulv. Dovert, U.S. P.) 3 1-3 grs. 50 2 25 IPEGAC et OPII, 5 grs. 65 3 90 IODOFORM., 1 gr. 1 60 7 75 "et PERRI, { Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 00 9 75	(Ricord	(a) Puly, Opil. 1-3 " (75	3 50	
" et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 2 00 9 75	HYDRASTIN, 14 gr		95	4.50	
" et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 2 00 9 75	HYUSCYAMUS'EX	(T. (Eng.) 1-2 gr			
" et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 2 00 9 75	IGNATIÆ AMARA	E EXT., 1-4 gr	50		
" et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 2 00 9 75	IPECAU et OPII, (Pulv. Doveri, U. S. P.) 3 1-3 grs			
" et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 2 2 00 9 75	IPECAC et OPII, 5	CTS	65		
et FERRI, Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. 1 2 00 9 75	!ODOFORM., 1 gr:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 60	7 75	
IRISIN COMP. { Irisin. 1-4 gr. 1-10	ii at PERDI	Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr.	9 00	0.75	
IRISIN COMP. { Irisin, 1-4 gr.	or PERMI	lodoform, 1 "]	_ UU	0 10	
Strychaies, 1-40 " 50 2 26	International (Ir	isin, 1-4 gr.)	-		
(scryennie, 1-40 ")	IRIBIN COMP. PO	onophyllin, 1-10	50	3 20	
	(80	гуспине, 1-40 ")			

their actions, as they have invariably fulfilled the indications for which they are preacribed. I therefore take great pleasure and satis-"For the last five or six years I have made use of a considerable quantity of Glycerin manufactured by W. J. M. Gordon, of this city, for medicinal purposes, and I have no reason whatever for complaint, as it has in every instance answered the purpose admirably. I have likewise used in my practice the leading Eclectic preparations manufactured by him, as Resin of Mandrake or Podophyllin, Leptandrin, Iridin, Aletrin, Alcoholic Extracts of Black Cohosh, as well as several Fluid Extracts, and have been much pleased with faction in recommending Mr. Gordon to the Eclectic profession as one among our many excellent manufacturers whose preparations From Prof. John King, Editor American Belectic Dispensatory, King's American Practice, &c.:-

may be relied upon."

			Bottles u	100	84	0
LEPTAND. COMP.	Leptandrin, 1	{"}	1	00	4.7	5
LILL TRAILE COME	(Podophyllin,	2 " 5				
LEPTANDRIN, 1- 1-4 gr 1-2 gr	8 gr			10	17	
1-4 gr	**********************			50	2 2	
4 1 gr		*************		75	3 8	
LUPULIN, 3 grs	********************			10	1 7	5
MACROTIN. 1-10 g MAGNESIÆ et R MORPHIA ACET	T	************		10	1 7	
MAGNESIÆ et R	HEI, [1 gr. each]	*** *********		40	1 7	5
" SULPHAT	F 1.20 as		********	70 40	3 2	
66 66	E 1-20 gr	*************	*******	60		0
44. 44	1-6 gr	***************	********	80		5
46 - 66	1-8 gr	************		70	3 :	
" VATEDIAN	1-10 gr. 1-6 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-4 gr.	*******	1	00		76
" VALERIAN	(Morrh Salah	*************	Assessments	CU	4	15
MORPHIÆ COMI	(C.lomal	art., 1-4 "	}1	50	7 :	25
	Quinice Sulph., 5	grs.	-			-1
NEURALGIC	Quinice Sulph., S Morphia Sulph.,	1-20 **				
Prof. S. D. Gross	Strychnia,	1-30 ** >	3	00	14	10
1101, G. D. G1088	Acid Arsenious, Ext. Aconiti,	1-20 "				1
" [Gross],	without Morphia	1-4	3	00	14	75
1	H'wt Hypaggan	% gr.]				
	Conii,	19 11				
NEURALGIC,	" Ignat. Am.	2000				
IDIOPATH.	" Aconiti.	13 1	2	00	9	78
ADJULIA AL	" Aconiti, " Cannab. Ind.	12 "				1
						2
	" Belladonnæ,	雅"」				1
NUC. VOMICA E	XT. 1-4 or		********	40		75
14 1-si gr			********	40		75
OPII, U. S. P., 1 g	(Parls C		0001217-20	75	3	50
" et CAMF	HORÆ Camphor	en 2 ft	1	00	4	75
44 a4 A1 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	CPuly, Opin	1-4 gr)				
" et CAMPH. TANNIN	HORÆ { Pulv. Opi Camphore, Acid Tanne I { Pulv. Opi, Acid Tanne I { Pulv. Opi, Pulv. Opi, Pulv. Opi,	1	1	00	4	75
8.000 81.001	Acid Tannie	, 2 grs.				
OPII, et PLUMB	Pulv. Opii,	1-2 gr.	********	75	3	50
ACET.,	(Piumbi Acel.,	11-2 grs.)				
PHOSPHORUS, 1-	50 gr		1	00		75
1-1		***************************************		00	*	76
" COMP	Phosphoru Ext. Nux V	s, 1-100	gr. }1	25	6	00
DECARDITATION ((EX. NUX V	om , 1-4	,			1
PHOSPHORUS,	Phosphorus, Ferri Carb. (Vallet' Ext. Nux Yomica,	1-100 gr. }	1 1	75		50
VOMICA.	Est. Nux Yomica.	2/ 11 ("	1	10	0	30
PODOPHYLLIN	1-10 gr	14 3		40	1	75
H III	1-4 gr	*************		46		75
PODOPHYLLIN,	1-4 gr 1-2 gr	***************		50	2	25
- 44	1 gr,	***********	*******	75	3	50
PODOPHYLLIN	(Podophyllin,	1-2 gr	.)			1
COMP.,	Ext. Hyoseyan	ai, 1-8	>	75	3	BU
.,	(" Nuc. Von	n., 1-16 ")			
DOBODINE CDE	Podophyllin	1/2 gr)			1
PODOPHYLLIN Beliadonna	et Ext. Bellad. Ol. Res. Capsu	& gr		75	8	30
Denadonna	Sacchari Lact.	ci, agr				1
			. /			1
PODOPHYLLIN	Leptandrin.	1-16 gr.				
COMP.	Juglandin. 1	-16 44 }		76	3	50
(Eciectic.)	Macrotin,	1-32 "				
	Ol. Capsici,)				-
PODOPHYLLIN	et f Podophyllin,		1	00	2	75
HYOSCYAMUS	, Ext. Hyoscyar	nus, aa ½g	r. 5	90	-	***
" at HYDR	ARG. Podophylli Pil. Hydra	in, 1-4 g	r. }	50	2	25
31 12 1 DAL						TH
POTASS. BROMI	D., 1 gr		*********	75		50
u topin	5 grs		1	25		00
d DEBY	NO CDVam 1	**************		85		00
QUINÆ SULPH	1-2 gr	Er		95		25
ACTUAL DOUGH	B	***** **********	*** *********	40		75
68 66	A GT					
66 66 85 66	5 grs	******* *******	***********	75	13	50 75

From the Chicago Price Current and Chemical Repository:-Prof. B. D. Garrison, Editor.

importing Glycerin, much of which is very impure, when se perfect an article is produced by our neighbor, and offered at prices far Mr. Gordon, long noted as the leading manufacturer of Glycerin in this country, is producing a perfectly odorless, colorless, concentrated and absolutely chemically pure Glycerin, all of which he warrants, and we must say that the specimen shown us, which was taken from the common stock as it flowed from the still, fully corroborates his statement. We can not conceive any good reason for "A few weeks ago we had the pleasure of visiting the large manufacturing establishment of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati. below what an imported brand can be sold for of the same quality "

QUINLÆ VALERIANATE, 1-2 gr	of 100 .2 00 .3 50	9 75 17 25	
3 KTB (0100000)	4 00	19 50	
"COMP	1 75	8 50	
QUINIÆ et COLO- Quiniæ Sulph., 1 "			
CYNTH. COMP Piperine, 1-2 "	2 25	11 00	
QUINLE et EXT. BEL- (Quinie Sulph., 1 gr.)	1 75	8 50	
CARB. {Ferri Carb. [Vallet's], 2 grs.}	1 75	8 50	
ROCYAN., Gelsemin, 1-20 " Podophyllin, 1-20 "	2 25	11 00	
QUINIÆ et FERRI {Quin. Sulph., 1 gr }	1 75	8 50	
RI LACT. Ext. Ignati Amar. 3 16	.1 75	8 50	
STRYCH- Ferri Carb. (Vallet's), 2	1 75	8 50	
QUINIA et FERRI (Phos. Quiniæ, 1 gr.)	.1 75	8 50	
PHOS. ("Strych.1-60") QUINLE, IO- [Iodoform, 1 gr., 1 DOFORM & Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 2 "}	3 00 *	14 75	
IRON, Quinie Sulph., 1/2 " } Quinie, Valerianate, 1/2 gr. " et FERRIVALER, 2 gre.	.2 00	9 75	
et HY- Quiniæ Sulph., 1 gr.	3 50	17 25 8 50	
(Oleo-Resin, Pip. Nig., 1-4 ")	1 75	8 50	
et ZINCI. VALER. Strychnia, 1-60 " Quin. Valer. 1 gr. Zinci. Valer. 1 "	4 00	19 75	
RHEI, U.S. P., Pulv. Rhei, 3 grs.	75	3 50	
RHEI, COMP., U. S. P. Pulv. Rhei, 2 grs. 4 Aloes Socot, 13 grs. 4 Grs. 4 Myrrh, 0 Myrrh, 0 Menth Pip.,	75	3 50	
" et HYDRARG. {Pulv. Rhei. Mass. Hydrarg. Soda Carb. Ex. } 4 grs		4 75	
SANTONIN, 1 gr	.1 00	4 75	
Hyd. Chlor. Mit., % "	. 90	4 25	
SCILLÆ COMP., U. S. P., Gum Amoniae, 1 "	50	2 25	
SILVER NITBATE, 1-4 gr.	. 75	3 50	
SILVER NITRATE, 1-4 gr. STOMACHICÆ (Lady (Pulv. Aloes Socot., Webster's Dinner (Gum Mastich., Pilla), 3 grs.	. 50	2 25	
Webster's Dinner (Gum Mastion., Pills), 2 grs. Flor. Rose 67 RYCHNLE, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr 87 PHILITIC.	40	1 75	
SYPHILITIC Potass. Iodid., 21-2 grs.	1 00	4 75	
TART. EMETIC, 1-20, 1-10, 1-4 gr	. 40	1 75	
TRILLIN, 1-10 gr.	. 50	2 25	
TOTOL DY DU Wadana 1	. 75	3 50	
VERATRIA SULPHATE, 1-12 gr	. 50	2 25	
Comp. Cathartic, and all leading Pills furnish	40.00	4 75 the	
pound or 10 bulk. Pills will be made to order from special recipes, will be in tots of not less than 3,000 at one time. Any physical favorite recipe will find this a great saving of time,	on or	dered	
All recipes strictly confidential. Pills sent by mail			
safety.		1	

"For some time past our attention has been called to the Pure Inedorena Glycerin of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati, and having obtained a bottle of the same from parties who did not know our object, we have submitted Mr. Gordon's Glycerin to several tests, and are happy to state that his Glycerin is, in every particular what Mr. G. claims—a pure and inodorous article, which we heartily New York Druggists' Price Current, April 19, 1871: From

From Chicago Medical Times :-

recommend to the trade."

His Pure Glycerin we regard equal to any An immense made. He is now turning out very handsome Sugar Coated Pills, as well as many other Pharmaceutical preparations. "As a manufacturer of Glycerin, Gordon is known throughout the civilized world.

W. Jam. Gordon's ELIXIES AND SYRUPS.

	Pe	r Gall.	Per dos.
Elixi	r Beeberine and Iron	. 99 00	16 00
**	Beef, Wine and Iron	5 25	9 00
**	Bismuth	. 8 60	11 00
	Bismuth and Strychnia Bromide Ammonium	6 00	10 00
**	" Iron	9 50	15 00 18 00
**	" Potassium	8 50	12 00
**	" Sodium	9 50	15 00
**	" Quinine	. 13 - 60	22 00
50	Buchn	10.00	16 50
ex	Cardamon Comp	. 10 00	16 50
**	" and P riera Brava	8 50	12 00
	Cardamon Comp	. 8 80	14 40
	Cherry Bark Comp	6 00	10 00
	CulisayaFerrated	5 50	9 00
	" and Protovide Iron	60.3	10 00 7 50
**	Pyrophosphate	5 50	9 00
**	" Iron, Strychnia and Pensin	11 00	18 00
**	" Bark, Iron and Bismuth	5 00	10 00
14/19	Calisaya Bark, Iron and Strychnia	5 00	10 00
**	Calisya Bark Iron and Pepsin	11 25	18 00
**	" Quinine and Strychnia	15 00	24 00
**	Frotox Iron and Beel	5 20	9 00
			9 00
	i and Bismuth with Ext. Beef	9 00	12 00
	Iron & Bismuth with Ext. Beef and Pepsin and Strychnia	6 50	15 00 10 50
**	" Strychnia and Bismuth	7 00	12 00
**	Strychnia and Bismuth	6 50	10 50
**	with Ext Beef	7 00	12 00
75	" Pepsin and Bismuth	9 00	15 00
44	Citrate Caffein	19 00	30 00
**	Citrate Lithia	15 00	24 00
**	Cordial ferrated	6 00	10 00
**	Corydalis	4 25	8 00
**	Corydalis Comp Gentian and Chlo Iron with Ext Beef	4 25	8 00
	Contian Easterd	5 25	9 00
46.	Gentian Ferrated and Chioride Iron	5 25	8 00 9 00
**	and Pyr phos. Iron	5 50	8 00
80	Hops	4 25	8 00
Elixir	Helonias Comp	4 50	9 00
90	Iodide Iron	9 00	15 00
	Calcium	6 40	10 50
	Iron, Strychnia and Bismuth	7 00	12 00
**	Lecto Phos. Lime	8 40	14 00
**	and Iron	8 40	14 00 14 00
**	" and Pepsin	8 40	14 00
**	" " fron	8 40	14 00
111	Lobelia Comp	5 60	9 60
**	Lupnlin	6 50	10 50
**	Mandrake Comp	5 60	9 00
**	Matico Comp	7 00	12 00
	Pancreatine	9 00	15 00
	Pepsin	9 09	15 00
**	Bismuth and Struckula	10 00	16 00
**	and Biamuth	19 00	24 00 22 00
**	" 28 Rismuth Struchnia and Iron	14 00	24 00
**	"Iron and Bismuth	14 00	24 00
**	Pepsin Aromatic Biamuth and Strychnia and Bismuth Bismuth, Strychnia and Iron Iron and Bismuth	9 00	15 00
	and Pancreatine and Bismuth	11 20	18 00
7.5	" " Quinine	13 20	21 00
**	Stry Citie ine	3 00	15 90
	" ferrated	13 00	21 00
**	Strychnia and Pancreatine	13 00	21 00
	and Water seh	11 90	18 00
	and Wafer ash		9 00
**	Phosphorua	5 50	9 00
	Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.	14 00	24 00
	Phosphate Iron and Quining	9 00	15 00
60	Pink Root Comp	7 00	12 00
**	Phosphorus. Phosphorus. Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Strychnia. Phosphate Iron and Quinine. Plos Bost Comp. Protoxid Iron. Iod. Lime and Cinchona	5 50	9 00
-	" Iod. Lime and Cinchona	10 00	16 00
	with arsenic	10 00	16 00

PURE POWDERED DRUGS.

Physicians may rely on. "I also have a complete stock of Foreign and Indigenous Herbs, Roots and Barks, which I fur-I have constantly on hand a complete stock of PURE Powdered Drugs, powdered at my own Drug Mills, which nish crude, packed or ground. I am prepared to make very low prices to those who purchase large lots for manufacturing or other purposes.

Interpretable Front Protestium 6 00 10 00		Per	Gall.	Per dos.
Propylamine	lixir	Protoxide Iron with Iod Calcium	6 00	10 00
Pyrophosphate Iron	-	Potassium		
Pyrophosphate Iron	***	" and Quigine	7 00	12 00
Pyrophos, Iron, Quinine and Strychnia. 7 00 12 00 Pyrophos, Iron, Quinine and Strychnia. 5 00 9 00 Quinne, Iron and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00 Strychnia and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00 Bismuth and Strychnia. 15 00 24 00 Iron, S rychnia and Bismuth. 15 00 24 00 Iron, S rychnia and Bismuth. 15 00 24 00 Rhubarb and Columbo Comp. 6 00 10 00 and Fluid Magnesia. 6 00 11 40 Sarsaparilla Comp. 6 00 10 88 Squills. 8 80 14 40 Senna. 8 80 14 40 Senna. 7 00 12 00 Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia. 15 00 24 00 Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia. 15 00 24 00 Valerianais of Ammonia. 15 00 24 00 Valerianais of Ammonia. 8 00 12 00 Ammonia and Quinine. 14 00 24 00 Turce, Corn. 7 00 12 00 Strychnia. 5 00 24 00 Valerianais of Ammonia. 8 00 12 00 Strychnia. 5 00 20 00 Strychnia. 5 00 20 00 Strychnia. 5 00 20 00 Tura Ammonia and Morphia. 8 50 12 00 Strychnia. 5 00 8 00 Tup Alternitive. 5 00 8 00 Tup Alternitive. 5 00 8 00 Fup Alternitive. 7 00 12 00 Relianthus. 8 00 15 00 Grup Hersen. 8 00 15 00 Grup Hersen. 8 00 15 00 Grup Hersen. 8 00 15 00 Grup Lacto, Phos. Lime. 8 00 15 00 Sarsaparilla, S. P. 3 00 Squills. 3 00 7 50 Repophos. Lime and Soda. 50 90 Jubosa. 9 00 15 00 Relianthus. 9 00 Seroga. 5 00 Relianthus. 9 00 15				15 00
Quinne, Iron and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00	100	Pyrophosphate Iron		10.00
Quinne, Iron and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00	0.00	Pyrophos, Iron Quinine and Strychnie		
Quinne, Iron and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00	**	Pyrophos, Iron Quinine and Bark		9 00
Quinne, Iron and Arsenic. 7 00 12 00	***	" and Sode		9.00
Stryenoia and Arsenic				
Stillingia	-	Quintile, from and Arsenic	7 00	
Stillingia		Servenus and Arsenic	7.00	
Stillingia		and Iron	3 00	
Stillingia		Bismuth and Stryennia	15.00	24 00
Stillingia	**	" Iron, S rychnia and Bismuth	15 00	
Stillingia	**	Rhubarb and Columbo Comp	6 00	
Stillingia	**	and Fluid Magnesia	6 80	
Stillingia	**	Sarsaparilla Comp	6 40	
Stillingia	**	Senna "	5 60	9 60
Stillingia	**		8 80	14 40
Turkey Corn 4 7 00 12 00 Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia 15 00 24 00 Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia 15 00 24 00 Iron 70 12 00 Morphia 15 00 24 00 Quinine 20 08 08 00 Valerianate of Ammonia 8 00 12 00 Ammonia and Quinine 14 00 24 00 Ammonia and Quinine 8 50 12 00 Ammonia and Morphia 8 50 12 00 Strychnia 5 50 8 00 Thup Albumina e of Iron and Soda 6 00 9 00 Tap Alterative 7 00 12 00 Citrate Iron 6 00 9 00 Tand Quinine 7 00 12 00 Citrate Iron 6 00 9 00 Helianthus 7 00 12 00 Helianthus 7 00 12 00 Helianthus 8 00 12 00 Iron Alterative 7 00 12 00 Lime 7 00 12 00 Iod. Lime 7 00 12 00 Iod. Starch 8 00 12 00 Iron Manganese 4 00 Iron Manganese 5 10 10 00 Partridge Berry (Mother's Cordial) 3 45 6 85 RUP Lacto Phos. Lime 3 00 15 00 Pulmonary 3 45 6 85 Senegs 5 00 Stillingia Comp 3 00 Stillingia Comp 5 00 Stillingia Comp 5 00 Stillingia Comp 5 00 Stillingia Comp 5 00 Stillingi	-	Stillingia 44	7.00	12 00
Morphia	**	Turkey Corn "		
Morphia	KII.	Taraxacum Comp		
Morphia	100	Val Ammon, Iron, and Strucknie	40 AM	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda		" Iron	7 00	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	14	Morphia	15 00	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	-	Morpaia	10 00	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	-	Williame	23 (10)	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	**	Valerianate of Ammonia	8 00	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	50	Ammonia and Quinine	14 00	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	140	Ammonia and Morphia	8 50	
TRUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	861	" and Strychnia	13 00	
RUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	ix-	" Strychnia	5 50	
RUP Albumina e of Iron and Soda	**		5 50	8 00
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	TREET	P Albumina e of Iron and Soda		9 00
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	PALE.	Alternia		
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	E as fo	Chland Hades		0 80
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	rap	Charle Variations		
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##		Citrate fron		
Helianthus		and Quintine		
Helianthus	**	and Strychnia		12 00
Of Hypophosphies Comp.		Heilanthus		
Tod. Lime	100	of Hypophoaphues Comp		10 00
Lacto, Phos. Lime South South South Lime South South Lime	-	Ind. Lime	7.00	
Lacto, Phos. Lime South South South Lime South South Lime	**	Iod. Starch		
Lacto, Phos. Lime South South South Lime South South Lime	**	Tuecac		00
Manganese	-	Lacto, Phos. Lama		15.00
Manganese	**	" " Iron		
Manganese	**	" Lime with Papain		
Partridge Berry (Mother's Cordial) 3 45 6 85 6 85	**	" Manganaga		
Partridge Berry (Mother's Cordial) 3 45 6 85 6 85	-	of Phombotos		
Pulmonary 3 45 6 85 Sassaparilla, J. S. P. 3 00 Sar-saparilla Comp 3 00 Senega 5 00 Stillingia 8 00 7 50 Stringia 9 00 7 50 Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 11b, bots 12 50 The solution 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Partridge Bonny (Mothers Condida)		
Pulmonary 3 45 6 85 Sassaparilla, J. S. P. 3 00 Sar-saparilla Comp 3 00 Senega 5 00 Stillingia 8 00 7 50 Stringia 9 00 7 50 Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 11b, bots 12 50 The solution 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Partrioge Berry (Mother & Cordiai)		
Pulmonary 3 45 6 85 Sassaparilla, J. S. P. 3 00 Sar-saparilla Comp 3 00 Senega 5 00 Stillingia 8 00 7 50 Stringia 9 00 7 50 Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 11b, bots 12 50 The solution 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	HEL	r Lacto Phos. Petassa		
Comp. Hive Syrup		Soda	9 00	13 00
Comp. Hive Syrup		Pulmonary	3.45	
Comp. Hive Syrup		Sarsaparilla, J. S. P.	3 00	-1-6-1
Comp. Hive Syrup		Sar-aparilla Comp	3 00	
Comp. Hive Syrup		Senega	5 00	
Comp. Hive Syrup		Stillegia	8 00	7 50
Comp. Hive Syrup		Stillingia Comp	3 (10	
Comp. Hive Syrup		Samila	9 10	1 00
Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potasas, and Iron, 1 lb, bots. 12 50		" Comp Hive Survey	0 45	
Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potasas, and Iron, 1 lb, bots. 12 50		Sandyland	0 40	4.00
Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potasas, and Iron, 1 lb, bots. 12 50		Will Classes	2 00	6 00
Hypophos. Lime and Sods		110 CHEFFY		
Hypophos. Lime and Sods		Mypophus. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 11	bote	. 12 50
1 10 00 00 00 00 00 00		¥	*** **	7 00
1 10 00 00 00 00 00 00			-	4 00
1		mypophos. Laure and Sods m.	80	- 17/9/2
Coldide Manganese				10.00
Phos. Iron and Lime		1/4		6.00
Phos. Iron and Lime		12		4.00
Phos. Iron and Lime		Indide Manganese	00	- 00
Phos. Iron and Lime		fod from and Mayron	282	0.00
Phos. Iron and Lime		And , 110h and stangan		2 00
Phos. Iron and Lime		Phosphates [Chem Food]	***	75
Phos. Iron and Lime		. Ib. bottles		9 50
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		000 MB3 000 MB3 000 ME THE NEW TOR THE THE THE		5 00
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		Phos, Iron and Lime	50	I their
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		" Quip, and Streeh	14 0	24 00
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		Pyrophos fron	B	24.00
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		Pyrophog fron and Mang 11, 1	00	
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		Physhaph Arony	4 00	
Sperphophate of Iron. 425 800 ine of Persan, (made from the stemach of Pig.). 909 15 00		Minutes	9 ZO	
ine of Pensan, (made from the stomach of Pig.), 9 00 15 00		Muple and the second second second	0 14	
ine of Pensan, (made from the stomach of Pig.), 9 00 15 00		and Potassa, Neutralizing Cordial.	3 96	
ine of Pensan, (made from the stomach of Pig.), 9 00 15 00		Superphosphate of Iron.	4 25	8 00
itter Wine of Iron 5 00 10 00	71ma	of Person, (made from the stemach of Pig.)	9 00	15 00

My list of Fluid Extracts and Prices was published in the last number of this Journal. I will continue to I greatly desire that Physicians will give my preparations a trial, and to accomplish this I will send any quantity, howpublish each month additional articles until I have named my entire list

Complete Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application.

ever small, at lowest prices.

UNIVERSITY DISPENSARY

AND

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

On Venereal Diseases and Diseases of the Skin,	_
and Clinical Medicine,	PROF. L. P. VANDELL, JR
On Ophthalmic and Aural Diseases, By	PROF. J. M. BODINE.
On Diseases of the Throat and Chest, By	PROF. E. R. PALMER.
On Urinology and Diseases of the Nervous System, By	PROF. J. W. HOLLAND.
On Public Hygiene, By	PROF. T. S. BELL.
On Clinical Diseases of Women, By	
On Obstetrics,	DR. W. H. BOLLING.
On Clinical Surgery,	PROF. D. W. YANDELL.
On Operative Surgery and Surgical Dressings, . By	PROF. R. O. COWLING.
On Physiology and Diseases of Children, By	DR. F. C. WILSON.
On Practice of Medicine and Anatomy, By	Dr. W. O. Roberts.
On Chemistry and Materia Medica, By	

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease.

Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year

Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week.

For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary,
Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLE.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. DProfessor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D Prof. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.
J. W. HOLLAND, M. DProfessor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. DProf. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

	Matriculation Fee \$ 5 00
	Graduation Fee 30 00
Hospital Ticket (requ	ired by City), \$5 00

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

A Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the

second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 4951/2 West Walnut Street.

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of *Perwvian Bark* in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphate of cinchonine or sulphate of quinine, but cinchonine, quinine, quinidine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

At the present price of sulphate of quinine, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has equationic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the procession.

The cut below gives the size of the owner phial. In ? he form of putting up

Dr. J. A. PERKINS, of Chestertown, Md., under date of Feb. 10, 1972 writes us as follows: "I have used your preparation of Chester paration of Chester paration of Chester paration of Chester paration of Chester paraticle preliable as a substitute for the sulphate of quinine. It produces less unpleasant effects unter the sead, and is much better borne by the stomach. In the cases of children, I have found it to be a very desirable remedy, en account of the much less unpleasant taste. Use it satisfactorily in all cases as a substitute for the sulphate." Dr. J. A. PERKINS, of in all cases as a substi tute for the sulphate."

I have used one-and-a-half ounces of the Cinche-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In a case of its effects. In a case of intermittent fever (the patient from Ten-neasee), I found it to operate as well and as promptly as sulphate of quinine, without any unpleasant head symp-toms. In no case have ms. In no case have discovered any un-leasant cerebral disturbance, as is often found in the use of the quinine, —J. M. Al-

I have used several ounces of Cincho-Qui-nine with the most complete success. I prefer quinine in lutermit-tents, especially with children. I can strong-ly recommend it to the profession generally.— J. H. FRET, M. D., Perry.

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtleast will in time supersede the use of sulphate of quinine entirely—Samuel W. Coors, M. D., Madison, Ald.



I have used Cincho-I have used Cincho-quinine in eight or ten cases, and have reason to think well of the re-sults. I give it as I do the sulphate, 10 grains in five does during the intermission, and five in five doses during the intermission, and five grains one or two hours before a paroxyam is due, and continue to give five grains once a week for three weeks. I shall continue to use it, and wish you to send me one ounce by mail. —J. C. Downing, M. D. Wapping Falls, New Wapping York.

After further continafter inviner contin-ned trial of the Cincho-Quinine, I can safely say that it is a most excellent remedy. The absence of cinchonism in its use, its compara-tively pleasant fasto, its cheapness, with its its cheapness, with its fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intelligent physician.—
8. A. BUTTRIFICIO. M. D., Indianapolis, Ind.

I have been using the Cinche-Quinine in my practice in intermittents and I think well of it. I believe it to be quite equal to the sulphate, with all the advantages which you claim for it.—J. C. Ross. M. D., Lincols, Ill. I have been using the

I have used an ounce of Cincho-Quinine in some obstinate cases of intermittent neuralgia and ague, and am hap-py to state that it has thus far sustained in thus far sustained in full the anticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensive general practice, and he informed me a few days ago that the Cin-cho-Quinine was giv-ing satisfaction—J. H. BEROR, Coldwater, Mich.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes, namely, I grain, 2 grains, and 3 grains, in such quantities as are wanted. They are placed in vials holding 100 each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same.

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO. Successors to JAMES R. NICHOLS & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists,

BOSTON, MASS Manufacturers of Acids, Chloreform, Ethers, Preparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Sinc, Lead, Iron, Eismuth, and all Fine Chemicals used in Medicane or the Aria. E. PESSENDEN, President.

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phanix is the only Company in the country which offers ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky,

HAMILTON BUILDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII. free.

nd

RE

H

es.

iny

ers

kу,

KY.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94

Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.

No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Anaesthesia Spray Producers, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gauze Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROFESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE
AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables us
to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, 0.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

/	
J. LAWRENCE SMITH President.	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President
J. B. TEMPLE ad Vice-President.	L. T. THUSTINSecretary
JOHN B. SMITH Treasurer.	W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary
S T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. F. BARRETLegal Adviser

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS.

DIRECTORS.							
J. Lawrence Smith, J. B. Temple, William Mix, F. H. Grinter, W. C. Hite, D. H. Davies, F. T. Alexander, L. M. Foyle,	John B. Smith, Jas. B. Wilder, T. J. Tapp, S. P. Walters, W. F. Barret, L. T. Thustin, Jas. A. Graham, I. W. Proctor,	Thos. L. Barret, S. T. Wilson, J. S. Kennedy, James A. Dawson, J. G. Barret, Geo. W. Morris E. P. Campbell,	Geo. W. Norton, C. Henry Finck, Joseph Adams, I. H. Lindenberger J. M. Robinson, Geo. W. Wicks, H. D. McHenry.				

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the surplus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent. would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as those med any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, May 13, 1870. The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company under the provisions of an act of the Legislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and regulation of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

JAMES W. TATE, Treasurer

B. F. HAUGH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS. Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing,

AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

HANBURY SMITH'S MINERAL SPRING WATERS

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870. Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufactured with the most intelligent and concientious care, and are every way reliable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses.

CHARLES A. SEELY, Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, and of Chemistry and Metallurgy in the New York College of Dentistry.

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:

Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States.

United States.

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale.

They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects.

Their indisputable superiority has made them more popular than any other.

They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous and emphatic indorsement, certainly not surreptitiously obtained.

They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hazard & Co., and the other leading druggists of New York and the neighboring cities.

In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to Dr. Smith's.

Materials for manufacture, in solution or as pay salts; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordially invited to visit the laboratory at 35 Union

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD,

No 49-

35 Union Square, New York.

been have

ary ary

er,

nies Its old r in the

are

just

y to

er to io of

hose nptly ision pany.

870. he par npany

arer

Established in 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

272 MAIN STREET,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties s low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

No. 49-

INCORPORATED 1846.

CONNECTICUT

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

Assets, \$33,000,000. Surplus, over \$10,000,000.

Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.89 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FEATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

the

our

IN-

ght

ties

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary,
L. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r.
WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES GOODWIN,
ZEPHANIAH PRESTON,
JOHN C. PALMER,
E. B. WATKINSON,

E. D. TIFPANY,
N. M. WATERMAN,
GEORGE S. GILMAN,
HENRY C. ROBINSON,
C. L. THAYER, BOSTON.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO. GENERAL AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY,

GEN'L AGENTS FOR TENNESSEE,

Cor Sixth & Main Sts., Louisville, Ky.

No. 49 -

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURE, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES.

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY BONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or tax paid.

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAUTION!

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, across the label, thus

Josliebiz

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This extract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee, from the finest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature.

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

ey

00 ky, IS-

Ky.

Ky.

or

pre-

and

0.

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL.

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES.

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL

OF

SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY

A QUARTERLY REVIEW, DEVOTED TO THE CONSIDERATION OF

VENEREAL, GENITO-URINARY, AND SKIN DISEASES,

INCLUDING ALL DISEASES HAVING A VENEREAL ORIGIN OR LESION, AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Edited by M. H. HENRY, M. D.,

SURGEON-IN-CHIEF TO THE STATE EMIGRANT HOSPITALS, WARD'S ISLAND, N. Y.

PELLOW OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE; MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY

OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK; HONORARY SECRETARY FOR NEW YORK

OF THE ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, ETC.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SYPHILOGRAPHY AND DERMATOLOGY is the only Journal in the English language devoted exclusively to Venereal, Genito-Urinary, and Skin Diseases. Each part contains contributions from the leading Syphilographers, Dermatologists, and Surgeons of the world. The Editor aims to place before the profession a large, sound information on the etiology, pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of all venereal, cutaneous, and kindred diseases—bearing constantly in mind—when making selections—that the value of all contributions depends on the capacity as well as the veracity of the contributors.

ALL EDITORIAL AND PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EDITOR, DR. M. H. HENRY, No. 157 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Each number contains 96 pages of reading-matter. Each volume commences with the January number, and when completed forms a year-book of special diseases. The JOURNAL is printed from clear, large, new type, on the best paper, and is distinguished by the excellence of its execution.

Subscription Price, \$3.00 a year. Single numbers, \$1.00. Full sets of the JOURNAL handsomely bound in cloth, \$3.75 each volume.

All business communications should be addressed to

F. W. CHRISTERN, Publisher, 77 University Place, New York. M. M. GREEN. A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN.

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS,

New York Mills Muslin Shirts Lonsdale

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement.

Portable Electrical Instruments

FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Galvanic & Galvano Caustic Batteries

Electro-Magnetic Machines, &c.

GALVANO-FARADIC MF'G CO.

167 East Thirty-Fourth Street, NEW YORK.

No. 50-31m Send for Illustrated Catalogue.



Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

HE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of SOFT RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of being bent to any desired curve.

NON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY,

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited. For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

No. 49-

Manufacturers and Proprietors, JACKSONVILLE, ILL.



WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT,

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 88 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

BABGOCK'S PATENT:

Dr. L. A. Babcock's SILVER UTERINE SUP-FORTER, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion and Anteversion. Warranted a radical cure. Price, \$25.00.

would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

QUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the attention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily adjusted, and so comfortable and advantageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or rooms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a supporter applied. We speak thus positively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR: Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on obstetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I become familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I do it was placed for its variety and see the same loss felt.

EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

A VERY APPROPRIATE PICTURE FOR A DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

"LIFE AND DEATH"

THE great puzzle-picture, apparently represents two children at play; but upon viewing it from a distance you perceive a

HUMAN SKULL.

This picture should hang conspicuously in every physician's office. None will fail to admire it. Dr. Webber pronounces it the greatest wonder of art.

Sent, post-paid, to all for \$1.00. "A Treatise on Medicine and Surgical Instruments" sent free with each picture.

Address

WESTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY.

53-5m

YOUNGSTOWN, O.

BROWNING & SLOAN,

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DRALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF'S ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA. &c.

By the Atomizer any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this ate it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c. (See Fig. 15.)



5. Pat. Mar. 24, 1868 and Mar. 16, 1869.

It consists of the spear-shaped brass boiler A, steam outlet-tube B, with packingbox C formed to receive rubber packing through which the atomizing tube D passes, ateam-tight, and by means of which tubes of various sizes may be tightly held against any force of steam by screwing down its cover while the packing is warm; the safetycover while the packing is warm; the salety-valve E, capable of graduation for high or low pressure by the spring or screw in its top, the non-conducting handle F, by which the boller may be lifted while hot, the medicament-cup and cup-holder G, the support H, iron base II, the glass face-shield J, with oval mouth-piece connected by the elastic band K with the cradle L, whose slotted staff passes into a slot in the shield-stand M M, where it may be fixed at any height or angle

18 5. Pat Mar. 24, 1868 and Mar. 16, 1869. where it may be fixed at any height or angle required by the mill-screw N. The waste-cup, medicament-cup and lamp are held in their places in such a manner that they can not fall out when the apparatus is carried or used over a bed or otherwise. All its joints are hard soldered. It can not be injured by exhaustion of water, or any attainable pressure of steam. It does not throw spirts of hot water to frighten or scall the patient. Is compact and portable; occupies space of one sixth cubic foot only; can be carried from place to place without removing the attorniving tubes or the water; can be unpacked and repacked without loss of time. Will render the best service for many years, and is cheap in the best sense of the word. repacked without loss of time. PRICE. . \$5.00

Brass parts nickel-plated, additional ... 2.50 Neatly made, strong, black-walnut box, with convenient handle, additional, 2.50

Shurtleff's Atomizing Apparatus.



paratus, (See Fig. 5.)
For Inhalation, and, with suitable tubes, for Local Ansesthesia, and for making direct local applications of atomized liquids for a great variety of representations. (See our nameliet.)

atomized liquids for a great variety of purposes. (See our pumphlet.) The most desirable hand apparatus. Rubber warranted of very best quality. Valves imperishable—every one carefully fitted to its seat, and work per-fectly in all positions. The Bulbs are adapted to all the Tubes made by us for Local Ancesthesia in Surgical Operations, Teeth Extraction, and for Inhalation. PRICE84.00

Fig. 5. Patented March 24, 1868.

See Each of the above Apparatuses is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomising Tubes, and coun-panied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with steam at very ligh pressure. Each apparatus is carefully packed for transportation, and warranted effect. Also. high pressure. perfect. Als Also.

1.50

N. B. To save collection expenses, funds should be sent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter.

For complete Ulwatrated Price-list of Apparatus, Tubes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS,

With formule of those successfully employed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudichum. M. R. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formule.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LOCAL ANESTHESIA by Atomisation with Ether, by the method of Dr BRIGHARDSON, of London; or with Bhigolene, as described by Dr. Henny J. Bigelow, in the Beston Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1866.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost care, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesex Mechanics Association for Atom ising and Surgical Instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

"1503. Codmon & Shurtleff, Bosion. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomizers.—
The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest premium. The various other intruments for Inhalation of Atomized Liquids premium.

and for Local Ansesthesia were all apparently faultiess, both in design and worknambip.

The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal.

(Signed)

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Cheirman."

Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—A Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ATSO TOR SALE.

• Cammann's Stethoscopes: Disarticulating	French Rubber Urinals, with valves, male, for night or day
In case (post-paid)	Do. do. in case
Sponge Tents, plain and carbolized,	* Dr. Oliver's Laryngoscopic Lantern The same, with Auto-Laryngoscopic Attachment
* Dr. Cutter's Retroversion and other Pessaries	The same, with ditto, and three Laryn- goscopic Mirrors, in case
40 10 0	1 11 01 1

* Send for Descriptive Circular.

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Obstetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order.

Trusses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suspensory Bandages—
Elastic Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Cases—Otoscopes—Endoscopes—Dr. Sayre's Splints for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—Crutches—Universal Syringes—Galvanic Batteries and Apparatus—French Conical and Olive-tipped Beugies and Catheters.

tons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Patho-

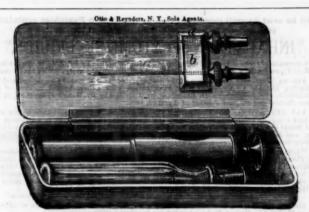
Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and rathological Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instruments, implements,
and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles,
Bow Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.
Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowditch, and accompanied
with directions kindly furnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen conacted with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Apparatus, and to supply new inventions on favorable terms. Instruments sharpened, polished,
and repaired. and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 18 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

Our Atomising Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. G. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIEGEL, Surgical Justrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Jefferson and Green. No. 49—



NEW HYPODERMIC SYRINGE. Patented Dec. 2, 1873.

THE ADVANTAGES of this Syringe over others may be briefly summed up as follows:

The Platinum-lined Steel Canulas.
The manner in which the Canulas are screwed into the fitting.
The manner in which the fittings are attached to the cylinder, without cement or screws.
The construction of the stopple on the vial, and the method of filling.

OTTO & REYNDERS,

No. 64 CHATHAM STREET, NEW YORK,

SURGICAL & ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SKELETONS AND ANATOMICAL PREPARATIONS.

The Latest Improvements and New Inventions on hand and constantly received from our Agents in Europe.

No. 49-

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR,

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly recommend it. A pamphlet describing it, and testimonials of distinguished physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON,

Sole Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

Also for sale in Louisville, Ky., by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally. No. 49-19

To the Medical Profession.

A New and Important Remedy,

LACTOPEPTINE.

COMPOSITION

OF

LACTOPEPTINE.

PEPSIN,
PTYALIN,
PANCREATINE,
LACTIC ACID,
HYDROCHLORIC ACID.

One drachm of
LACTOPEPTINE
will digest from 12 to 15
drachms of Albumen, or
any kind of cooked Animal
or Vegetable Food.

LACTOPEPTINE contains the five active agents of digestion, combined in the same proportion as they exist in the human system.

Its digestive power is from three to four times that of Pepsin, (described in the "United States Dipensatory," page 1685,) and has the all important advantage of dissolving all aliment used as food by mankind, while Pepsin acts only upon food of a plastic nature.

Description of the Component Parts of LACTOPEPTINE.

- PEPSIN is one of the principle agents of digestion found in the gastric juice, and in conjunction with acid matter present in that secretion, will convert Albumen, Fibrin, Cassein, &c., into Peptone.
- PTYALIN is the active principle of saliva. It has, until quite recently, been used but little medicinally, yet it is unquestionably one of the most important agents of digestion. It acts powerfully upon vegetable matter, by separating and dissolving the nutritious portion. One part of Ptyalin will separate the Dextrine and Glucose from 2,000 parts of Starch.
- PANCREATINE is secreted by the Pancreas. It acts immediately and powerfully upon
 Oily and Fatty substances, emulsionizing and preparing them for assimilation.
 It also has the power of digesting all kinds of food, and has undoubtedly been
 given this property so as to act upon any matter that may pass the Pylorus
 imperfectly digested.
- LACTIC and HYDROCHLORIC ACIDS are always found in the gastric juice, and their importance is shown from the fact that Pepsin will not change the character of the food without their presence.

TO TEST THE DIGESTIVE POWER OF LACTOPEPTINE.

To two fluid ounces of water, add one drachm of Lactopeptine, half drachm of Hydrochloric or Lactic Acid, 15 drachms of cooked food (reduced to a pulpy consistency), allowing it to remain from four to twelve hours, occasionally agitated and heated to a temperature of 105 deg.

Careful experiments and much study have been required in ascertaining the exact nature and proportion of each component part of Lacropeprine, so as to furnish a preparation that represents all the various digestive agents that act upon food from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Pepsin or any of the other digestive agents, when administered alone, bears very little comparison to the medicinal value of Lactopeptine, and we confidently believe that it will entirely supersede their use. It is furnished at a price that will bring it within reach of every class of practice.

Physicians can test it with satisfaction, for its effects are positive and immediate. It is presented in a saccharated form and will be readily taken by the youngest child. It is used in the various forms of Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhea, Vomiting in Pregnancy, Constipation, General Debility, and all diseases arising from Imperfect Nutrition.

As perfect digestion is required in restoring the waste suffered by the Blood during its circulation through the system, it is evident that Lacropeptine should be classed as an important remedy in depraved conditions of that vitalizing fluid.

Dose of Powder, 2 to 5 grs.

PRICES.

Lactopeptine	Powder, oz \$1.00	Elixir Lactopeptine, dos. pts \$15.00
11	" lb. · · 13.00	" in bulk, Ppt. 1.15
46	Pills, S.C., & hund. 1.00	Syrup " doz. pints, - 15.00
**	Wine, doz. pints. · 15.00	in bulk, 19 pt. 1.15
44	" in bulk, Ppt. 1.15	Troches Lactopeptine, Large, 4.50
		doz. bxs. (Small, 2.25

LACTOPEPTINE POWDER, TROCHES, or SUGAR-COATED PILLS sent by mail to Physicians or Druggists, prepaid, upon the receipt of price.

We also combine Lactopeptine with the following Preparations:

EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIX. CINCHONA, IRON & STRYCHNIA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA BARK AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR GENTIAN & CHLORIDE of IRON WITH LACTOPEP"INE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA, IRON & BISMUTH, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
WINE OF CALISAYA, WITH * LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR LACTOPEPTINE, STRYCHNIA AND BISMUTH.
SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON AND LIME, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR STILLINGIA CO. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR CALISAYA WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP IODIDE CALCIUM AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	BEEF, IRON AND WINE, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP LACTOPEPTINE CO. Containing Lactopeptine, Phos. Iron,	LACTOPEPTINE EMULSION SUPERIOR TO

We should be pleased to have Physicians and Druggists, visiting the City, make our office headquarters during their stay. Correspondence earnestly invited, which will receive prompt and courteous attention.

Respectfully,

Phos. Lime, Phos. Soda and Phos. Potash.

REED & CARNRICK,

198 Fulton St., New York.

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

Please send for Catalogue, containing a complete priced list of Fluid
Extracts, Sugar-coated Pills, Elixirs, Syrups, Wines,
Troches, Glyceroles, &c.

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES.

Please specify (Warner & Co.,) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Trade Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS.

MANUFACTURED BY

TARNE

PHILADELPHIA

FWe claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities, SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

THE POLLOWING EMBRACES A FEW IMPORTANT	T REC	IPES. FULL LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION	N
PILLS.	Price per 100,	PITITS	29
ALOES-U. S. P.,	40	FERRI CARB. (Vallet's,)	4
ALOES et ASSAF. $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Pv. Aloes Soc., } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ gr.} \\ \text{Assafectida,} & 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ s.} \\ \text{Pv. Saponis,} & 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ s.} \end{array} \right\}$	40	GAMBOGE COMP. Pv. Gamboge, "Aloes Soc., "Zlngib.	4
ALOES et FERRI.		GENTIAN COMP.	
Pv. Aloes Soc. 34 gr. 2 Zanglb Jam. 1 5 Ferri, Sul. Exg., 1 " Ext. Conli, 34"	40	Ext. Gentian, % gr. Pv. Soc. Aloes, 2 gr Ol. Carul, 1-5 gr.	4
ALOES et NUC, VOMICA. {Pv. Aloes Soc., 1% gr.} {Ext. Nuc. Vom., } **	50	Soc. Aloes, Ferri, Sul. Exs., Ext. Helleb. N. HOOPER Pv. Myrrb.	4
ALOES et MASTICH. (Lady Webster.) (Pv. Soc. Aloes. "Gum Mastich. "Flor. Rosa.	50	" Saponis, " Canella. " ZingibJam,	
ALTERATIVE.		HYDRARGYRI-3 grs	4
Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.	50	IPECAC et OPII.,-3½ grs	84
ANDERSON SCOTS	30	IRISIN Comp. (Irisin, ½ gr. Podophyllin, 1.10 gr. Strychnia, 1-40 gr.)	54
Pv. Soc. Aloes, " Saponis, " Fruct. Colocynth.	40	PODOPHYL et HYDRARG. {Podophyllin, ¼ gr. Mass. Hydrarg., 2 grs. }	51
" Gambage, Ol-Anisi.		GRANULES.	
ASSAFCETIDA, U. S. P.	40	AC, Arsenious, 1-20, 1-30, 1-50 grs	4
ASSAFŒTIDA, COMP.		CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-40 grs	4
Assafetida. 2 gr. Ferri. Sulph. Exs. 1 gr.	40	EXT. Belladonna, Eng. ¼ gr	4
ALOMEL,—2 grs	40	" Ignatia Am., ¾ gr.	õ
AMPHOR et HYOSCYAMUS.	40	" Hyoscyamus, (Eng) ½ gr	4
(Camphor, 1 gr. (Ext. Hyoseyamus, (Eng.) 1 gr.)	80	" Nuc. Vom. 3/2 gr.	13 4
HINOIDIN,-1 gr.		MERCURY, Iod., 1/4 gr.	4
cooks,	40	" Red, 1-16 gr.	4
(Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 gr.)		PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr.	4
Calomel.	50	" ½ gr	4
Pv. Saponis,		STRYCHNIA, 1-16, 1-20, 1-30, 1-32, 1-40, 1-60, gr	4

Ma. W. R. WARNER, Pharmaccutical Chemist, Philadelphia.

My Dars Sir.—You have submitted for my inspection various samples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the surest guaranty of their excellence.

Yours, very respectfully.

John M. MAISCH, U. S. Army Laboratory.

John 1,1863.

(Now Professor in Phila. College of Pharmacy.)

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

WARNER'S PHI GLOBE AND SAMPLE BOTTLE.



These Globes are intended for distribution among our customers. They are filled with samples of SUGAR-COATED PILLS, manufactured only by Wm. R. Warner & Co., and are useful as ornamental paper weights, &c.

Special Orders for Pills.

We invite your orders for special recipes. Any favorite Prescription for Pills, you may use in quantity, we will be pleased to make and sugar-coat in our best style. Adhering strictly to formula and keeping same confidential if desired.

As it is impracticable to coat less than 3000 Pills, we cannot accept orders for smaller number.

To fill your orders requires from a week to ten days, except in rare cases.



PHYSICIANS' SUPPLIES

A SPECIALTY.

TO PHYSICIANS.

We would call your attention to the annexed pages, embracing special preparations designed to meet your wants. We furnish, in addition to these, a full line of pure drugs and chemicals, and we beg to state that the products of our laboratory are endorsed by the leading medical journals and the profession throughout the country.

Your orders are invited direct, or should it please you to purchase through other houses you will mention the name—Warner & Co.

OFFICINAL AND OTHER SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

This department receives our personal attention. The solubility of SUGAR-COATED PILLS is an indispensable quality, and a matter of so much importance as to command your favor. An experience of sixteen years, has enabled us to achieve a perfection otherwise unattainable, and we are free to claim that they have no equal.

Being extensively engaged in the Wholesale Drug Business, and in the manufacture of standard officinal Preparations and New Remedies, we are enabled to supply Physicians' orders with all articles of the purest quality at the lowest prices.

A discount will be made to Physicians on all orders for pills amounting to \$10 net. Less quantities will be sent by mail or express, prepaid, on receipt of catalogue price. Please specify our make, W. & Co., when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere.

FLUID EXTRACTS.

Prepared in accordance with the U. S. Pharmacoposia, from materials of the first quality.

[EACH FLUID OUNCE REPRESENTS ONE TROY OUNCE.]

The labels give formulas for making all the preparations, with doses, and medical properties.

ELIXIRS AND NEW REMEDIES.

Elixirs constitute a class of remedies much esteemed by physicians, when they are so prepared as to be reliable and efficient, and we confine our list to those combinations which are compatible and which are the most desirable in this form. Such "New-Remedies" as would seem to have the greatest plausibility as to their excellence may, at all times, be obtained of our house. We would call attention to the compounds under the head of "Lactophosphates," and those containing Phosphorus in its elementary state; also the Pil Iodoform et Ferri et Quinia, and Pil Iodoform et Ferri Carb., the latter may be used in all cases where Iodoform et Ferri has been found to disagree with the patient

Thanking you for your influence and patronage, we are,

Yours, respectfully,

WM. R. WARNER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia,

PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

Awarded Wn. R. WARNER & Co., for the superiority of their OFFICINAL SUGAR-COATED PILLS.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those officials in the U. S. Parmacopola, are furnished when requested.

PHOSPHORUS COMP:—WARNER & CO. PIL:

Phosphorus, one-hundredth grain.-Ext: Nux Vomica, one-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to them. Such as

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power, Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine, etc., in solution.

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.-Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Feb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI.—WARNER & CO.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

SCROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses.

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief e-tract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

"Internally I gave quinino and fron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become singgish. I tried a number of alteratives, as indide of potassium and lime. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an article in the Medical and Sorgical Reporter, on 'I odotorm and Iron.' I at once concluded to give this remedy a fair trial. I discontinued all other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three times a day, wanufactured by W.R. Warner & Co. of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid improvement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and more abundant, and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a vestige of the discase is to be seen. The patient is enjoying perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel convinced of the officacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price.

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL, M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science, its library and the sanitary Science, and the sanitary Science, its library and the sanitary Science, and the sanitary science, its library and the sanitary science, and the sanitary science, its library and the sanitary science, and the sanitary science, its library and the sanitary science, and the sanitary science, its library sanitary science, and the sanitary science and sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science sanitary science, and sanitary science sani

in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."—Medical

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. BELL seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—

"This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."- The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal—not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

edge and science."—Christian Standard.
"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."—

Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health."

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt

or the but	e amaeu	to each:
THE SAN	ITARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$3)
**	**	Philadelphia MEDICAL AND SURGICAL REPORTER (\$4) 6 7
**	**	Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5)
* 1	**	LONDON LANCET (\$5)
	**	THE GALAXY (\$4)
	**	New York MEDICAL JOURNAL (\$4)
**	**	New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75
**		THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (81)
		Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3). 5 ap
**	**	RRAITHWAITE'S DETROSPECT (\$2.50)

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN."

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers,

111 & 113 William Street, New York.

FOUGERA'S



CODLIVER

Since the introduction of this Oil in 1858, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debility, Consumption, Scrofula, Hickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, stimulant and alterative properties of Iodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapoutically five times as efficacious as pure Cod Liver Oil.

Through its increased curative action, FOUGERA'S COD LIVER OIL will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Cod Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

MUSTARD

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change-Clean and Economical.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandage.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each.

Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which centains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of aight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each ounce.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA. Each ounce represents fully thirty grains of the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron per ounce.

NUTRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and amonio-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and been by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

UGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the soothing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH,

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, stimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron.

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

FOR ASTHMA

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief.

All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Liancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. Tonic, Stimulating and Resolvent. Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Anomia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS.

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's Pills of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmacer.cists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverised iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver scal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y. and the fac-simile of

Manage

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Parts.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480,) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debility of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepaine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres,

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding te about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is more the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analysed by Profs. Depairs and Jouret, of Brussels, whose signature is found an each pots.



SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Direction of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIES for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs. Savory & Moore, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.



"H.B.H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR THRIVES SO WELL UPON THE ROOD TOU HAVE PREPARED THAT IT MUST BE VERY GOOD."—T. M. EENDALL, Medical Attendant, Sandringham.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE" AND IS THE BEST RIND OF LIEBIG'S FOOD.—Dr. BARKER, on Right Pools for Infonts.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."—Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in ELESH-FORMING and BONE-FORMING substances, this Food perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nonrishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husks of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhose, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., New Bond Street, London.

Bold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use ALL STANDARD PHARMACBUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Pharmaceutical journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ, and CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARATION. As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which the original proprietors and present owners are in nowise responsible, please observe the SIGMATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST, WHICH IN THE FUTURE WILL BE WRITTEN ACROSS EVERY LABEL, and is OUR GUARANTER for its efficacy and purity.

The following testimonials, were yountarily tendered to the Lonisville Chemical Works while under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufactured at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the best

at the Louisville Chemical Works, and nave no necessary.

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we believe them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of Berlin, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, or Edinburgh. The tests, viz., Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Bichromate of Potash, Nitrate of Silver, and Soubsvan's Test furnish precisely the same result, proving that there is really no difference in their purity.

Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and purity. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their merit demands.

CHAS. A. POPE, M. D.

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practice. I have no heaitation in recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indications described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisvine.

I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to your excellent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacoporia. I could not be induced to use any other chloroform for inhalation than yours, or that prepared by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hoffman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluid Extracts, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL.

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis,

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hoffman's Anodyne, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come up to my desires than any articles of the kind ever used by myself.

JNO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, scientific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacopozia.

Very truly,

LEWIS ROGERS M. D.

No. 49 and month labority fortild at

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopaia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the most approved formula, when each pint represents sixteen Tray owners of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ignore the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown strength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for us to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revisers of the Pharmacepteris) and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude material itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label embodies formulæ for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-list furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. The formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRENCE SMITH. It is regarded throughout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time sale. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Prout.) It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished oculists in Europe, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Professor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest cure and put up in sealed packages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first page) that the contents are of the best character, and will stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Anodyne. Per lb. \$2.50.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manufacturers. It is a handsome apalatable surfice, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchill, of Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of lime two and a half grains, soda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three fourths of a grain. Per dos. lbs. \$8.00.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, maraamus, nervous debility, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of lime, with small amounts of other phosphates. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an eff. cient and agreeable form for administering the bark. The tonic and anti-intermittent properties of the cinchona barks are well established, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bitterness. This has been overcome to a great extent in the Elixir Calisaya, which, representing twelve grains of calisaya bark in the fluid ounce, is so combined with other ingredients as to make it an agreeable cordial acceptable to the most delicate stomach. To persons suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmless, preventives for fever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remedial properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrophosphate of iron, in each tea-spoomul combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chalybeate taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA.

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and one one-hundredth grain strychnia, with sufficient aromatics to free it from the chalybeate traste common similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recommend it to both physician and consumer. To persons suffering from nervous prostration, symptoms of paralysis, anzemia, arising from classes peculiar to females, or general debility from any cause whatever, it will commend itsea as general therap eutic agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chill is broken. Per dos. pints, \$5.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic centains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisays bark, two grains pyrophosphate iros, and two grains attimonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stonisch.

It is valuable in cases of anzenia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially so when such cases are complicated with dyspepaia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, or thronic distribute. Per dox, pints, \$5,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Al

pur

Win

and 1

ACID

ACON AGUI ALOR

ALOES.

ALTER

0 Res Dru Suga

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona callsays bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonis cirrate biamuth, and one one-hundredth grain strephnine with aromatics.

To persons suffering from pervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anamia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyappaia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, distribute, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable therapeutic agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermitient attacks when once broken. Per dos. pants, \$9.00.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepsia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debility.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychnine, one grain ammonia citrate hismoth, with arosentics. Per doz. pints, \$13,00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bark and eight grains citrate of iron.

It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Per doz. pints, \$9.00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per doz, pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chlorotic and ancemic states, used in morbid conditions of the nervous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of atrumous children threatened with scroulous degeneration, and ultimately with localized thercular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate quinia, and one thirty-ascend grain phosphate strychnia to the direction (see spoonful) of syrup. Fer dos. For \$7.50.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is too aften the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is sinjurious not early as a diluent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by us more than two years age, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spta, Nit, Dulee contains five per cent. of pure ether. Per lib. in 5 lb. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL

Physicians and druggists failing to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on sotifying us of the fact.

ESTABLISHED 1846

Silver Medal awarded by Ohio Mechanics' Institute, 1860.

Large Silver Medal awarded by Cin. Industrial Exposition. 1870. FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1872, FOR BEST GLYCERIN.

FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1873, FOR BEST GLYCERIN.
Special Premium awarded for Sugar Coated Pills.

All the above Premiums were awarded for superiority of my articles over those of other competitors.

W. J. M. GORDON, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

LABORATORIES:

Eggleston Ave., Culvert and Fifth Streets, and Branch Street. OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

142 WALNUT ST., CINCINNATI.

I solicit special attention to the following articles. I offer every advantage to

purchasers that can be obtained of any MANUFACTURER in this country.

Glycerin and Chemicals of all kinds; Medicinal Fluid and Solid Extracts;
Resincids and Oleo-Resins; Packed Herbs, Roots and Barks; Pure Powdered Drugs; Ground Drugs of all degrees of fineness for percolation or other use; Sugar Coated Pills and Granules, Plasters, Ointments, Cerates, Syrups, Tinctures, Wines and Pharmaceutical Preparations generally.

** A liberal discount made according to amount purchased.
** Special Quotations made for large quantities.

SUGAR COATED PILLS.

Of the U. S. Pharmacopæia and from Receipts of Eminent Physicians. We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities of SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the best materials, and perfectly reliable.

	100	bottle of 500	for
ACID, ARSENIOUS, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr	40 .75	\$1 75 3 50	
AGUE, Chinoidin, 2 grs. Ext. Col. Co. 4 6 Ol. Pip. Nig. 4 6 Ferri. Sulph. 4 6	78	3 80	- 3
ALOES, U. S. P. Pulv. Aloes Socot., 2 grs. Saponis, 2 grs.	40	1 75	000
" COMP., U. S. P., Palv. Rhei, 11-3 gr. Ol. Carui, 1-5 gr.	50	2 25	of Suga
" et ASSAF., Pulv. Aloes Socot., 11-3 grs. Assafætida, " " " }	40	1 75	cture
" at FERRI, { " Aloes Socot., 1-2 gr.	40	1 75	manufa by no
" et MASTICH, (Lady Webster's Dinner Pills,) 3 grs. (Flor. Rose. 1-4 gr.) Flor. Rose.	50	2 25	r the
LOES, et MYRRH Pulv. Aloes Socot., 2 grs., Wyrrhæ, 1 "Croci Stigmat., 1-2 "	50	2 25	ties fo
" et NUX VOMICA, { Pulv. Aloes Soc: 11/2 grs. }	50	2 25	neili
ALTERATIVE, { Mass. Hydrargyri, 1 gr. Pulv. Opii, 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr. Ipeeac., 1-8 gr. }	80	2 25	My f

				lottins of		500	2	0.10	-
AMMON. BROMI	D, 1	ATE, 1 gr	**********		75 -	- 3 50	2		
AMMON VALER	IAN			1	60	7 25	3	12324	7
		Pulv. Aloes Soco	t., 1	gr		1	2	1177763	
AND PROPERTY OF	como	Sapon, His	pan., 1-8	gr	40	1 75	0		
ANDERSON'S SC	019	Gamboria	1-4	gr	20	1 10		Dune	
		" Gambogiæ,	si., 1-8	ory 1		100	4	74 101	
ANTI-BILIOUS,	Pul	v. Ext. Coloe. C. 2: lophyllin, Strychniæ, Ext. Belladonnæ,	1-2 grs.)		00	2 75	*	i	_
(Vegetable)	Poc	lophyllin,	14 gr. 5	*	00	- 10	2	174.00	Z:
		Stryonnie,	1-40 gr.	1			0		
ANTI-DYSPEP	TC.	Ext. Belladonne,	41 44	1	00	4 75	2		H
MAINT TO THE THE	La.Cy	Mass. Hydrarg.,	2 . 44	-			-		m-
		Pulv. Ipecae. Mass. Hydrarg., Ext. Coloc. Co.,	2 11)			2		UZ I
	Chir	noidine, 1 gr.					-	- 34	
ANTI-CHILL,	Ol 1	ri Ferrocyan 2 grs. Piper Nig. 1 gr.	£	1	20	5 75	8		Ĺ.
1000			1			1000	0	- T	17. k
	1	Iron Hydrocyanate Valerianate Quinin Zinc,	, 1-2 gr	.)			2		-
ANTI-EPILEPI	TC	Valerianate Quinin	0, 1 "	6	00	29 75	2		
3 grs.	-	Ext. Valerian,	1-3 "	1			3	100	0
	1	Quinise Sulph.,		3		1	7	78.1	H
			1 gr			100			ha)
ANTI-MALARI	AL,	Ol. Res. Pip. Nig.	1-16 "	2	95	11 00	3	- "	Z
(McCaw)		Ac. Arsenies	1-80 "	[und	40	11 00	3	70	116
		Gelsemin., Podophyllin,	2 0 44				.3	D2	1
ANTIMONII CO	MP	Calomel Oxysulph. Antin Guaiacum Resin	. 1-0 "	1		1111	0	H	7
U. S. P., (Pil.	Calo-	Oxysulph. Antin	nony		40	1 75	.00	7)	
mel Comp.)		(Guaiacum Resin				-	3	U	
ANTHELMINTI	63 1	CHARACTERINE		1	00	4.75	3	1	
WALLIE TO STATE OF THE	-, }	Calomel, aa, 1 gr.				- 10	0.	4	
	1	Cinchonæ Sulph., Ferri Sulph. Exsic.		gr.		- 1		60	110
ANTIPERIODI	1.	Ext. Quassise,	1-2	44 1	00	4 75	0	ш	
		66 Rhoi	1-4	66	65	-	-		6
	-	Pulv. Myrrhæ, kt. Nux. Vomica,	2-3				2	H	100
APERIENT	S E	xt. Nux. Vomica,	1-3 gr.	1	90	4 25	2	i.i	
APERIEN I	1	Hyoscyam., Coloc. Comp., 2	1-4	Courses	20	4 20	0	M	
	P	ulv. Bhei,	1-4 07	10			00	-01	
" Drysdale	1	" Aloe. Socot., 1			60	2 75	2	70 4	
Dr. Ancreso		" Ipecac., " Nuc. Vomica.	8-12 "		00	2 10	3	01.	
	-		A-40]			3	110	
	(E	xt. Coloc. Co.	1/2 gr.)				HU	
" MILD	(-	ulv. Rhei, xt. Hyoscyami,		1	50	2 25	-	.711	
	0	i. Cari.	1-0		ou	2 20	00	HH	
APOCYNUM, 2	ETS		************	,	70	3 25	00	Hh	
ASAFŒTIDA,	0.8.	P	***********	*******	40	1 75	-	U.P	
" 2 grs					40	1 75	4	17.7	
" COMP		Asafœtida, Ferri Sulph. Ex.,	2 grs.	}	40	1 75	7	H	
	8	Asafætida,	1 gr.	1			2	OH	
" et RHEI		Pulv. Rhei,		\$	75	3 50	3	HH	
	U	Ferrum per Hyd.,	1 ")			0	田	
ATROPIA, 1-60	gr				75	3 50	8	Щ	
		xt. Col. Comp., "Jalapse,	1 gr.					ri.	
BALLOU	{ B	lvd'g, Chlor, Mit.	1 "	}	75	3 50	2	H	
	P	lyd'g. Chlor. Mit., ulv. Ipecac., T. (Eng.), ¼ gr	1-8 "	1			63	1	
BELLADONNA	EX	T. (Eng.), 1/4 gr			40	1 75		Y	
	**	79 Kr			40	1 75 2 75	4	0	
DIOMITTE CITE	CA	RB., 3 grs		******	60 75	2 75 3 50	do	U	
" SUB-NI	C. 3	gra		********	75	3 50	0	7)	
" SUB-NI' BISMUTH et N	UX	Bismuth Sub. Carb	. 4 gra.)		50	25	4	0	
VOMI	CA,	Ext. Nux. Vomica	36 " 5		. 00	20	8		
and NU		M Bismuth Subi		grs. }1	50	7 25	30	2	- 4
200		Bismuth Sub-	n., ½	ma i			3	Н	
" and IGN	ATL	Ext. Ignatia A		grs. 1	50	7 25	0		
CAFFEIN CLT	RAT.	, 1 gr			50	22 25	50	A	
CALOMEL, 1-2	gr.,	1 gr., 2 grs., 8 grs		*******	40	1 75	23	-	
of 5 gra				*******	50	2 25	20	m	
" COMP., (Plum	mowi	(Calomel, Oxysulph. And Guaiacum Res	limon.		40	3 70	22	0	
	mer	Guaiacum Res	timony,	*******	30	1 75	5	D	
0,	- 1	Calomei.	1	gr.)				P	
-A TENTO	of the last	W					00	70	
et IPEC		Pow'd. Ipecac. Con Ext. Gentiane.	mp., 3 1-4	3 >	50	2 25	-	O	9

Ber A complete Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application. Pills sent by Mail in quantities not over 12 ounces. offer as an inducement for those who have not used my articles to give them a trial.

0000

0000

000

DIC

DUI

W.	1. 2	æ.	GOT	uon s	4	rue	List	oj	NH,	gui	-
							Bettles	of 10)	500	
CALOMEL et OI	PII Ca	lon	nel, 2 g	rs.] .	47000	000 000 000	1	00	4	75	
,	Ca	lon	n, 1)	1	-3 gr.	1				
CALOMEL et RH	EI Ex	t. I	Rhei, Coloc. (Co.,	1-	9 16		75	3	50	
CAMPHOR et H	Y08-	Gu	lyosey m Can	ami,		1 gr.	{	50	9	95	
	- Cyu	m v	campi	OF.	11.3	gr.	,		-		
GAMPHOR COM 3 grs.	Po Po	wd	. Kino	m,	1-1	7	*****	90	4	25	
CANNABIS INI	OICA E	XT Ext	Color	r	ID	134 81		60	2	75	
CATHARTIC CO. U. S. P.	1	Cale	muel.	-009		1 66		60	2	75	
	E	Pul	v. Gan Coloc	abogia Simp	90., p.,	1-3 "					
(f (Mandal)	- D	uli	philli Res.	Seam		1-8 "	****		0		
" (Vegeta)	10)	44	Aloe	s Soco	t. 1	1-9 66	****	60	2	75	
	E	xt.	Sapo	nia, Com		1-3 "					
	p	od.	Jalapa	Ð,		3 "	Care I				
CATHARTIC CO. U. S. P., (Improv 3 grs.	20 3 1	ent	andrin	1.	30	13 "		60	2	75	
3 grs.		16 R	Hyose Gentil Menth.	Pin.	an,	1/4 "					
CAULOPHYLIN,	1-10 gr	*****		Trapes	****	*****		40	1	78	
CERRI OXALAS,	1 gr	09991		Puly	Alo	oe Soc	1	00	4	75	
CHAPMAN'S DI	NNER I	PII	LS,	am I	Rho	ei Opt	, }-	60	2	75	
CHINOIDIN, 1 g	T	*****	*********	*******	*****	********	*******	40 50	1 2	75 25	
	np. (Cl	hine	oidin, i Sulph -resin,	. Exs	ie	grs.)	1	00		75	
	10	leo	-resin,	Pip.	N. 3	% gr.)	,	50	7	25	
CIMICIFUGEN.	1-10 gr.	B	********	********	*****	********	**********	40	1	75	
CHIRETTA, EXT CIMICIFUGEN, CINCHONA SUL CINCHONIDIA 8	PHAT	E, 3	grs		****	********	1	00		75	
CINCHONIDIA :	ULPH	-9 3	3 5	*******	*****	*******	*******	50 70	3	25	
66	66		2	*******	****	********	1	85	6	25	
	Res. Sc	0.200	3 "	Dura	1	OTP.		00	9	50	
	Pulv. A	Alo	e Bocol	leg	î	gr.					
COCCIA	. (olo	evnth.	,		3 "		90	4	25	
	Potass. Ol. Car	you	oh,			13 "			4		
COLOCYNTHIDI				(Ext	rac	t Colo	3	05	15	00	
COLOCYNTH et								80	3	75	k
HYDRARG et		V. H	Ext. Co	oloc. (Con	ap., 2	grs.	75	3	50	
IPECAC.	Pul	r. I	pecae.	21		1-6	grs.		-		
COLOCYNTH et HYOSCYAMUS	Ext.	Col	l. Co.	ns 15	g gi	8. }	*******	75	3	50	
	Pulv. A	Moe	B 800,			,					
0001710 a	Calome	the	ń,					50	2	25	
	Ganas	EF:	span,	X gr.							
COPAIBÆ, U.S.	P., 3 g Pil. Co	rs	bæ	*********		*********		50	2	25	
" Comp.,	Resin (aiac				*********	80	8	75	i
et Ext.			n, Cub	ebte	1	1	gr.)			-	
et Ext.	Jubepse	1	Oleo-R	esin (Cub	ebæ,	lgr.	80		75	
CORROSIVE SUI DIGITALIN, 1-6	DELLIMER	TE	, 1-12, 1	1-20, 1	-30	and 1-	40 grs.	40 75	1 8	75 50	
DIGITALIS CON	(P) P	**	r. Digi Scill	88.	ng.	1 gr.	}	50	2	25	
	(P	ota	as. Ni	t.,	wa 5	2 ")				
DIURETIC, Sal	oo Hisp læ Carl Baccæ	Jp	Exsic,	2 g	rs.			50	2	25	
(01	Puly. G	ua	iac.	a death	3	grs.)					
DUPUYTREN,	Pulv. G Hydg. Pulv. G	Chi	or. Co	rros.,	1-1	gr.	*******	50	2	25	l

"Practical Chemistry, so far as the preparation of standard drugs is implied, is being carried to a very high state of perfection in this city. For example, we recently visited the Laboratory of W. J. M. Gordon, and studied all its various arrangements and plans many of these matters, we simply remark that Mr. Gordon pays over \$........a year to one house in this city for refuse material for the we also found attractive processes under full headway for the manufacture of Bromide of Potash, Hyd. Chloral and other Chemicals in particular demand. Physicians and Druggists from the country may find it worth while to look through this Laboratory and see what Mr. Gordon makes vast quantities of Glycerin, and to show the great change which is going on in manufacture of Glycerin, which formerly went out into the city sewers. So much for utilizing the waste products. In this Laboratory is doing. The proprietor will gladly make them welcome, and explain the details of his work." From the Lancet and Observer, Cincinnati:for manufacturing Chemicals.

	Bottles of		\$00	
ELATERIUM (Clut	terbuck's), 1-10 gr1 0	0	4 7	5
ELATERIUM (Clut EMMENAGOGUE, (Mutter)	Aloe Socot. Puly., 12 " Terebinth Alb., 12 "	0	1 7	5
EMMENAGOGUE,		0	6 7	8
	(OII comprised) \\\[\sqrt{8} \cdot \)			1
FEL., BOVINUM,	Ox gall, 2 grs 5 Powd. Jam. Ginger, 1 gr	0	2 2	5
FERRI (Quevenne'	B), 1 gr D		2 2	
" CAPP (Val	2 grs 7		3 5 I 7	
CARD. (Val	gers.		2 2	
" COMP., U.	S. P., 4	0	17	15
A TOPTO	TATE OF REGULATION OF THE PARTY	0 15	3 0	
" LACTAT.	gr. 5 BHATE, 1 gr. 5 XSICCAT, 2 grs. 4	io	2 9	
* " PYROPHOS	PHATE, 1 gr 4	10	17	75
" SULPH. E	XSICCAT., Tgrs	10	47	15
VALLER, I	(The same Transmission and the same state of th		2 (0
FERRI ET QUAS. et Nuc. Vom.		15	3 8	io
PEDDI DE OUNT	(Pulv. Saponis, gr.)	75	3 5	0
FERRI ET QUINL	14 2 grs 1 4	0	6.7	
" ET STRYC	(Strychnia, 1-00 gr.)	15	3 8	
" et STRYCH	' FOUL CIL. A SE. 1	15	3 (50
GALBANIA COMP.	, U.S. P. Pulv. Myrrh., 11-2 4 Assafostida, 11-2 4	50	2 :	15
GAMBOGLÆ CON	Pulv. Gambogiæ '' Aloe Socot, '' Zingib. Jam., '' Saponis,	10	1 7	15
GENTIAN COMP.,	Ext. Gentian, 2-3 grs. Aloes Socot 2-3 Pulv. Rhei, 11-3	10	2 :	25
CONORRHή	Bals. Copaibe Solid, 1 " Ferri Sulph. Exsic 1-2 "	80	2 '	75
CHICKMIN 1.16 "	Terebinth, Venet., 11-2 "	40	1	75
GELSEMIN, 1-16 g		50	2	
HELONIN, 1-10 gr.		50	2 :	25
BEPATICA, Ext.	Colocynth Comp., 1 "	90	4 :	25
HOOPER (Female	Aloes Socot., Ferri Sulph. Exsic., Ext. Hellebor.			
Pills), 2 1-2 grs.	Pulv. Myrrh.,	40	1	75
NEW DOLL TO	Canelles, Zingib. Jam.	40		75
HYDRARGYRI, U.	O. F., 9 grb	50		25
" COMP	(Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr.)	90		25
HYDRARG, IODID	E. 1-4 or	40	1	75
11 11	1-2 gr	50	2	00
44 7070 -1 01	RUB., 1-16 gr	40	1	75
(Rigord	E, 1-4 gr 1-2 gr RUB., 1-16 gr PH., 1-16 gr PH., 1-10 gr 1-3	75	8	50
HYDRASTIN, 1/4 gr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	95		50
HYOSCYAMUS EX	KT. (Eng.) 1-2 gr	40	1	75
IPECAC of OPIL	Tr. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. E EXT., 1-4 gr. Pulv. Dovert, U. S. P.) 31-3 grs	50		25 25
IPECAC et OPII. 8	QFB	65	3	00
IODOFORM., 1 gr:		60	7	75
" et FERRI	lodoform.	00	9	78
IRISIN COMP.	isin, 1-4 gr. odophyllin, 1-10 " rychniæ, 1-40 "	50	2	25

From Prof. John King, Editor American Eclectic Dispensatory, King's American Practice, &c .:-

"For the last five or six years I have made use of a considerable quantity of Glycerin manufactured by W. J. M. Gordon, of this eity, for medicinal purposes, and I have no reason whatever for complaint, as it has in every instance answered the purpose admirably. I have likewise used in my practice the leading Eclectic preparations manufactured by him, as Resin of Mandrake or Podophyllin, Leptandrin, Iridin, Aletrin, Alcoholic Extracts of Black Cohosh, as well as several Fluid Extracts, and have been much pleased with their actions, as they have invariably fulfilled the indications for which they are prescribed. I therefore take great pleasure and satisfaction in recommending Mr. Gordon to the Eelectic profession as one among our many excellent manufacturers whose preparations Signed,

1

	Buttles of 100	800
LEPTAND. COMP. Leptandrin, 1 gr	1 00	4 75
	40	1 75
LEPTANDRIN, 1-8 gr	40	1 75
1-2 gr		2 25
" 1-2 gr		8 50
		1 75
MACROTIN. 1-10 gr.	40	1 75
MAGNESIÆ et RHEI, [1 gr. each]	40	1 75
MACROTIN. 1-10 gr MAGNESLÆ et RHEI, [1 gr. each] MORPHIA ACET., 1-6 "SULPHATE 1-20 gr "1.10 gr	70	3 25
SULPHATE 1-20 gr	40	1 75
61 61 1-10 gr	80	2 75
1-6 gr	70	3 25
		4 75
" VALERIAN 1-9 gr	1 00	4 75
(Morph, Sulph., 1-4	gr.)	
" VALERIAN., 1-8 gr. MORPHLÆ COMP (Morph. Sulph., 1-4 Ant. et Pot. Tart., 1-4 Calomel, 1-4	11 2 1 50	7 26
Calomel, 1-4	")	
Quinise Suipn., I grs	.)	
NEURALGIC Morphia Sulph., 1-20 "		
	3 00	14 75
Prol. D. D. Gross Acid Arsenious, 1-20		
" [Gross], without Morphia	3 00	14 75
(Ext. Hyoscyam, %gr.)		14 10
Ext. Hyoseyam, %gr.		1
" Ignat. Am. "		
NEURALGIC, "Opii, %"	2 00	9 75
IDIOPATH. 1" Aconiti. 12" ["	2 00	9 10
" Cannab. Ind. 34 "		
ouamon, 1.0		
(Detradounde, 78)	1 - 2	
NUC. VOMICA EXT., 1-4 gr	40	1 75
OPII, U. 8. P., 1 gr	40	1 75
OPII, U. S. P., 1 gr	75	3 50
" et CAMPHORÆ Pulv. Opli. 1 gr	1 00	4 75
OPII, U. S. P., 1 gr et CAMPHORÆ {Pulv. Opii. 1 gr. et CAMPHORÆ {Pulv. Opii. 1 gr. Pulv. Opii. 1 dr. TANNIN. et Camphore. 1 dr. Camphore. 1 dr.	. }	
" et CAMPH. et Camphoree 1	1 00	4 75
TANNIN, Acid Tannic, 9 gri		- 10
opii, et Plumbi Acet., 11-2 gre	1 75	3 50
ACET., Plumbi Acet., 11-2 gre	9. } 75	0 00
PHOSPHORUS, 1-50 gr	1 00	4 75
PHOSPHORUS, 1-50 gr	1 00	4 75
(Phosphorus, 1-1	00 gr.)	0.00
" COMP Phosphorus, 1-10 Ext. Nux Vom., 1-10	711 20	6 00
PHOSPHORUS, (Phosphorus, 1-100 gr.	,	
PHOSPHORUS, (Phosphorus, 1-100 gr., IRON & NUX (Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 1 "Ext. Nux Vomica, 1/4"	1 75	8 50
VOMICA. Ext. Nur Vomica. 1/4	C	
BODODHYITIN 1 10	40	1 75
PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr		1 75
PODOPHYLLIN, 1-2 gr	50	2 25
1 gr	75	3 50
Podonhyllin 1-2	gr.)	
PODOPHYLLIN Podophyllin, 1-2 Ext. Hyoseyami, 1-8 "Nuc. Vom., 1-16	gr. } 75	3 50
COMP., KKt. Hyoseyami, 1-8	44	
Podophyllin 1/4	gr.)	
PODOPHYLLIN et Ext. Bellad.	gr. 75	3 50
D-11-3 4 Ot D C 12	gr. [10	0 00
Saechari Lact.	gr. J	
[Podophyllin, %gr.)		
PODOPHYLLIN Leptandrin. 1-16 11		
COMP. { Juglandin, 1-16 " }	75	8 50
(Eclectic.) Macrotin. 1-32 "		
Ol. Capsici,		
PODOPHYLLIN et [Podophyllin,	} 60	2 75
HYOSCYAMUS, { Ext. Hyoscyamus, aa }	5 gr.)	2 10
" A TENDANO (Podophyllin, 1-	4 gr.) 50	2 25
" et HYDRARG. { Podophyllin, 1=	- 11 } 00	2 20
POTASS. BROMID., 1 gr	75	3 50
14 44 5 grs	1 25	6 00
		4 00
" PERMANG. CRYST., 1-8 gr	50	2 25
QUINÆ SULPH., 1-2 gr	85	4 00
16 16 1 gr	1 40	6 75
2 grs	70	13 90
44 44 3 grs	4 00	19 75

usy ne runed apon

From the Chicago Price Current and Chemical Repository :- Prof. H. D. Garrison, Editor.

importing Glycerin, much of which is very impure, when so perfect an article is produced by our neighbor, and offered at prices far taken from the common stock as it flowed from the still, fully corroborates his statement. We can not conceive any good reason for trated and absolutely chemically pure Glycerin, all of which he warrants, and we must say that the specimen shown us, which was Mr. Gordon, long noted as the leading manufacturer of Glycerin in this country, is producing a perfectly odorless, colorless, concen-"A few weeks ago we had the pleasure of visiting the large manufacturing establishment of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati. below what an imported brand can be sold for of the same quality."

OFFERE W. STAT PROTAT	Bottles of 100	590
QUINIZE VALERIAN	ATE, 1-3 gr	9 75 17 25
44 44	1 gr	19 50
	(Outniss Sulph. 1 gr.)	7
" COMP	{ Ferri per Hydrogen, 1 " }1 75	8 50
	(Acid. Arsenious, 1-00)	
QUINLÆ et COLO-	Quinime Sulph., 1 " Ext. Col. Comp., 1 "	
	" Ignat, Amar., 1-2 " 2 25	11 00
CYNTH. COMP.	Piperine. 1-2 "	
	Morph. Sulph., 1-12" EL- Quinise Sulph., 1 gr. 175	
QUINLE et EXT. B	EL- Quinte Sulph., 1 gr. } Ext. Belladon., 1-4 " }1 75	
LADONNÆ.	Quiniæ Sulph., 1 gr. {1.75	8 50
CARB.	Quiniæ Sulph., 1 gr. Ferri Carb. [Vallet's], 2 grs. 1 75	8 50
	Quinæ Sulph., 1 gr.]	
	Ferri Ferrocy, 1 "	
QUINIAE OF FERRI FI	ER- Oleo-Res. Capsici 1-20 " Gelsemin, 1-20 " 2 25	11 00
ROCYAN	Gelsemin, 1-20 " 2 25 Podophyllin, 1-20 "	11 00
	Strychnia, 1-60 **	
QUINIÆ et FERRI {	Ouin Sulph 1 or 1 175	8 50
CINIZE OF PERMIT	Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1	
QUINIAE et FER- (Q	uiniæ Sulph, 1 gr.)	8 50
RI LACT. E	erri Lactat, "	8 00
ot FER. et (Quinise Sulph., 1 gr.)	
STRVCH-	Forri Carb. (Vallet's) 9 16 11 76	8 50
NITHE	Struch Sulph 1_m "	
QUINLAGET FERRI ()	Phos. Quiniæ, 1 gr.)	0.50
et STRYCH PHOS.	Trong I 7 10	8 50
PHOS. QUINLÆ, 10- DOFORM & Ferri IRON, Quini	orm. 1 gr.)	
DOFORM & Ferri	Carb. (Vallet's) 2 1 gr 3 00	14 75
IRON, Quini	æ Sulph., %")	-
Quinise, Valerianate,	gr2 00	9 75
IRON, Quinice, Valerianate, et FERRIV	ALER, 2 grs	17 25
" ot HY-	Quinise Sulph., 1 gr. 1 75	8 50
DRARG.	Oleo-Resin, Pip. Nig., 1-4 "	0.00
" et STRYCHI	Quinie Sulph., 1 gr., 1 75 Mass. Hydrarg., 2 " 1 75 Oleo-Resin, Pip. Nig., 1-4" 1 76 NIA, {Quin. Sulph. 1 gr., 1 76 Strychnia, 1.60 " 1 76	8 50
	Strychnia, 1-60 11	
" ot ZINCI. VA	LER. Quin. Valer. 1 gr. 4 00	19 75
RHEI, U.S. P., Puly	v. Rhei, 3 gra. } 75	3 50
HELDI, U.S. 1.,7	Saponis, 1 gr.	0 00
	Pulv. Rhei, 2 grs.	
RHEI, COMP., U. S.	y. Rhei, 3 grs. 3 grs. 3 grs. Saponis, 1 gr. 2 grs. 75 Pulv. Rhei, 2 grs. 75 P. 4 Aloes Socot, 1 grs. 75 Myrrh, 1 gr. 75	3 50
	Ol. Menth Pip.,	
	(Pulv. Rhei.	
" et HYDRARG.		4 75
A SPECIMENT 1	(Soda Carb. Ex.	4 00
BANTONIN, 1 gr	. Coloc. Co. 13/4 gr.]	4 75
DETERMINATION 14	Colchi Acet., I "	
RHEUMATIC,	Hyoscyami, 1/4 11 1	4 25
(Hyd	l. Chlor. Mit., 1/2 "	
	S. P., Pulv. Scille, gr. gr. Gum Ammoniac, 1 " 50	
SCILLÆ COMP., U.	S. P., Gum Ammoniac, 1 " 50	2 25
	(Pulv. Saponis, 11/4 ")	
SILVER NITRATE,	1-4 gr 75	3 50
STOMACHICÆ (Lady	Pulv. Aloes Socot.,)	
Webster's Dinner	r Gum Mastich., } 50	2 25
TRYCHNIA: 1-20. 1	-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr	1 75
PVDIII IPIG	Potass. Iodid., 21-2 grs. 1 00	
STERILATIC	[Pulv. Saponis, 1½ "] 1-4 gr	4 75
TART. EMETIC, 1-9	0, 1-10, 1-4 gr 40	1 75
TRILLIN, 1-10 gr	50	2 25
TRIPLEX, Aloes Se	ocot, 2 grs. } 75	9 80
Podoph	drarg., 1 gr.	3 50
VERATRIA SULPHA ZINCI VALERIANA	TE, 1-12 gr 50	2 25
ZINCI VALERIANA	TE, 1 gr 1 00	4 75
Comp. Cathartie,	and all leading Pills furnished	by the

"For some time past our attention has been called to the Pure Inodorous Glycerin of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati, and hav-ing obtained a bottle of the same from parties who did not know our object, we have submitted Mr. Gordon's Glycerin to several tests, and are happy to state that his Glycerin is, in every particular what Mr. G. claims—a pure and inodorous article, which we heartily recommend to the trade." From New York Druggists' Price Current, April 19, 1871:

From Chicago Medical Times:-

An immense His Pure Glycerin we regard equal to any "As a manufacturer of Glycerin, Gordon is known throughout the civilized world. His Pure Glycerin we regard. He is now turning out very handsome Sugar Coated Pills, as well as many other Pharmaceutical preparations. stock of Botanic goods is a comparatively recent feature in his trade."

W. J. M. GORDON'S ELIXIBS AND SYRUPS.

	Pe	r Gall.	Per dos
Elix	ir Beeberine and Iron	\$9 00	16 0
**	Beef, Wine and Iron	5 25	9 0
**	Bismuth and Streebnie	8 60	11 00
**	Bismuth and Strychnia	9 50	15 00
48	" Iron	11 00	18 00
**	" Potassium	8.50	12 00
**	SodiumQuinine	9 50	15 00
**	Buchu	13 00 10 00	22 00 16 50
	" Comp	10 00	16 50
**	" Comp	8 50	12 00
**	Cardamon Comp	8 80	14 40
**	Cherry Bark Comp.	6 00	10 00
**	Callabya	5 50	9 00
**	" Ferrated	5 00	7 50
**	" Pyrophosphate	5 50	9 00
**	" Pyrophosphate " Iron, Strychnia and Pepsin	11 00	18 00
46	Bark, Iron and Bismuth. Calisaya Bark, Iron and Strychnia. Calisaya Bark Iron and Pepsin. Quinine and Strychnia. Protox Iron and Beef. Prophes	5 00	10 00
**	Calisaya Bark, Iron and Strychnia	5 00	10 00
**	Callsya Bark Iron and Pepsin	11 25 15 00	18 00
	" Protox Iron and Beef	5 25	24 00
40			9 00
**	" Iron & Bismuth with Ext. Beef	7 00	12 00
46	" Iron & Bismuth with Ext. Beef and Pepsin	9 00	15 00
**	" and Strychnia	6 50	10 50
**	Cinchons Iron and Strychnia	7 00	12 00
**	Cinchons fron and Strychnia	6 50 7 00	10 50 12 00
	Pepsin and Bismuth	9 00	15 00
**			30 00
**	Citrate Caffein	15 00	24 00
**	Cordial ferrated	6 00	10 00
**	Corydalis	4 25	8 00
**	Corydalia Comp.	4 25	8 00
	Corydalis. Corydalis Comp. Gentian and Chio Iron with Ext Beef. Gentian Ferrated.	5 25	9 00
**	and Chloride Iron	5 25	9 00
**	" and Pyr phos. Iron	5 50	8 00
**	Hope	4 25	8 00
Elixi	Hopsr Helonias Comp	4 50	9.00
20	Iodide Iron	9 00	15 00
	Iodide Iron	6 40 7 00	10 50 12 00
	Lacto Phos. Lime	8 40	14 00
**	" and Iron		14 00
**	" and Pepsin	8 40	14 00
**	" Pepsin and Pancreatine	8 40	14 00
	1104	8 40	14 00
	Lupulin	5 60	9 60 10 50
**	Mandrake Comp	5 60	9 60
**	Matico Comp	7 00	12 00
**	Pancreatine	9 00	15 00
**	Pepain	9 00	15 00
**	Aromatic	10 00	16 00
**	Bismuth and Strychnia and Bismuth Bismeth, Strychnia and Iron Iron and Bismuth and Pancreatine and Bismuth Strychnine	14 00	24 00 22 00
**	" Riemeth Strucknis and Iron	14 00	24 00
**	" Iron and Bismuth	14 00	24 00
**	" and Pancreatine	9 00	15 00
**	" " and Bismuth	11 20	18.00
**	" " Quinine "	13 20	21 00
**			15 00
**	" Strychnia and Pancreatine	13 00	21 00
**	Bismuth and Pancreatine	13 00	21 00
**	" and Wafer ash	11 20	18 00
**	Phosphate Iron	5 50	9 00
**	Phosphate Iron Phosphate Iron Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Strychnia Phosphate Iron and Quinine Pink Root Comp Protovid Iron	5 50	9 00
**	Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Strychnia	14 00	24 00
-	Prosphate Iron and Quinine	9 00	15 00 12 00
**	Protoxid Iron.	5 50	9 00
**	" Ied. Lime and Cinchons		16 00
100	" " with arsenic	10 00	16 00

PURE POWDERED DRUGS.

Physicians may rely on. I also have a complete stock of Foreign and Indigenous Herbs, Roots and Barks, which I fur-I have constantly on hand a complete stock of PURE Powdered Drugs, powdered at my own Drug Mills, which nish crude, packed or ground. I am prepared to make very low prices to those who purchase large lots for manufacturing or other purposes.

	Per G	all.	Per dos.
Elixir	Protoxide Iron with Iod Calcium	00	10 00
66	" Potassium	40	10 50
**	" and Quinine	00	12 00
**	Propylamine	00	15 00
**	Pyrophosphate Iron	00	10 00-
**	Pyrophos. Iron, Quinine and Strychnia	00	12 00
	Pyrophos. Iron Quinine and Bark	00	9 00
	and Soda	00	9 00
	Quinine, Iron and Arsenic	00	12 00
	Strychnia and Arsenic	00	12 00
**	and Iron	00	15 00
	Bismuth and Strychnia	00	24 00
	1ron, Stryennia and Bismuth 13	00	24 00
	Enubarb and Columbo Comp	00	10 00
**	Sammarilla Comp	80	11 40
	Сигирилии Сошр	60	10 80 9 60
**	Squills "	80	14 40
84	Stillingia 66	00	12 00
**	Stillingia " Turkey Cora " Taraxacum Comp. Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia		12 00
**	Taraxacum Comp	25	. 8 00
**	Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia		24 00
	" Iron		12 00
00	" Morphia 1	- 00	24 00
60	" Quinine 92	00	36 00
	Quinine. 2 Quinine. 2 Valerianate of Ammonia. 2 Ammonia and Quinine. 1 Ammonia and Morphia. 8 and Strychnia. 11	00	12 00
**	" Ammonia and Quining 14	00	24 00
**	" Ammonia and Morphia	50	12 00
10	" and Strychnia 13	00	22 00
**	" Strychnia		8 00
**	431150		8 00
YRU	P Albuminate of Iron and Soda	00	9 00
yrup	Alterative	3 45	6 85
yrup	Chioral Hydrat	00	12 00
00	Citrate Iron	00	9 00
**	" and Quinine		12 00
44	" and strychnia		12 00
-	of Hypophosphites Comp		
-	or hypophosphites Comp	00	10 00
	10d. Lame 7		12 00
**	lod. starch	00	12 00
	Ipecac	30	
	Lacto, Phos. Lime	50	15 00
49		50	15 00
**	Manganosa (50	15 00 15 00
** -	of Phosphates	50	10 00
		45	6 85
YRII	P Lacto Phos. Potassa.	00	13 00
			13 00
	Pulmonary	45	6 85
		00	2 00
	Sarsaparilla Comp	00	
	Senega	00	
		00	7 50
		3 00	
	Squills	10	
	" Comp. Hive Syrup	45	
	Squills Squills Squills Squills Squills Squills Serofulous Serofulous D. 60 Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 1 ib.	00	6 00
	Wild Cherry		
	Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 1 lb.	bote	. 12 50
	7	- 88.	8 00
	4	**	4 00
	Hypopnos. Lime and Sodab. 80	1	
	Hypophos. Lime and Soda 1b. 86. 8(1b. bots. 1b. soda 1b.		10 00
	/2		6 00
	Indida Managanasa /4		4 00
	led from and Monors		0.00
	Phosphates (Chora For 2)		2 00
	The bottles		9 50
	1/ "		9 50
	Phos Iron and Lime		5 00
	Phos, Iron and Lime	4 00	94.00
	Pyrophos Fron	1 DE	24 00
	Pyrophos Iron and Many		
	Rhuberh Arom	4 00	
	" Simple	5 14	
	and Potassa, Neutralizing Cordial	3 05	7 40
	Superphosphate of Iron		
Vine		25	8 00 15 00

My list of Fluid Extracts and Prices was published in the last number of this Journal. I will continue to publish each month additional articles until I have named my entire list

I greatly desire that Physicians will give my preparations a trial, and to accomplish this I will send any quantity, however small, at lowest prices.

Complete Price Current and Dose Book furhished on application.

TILDEN & CO'S,

PILLS AND GRANULES

OF THE

UNITED STATES PHARMACOPŒIA,

ANT

Formulas of Eminent Physicians,

SUGAR-COATED AND ELEGANTLY POLISHED.

RELIABLE, SOLUBLE, PERMANENT.

PILLS.		PRICE \$500.	PRICE 19 100.	PILLS.		SICE 500.	PRIO @ 100
	DONE.	1				71	1
Aconitine, 1-60 gr.	1	70	75	Anti-Periodie.	BE.	110	13193
Aconite Extract, ‡ gr.	1 to 4	40	45	Cinchonise . ulph., 1 gr.	1 5	1299	11533
is is Ngr.	1 " 9	45	50	Ferri, Sul. Fxsic, 1 gr.	- 100		0.17/03
1 gr.	1	85	60	Fxt. Quass. 1-2 gr.			
Ague.				Ext. Rhel, i-4 gr.			1990
Quinine 1 gr.		1 45	1 50	Pulv. Myrrha, 2-8 gr.!	0.00	0.00	1 00
Piperin 1-8 gr.				Antimonii Comp., U. S. P.	to 2	95	1 00
Capsicum 2-8 gr.	1	10000			46 9	85	40
Aloetic, U. S. P., 4 grs.					4	65	70
Aloes Soct., 2 grs.	1 "8	35	40	Aperient.	100	00	40
Soap, 2 grs.	- 1	130		Ext. Nux Vomica, + gr.		9,039	MIN.
Aloes and Assafætida.		1	y - 17 1	" Hyoscyamus, + gr. 1 '	. 9	80	55
Assafotida, equal 4 gra.				" Colocynth Comp.,2 gra.	-	00	30
Soan parts. 4 gra.	3 0	85	40	Arsenious Acld, 1-32 gr. 1 '	6 9	85	40
nomp,		10000	1		4	85	40
Aloes soct.				" 2 grs.	3114	30	200
Extract Conium & 1 part.	1 66 /	0.0	-	Assafætida and Iron, 8 grs.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	-	Wheel
Iron, Sulphate	4 4	85	40	Assafætida, 2 grs.	+		
Ginger Jamaica 16 9 nonth		-		Sulphate Iron, 1 gr. 9 "	4	85	40
Ginger, Jamaica, & 2 parts Aloes and Mastich,			- 1	Assafætida and Rhei, 8 grs.		700	Mari .
See Lady Webster's.	1 44 8			Assafœtida,			
Aloes and Myrrh, U. S. P.	1 0			Rhei,	100		
Aloes Soct. 2 parts,				Iron by Hydrogen, aa 1 gr. 2 '	6	70	75
Myrrh, 4 grs.	Q 16 R	45	50	Atropia, 1-60 gr. 1 4	4 9	70	75
Saffron && 1 part,	0 0	40	90	Ball (II)	-	330	
Aloes and Ext. Gentian.			7.5	Ext. Col. Comp. 1 gr.		1	
See Gentian Comp.	1 46 5	45	50	Hydr'g, Chlo Mit. 1 gr.	100		
Aloes and Nux Vomica,	1 0	20	-30	Hydr'g, Chlos Mit, 1 gr.	77	1	
Aloes 1 1-2 gr				Puly, Inecac 1-8 er	8	70	75
Ext Nux Vomica, 1-9 gr.	1 1	45	50		4	85	40
Alterative,	_	20	30	• gr. 1	11 9	85	40
Mass. Hydrargyri, 1 gr.				" I gr. 1		55	60
Pulv. Opli, 1-8 gr.				Biniodide Mercury, 1-8 gr. 1	1 9	40	45
Pulv Ipecac, 1-8gr.	2 4 4	45	50	1-16 gr. 1	4	40	45
Ammonium Bromide, 1 gr.	2 " 5	70	73	Bismuth and Nux Vom.,	1000	300	
Anderson's Scot-'.				Bismuth Subnit. 5 grs.			1250
Aloes, Soct.,)					1		1 50
Soap, Sara.	1 44 8	35		Bismuth, Subnitrate 2 grs. 2 "	347 (20)	70	73
Colocy Intel,	1 0	99	40	" Subcarbonate 8 grs. 1 "	8	70	75
Oll Annis,				Blue Pill, U. S. P., 24 grs. 9 " 5 grs. 1"		85	40
Anthelmintic,		10000		Pine Pill Comments 5 grs. 1 6	. 8	40	- 50
Santouin, 1 gr. } 2 gr.	1	95	1 00	Blue Pill Compound, 13-4 grs.			
Calomel, 1 gr. 5 " a".	0		11	Blue Pill, 1 gr.	-1	- 1	
	1 " 6	65	70	Opil ‡ gr.	8	70	75
Anti-Bilious, 21 grs.				Ipecac ‡ gr. 1 'Blue Pill & Podophyllin, 3 grs.	. 9	.0	10
Ext. Colocynth, 24 grs.	1 4 4	65	70	See Podophyllin & Blue Pill, 1 4	4 0	45	50
Podophyllin, † gr.				Caffein Citrate, 1 gr.	4	45	4 50
Anti-Dy-peptic, Strychnia, 1-40 gr.			039	Calomel, † gr. 1"		85	40
Ext Belladonna, 1-10 gr.			- 1	is I gr. 1"		85	40
Pulv Ipecac, 1-10 gr.				" 2 grs. 1 '	5	85	40
Mass Hydrarg , 2 gr				" 8 grs. 1 "	10	40	45
Ext. Coloc. Co , 1 grs.	1	95		" 5 grs. 1 "		45	50
Anti-Malarial (McCaw).	1	80	1 00	" Comp. (Plummer's) 8 grs.		85	40
Quinia Sul, h, 1 gr.		1.50	- O. H	Calomel and Opium, 3 grs.	1 4	100	
Ferri Sul. Ext. 1-4 gr.	100	ELL PA	1000	Calomei 2 grs.	14.34	100	
Ol Res Php. Nig. 1-16 gr	17000	777700		Opium 1 gr. 1 4	68	00	-
As Arsenios 1-10 gr.	W/ Lord	1000	THE P	- I	9	90	58
Geiseminin, 1 4 gr	1 20	1055	100		-11/00	6	
Podophy lin, 18 gr.	1	2 90	9 95		114 7 19	100	
and and a company		# W	OF MILE 11.		-	100	

Tilden & Co's Sugar-Coated Pills and Granules.

PILLS.	per 500.	₩100.	PILLS.	per 500.	PRIC 100
Calomel and Rhel, 14 gr. DOSE.			Codela, 1-16 gr. 1 to	8 00	8 65
Calomel # gr. Ext. Rhei # gr.			Colchicum Extract, i gr. 1 "	60	65
Ext. Rhei # gr.			Colocynth, Comp. Ext., 8 grs. 2 " Coloc. Comp. Ext. & Blue Pill, 8 grs.	15	80
" Coloc. Comp. 4 gr. " Hyoscyamus 1-6 gr. 2 to 4	70	75	Coloranth Comp. Ext. & Blue Pill, 8 grs.		
	10	10	Colocynth Comp. Ext.24 grs. Blue Pill. 4 gr. 1 "	90	95
Calomel and Comp. Colocynth Ext.			Blue Pill, i gr. 1 " 1 Coloc. Comp. & Ipecac, 8 grs. 2 "	7.5	80
Si grs.	1		" and Hyoscyamus, U. S. P.		
Calomel 1 gr. Ext. Coloc. Comp. 24 grs. 3 " 4	70	75	8 grs. 1 **	80	85
Calomel, et Ipecae Com.,		10	Coloc. Comp. and Podephyum,	1	
Calomel, 1 gr.			8 gre. 1 " 5		85 75
P. Ipecac Com. 8 1-8 gr.	1		Color. Comp. & Calomel, 8 grs. 2 "	70	10
Ext. Gent. Q. S. 1 " 8	45	50	Colcynth, Comp. and Jalap, Ext. Colocynth, Comp. 11-8 gr.	1	
Camphor Compound, 8 grs.	1	1	" Jalan 1 er	1	
Camphor, 1 gr.			' Jalap, 1 gr. 'Henbane, 1-2 gr.		
Kino i er			" Gentian, 1 gr.		
Opium, 1 gr. Kino, 1 gr. Capsicum, 1-16 gr. 1	85	90	"Gentian, 1 gr. Podophyldn, 1-10 gr. Leptandrin, 1-4 gr.		
Camphor and Opium, 8 grs.			Leptandrin, 1-4 gr.	70	75
Camphor, 2 grs.			Oil Peppermint, q. s. 3 Conjum Extract, ½ gr. 2 "		40
Opium, 1 gr. 1 " 2	75	80		50	58
cam: her and Hyoseyam,			" # gr. 1 " gr. 1 "	60	60
Gum Camphor, 1 gr.	45	200	Conjum and Ipecac, U. S. P.,		-
xt. Hyos. Eng. 1 gr. 1 Camphor, Hyoscyam and	90	50	1 gr. 8 " !	70	-70
Valerian,			Cook's Pill, 3 grs.	1	1
Camphor, 1 gr.			Aloes 1 gr.		
Ext. Hyos., 1 1-2 gr.			Calomel gr. 1 "	45	56
Ext. Hyos., 1 1-2 gr. Pulv. Valerian, 1-2 gr. 1	45	50	Rhei 1 gr. Soap ‡ gr.		
Cannabis Indica Extract, 4 gr. 1 " 4	1 00	1 05	Copaiba, Pure Solidified, 8 grs. 2 "	45	50
Capelcum, 1 gr. 1 " 9	1 85	1 90	" " 4grs. 2 "	55	61
Capelcum, 1 gr. 1 " 9 Cathartic Compound, U. S. P.	00	80	Copatha and Buchu,		
Ext. Coloc. Comp.			Copaiba, 8 gr.		
	68	***	Oleo Resin Buchu, 1 gr. 1 "	45	54
Calomel,	65	70	Copaiba Comp.		
Gamboge,			Pil. Copaib.		
Cathartic Compound, bottles			Resin Guaiac. Ferri Cit; Fin 1 "	8 75	80
25 each, doz. net.	1	50	Oleo-resin : Cubeb.	10	O
Cathartic Compound, bottles	17	00	Copaiba and Cubebs Ext.	1	
25 each, gross, net. Cathartic Comp. (Vegetable).		00	Pil: Copaib. 2 grs. 2 "	4 45	54
Ext. Coloc. Simple, 1-8 gr.			Oleo-resin: Cubeb: 1 gr.	-	-
Podephyllin, 1-4 gr.			Copaiba, Ext. Cubebs and Citrate		
Puly, Res. Scam, 1-8 gr.			Iron, 8 grs. 1 " Cornus Florida, Ext., 2 grs. 2 "	45	56
Aloes Focot, 1 1-4 gr.				65	70
" Cardamomi, 1-9 gr. " " Saponis, 1-8 gr. 1 "	45		Corros, Sublimate, 1-16 gr. 1 " ; gr. 1	85	4
" Faponis, 1-8 gr. 1 " Cathartic Improved,	10	50	Cubebs, Extract, 2 grs. 1 "	6 95	1 00
Ext. Coloc. Comp,			Cubebs, Extract, 2 grs. 1 "Cubebs and Alum, 8 grs. 2 "	1 70	7
" Jalap,	*		Unbebs Ext. Rhat, & Iron, 5 grs.		
Podophyllin,		-	Ext. Cubebs 1 gr. Rhatany gr. 1 "		0
Leptandrin, 8 grs. 1 "	65	70	" Rhatany i gr. 1 " Iron Sulphate 1 gr.	75	8
Ext. Hyoscyamus,			Cyprinedium Extract 2 grs. 2 "	6 70	7
" Gentian, Oil Peppermint,			Digitalin, 1-60 gr. 1 "	9 70	7
			Digitalia Extract 1 sr. 1 "	8 50	5
Cathartic Improved, bottles	1	50	Digitalis, Compound, Pulv. Digital. Eng. 1 gr.		
25 each, doz., net. Cathartic Improved, bottles		00	Pulv. Digital, Eng. 1 gr.		
25 each, gross, net.	17	00	" Scilise, 1 gr. Potass. Nit. 2 grs. Dinner—Lady Webster's.	0 45	5
25 each, gross, net. Caulophyllin, 1-10 gr. 1	85	40	Dinner-Lady Webster's	2 45	0
			Aloes Soct.		1
Aloes, Mastic, Jpecac, Oil Fennel, (Codi Ovolco, J. 1999)	2 45	50	Gum Mastich, 8 grs. 1 "	45	5
Cordi Orolas 1 gr	95	1 00	Rose Leaves.	40	1 0
Chimanhila Est 0 cms 9 11	20	75	Diuretic,		
Chinoidine, 1 gr. 1 "	45	50	Papon, Hispan, Pulv. 2 grs.		1
Chinoidine, 2 grs. 1 "	45	50	Sodae Carb. Exsic, 2 gr.		1
Chinoidine Comp., 34 grs.			1. Bacese Junip, 1 drop. 2 "	4 45	5
Chinoidine, 2 grs.			Dupuytren,		-
Ferri Sulph. Exsic, 1 gr.	95	1 00	Pulv. Guaiac, 8 grs.		
	60	1 00	Hydrarg Chlor. Corros. 1-10		
Cimicifugin, 1 gr. 1 ". Cinchonia, Sulphate, 1 gr. 1 ".	65	70	Puly Onli 1-8 ev	45	B
" Bgrs. 1 "	95	1 00	Pulv. Opii, 1-8 gr. 1		-
Citrate of Iron, Quinla and		1	Elaterium Clutterbuck's, † gr. 1	95	10
Strych.	1	1	Emm. nagogue (Mutter). Ferri Sulph. 1 1-2 grs. Aloe Socot, Pulv. 1-2 gr.		
Cit. Iron and Quir la, 2 gr.	1 100	1	Aloe Socot, Puly, 1-2 gr.		
Strychnia, 1-60 gr. 1 "	1 70	1 75	. Terebinth, Alb, 1 1-2 grs. 1	8 85	4
Cochia.	1		Ferri, Quass., et Nux Vom ,		
Colocynth Comp.	1		Fer. per Hydrogen, 1 1-2 grs.		
Gamboge. 8 grs. 1 " 8	80	85	Ext. Quassim, 1 gr.		1
Scammony.			" Nux Vom. 1-4 gr. Pulv. Saponis, 1-8 gr. 1	70	7
Potass'Sulphate,					

Tilden & Co's Sugar-Coated Pills and Granules.

PILLS	per 500.	PRICE ₩ 100.	PILLS.	per 500.	PRIC 10
Ferri et Strychnia, DOSE. Strych 1-60 gr.			Iron Citrate, Strychnia Cit. DOSE.		
Ferrum per Hydrogen,			Strychnia Cit. 1-50 gr. Iron Cit. 2 grs. 1 to 2	70	75
(Quevenne's) 2 gr. 1	70	75	Iron Comp., U. S. P.		10
Ferrocyanic's Iron, 8 gr. 1 to 2 Gambogs Comp., U. S. P.	45	50	Myrrb,		
Gamboge,			Soda Carb., 8 grs. 2 " 6 Iron Sulph.	85	40
Soct. Aloes, Ginger Jamaica, 8 grs. 8 " 5	85	40	Iron Carbonate Valett's, 8 grs. 8 " 5	85	40
Soap.			" Carbonate of, and Manganese. 8 grs. 1 " 8	70	75
Felseminin, 1-16 gr. 1-8 gr.	85 45	40 50			
Sentian Extract, U. S. P. 2 grs, 2 " 6	50	56	Iron Hydrocyanate, # gr. 1 " 2 " and Iodeform.	90	90
Gentian Compound.	-	-	See Iodoferm and Iron.		
Ext. Gentian,	1 5		Iron Lactate, 1 gr. 1 " 2	45	50
Aloes Soct, 4 grs. 1 " 5	45	50	"Phosphate, 2 grs. 2 " 4 "Pyro-Phosphate, 1 gr. 2 " 5	85	40
Rhei Powdered Grs.			Iron Proto-Iodide, 1 gr. 2 " 4	70	71
Geraniin, 1 gr. 1 " 5	60	65	11 Onevennu's he Hadle	45	50
Jonorrhoea,			11 11 11 0 gra Q 11 4	70	78
Pulv. Cubebse, 2 grs. Bals. Copalb. solid, 1 gr.			Iron and Strychnia.	1	
Ferri Buidh, Exsic, 1-2 gr.			Strychnia, 1-60 gr. Iron by Hydrogen, 2 grs. 1 " 2	70	78
Terebinth, Venet. 11-2 gr. 2 " 4	55	60	Iron Sulphate Exsic. U. S. P.		1
Hellebore, Black, Extract, 1 gr. 1 " 5 Helonin, 1-10 gr.	45	50	4 gre. 1 '6 5	85 95	40
Hepatic,			" Valerianate, 1 gr. 1 " 2 Iron Quevenne's, by Hydrogen,	90	1 00
Pil. Hydrarg, 8 ors. Ext. Colocynth Comp. 1 gr.			1 gr. 8 " 6	45	50
" Hyoscyami, 1 gr. 1 " 3	85	90	Iron, Quevenne's, by Hydrogen, 2 grs. 1 " 8	70	7:
Hooper's (Female Pills).			Jalan 1 gr 1 4 8	95	1 00
Aloes Soct.,			Jalapin, 1 gr. 1 " 2	95	1 00
Iron Sulph., Ext. Black Hellebore,			Kermes, ‡ gr. 2 " 4 Kramerja Extract, (Rhatany)	95	1 00
Myrrh, 2 igrs. 1"8	85	40	2 grs. 1 " 5	60	68
Soap,				50	50
Canella, Ginger, Jamaica.			Leptandrin, 1 gr. 1 " 2 grs. 1 " 4	70 45	78
Hydrastin, Resinold, 1 gr. 2 " 6	90	95	1-4,87	85	44
Hydrastin, Alkaloid, 1 gr. 1 " 5	90	95	" 1-8 gr. 1 " 8 Leptandrin Comp.	85	40
Hyoscyamus Extract, 1 gr. 2 " 4	85	40	Leptandrin 1 gr.		
" " gr. 1 " 2 " 1 gr. 1	40 50	45 55	Irisin ‡ gr.	95	
Ignatia Extract, † gr. 1 " 3	55	60	Podophyllin i gr. 1 " 4 Lupulin, 3 grs. 2 " 3	85	1 00
" 1 gr. 1 " 2	95	1 00	Macrotin, 1-10 gr. 1 " 2	85	44
Iodide of I on (Blanchard's For- mula), 1 1-2 gr. 1 " 2	98	1 00	Magnesia, Calcined, 2 grs. 2 " 5	85	4
Iodine, † gr. 1 " 4	95	1 00	Magnesia and Rhel, 2 grs. 1 gr. each. 1 " 2	45	56
Iodoform, 1 gr.	1 55	1 60	Mandrake Compound,	1	
Iodoform and Iron, 2 grs. Iron by Hydrogen 1 gr.			Ext. Colocynth Comp. 1 gr.		
Iodoform 1 gr. 1 " 8	1 95	2 00	Mandrake. 1 gr. Gentian, 1-2 gr. Gam-		
Ipecac Extract, † gr. 1 " 8	55	60	boge, 1-8 gr. Podophyillin, 1-4 gr. Capsi-		
Ipecac and Squill, 8 grs. 2 " 8	50	55	Podophyillin, 1-4 gr. Capsi- cum, 1-16 gr. 2 " 8	70	7
Ipecac and Opium, equal to 24 grs.	1		Mercury, Prot. Iodide, † gr. 1 " 2	50	5
(Dover's powder) Opium 1 part,			Red, " 1-16 gr. 1 " 4	40	4
Ipecae 1 part, > 1 " 6	55	60	Mercury, Iodide and Opli.	1	
Potass Sulph., 8 parts.)			Iodide 1 gr.	80	9
Ipecac and Oplum, equal to 5 grs., Dover's powder.			Opii, 1-3 gr. 1 "8 Morphia, Acet., † gr. 1 "2 " 1-4 gr. 1 "4	70	7
Opium 4 gr.	1		Morphia, Acet., § gr. 1 2 2 1 4 4 gr. 1 4 4	95	1 0
Ipecac d gr. >2 grs, 2 " 6	1 10	1 15	" Sulphate, # gr. 1 " 3	70 60	7
Potass. Sulph. 1 gr.) Ipecac and Oplum, equal to 10 grs.				55	6
Dover's powder.			" Valerianate gr. 1 " 8	1 20	1 2
Opium 1 er.	1.08	9.00	Morphia Comp. ‡ gr.		
Ipecac 1 gr. Potass Sulph. 2 grs. 4 grs. 1 " 8	1 95	2 00	Morphia Sulph ‡ Tart. Pot. and Ant. ‡ 2 to 4	1 45	1 5
Irisin, gr. 1 " 6	60	65	Calomel ‡	1 40	1 0
I gr.	70	75			
Irisin Compound, Irisin, 1-4 gr.			Neuralgic, (Dr. Gross), Quinia Sulph, 2 grs.		
Podophyllin, 1-10 gr.			Morphia Sulph, 1-20 gr. Strychnia, 1-20 gr.		
Strychnia, 1-40 gr. 1 Iron and Aloes. 1	45	50	Strychnia, 1-30 gr. Ac. Arsenious, 1-20 gr. 1	8 20	8 2
See Alone and Iron Arms 1 H 4	85	40	Ext. Aconiti, 1-2 gr.		
Iron Citrate, 2 grs. 9 " 8 " a Quinine Cit. 1gr. 2 " 6	45	50	Neuralgic, (Dr. Gross,) without	2 95	
Attentione (5t law till 6	75	80	Morphia. 1	W 90	8 0

Tilden & Co's Sugar-Coated Pills and Granules.

PILLS.	per 500.	PRICE ¥ 100.	PILLS.	per 500.	PRIC W 10
Neuralgic Idiopath, DOSE. Ext. Hyoscyam, 2-8 gr.		1	Quinine Comp., & Strychnia, DOSE.		
Ext. Hyoscyam, 2-8 gr.		1	Quinine, 1 gr. Iron by Hydrogen, 1 gr. Arsenious Acid, 1 20 gr. 1		
" Aconiti, 1-3 gr. " Conil, 2-8 gr.	100	4 1	fron by Hydrogen, 1 gr.	1 00	1 08
" Connah Ind 1-4 or		1 1	Arsenious Acid, 1 20 gr. 1	1 80	1 95
Cannab. Ind. 1-4 gr. Ignat. Am. 1-2 gr. Stramon. 1-5 gr.		1	Strychnia, 1-20 gr. Quinine et. Colocynth. Comp. Quinine Sulph. 1 gr.		
" Stramon, 1-5 gr.			Quinize Sulph 1 gr		
" Opti. 1-2 gr.					1
Belladonna, 1-6 gr. 1 Neuralgie (Dr. F. S. Reed),	1 95	2 00	lignat. Amar. 1-2 gr. Piperina 1-2 gr.		1
Neuralgic (Dr. T. S. Reed),	-		Piperina 1-2 gr.		-
Sulph, Quinine, 1 gr.				2 20	2 25
Cit. Iron, 1 gr. Ext. Can. Ind. 1-4 gr.			Quinine, et. Verri Carb.		
Ext. Can. Ind. 1-4 gr.			Quinine, et. Ferri Carb. Quinine Solph. 1 gr. Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 2 grs. 1 to 2 Quinine, et. Ferri Lact. Comp.	1 70	1 75
Belladonna, 1-4 gr.	8 20	8 95	Ouining of Powi Leas Comp.	1 10	1 40
Opii, 1-4 gr. 1	0 20	0 20	Quinize Sulph. 1 gr.		
Ext. Belladonna, 1 gr.			Ext. Ignat. Amar. 1-2 gr		
Sulph, Morphia, 1-8 gr.	1		Ext. Ignat. Amar. 1-2 gr. Ferri Lactat. 2 grs. 1 " 3	1 95	2 00
Strychnia, 1-10 gr. 1	95	1 00	Quinine, et. Ferri Valer., 2 grs. 1 " 2 Quinine, et. Hydrarg. Quin. Sulph. 1 gr.	8 45	8 50
Vitrate Silver, † gr. 1 to 2 Vux Vomica, Ext., † gr. 1 " 2	90	95	Quinine, et. Hydrarg.		
iux Vomica, Ext., † gr. 1 " 2	85 45	40	Quin. Sulph. 1 gr.		
* * KT. 1	70	50	Mass. Hydrarg 2 grs.		4 00
	10	75	Oleo-Resin Piper Nig. 1-4 gr. 1	1 70	1 73
Oplum and Acetate Lead, 2 grs.			Oleo-Resin Piper Nig. 1-4 gr. 1 Quinine, et. Strychnia, Quin. Sulph. 1 gr. Strychnia, 1-60 gr. Quinine, et. Zinci. Valer., Qu'n. Valer. 1 gr. Zinci. Valer. 1 gr. Quinine "alerianate, 1 gr. 1 " 3 Quinine "alerianate, 1 gr. 1 " 8 Rhef Extract 1 gr.		
Oplum 1 gr. Acet. Lead 1 gr. 1 " 8	75	80	Strychnia, 1-60 gr. 1	1 70	1 78
inium and Camphor, 8 grs.		(OM	Quinine, et. Zinci, Valer	1 10	
Opium 1 gr. 1 '- 2	75	80	Qu'n. Valer. 1 gr.		1
Campnor 2 gra.	1		Zinci. Valer. 1 gr. 1 " 8	8 95	4 00
pium, Camphor and Tannin.			Quinine Valerianate, i gr. 1 " 8	1 95	2 00
Camphor 1 gr. Oplum 4 gr. 1 " 9	85	90	Rhel Extract, 1 gr.	1 05	1 10
	60	gr.	Rhei Extract, 1 gr. Rhei, U. S. P. 4 grs. Rhei 3 grs. Soap 1 gr. 1 " 2 Rhei Compound, U. S. P. 44 grs.	W.O.	-
Tanini 2 grs. Phytolaccin, ‡ gr. 1 " 2 Phosphorus, 1-50 gr. 1 1-100 gr. 1 " 2	95	65	Rhei 3 grs. Soap 1 gr. 1 " 2	70	78
hosphorus, 1-00 gr. 1 1 1-100 gr. 1 1 1 2	95	1 00	Khel Compound, U. S. P. 44 grs.		
thosphomas Come	00	T 00	Rhei 2 grs. Aloes Ext. 14 gr.		1
Phosphorus, Comp.,			Myrrh " 1 gr.		1
Phosphorus, 1-100 gr. Ext. Nux. Vomica, 1-4 gr. 1 " 2	1 25	1 30	Oil Peppermint, 2 " 5	70	71
Phosphorus Comp. and Iron,	1		Rhei and Blue Pill.	1	
Phosphorus, 1-100 gr.			Rhei	10.00	1
Ext. 'ux Vomica, 1-8 gr. 1 " 2	1 25	1 30	Blue Pill 4 grs. 1 " 2	75	80
Phosphate Iron, 1-2 gr.	1		Soda Carb.		
Podophyllum, Ext.,	OR.		Rhei and Iron, 8 grs. 2 " 8	85	90
1 gr. 8 " 8	65 85	70	Rheumatic.	1	1
Podophyllin, 1-4 gr, 1 " 4 Podophyllin, ‡ gr. 1 " 2	45	40 50	Ext. Colocynth Comp. 14 gr.		
	70	75	" Colchici Acet. 1 gr. " Hyoscyamus ‡ gr.	1	1
Pedephyllin and Blue Pill 8 gra		40	Calomel # gr. 1 " 2	85	96
Podophyllin and Blue Pill, 8 grs, Podophyllin i gr. 1 "2	45	50	Santonin, i gr. 2 " 4	45	50
Blue Pill 24 grs.	1		Sanguinaria Ext. 4 gr. 1 " 5	60	65
Blue Pill 24 grs. Podophyllin Compound, 1 gr.		1	Sanguinarin 4 gr 1 44 4	50	50
Podophyllin & gr.	1	201	1 gr. 1 " 2	70	77
Ext. Hyoseyamus & gr. 1 " 2 " Nux Vomica 1-16 gr.	75	90	Sarsaparilla, Ext., 3 grs. 2 " 5	70	16
Nux vomica 1-10 gr.	1		Savine, Ext., 1 gr. 1 "5 Senna, Alex. Ext., 2 grs. 1 " 2 Soap and Opium, U. S. P. Sgrs. 1 " 3	65	66
Podophyllin and Belladonna,			Soap and Onlum, U. S. P. Sgrs. 1 " 3	1 00	1 0
Podophyllin 1-4 gr. Ext. Bellad. alc. 1-8 gr.			Soda, Bi-Carbonate, 4 grs. 2 " 5	45	5
Oleo resin Capsici, 1-4 gr. I " 2	70	75	Smill Comp. II S P S gres 2 " S	45	54
	1 .0	100	Stillingin 1 or 2 " 5	70	73
Sacchari lactis, 1gr. Poppy Extract, 2 grs. 2 " 4	65	70	Stramonium Ext., # gr. 1 " 2	50	54
Potass. Tartrate of, and Iron,			" 1 gr. 1 " 2	60	66
2 grs. 2 " 4	60	65	Strychnia, 1-48 gr. & 1-82 gr. 1 " 2	85	4
" Iodide, 2 grs. 1 " 5	80	85	1-16 gr. 1	40	40
Bromide, 1 gr. 8 " 6 Potass, Perman, Cryst, 1-6 gr. 1 " 2	70	75	Strychnia Compound,		1
	45 85	50 90	Strychnia, 1-30 gr.	1	
Quassia Extract, 1 gr. 3 " 5 Quinine and Aloes, 1 gr.	80	90	Arsenic, 1-30 gr. Quinia 1gr. 1 Iron by Hydrogen, 1 gr.	1 80	1 8
Ouinine 4 ar Aloes 4 gr. 1 " 3	1 25	1 80	Syphilitic.	1 00	1 0
Infolma Sulph Lor 1 " 6	95	90		95	1 0
" 1 gr. 1 "8	1 85	1 40	Hydrarg, Chlor, Corros, 1-40 gr.		1
" 2 grs. 1 " 2	2 70	2 75	Tartar Emetic, 1 gr. 1 " 2	45	5
" " 8 grs. 1 " 2	8 05	4 00	Taraxacum Ext., 8 grs. 3 " 6	70	78
Quinine Sulph., 1-2 gr 1 ** 4	1 10	1 15	Friplex, 8 grs. Aloes, Ext. 2 parts,		
Quinine Compound.			Aloes, Ext. 2 parts,		
Quinine Sulph., 1 gr.	1		Podophyllin,	70	-
Iron by Hydrogen 1 gr. 1 "8	1 00	1 05	Biue Mass, ää 1 part. 1 " 9 Uva Ursi, Ext., 2 grs. 1 " 7	65	71
Outples Suinh & Fet Belledor	1 80	1 85	Uva Ursi, Ext., 2 grs. 1 " 7 Valerian, Ext. 2 grs. 1 " 5	85	96
Arsenious Acid 1-32 gr. Quinine Suiph. & Ext. Belladon. Quinine 1 gr. Belladon. i gr. 1 "4	1 80	1 85	Valerianate Ammonia 1 gr. 9 44 6	1 45	1 56
Quinine Sulph. and Iron, 2 grs.	1 00	1 00	Iron, 1 gr. 1 " 3	95	1 00
Ouinine 1 gr.	1		Morphia, + gr. 2 .4 4	1 20	1 2
Iron by Hydrogen 1 gr. 1 " 4	1 80	1 85	Outpla 4 gr 1	1 95	2 04
Quinine Suiph. Iron and Stry ch.	1			95	1 00
Quinine 1 gr.		1	Veratria, 1-82 gr. 1 " 8	65	76
Iron Carb. Valett's, 2 grs. 1 "2 Strychola Sulph. 1-60 gr.	1 80	1 85	Veratrum Viride, Ext. 1 " 2	45	50
			" " gr. 1"2		

UNIVERSITY DISPENSARY

ANI

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

On Venereal Diseases and Diseases of the Skin,		
and Clinical Medicine,	BY PROF.	L. P. YANDELL, J.
On Ophthalmic and Aural Diseases,	BY PROF.	J. M. BODINE.
On Diseases of the Throat and Chest,	BY PROF.	E. R. PALMER.
On Urinology and Diseases of the Nervous System,	BY PROF.	J. W. HOLLAND.
On Public Hygiene,	BY PROF.	T. S. BELL.
On Clinical Diseases of Women,	By Prof	. Crowe.
On Obstetrics,	By Dr. 1	W. H. BOLLING.
On Clinical Surgery,	By Prof	. D. W. YANDELL.
On Operative Surgery and Surgical Dressings, .	By Prof	. R. O. COWLING.
On Physiology and Diseases of Children,	By Dr.	F. C. WILSON.
On Practice of Medicine and Anatomy,	By Dr.	W. O. ROBERTS.
On Chemistry and Materia Medica,	By DR. 1	H. A. COTTELL.

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease.

Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year

Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

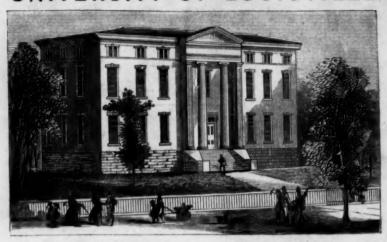
Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week.

For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary,
Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLE.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. DProfessor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D Prof. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.
J. W. HOLLAND, M. D Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Prof. of the Science and Art of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. D Prof. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

Professors' Tickets, in full \$50 00	Matriculation Fee \$ 5 00
Demonstrators' Ticket 10 00	
Hospital Ticket (re	quired by City), \$5 00

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

TA Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 495/4-West Walnut Street.

Cincho-Quinine holds ALL the important constituents of Perwoian Bark in their alkaloidal condition. It contains no sulphate of cinchonine or sulphate of quinine, but cinchonine, quinine, quinidine, etc., without acid combinations. It is now nearly four years since it was placed in the hands of physicians for trial, and the verdict in its favor is decisive.

At the present price of sulphats of quinine, it is sold at about one-half the price of that agent, and with the testimony offered that it has equal tonic and anti-periodic effects, and that it is less objectionable, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be universally employed by the profession.

The cut below gives the size of the same phial, an I the form of putting up.

Dr. J. A. PERKINS, of Chestertown, Md., un-der date of Feb. 10, 1872 der dato of Feb. 10, 1872 writes us as follows: "I have used your preparation of Cinche-Quinne during the past summer in a malarious district. I flud it entirely reliable as a substitute for the sulphate of quinine. It produces the subsequence unpleasant effects of quinine. It produces less unpleasant effects on the head, and is much better borne by the stomach. In the cases of children, I have desirable remedy, on account of the much less unpleasant taste. I use it satisfactorily in all cases as a substitute for the sulphate."

I have used one-and-I have used one-and-abalf ounces of the Chicho-Quinine, and I think very favorably of its effects. In acase of intermittent fever (the patient from Tenessee), I found it to operate as well and as operate as well and as promptly as subpliate of quinine, without any unpleasant head symptoms. In no case have I discovered any unpleasant cerebral disturbance, as is often found in the use of the quinine.—J. M. At DRICH, M.D. Fall River, Mass.

I have used several ounces of Cincho-Qui-nine with the most complete success. I prefer plete success. I prefer it to the sulphate of quinine in intermit-tents, especially with children. I can strong-ly recommend it to the profession generally.— J. H. Frey, M. D., Perry,

The Cincho-Quinine which I have used gave entire satisfaction. It has all the advantages you claim for it, and doubtleas it will in time supersede the use of sulphate of quinine entirely.—Samure. W. Coons, M. D., Madison, Ala.



I have used CincheQuinine in eight or ten
cases, and have reason
to think well of the results. I give it as I do
the sulphate, lo grains
in five doses during the
intermission, and five
grains one or two hours
before a paroxysm is
due, and continue to
give five grains once a
week for three weeks.
I shall continue to use
it, and wish you to send it, and wish you to send me one ounce by mail. —J. C. Downing, M. D. Wapping Falls, New Wapping York,

After further contin-After further continued trial of the Cincho-Quinine, I can safely say that it is a most excellent remedy. The absence of cinchonism in its use, its comparatively pleasant taste, its cheapness, with its fully equal tonic and fully equal tonic and anti-periodic qualities, make it an article make it an article which must soon be indispensable in the list of remedies of every intelligent physician. S. A. BUTTERFIELD, M. D., Indianapolis, Ind.

I have been using the Cincho-Quinine in my practice in intermit-Cincho-Quinine in my practice in intermittents and remittents, and I think well of it. I believe it to be quite equal to the sulphate, with all the advantages which you claim for it.—J. C. Ross. M. D., Lincoln, Ill.

I have used an ounce of Cincho-Quinine in some obstinate cases of intermittent neuralgia and ague, and am hapand ague, and am happy to state that it has thus far sustained in full the anticipation raised by what you have claimed for it. Dr. S. Cutter, of this city, has an extensive, and he informed me a few days ago that the Cincho-Quinine was giving astisfaction—J. H. BERGER, Coldwater, Mich. BEECH, Coldwater, Mich.

We can now supply SUGAR-COATED CINCHO-QUININE PILLS of three sizes. namely, 1 grain, 2 grains, and 3 grains, in such quantities as are wanted. They are placed in vials holding 100 each. The price is about one-half that of Quinine Pills. Dose the same.

BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO. Successors to James R. Nichols & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists, BOSTON, MASS

Manufacturers of Acide, Chloreform, Ethers, Proparations of Gold, Silver, Tin, Zinc, Lead, Iron, Biemuth, and all Fine Chamicals used in Medicine or the Arts.

E. FESSENDEN, President.

J. F. BURNS, Secretary.

PHŒNIX

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

ASSETS, OVER . . . \$6,000,000.

THIS COMPANY issues every desirable form of Policy, and each Policy is

NON-FORFEITABLE.

IT IS A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY; ALL THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED AMONG THE INSURED.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGED FOR RESIDENCE IN THE SOUTH OR IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE THE TROPICS.

No Extra Charge for Insuring the Lives of Females.

ITS POLICIES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

The Ratio of Assets to Liabilities is greater than that of any other Company in the country.

The Phænix is the only Company in the country which offers ALL the advantages of an all-cash or half-note Company.

Information as to Local Agencies, or Insurance, promptly furnished.

WM. W. MORRIS, Gen. Agt. for Kentucky,

HAMILTON BUILDING, Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DETROIT REVIEW OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY.

(Ninth Volume begins January, 1874.)

A LIVE MEDICAL JOURNAL.

GIVES EACH MONTH a fresh and readable record of Medical, Surgical, and scientific progress, designed expressly for the intelligent working practitioner. Edited by

LEARTUS CONNOR, A. M., M. D., AND ALBERT B. LYONS, A. M., M. D.

Each volume contains nearly six hundred pages of closely-printed matter prepared exclusively for its columns.

Terms: \$2.00 Yearly, always in advance.

Those subscribing for Volume IX. now will receive the remaining numbers of Volume VIII, free.

Specimen copies and commutation lists furnished to those desiring them.

Address Publishers Detroit Review of Medicine and Pharmacy, 94

Cass Street, Detroit, Mich.

No. 49—

MAX WOCHER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Surgical, Dental & Orthopedical Instruments,

Have constantly on hand a full assortment of Amputating, Trephining, Amputating and Trephining Compound, Resection, Obstetric, Eye, Pocket Medicine and Surgical Pocket Cases, Essex, Clark's and Maunder's Spray Instruments, Richardson's Local Anæsthesia Spray Producers, Tangle Tents (Laminaria Digitata) for Dilation of the Uterus, Urethra and Lachrymal Duct, Sponge Tents, Hypodermic and Lachrymal Syringes, Ophthalmoscopes, Laryngoscopes, Thudicum's Nasal Douche for the treatment of Catarrh, Dr. Siegle's improved Inhaling Apparatus, Silk Elastic Abdominal Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Ankle Pieces, etc., etc.

Special attention is given to Club-foot Shoes, Bow Legs, Weak Ankles, Extension, Hip-joint and Spinal Apparatus, Abdominal Supporters, with or without Springs, Wire-gauze Splints for any fracture and size. Trusses for Hernias and Tumors made and professionally adjusted.

The MEDICAL PROFESSION are invited to notice our arrangements made with Mr. Day, as SOLE AGENTS here for his IMPROVED SPLINTS for all fractures or dislocations, which enables us to sell, either by sets or separate parts, at manufacturing prices.

105 WEST SIXTH ST. (Medical College Building), . . CINCINNATI, 0. $N_{0.49}$ —

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Office South-west Corner Third and Jefferson Sts.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS:

J. LAWRENCE SMITH, President.	J. H. LINDENBERGER Vice-President.
J. B. TEMPLE ad Vice-President.	L. T. THUSTIN Secretary.
JOHN B. SMITHTreasurer. S T. WILSONGeneral Agent.	W. E. HARVEY Consulting Actuary. W. F. BARRET Legal Adviser.

MEDICAL BOARD:

W. B. CALDWELL, M. D. E. D. FOREE, M. D.

DIRECTORS:

J. Lawrence Smith, J. B. Temple, William Mix,	John B. Smith, Jas. B. Wilder, T. J. Tapp,	Thos. L. Barret, S. T. Wilson, J. S. Kennedy,	Geo. W. Norton, C. Henry Finck, Ioseph Adams,
T. H. Grinter,	S. P. Walters,	James A. Dawson,	J. H. Lindenberger,
W. C. Hite, D. H. Davies,	W. F. Barret, L. T. Thustin,	J. G. Barret, Geo. W. Morris	J. M. Robinson, Geo. W. Wicks,
T. T. Alexander, J. M. Fogle,	Jas. A. Graham, J. W. Proctor,	E. P. Campbell,	H. D. McHenry.

Its Rates of Premium are the same adopted by the leading Mutual Companies in America, sanctioned by experience and the highest scientific authority. Its Dividends are upon the contribution plan, which is just both to the new and old policy-holder, and may be applied to increase the amount of insurance or in diminishing the annual premium, which thereby grows less each year with the age of the policy. These dividends once declared, and reversionary additions, are made non-forfeitable for failure to pay premium on the original policy—a just though unusual stipulation of the policy itself. The policy stipulates to pay to each holder a just proportion of the surplus. All policies non-forfeitable after payment of two full annual premiums.

Assets over Half a Million (over \$600,000) are safely invested in a manner to aid in developing the material resources of the South and Southwest. Ratio of means to liabilities are more than usually favorable.

MORTALITY.

Death losses in this company in the four years of its existence have been under fifty per cent. of the table rate, while seventy-five per cent. would have shown great care in the selection of risks.

THE LAWS OF KENTUCKY

Regulating Life Insurance Companies are as rigid in their requirements as those of any state in the Union. Deposit of \$100,000 and over has been promptly made, as shown by the certificate of the State Treasurer, and the supervision required will guarantee to those interested security in the affairs of the Company.

STATE TREASURER'S CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky, Frankfort, May 13, 1870.

The Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky has deposited bonds of the par value of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and of market value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be held by the Treasurer for the benefit of the policy-holders of said company ander the provisions of an act of the Legislature of Kentucky "for the incorporation and regulation of life insurance companies," approved March 12, 1870.

JAMES W. TATE. Treasurer

B. F. HAUGH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON

RAILING & JAILS

VARANDAS, BANK VAULTS, IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, BOLTS, IRON FRONTS, Also

Plain and Ornamental Iron Stairs and General House-smithing,

AND BUILDERS OF

B. F. HAUGH & CO'S IMPROVED JAILS.

No. 74 SOUTH PENNSYLVANIA STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

No. 49-

HANBURY SMITH'S MINERAL SPRING WATERS

NOTICE.

NEW YORK, MARCH 2, 1870. Having carefully examined the improved processes adopted in the laboratory of Dr. Hanbury Smith, and analyzed samples of the MINERAL SPRING WATERS which he offers for sale, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are manufacwhich he offers for safe, I am prepared to testify that the Waters are maintactured with the most intelligent and concientious care, and are every way reliable substitutes for the natural waters. The public estimation in which Dr. Smith's preparations are held is thus amply justified by my investigations and analyses.

CHARLES A. SEELY,

Late Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, and of Chemistry and Metallurgy in the New York College of Dentistry.

The attention of the trade is invited to the following facts:
Dr. Smith's waters were the first ever placed in the market on a large scale in the United States.

United States.

Their excellence created the demand for such goods, and made the business wholesale. They exactly represent the natural waters, producing identical medicinal effects. They are more extensively prescribed in daily practice, and used by physicians themselves, than any other—a spontaneous and emphatic indorsement, certainly not surreptitionsly obtained.

They are the only waters sold on draught by Hegeman & Co., Caswell, Hazard & Co., and the other leading druggists of New York and the neighboring cities.

In cases where other waters have been substituted the difference has been immediately detected by the public, and loss of custom has compelled a return to Dr. Smith's.

Materials for manufacture, in solution or as day salvs; in both cases reduced to the smallest possible bulk.

smallest possible bulk.

Druggists visiting New York are cordially invited to visit the laboratory at 35 Union Square.

HANBURY SMITH & HAZARD,

No 49-

35 Union Square, New York.

Established in 1817.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FINE DRUGS, CHEMICALS & INSTRUMENTS,

272 MAIN STREET,

BET. SEVENTH AND EIGHTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We aim to supply the regular Druggist and Apothecary as well as the Physician with TRUE, GENUINE, and STANDARD ARTICLES in our line of trade, and we warrant every thing we sell to be as represented.

We are AGENTS for TIEMANN'S CELEBRATED SURGICAL IN-STRUMENTS, which we sell at his prices.

We also keep all the approved New Remedies as they are brought into notice.

We are AGENTS for GRIMAULT & CO., of PARIS, and sell his specialties s low as they can be bought on this continent, as we import direct.

No. 49-

INCORPORATED 1846.

CONNECTICUT

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

NUMBERING ABOUT 65,000 MEMBERS.

ASSETS, \$33,000,000. SURPLUS, OVER \$10,000,000.

Income for 1870, \$10,000,000.

Dividends paid in 1870, \$2,300,000. Dividends payable in 1871, \$4,250,000

Ratio of expenses to total receipts, 8.89 per cent.

A purely MUTUAL Company, all its surplus is equitably divided among the Policy-holders in ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be applied in reduction of Premiums, or may be accumulated at interest for the benefit of the assured, or may be received by them in Cash. Paid up Policies are granted after two or more years' Premiums have been paid, thus practically making ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

It issues Policies upon all desirable Plans of Insurance, and has adopted in its workings several SPECIAL FEATURES original with this Company, and offered by no other.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary, ZEPHANIAH PRESTON, Vice-P't. L. S. WILCOX, M. D., Med. Ex'r. WOODBRIDGE S. OLMSTED, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES GOODWIN,
ZEPHANIAH PRESTON,
JOHN C. PALMER,
E. B. WATKINSON,
J. D. TIFFANY,
N. M. WAIERMAN,
GEORGE S. GILMAN,
HENRY C. ROBINSON,
C. L. THAYER, Boston.

RYAN, CARPENTER & CO.

No. 49-

JAS. S. CARPENTER & CO.

GEN'L AGENTS FOR TENNESSEE,

Cor. Sixth & Main Sta, Louisville, Ky.

45 Madison Street, Memphis

PURE WHISKIES.

We make a specialty of the trade in PURE, STRAIGHT

KENTUCKY BOURBON

AND

RYE WHISKIES,

Handling none but goods in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, stamped as they come out of

DISTILLERY SONDED-WAREHOUSES.

We have now in store and in distillery bonded-warehouses about 10,000 barrels of carefully-selected brands sweet and sour mash copper Whisky, offering to buyers an unequaled selection. As owners of the NELSON DISTILLERY (formerly owned by BEALL, STILES & Co.), and as sole agents for

PEPPER DISTILLERY, Franklin County, Ky.

BEARGRASS DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

S. THOMPSON & CO., DISTILLERY, Larue Co., Ky.

E. C. BERRY DISTILLERY, Daviess County, Ky.

LAVAL DISTILLERY, Jefferson County, Ky.

we are prepared to contract for the product of these distilleries, in bond or tax paid.

To physicians and druggists who buy for cash, or on short time, we are prepared to offer Whiskies which for age and quality are unsurpassed, and at the lowest prices of the market. All inquiries will be promptly responded to, and samples forwarded when requested.

Soliciting your orders, we are respectfully,

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.

No. 49-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAUTION!

All genuine Liebig's Extract of Meat bears the signature, in blue ink, of Baron Liebig, the inventor, across the label, thus Josephy

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

This extract is made, under BARON LIEBIG'S control and guarantee, from the finest Beef. Physicians, in prescribing, and purchasers will please take notice and ask for the extract with Liebig's signature.

J. MILHAU'S SONS, Agents,

No. 49-

183 Broadway and 15 Dey St., New York City.

F. S. SIEGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Surgical & Dental Instruments

ELASTIC TRUSSES,

Abdominal Supporters, Club-Foot and Spinal Machines, etc., etc.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN (near the Post-office),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

All orders promptly attended to. Refers to the Physicians of Louisville.

No. 49—



Dr. McINTOSH'S NATURAL terine Supporter.



instrument is a uterine and abdominal supporter combined. The uterine stem is of highly This instrument is a uterine and abdominal supporter combined. The uterine stem is of highly polished hard rubber, which can be bent by immersion in hot water to exactly fit he shape of the vagina. It is suspended by two soft rubber tubes passing through the head of the stem and to all the varying positions of the body. It will not interfere with any of life's principle necessities; affording four points of support, instead of one or two as others now in use, and so adapting itself is not corrosive, and is lighter than if metallic. Cups are furnished for retroversion, anteversion, or any of the flexions of the womb.

These instruments have received the indorsement and recommendation of the medical proession generally, and are now more in use than all other similar instruments taken together.

Price to Physicians, \$8.00; to Patients, \$12.00.

Instruments can be sent by mail or express. If sent by mail, postage will be 12 cents, which should be added to the remittance. For circulars and further information address

Dr. McINTOSH'S NATURAL UTERINE SUPPORTER CO.

Treasurer. 54-6m 296 WEST LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

Woman's Hospital Medical College of Chicago

The Fifth Annual Course of Lectures will commence on Tuesday, October 6, 1874, and continue twenty weeks. This Institution offers to ladies desiring a thorough medical educacation first-class facilities for its accomplishment. Dissecting material abundant; hospital and clinical advantages unsurpassed.

W. G. Dyas, M. D., President of Faculty, Pro-fessor of Theory and Practice of Medicine. W. H. Byford, A. M., M. D., Professor Emer-itus of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women.

A. Fisher, M. D., Prof. Emeritus of Surgery.
Roswell G. Bogue, M. D., A. H. Foster,
M. D., Professors of Surgery.
T. D. Firch, M. D., Secretary of Faculty, Professors of Women.
E. Marguerat, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics. JOHN BARTLETT, M. D., Professor of Diseases

of Children.

MARY H. THOMPSON, M. D. Corresponding
Secretary, Professor of Hygiene.

S. C. BLAKE, M. D., Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System. G. C. PAOLI, M. D., Professor of Materia Med-ica and Therapeutics. CHAS. W. EARLE, M. D., Treasurer of Faculty, Professor of Physiology. LESTER CURTIS, M.D., Professor of Patholog M. DELAFONTAINE, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry

Chemistry.
C. Hotz, Professor of Opthalmology and

Otology. P.S. MACDONALD, M. D., Prof. of Anatomy. D. W. GRAHAM, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

BOFFOR Catalogue or further information address the Secretary, Corresponding Secretary, or asurer.

W. GODFRY DYAS, M. D., F. R. C. S., Pres't of Faculty. W. GODFRY DYAS, M. D., F. R. C. S., Pres't of Faculty T. D. FITCH, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 296 Monroe Street.

SCHOOL HOME

EDUCATION, LITERATURE, AND SCIENCE.

HOME AND SCHOOL is published monthly at \$1.50 a year. It records the progress of the South and West in literature and morals, and truly reflects the sentiments of our people in matters of home and school education. None other than articles of high literary merit, interesting to the teacher and the general reader, appears in its columns. Practical treatises on the science and art of teaching and kindred subjects are published in every number.

Club Rates. We will send 5 copies for one year for \$7.50, and 1 extra copy to raiser of club. Address

JOHN P. MORTON & CO., Publishers,

156 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

M. M. GREEN.

L B GREEN.

A. CRAIG.

GREEN & GREEN.

HATS, FURS, and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURS and FINE SHIRTS.

Lonsdale 2 75

Special attention given to party and wedding outfits. Send for descriptive list and instruction for self-measurement. No. 49-

Portable Electrical Instruments

FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Galvanic & Galvano Caustic Batteries

Electro-Magnetic Machines, &c.

GALVANO-FARADIC MF'G CO.

167 East Thirty-Fourth Street, NEW YORK.

No. 50-11m Send for Illustrated Catalogue.



Stephenson's Improved Uterine Supporter.

THE most practical and effectual instrument in the market; made of SOFT RUBBER, with an interior stem, or rod, of hard rubber, susceptible of being bent to any desired curve.

MON-IRRITATING, EASY of APPLICATION, and CLEANLY,

it affords a support as strong and firm as the metal and hard-rubber instruments without their rigidity.

The attention of the profession is respectfully solicited. For sale by SAUDEK & COLSTON, corner SECOND AND GREEN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send for Circular.

F. E. DAYTON & CO.

No. 49-

Manufacturers and Proprietors, JACKSONVILLE, ILL.



WILLIAM G. SCHMIDT.

Manufacturing Pharmaceutist

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

No. 88 FIFTH STREET, CORNER OF MARKET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for TIEMANN & CO.'S SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRU-MENTS, comprising Amputating, Dissecting, Pocket, Trephining and Obstetric Instruments, Specula, Inhalers, Fever Thermometers, Pessaries, Elastic Stockings, Trusses, Supporters, etc., which are sold at manufacturers' prices. Special attention paid to orders from country physicians. Agent for

Dr. L. A. BABCOCK'S SILVER UTERINE SUPPORTER

For the cure of Prolapsus, Retroversion, and Anteversion. Warranted a Radical Cure. Price, \$25. Price to Physicians, \$15.

Dr. L. A. Babcock's SILVER UTERINE SUP-PORTER, for the cure of Prolapsus, Retrover ion and Anteversion. Warranted a radical circ.

and Anteversion.

QUINCY, ILL.

We would respectfully call the attention of the profession to Dr. L. A. BABCOCK's improvement in Uterine Supporters. These instruments derive their support from an external brace, and are destined to entirely supersede the old-fashioned, uncomfortable and useless pessary. They are easily adjusted, and so comfortable and advantageous to the wearer that patients who have long been confined to their beds or rooms with uterine difficulties express themselves as having "gotten into a new world" upon having a supporter applied. We speak thus positively of these instruments because we have thoroughly tested them.

DRS. CURTIS & MCMAHAN.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DEAR SIR: Yours, with instructions, to hand. I speak as a lecturer on obstetrics and a physician of large experience in the treatment of uterine diseases, when I say that the more I be-come familiar with your invention the more valuable it appears to me; and I would like to see the thing extensively used, for it supplies a want long felt.

EDWARD A. GILBERT, M. D.

A VERY APPROPRIATE PICTURE FOR A DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

"LIFE AND DEATH"

THE great puzzle-picture, apparently represents two children at play; but upon viewing it from a distance you perceive a

HUMAN SKULL.

This picture should hang conspicuously in every physician's office. None will fail to admire it. Dr. Webber pronounces it the greatest wonder of art.

Sent, post-paid, to all for \$1.00. "A Treatise on Medicine and Surgical Instruments" sent free with each picture.

Address

WESTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY,

53-5m

YOUNGSTOWN, O.

BROWNING & SLOAN,

Druggists & Apothecaries' Hall

Nos. 7 AND 9 EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GLASS WARE,

And all articles usually kept in a first-class Drug-house.

Our stock is large, and in variety and detail not surpassed by any house in the country, and which we are prepared to sell as low as any Western house. Orders respectfully solicited. All articles warranted as represented. No. 49-

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF'S ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION

LOCAL ANÆSTHESIA. &c.

By the Atomizer any medicated liquid may be converted into the finest spray. In this ate it may be inhaled into the smallest air-cells, thus opening a new era in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs.

The Complete Steam Atomizer for Inhalation, &c. (See Fig. 15.)



5. Pat. Mar. 24, 1868 and Mar. 16, 1869.

It consists of the spear-shaped brass boiler A, steam outlet-tube B, with packing-box C formed to receive rubber packing through which the atomizing tube D passes, strong which the atomizing tube D passes, steam-tight, and by means of which tubes of various sizes may be tightly held against any force of steam by screwing down its cover while the packing is warm; the safety-valve E, capable of graduation for high or low pressure by the spring or screw in its top, the non-conducting handle F, by which the boiler may be litted while hot, the medi-cament-cup and cup-holder G, the support H, iron base I I, the glass face-shield J, with oval mouth-piece connected by the elastic band K with the cradle L, whose slotted staff passes into a slot in the shield-atand M M, where it may be fixed at any height or angle

required by the mill-screw N.

The waste-cup, medicament-cup and lamp are held in their places in such a manner that they can not fall out when the apparatus is carried or used over a bed or otherwise. joints are hard soldered. It can not be injured by exhaustion of water, or any attainable pressure of steam. It does not throw spirts of hot water to frighten or scald the patient. Is compact and portable; occupies space of one sixth cubic foot only; can be carried from place to place without removing the atomizing tubes or the water; can be unpacked and repacked without loss of time. Will render in the best sense of the word. PRICE...

Brass parts nickel-plated, additional..... Will render the best service for many years, and is cheap PRICE..... \$6.00

Neatly made, strong, black-walnut box, with convenient handle, additional, 2.50



Shurtleff's Atomizing Apparatus. atus. (See Fig. 5.)
For Inhalation, and, with suitable

For Inhalation, and, with suitable tubes, for Local Annesthesia, and for making direct local applications of atomized liquids for a great variety of purposes. (See our pemphiet.)

The most desirable hand apparatus. Rubber warranted of sery best quality. Valves imperishable—every one carefactly fitted to its seat, and work perfectly in all positions. The Bulbs are adapted to all the Tubes made by us for Local Ansesthesia in Surgical Operations. Teeth Extraction, and for Inhations, Teeth Extraction, and for Inhalation. PRICE\$4.00

Each of the above Apparatuses

Fig. 5. Patented March 24, 1863. is supplied with two carefully-made annealed glass Atomizing Tubes, and accompanied with directions for use. Every Steam Apparatus is tested with steam at very high pressure. Each apparatus is carefully packed for transportation, and warranted high pressure.

N. B. To save collection expenses, funds should be sent with the order, either in form draft, post-office order, or registered letter.

For complete the strated Price-list of Apparatus, Tubes, &c., see Pamphlet.)

Will be sent by mail (post-paid), on application, a Pamphlet containing two articles, by distinguished foreign authority, on

"INHALATION OF ATOMIZED LIQUIDS,"

With formulæ of those successfully employed. Also, an article by Dr. J. L. W. Thudichum. M. B. C. P., on "A New Mode of Treating Diseases of the Nasal Cavity," with his formulæ.

Also an illustrated description of the best apparatuses for the above purposes, and for producing LUCAL ANÆSTHESIA by Atomization with Ether, by the method of Dr Richardson, of London; or with Rhigolene, as described by Dr. Henry J. Bigelow, in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal of April 19, 1866.

ALL OUR ATOMIZING INSTRUMENTS are made with the utmost care, with a view to their complete efficiency, convenience, and durability, and every one is warranted. A Gold Medal has lately been awarded us by the Middlesex Mechanics Association for Atom ising and Surgical Instruments, as will be seen from the following report, signed by a leading New England Surgeon and Physician:

"1503. Codman & Shurtleff, Boston. One Case Surgical Instruments and Atomizers.—
The Committee have no hesitation in awarding for this superb exhibition the highest premium. The various other intruments for Inhalattion of Atomized Liquids premium. The various other intruments for annature of accounted Laquing and for Local Ancesthesia were all apparently faultiess, both in design and workmanship. The exhibitors are regarded as more especially deserving of the highest token of merit for having produced nothing except of their own manufacture.—Gold Medal. (Signed)

Also, by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association—Exhibition of 1869—Silver Medal, the Highest Medal awarded for Surgical Instruments.

ATEO TOR SATE

2200 20	TO DAL TIME
*Cammann's Stethoscopes : \$7.00 *Knight's Modification	French Rubber Urinals, with valves, male, for night or day
Large Ear Mirrors, Troltache's3.50 to 5.00 Hypodermic Syringes3.00 to 13.00 * Miller's Intra-Uterine, Scarificator, in case (post-paid)	Automatic, for Crust or Lymph, fresh from arm—instantaneous, certain, and almost painless (post-paid) 3.00 Do. do. in case. 3.50
Lente's Intra-Uterine Caustic Instru- ments	Powder Syringes
Sponge Tents, plain and carbolized, each	The same, with Auto-Laryngoscopic Attachment
Pr. Cutter's Retroversion and other Pessaries	The same, with ditto, and three Laryn- goscopic Mirrors, in case

* Send for Descriptive Circular.

Amputating, Trephining, Exsecting, Pocket, Dissecting, Throat, Ear, Eye, Uterine, Ob-stetric, and all other special and general sets of Instruments on hand and made up to order. Trusses—Spinal and Abdominal Supporters—Shoulder Braces—Suspensory Bandages—Elastic Hose—Medicine Trunks and Pocket Medicine Cases—Otoscopes—Kndoscopes—Dr. Sayre's Splints for Hip-joint Disease—Fever Thermometers—Respirators—Syringes—Crutches—Universal Syringes—Galvanic Batteries and Apparatus—French Conical and Olive-tipped Bougies and Catheters.

Syndrom Statis and Authorized Contract Contract

Olive-tipped Bougies and Catheters.

Skeletons, Skulls, and Anatomical Charts on hand; Manikins, Anatomical and Pathological Models imported to order; prices on application. All Instruments, implements, and Materials used by Dentists always on hand. Apparatus for Club-feet, Weak Ankles, Bow Legs, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities, made to order.

Apparatus for Paracentesis Thoracis, approved by Dr. Bowditch, and accompanied with discretions kindly furnished by him.

with directions kindly furnished by him.

Having our Manufactory with steam power, and a corps of experienced workmen con-mected with our store, we are able promptly to make to order new Instruments and Appa ratus, and to supply new inventions on favorable terms. Instruments sharpened, polished and repaired.

CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,

Makers and Importers of Surgical and Dental Instruments, 13 AND 15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

Our Atomixing Apparatus and Instruments are for sale in Louisville by WM. G. SCHMIDT, No. 88 Fifth Street, corner of Market, and by F. S. SIRGEL, Surgical Instrument Dealer, No. 13 Third Street, between Deslerson sud Green.



NEW HYPODERMIC SYRINGE. Patented Dec. 2, 1873.

THE ADVANTAGES of this Syringe over others may be briefly summed up as follows:

The Platinum-lined Steel Canulas.
 The manner in which the Canulas are screwed into the fitting.
 The manner in which the fittings are attached to the cylinder, without cement or screws.

4. The construction of the stopple on the vial, and the method of filling.

OTTO & REYNDERS,

No. 64 CHATHAM STREET, NEW YORK.

SURGICAL & ORTHOPEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SKELETONS AND ANATOMICAL PREPARATIONS.

The Latest Improvements and New Inventions on hand and constantly received from our Agents in Europe.

No. 49-

Dr. WADSWORTH'S

UTERINE ELEVATOR,

OR STEM PESSARY IMPROVED.

The most simple and practical of any Stem Pessary ever invented. It is made of India-rubber, without lead, unirritating, of easy application, and unfailingly keeps the womb in its natural position. The first-class physicians in Providence, and eminent practitioners in almost every state, highly A pamphlet describing it, and testimonials of distinguished recommend it. physicians, also price-list sent on application.

H. H. BURRINGTON,

Sole Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

Also for sale in Louisville, Ky, by WM. G. SCHMIDT, and Dealers in Surgical Instruments generally. No. 49-19

PILLS SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF LIST PRICES

Please specify (Warner & Co.,) when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere, and observe that our Trabe Mark is on the label.

RELIABLE OFFICINAL

SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

AND RECIPES OF EMINENT PHYSICIANS.

MANUFACTURED BY

WARNER

PHILADELPHIA

FWE claim for our Sugar-Cented Pills the indispensable qualities, SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the purest materials, and you can feel warranted in their being perfectly reliable. Our method of sugar-coating pills avoids the necessity of drying so hard as to render them insoluble.

THE FOLLOWING EMBRACES A FEW IMPORTANT BI	CIPES. FULL LIST FORMISHED ON APPLICATION.
PILLS. Price per 100.	
ALOES-U. S. P.,	WARRIED W. C. & BOND. 1881 14 11 1
ALOES et ASSAF, { Pv. Aloes Soc., 1½ gr.} { Assarbtida, 1½ "} Pv. Saponis, 1½ "}	GAMBOGE COMP. Pv. Gamboge, "Alees Soc., "Zing.b, "Saponis,
ALOES et FERRI. [Pv. Aloes Soc. ½ gr.] " Zangib Jam., 1 " Ferri. Sul. Exts., 1 " Ext. Conii, 26"	GENTIAN COMP.
ALOES et NUC. VOMICA. { Pv. Aloes 8oc., 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) gr. } { Ext. Nuc. Vom., \(\frac{1}{2} \) \(\frac{1}{2} \)	HOOPER. Pv. Myrrh, 40
(Pv. Soc. Aloes. "Gum Mastich. "Flor. Rosa,	(" ZingibJam,)
ALTERATIVE,	HYDRARGYRI—3 grs
Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr., Pv. Opli., "Ipecac, E5 1-8 gr.)	IFECAU et UPII., -07 EIS.
ANDERSON SCOTS Pv. Soc. Aloes, "Saponis, "Fruct. Colocynth, "Gamboge,	PODOPHYL et HYDRARG. (Podophyllin, 1, gr.
Ol-Anisi,	
ASSAFŒTIDA, U. S. P.,	The state of the s
Assafetida, 2 gr.	market W. H. A Then I form
(Ferri, Sulph, Exa. 1gr.)	" Ignatia Am., % gr
CALOMEL,-2 grs 4	
CAMPHOR et HYOSCYAMUS.	" Nuc. Vom. ½ gr
(Camphor, 1 gr. (Eng.) 1 gr. (Ext. Hyoseyamus, (Eng.) 1 gr. (6)	
CHINOIDIN,-1 gr	MERCURY, Iod., 1/2 gr
COOKS.	** ** Red, 1-16 gr 40
(Pv. Soc. Aloes, 1 gr.)	PODOPHYLLIN, 1-10 gr
Calomel, 36 "	
Pv. Saponis.	STRYCHNIA, 1-16, 1-20, 1-30, 1-32, 1-40, 1-00, gr . 40

Mr. W. R. WARNER, Pharmaceu'icat Chemist, Philadelphia.

Mr. Dan Sir, - You have submitted for my inspection various samples of your Sugar-Coated Pills. I have examined them carefully, and can pronounce them both perfect and elegant. I speak from my personal knowledge of your character and ability, and I regard the length of your practical experience in manufacturing them as a specialty, as the surest guaranty of their excellence.

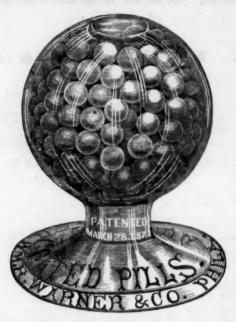
-Yours, very respectfully.

John M. MAISCH, U. S. Army Laboratory.

(Now Professor in Phila, College of Pharmacy.)

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

WARNER'S PHI GLOBE AND SAMPLE BOTTLE.



These Globes are intended for distribution among our customers. They are filled with samples of SUGAR-COATED PILLS, manufactured only by Wm. R. WARNER & Co., and are useful as ornamental paper weights, &c.

Special Orders for Pills.

We invite your orders for special recipes. Any favorite Prescription for Pills, you may use in quantity, we will be pleased to make and sugar-coat in our best style. Adhering strictly to formula and keeping same confidential if desired.

As it is impracticable to coat less than 3000 Pills, we cannot accept orders for smaller number.

To fill your orders requires from a week to ten days, except in rare cases.



PHYSICIANS' SUPPLIES

A SPECIALTY.

TO PHYSICIANS.

We would call your attention to the annexed pages, embracing special preparations designed to meet your wants. We furnish, in addition to these, a full line of pure drugs and chemicals, and we beg to state that the products of our laboratory are endorsed by the leading medical journals and the profession throughout the country.

Your orders are invited direct, or should it please you to purchase through other houses you will mention the name—WARNER & Co.

OFFICINAL AND OTHER SUGAR-COATED PILLS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

This department receives our personal attention. The solubility of SUGAR-COATED PILLS is an indispensable quality, and a matter of so much importance as to command your favor. An experience of sixteen years, has enabled us to achieve a perfection otherwise unattainable, and we are free to claim that they have no equal.

Being extensively engaged in the Wholesale Drug Business, and in the manufacture of standard officinal Preparations and New Remedies, we are enabled to supply Physicians' orders with all articles of the purest quality at the lowest prices.

A discount will be made to Physicians on all orders for pills amounting to \$10 net. Less quantities will be sent by mail or express, prepaid, on receipt of catalogue price. Please specify our make, W. & Co., when it suits your convenience to order elsewhere,

FLUID EXTRACTS.

Prepared in accordance with the U. S. Pharmacoposia, from materials of the first quality.

EACH FLUID OUNCE REPRESENTS ONE TROY OUNCE.

The labels give formulas for making all the preparations, with doses, and medical properties.

ELIXIRS AND NEW REMEDIES.

Elixirs constitute a class of reruedies much esteemed by physicians, when they are so prepared as to be reliable and efficient, and we confine our list to those combinations which are compatible and which are the most desirable in this form. Such "New REMEDIES" as would seem to have the greatest plausibility as to their excellence may, at all times, be obtained of our house. We would call attention to the compounds under the head of "Lactophosphates," and those containing Phosphorus in its elementary state; also the Pil Iodoform et Ferri et Quinia, and Pil Iodoform et Ferri Carb., the latter may be used in all cases where Iodoform et Ferri has been found to disagree with the patient.

Thanking you for your influence and patronage, we are,

Yours, respectfully,

WM. R. WARNER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia,

PRIZE MEDAL OF THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

Awarded Wm. R. Warnen & Co., for the superiority of their Officinal Sugar-Coated Pills.





Lists with formula appended, comprising over one hundred and fifty varieties with those opportunation the U. S. Pharmacopoia, are furnished when requested.

PIL: PHOSPHORUS COMP:—WARNER & CO.

Phospherus, one-hundredth grain.—Ext: Nux Vomica, one-fourth grain. Price, \$2.00 per 100.

Phosphorus is an important constituent of the animal economy, particularly of the brain and nervous system, and is regarded as a valuable remedy for diseases common to them. Such as

Lapse of Memory, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Nerve Power. Phthisis, Paralysis, and Impotency.

The pilular form has been deemed the most desirable for the administration of Phosphorus. It is in a perfect state of Subdivision, as it is incorporated with Glycerine,

Dr. G. Dujardin Beaumetz, of the Hospital de la Pitie, Paris, concludes:-After an elaborate study of the action of phosphorus in locomotor ataxia, that: 1. Phosphorus appears to have a favorable influence in progressive locomotor ataxia. 2. Phosphorus acts as an excitant and as a tonic to the nervous system. It returns to the nervous tissue an indispensable element. 3. The administration of phosphorus should be commenced in small doses, one milligramme (about the 1-60th of a grain), and increased gradually. The administration should cease when digestive troubles supervene.—Bulletin General de Therapeutic, Jan. 15th, Feb. 29th, March 18th, 1868.

PIL: IODOFORM ET FERRI.-WARNER & CU.

A powerful general Tonic and Alterative; valuable as a remedy in

SCROFULA, ANÆMIA, NEURALGIA, CHLOROSIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

We make special mention of these Pills of our manufacture, as the medical journals throughout the country contain contributions from reliable authors who have made wonderful cures after having used, without success, all other known remedies.

Each label bears the formula and doses,

Price, \$2.50 per 100.

We give below a brief evtract from a report of the Lehigh County Medical Society, as published in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

in the transactions of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, June, 1868.

"Internally I gave quinine and iron, and a good nourishing diet. Still I found great trouble in keeping up healthy granulations; they would become sluggish. I tried a number of alteratives, as lodide of potassium and line. Still the case progressed very slowly, until my attention was attracted to an article in the Medical and Sergical Reporter, on 'Iodotorm and Iron.' I at once concluded to give this remedy a fair trial. I discontinued all other constitutional treatment, and gave three pills three times a day, vanuafactured by W.R. Warner & Co. of Philadelphia. I soon had the satisfaction of seeing a rapid improvement. The pain at once left her limb, with which she had suffered continually; the granulations became more healthy and more abundant and I now have the satisfaction of seeing my patient engaging in all her household duties. Not a cettige of the discass is to be seen. The patient is enjoying perfect health; is active and lively.

"Since I have treated two other cases one of three and one of four years standing, with the

"Since I have treated two other cases, one of three and one of four years standing, with the same good result. I feel convinced of the efficacy of the remedy."

P. L. REICHARD, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of Catalogue Price,

To the Medical Profession.

A New and Important Remedy,

LACTOPEPTINE.

COMPOSITION

OP

LACTOPEPTINE.

PEPSIN,
PTYALIN,
PANCREATINE,
LACTIC ACID,
HYDROCHLORIC ACID.

One drachm of
LACTOPEPTINE
will digest from 12 to 15
drachms of Albumen, or
any kind of cooked Anima
or Vegetable Food.

LACTOPEPTINE contains the five active agents of digestion, combined in the same proportion as they exist in the human system.

Its digestive power is from three to four times that of Pepsin, (described in the "United States Dipensatory," page 1685,) and has the all important advantage of dissolving all aliment used as food by mankind, while Pepsin acts only upon food of plastic nature.

Description of the Component Parts of LACTOPEPTINE.

- PEPSIN is one of the principle agents of digestion found in the gastric juice, and is conjunction with acid matter present in that secretion, will convert Albumen Fibrin, Cassein, &c., into Peptone.
- PTYALIN is the active principle of saliva. It has, until quite recently, been used bu little medicinally, yet it is unquestionably one of the most important agents o digestion. It acts powerfully upon vegetable matter, by separating and dis solving the nutritious portion. One part of Ptyalin will separate the Dextrin and Glucose from 2,000 parts of Starch.
- PANCREATINE is secreted by the Pancreas. It acts immediately and powerfully upo
 Oily and Fatty substances, emulsionizing and preparing them for assimilation
 It also has the power of digesting all kin's of food, and has undoubtedly bee
 given this property so as to act upon any matter that may pass the Pyloru
 imperfectly digested.
- LACTIC and HYDROCHLORIC ACIDS are always found in the gastric juice, an their importance is shown from the fact that Pepsin will not change the character of the food without their presence.

TO TEST THE DIGESTIVE POWER OF LACTOPEPTINE.

To two fluid ounces of water, add one drachm of Lactopeptine, half drachm elydrochloric or Lactic Acid, 15 drachms of cooked food (reduced to a pulpy consistency allowing it to remain from four to twelve hours, occasionally agitated and heated to temperature of 105 deg.

Careful experiments and much study have been required in ascertaining the exanature and proportion of each component part of Lacropertine, so as to furnish a preparation that represents all the various digestive agents that act upon food from mas cation to its conversion into chyle.

Pepsin or any of the other digestive agents, when administered alone, bears velittle comparison to the medicinal value of Lacropeptine, and we confidently belie that it will entirely supersede their use. It is furnished at a price that will bring within reach of every class of practice.

I regulators can test it with satisfaction, for its effects are positive and immediate.

It is presented in a saccharated form and will be readily taken by the youngest child.

It is used in the various forms of Dyspersia, Cheonic Diarrhea, Vomiting in Pregnancy, Constipation, General Debility, and all diseases arising from Imperfect Nutrition.

As perfect digestion is required in restoring the waste suffered by the Blood during its circulation through the system, it is evident that Lacropeptine should be classed as an important remedy in deprayed conditions of that vitalizing fluid.

Dose of Powder, 2 to 5 grs.

PRICES.

Lactopeptine	Powder, oz \$1.00	Elixir Lactopeptine, dos. pts \$15	00
46	" lb. · · 13.00	" in bul'r, Ppt.	1.15
46	Pills, S.C., P hund. 1.00	Syrup " dos. pints, - 1	
**	Wine, dos. pints 15.00	" in bulk, P pt.	
**	" in bu!k, P pt. 1.15	Troches Lactopeptine, (Large,	4.50
	in bu:k, to pe. 1.10	doz. bxs. Small,	2.25

LACTOPEPTINE POWDER, TROCHES, or SUGAR-COATED PILLS sent by mail to Physicians or Druggists, prepaid, upon the receipt of price.

We also combine Lactopeptine with the following Preparations:

EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIX. CINCHONA, IRON & STRYCHNIA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA BARK AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR GENTIAN & CHLORIDE of IRON WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR CALISAYA, IRON & BISMUTH, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR PHOSPHATE IRON, QUINIA and STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
WINE OF CALISAYA, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR LACTOPEPTINE, STRYCHNIA AND BISMUTH.
STRYCH. WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON AND LIME, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
ELIXIR STILLINGIA CO. LACTOPEPTINE.	ELIXIR CALISAYA WIFII LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP IODIDE CALCIUM AND IRON, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.	BEEF, IRON AND WINE, WITH LACTOPEPTINE.
SYRUP LACTOPEPTINE CO.	LACTOPEPTINE EMULSION

SYRUP LACTOPEPTINE CO.
Containing Lactopoptine, Phos. Iron,
Phos. Lime, Phos. Soda and Phos. Potash.

LACTOPEPTINE EMULS
SUPERIOR TO
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

We should be pleased to have Physicians and Druggists, visiting the City, make our office headquarters during their stay. Correspondence earnestly invited, which will receive prompt and courteous attention.

Respectfully,

REED & CARNRICK,

Manufacturing Pharmacists, 198 Fulton St., New York.

Please send for Catalogue, containing a complete priced list of Fluid Extracts, Sugar-coated Pills, Elixirs, Syrups, Wines, Troches, Glyceroles, &c.

THE SANITARIAN

A. N. BELL, M. D., Editor.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The Sanitary question is now uppermost in the public mind, and it is gratifying to see that the discussion of it is not going to be kept as a 'mystery' in the medical profession. Every human being is concerned in this matter; and if sanitary science has any suggestions to make, they must be made directly to the people themselves. This is what the periodical before us aims to do, and this it is doing well."—Popular Science Monthly.

"As its name implies, The Sanitarian is devoted entirely to Sanitary Science,

in its liberal and proper sense. The field it occupies is a most important one, and the editor admirably qualified for the work he has undertaken."—Medical

"Consistent with his announcement, Dr. Bell seems to have spared no pains to secure for the journal the continued approbation of the public, by treating in a clear and yet comprehensive manner of subjects with which the public are directly interested, and the importance of which can not be overestimated."—

Appleton's Journal.

"This is a monthly journal, containing original essays on various Sanitary topics, by some of our most prominent medical scholars, popular enough to be read with profit by every person who reads, and learned enough to be of great interest to medical men. It ought to be read and preserved by every family, because it teaches how to avoid numerous causes of disease and to support health and vigor."-The Israelite.

"A thorough-going Health Journal-not the cheap popular thing which generally goes current under that title, but a substantial register of Sanitary knowl-

edge and science."—Christian Standard.
"Of a much higher grade than is common to our health publications."—

Watchman and Reflector.

"THE SANITARIAN ought to be in every family on account of the practical common-sense manner in which it treats questions of public and private health." The National.

Annual Subscription, \$3 in advance. Single Copies, 30 Cents.

THE SANITARIAN CLUB LIST.

The following will be sent with THE SANITARIAN for one year on receipt

or one but	Le amacu	to cach .
THE SAN	ITARIAN	and INTERNATIONAL REVIEW (\$5)\$7 25
* *	9.0	Philadelphia MEDICAL AND SURGICAL REPORTER (\$5) 6 75
**	0.0	Philadelphia MEDICAL TIMES (\$5) 6 75
* *	**	LONDON LANCET (\$5) 6 60
**	**	THE GALAXY (\$4)
	**	New York MEDICAL JOURNAL (\$4) 5 75
**	* *	New York MEDICAL RECORD (\$4) 5 75
**		THE AMERICAN PRACTITIONER (\$3) 5 25
**		Charleston MEDICAL JOURNAL AND REVIEW (\$3). 5 25
**	**	BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT (\$2.50) 5 00

All communications intended for publication, including advertisements, books for notice, or subscriptions, should be addressed:

"THE SANITARIAN,"

A. S. BARNES & CO., Publishers,

No. 49

111 & 11" William Street, New York.

FOUGERA'S



IODINIZED

F

bu

reg

con

bir

ple

an

OV

Ai

in

cu

COD LIVER OIL.

Since the introduction of this Oil in 1858, it has been found to be superior to all other kinds of Cod Liver Oil, for the treatment of General Debility, Consumption, Scrofula, Rickets, etc.

It possesses not only all the nourishing qualities of the best Cod Liver Oil, but also the tonic, stimulant and alterative properties of Iodine, Bromine and Phosphorus, which are added in such proportions as to render it therapeutically five times as efficacious as pure Cod Liver Oil.

Through its increased curative action, FOUGERA'S COD LIVER OIL will be found to cure disease in a much shorter time than the pure Oil; while favorable results will be obtained by its use in many advanced cases, when the pure Cod Liver Oil would fail entirely.

FOUGERA'S

READY-MADE

MUSTARD PLASTERS.

Most Useful, Convenient and Desirable Preparation.

They are Prepared of Pure Mustard. They are always ready for use. They are not liable to change—Clean and Economical,

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Dip a Plaster of the required size into water at the ordinary temperature for a few seconds, then apply to the part, and cover with a bandage.

They are made of two strengths, and are sold in boxes containing ten Plasters each. Plaster No. 1, of pure mustard. Plaster No. 2, of one half mustard.

Fougera's Nutritive Preparations.

A series of new Tonic Remedies, containing LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, uniform in strength, each ounce containing the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef. The series consists of:

NUTRITIVE WINE which contains the soluble constituents of beef, combined with pure Sherry Wine.

NUTRITIVE WINE, FERRATED, is the same as the preceding, with the addition of eight grains of ammonio-citrate of iron to each ounce.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA. Each ounce represents fully thirty grains of the best Peruvian bark, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE ELIXIR OF CALISAYA, FERRATED, contains, in addition, eight grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron per ounce.

NUTRITIVE SYRUP OF IRON, contains sixteen grains of pyrophosphate and ammonio-citrate of iron, and the soluble constituents of two ounces of fresh beef.

NUTRITIVE FOOD. For invalids and convalescents. It is readily assimilated and borne by the stomach. It combines with the soluble constituents of beef all the elements which experience has proved valuable as nourishment.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

F. UGERA'S

Compound Iceland Moss Paste.

(Iceland Moss, Lactucarium, Ipecac, and Tolu.)

Used with great success against nervous and convulsive coughs, Whooping-Cough, Acute Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Influenza, &c.

Wakefulness, Cough and other sufferings in Consumption, are greatly relieved by the soothing and expectorant properties of this paste.

FOUGERA'S

IODO-FERRO-PHOSPHATED

ELIXIR OF HORSE-RADISH.

This Elixir contains Iodine, Pyrophosphate of Iron, the active principles of anti-scorbutic and aromatic plants, and acts as a tonic, stimulant, emenagogue, and a powerful regenerator of the blood. It is an invaluable remedy for all constitutional disorders due to the impurity and poverty of the blood. One of the advantages of this new preparation consists in combining the virtues of Iodine and Iron without the inky taste of Iodide of Iron,

FOUGERA'S VERMIFUGE.

(Compound Dragees of Santonine.)

Santonine, the active principle of Semen contra, (European Wormseed,) occupies the first rank among the anthelmintic remedies. In this preparation the Santonine is combined with a purgative agent under the form of a sugar-coated pill, and thus forms a pleasant and efficacious remedy, which has been used for many years. Each dragee contains one half grain of Santonine and one fifth grain of gambogine.

LANCELOT'S CIGARETTES,

It suffices to inhale the smoke of these Cigarettes, to experience immediate relief. All nervous affections in general, and especially those of the chest, are often cured, and always relieved by the use of Lancelot's Cigarettes.

PENNES' BATHS.

A substitute for sea and mineral baths. Tonic, Stimulating and Resolvent. Used by over one hundred physicians in the hospitals of Paris, in Skin Diseases, Nervous Affections, Anœmia, Chlorosis, Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, also in many complaints where a general external medication is desirable. Sold in rolls, one or more of which may be used in a bath.

INJECTION BROU.

This injection, approved by several academies of medicine, is well known for its sure and prompt action. It is used without any internal remedy, and is found effectual in curing cases, which resist all ordinary modes of medication.

E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

PHARMACISTS,

30 North William Street, New York,

Invite the attention of the medical profession to the following well known preparations:

Blancard's Pills of Unchangeable Iodide of Iron.

Blancard's P'ils of Iodide of Iron are so scrupulously prepared, and so well made, that none other have acquired a so well deserved favor among physicians and pharmacer.cists. Each pill, containing one grain of proto-iodide of iron, is covered with finely pulverized iron, and covered with balsam of tolu. Dose, two to six pills a day. The genuine have a reactive silver scal attached to the lower part of the cork, a green label bearing the following description;

GENERAL DEPOT IN THE U.S. AT

and the fac-simile of

E. & S. FOUGERA, N. Y.

Pharmacien, No. 40 Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Boudault's Pepsine,

And Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Lozenges of Pepsine.

Boudault's Pepsine is considered the most reliable; it is the only one which is used in the hospitals of Paris, recommended by Professors Wood & Bache, (see American Dispensatory, 11th edition, pages 1479-1480.) and approved by the committee appointed to revise the New French Codex, (1866.) Boudault's Pepsine is sold in powder, (in 1, 4, 8, and 16 oz. bottles.) The dose is 15 grains two or three times a day, at meal times.

or three times a day, at meal times.

It is used with great success for Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Slow and Difficult Digestion following fevers, and also for Consumption and other Chronic Diseases. Debility of the Stomach, from old age or abuse of liquors, is relieved by it, and it is invaluable as a corrective of Vomiting during Pregnancy.

Physicians can always depend upon Boudault's Pepsine, as it is always tested before being sold in the market, and has therefore always the same digestive power.

Liebig's Extract of Meat of La Plata.

Prepared by

A. BENITES & CO.,



Buenos Ayres,

South America.

This extract is a pure extract of beef, unsurpassed in quality, free from fat and gelatine, each pound of which contains the soluble nutritive constituents of 34 to 36 pounds of the finest beef, exclusive of bones and fat, corresponding to about 45 pounds of good butcher's meat. As a medicinal agent it will be found of great value to the sick, invalid and persons and children of weak constitutions. It will keep unaltered for years in any climate.

Though not bearing the signature of Prof. Liebig, this Extract is more the less a true Liebig's Extract of Meat, being prepared according to the processes published by him, perfected by the progress of science and of industrial machinery. Before it is put in pots, it is analyzed by Profs. Depaire and Jouret, of Brussels, whose signature is found on each pot.



VALUE

SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Prepared under the Direction of the Physician who introduced them as REMEDIES for CONSUMPTION, INDIGESTION, and WASTING DISEASES,

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

IMITATIONS of these Preparations are calculated to mislead the Public and produce serious disappointment, being nauseous to the taste, rapidly turning rancid, and entirely destitute of the Pancreatic Principles.

Whereas the Genuine Emulsion and Pancreatine are rich in Pancreatic Juice, pleasant to the taste, and keep perfectly good.

The Celebrity of the Pancreatic Preparations, on both sides of the Atlantic, and the urgent nature of the Maladies in which they are employed afford the strongest arguments in favour of the Genuine and against the use of the spurious compounds.

The FORMULA for preparing PANCREATIC EMULSION and PANCREATINE which was perfected by Messrs. Savory & Moore, is KNOWN ONLY TO THEM, and it has hitherto baffled all the attempts that have been made in England and America to make preparations possessing similar properties and characteristics.

THE

BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.



"H.R.H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR THRIVES SO WELL UPON THE FOOD YOU HAVE PREPARED THAT IT MUST BE VERY GOOD."—T. M. KENDALL, Medical Attendant, Sandringham.

"IT RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE" AND IS THE BEST KIND OF LIEBIG'S FOOD.—Dr. BARKER, on Right Foods for Infonts.

"THE YOUNG PRINCE THRIVES UPON IT AS A PRINCE SHOULD."-Dr. RICHARDSON.

Abounding in Flesh-forming and Bons-forming substances, this Food perfectly fulfils its object, whereas other so-called Foods, being entirely devoid of nourishing properties, induce a rickety and idiotic condition. It is also carefully freed from the ground husts of the wheat, which cause irritation of the bowels, diarrhosa, &c. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.B.H. the Prince of Wales, &c., New Bond Street, London.

Bold by Chemists and Storekeepers throughout America.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D., Manufacturing Chemist.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS

BARNUM & NICHOLAS, Proprietors.

Having purchased of the company, of which our Dr. J. P. Barnum was manufacturing chemist, all their stock, apparatus, and machinery, we shall continue the manufacture of

Strictly Pure Chemicals for Medical Use

ALL STANDARD PHARMACRUTISTS' PREPARATIONS IN MEDICINE.

All our Formulæ are published from time to time in the various Medical and Pharmaceutical journals for the benefit of the profession. WE HAVE NO PRIVATE FORMULÆ, and CLAIM NO PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN ANY GOODS OF OUR PREPARATION. As some preparations have gone into the market the past year in our name for which the original proprietors and present owners are in nowise responsible, please observe the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST, WHICH IN THE TUTURE WILL BE WRITTEN ACROSS EVERY LABEL, and is OUR GUARANTER FOR its efficacy and purity.

The following testimonials, were voluntarily tendered to the Louisville Chemical Works while under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

under the supervision of our Manufacturing Chemist.

From H. A. Prout, M. D., President of the Academy of Sciences, St. Louis.

I have carefully examined the specimens of Chemical and Medical preparations manufactured at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no hesitation in saying that they are equal to the best

at the Louisville Chemical Works, and have no nesseauous in saying articles to be found in commerce.

Two samples of your chloroform were tested by the usual tests, and we believe them to be chemically pure. They were compared with a specimen from the house of Tromsdorff, of Berlin, Prussia, and also one from the manufactory of Flockhart & Duncan, of Edinburgh. The tests, viz., Sulphuric Acid in equal quantity, Evaporation, Bichromate of Potash. Nitrate of Silver, and Soubevan's Test furnish precisely the same result, proving that there is really no difference in their parity. Analytic Chemist and Pres't Acad. Sciences, St. Louis.

From Charles A. Pope, M. D., St. Louis.

For several years I have had occasion to use a number of the preparations from the Louisville Chemical Works. It affords me pleasure to declare my conviction of their great excellence and parity. I gladly wish them the extensive sale which their merit demands. CHAS. A. POPE, M. D.

From E. S. Frazer, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

Having used the medicines prepared at the Louisville Chemical Works extensively in my practite, I have no hesitation in recommending them as very superior—more fully meeting the indica-tions described, and more satisfactory in their effects, than any preparations I have ever used.

From Dr. T. S. Bell, of the University of Louisville.

I take pleasure in discharging gratefully a duty I owe to your excellent preparations for medical purposes. From ample experience, I am able to say that I have found all your preparations fully equal to all the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacoposia. I could not be induced to use any other chloroform for inhalation than yours, or that prepared by Dr. Squib, of Brooklyn. I have found your Hoffman's Anodyne, Sweet Spirits of Nitre, various Fluid Extracts, and other important agents of the Materia Medica invaluable in the practice of medicine.

I am very truly yours,

T. S. BELL. I am very truly yours,

From John P. Hodgen, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.

I have used the Chloroform, Sweet Spirits Nitre, and Hoffman's Anodyne, from the Louisville Chemical Works, and take pleasure in stating that they have more fully come up to my desires than any articles of the kind over used by myself.

JNO. P. HODGEN, M. D.

From Prof. Lewis Rogers, of the University of Louisville.

general public in certifying to the excellence of the various pharmaceutical preparations of your Chemical Works in this city. In purity, scientific accuracy, and in all other regards, your articles fully come up to the requirements of the U. S. Pharmacopocia.

Very truly,

LEWIS ROGERS M. D.

No. 49-

FLUID AND SOLID EXTRACTS.

Prepared strictly according to the requirements of the U.S. Pharmacopaia, when Officinal, and when non-officinal according to the most approved formula, when each first represents sixteen Troy owners of the drug.

It is an unfortunate circumstance that so many manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Preparations ignore the national standard and furnish "improved" articles of an arbitrary and unknown strength, generally to reduce the cost. In regard to the so-called improvements, it is enough for us to know that they have been recently examined by those most competent to decide (the revisors of the Pharmaceoperia) and have not been adopted.

While it is generally preferable to prepare Syrups, Tinctures, Wines, etc., from the crude material itself, it is frequently necessary to prepare these extemporaneously, for which reason each label embodies formulæ for preparing them from the Fluid Extracts. Price-list furnished on application.

CHLOROFORMUM PURIFICATUM, U. S. P.

A perfectly pure and reliable article of Chloroform was first offered to the public at these Works. The formula for its production was originated by Dr. J. LAWRENCE SMITH. It is regarded throughout the South and West as a standard of purity, and yields a product which, while prompt in its action, is at the same time safe. (See analysis of Dr. H. A. Pront.) It not only is considered a standard of purity in the United States, but is used by the most distinguished oculists in Europe, who do not feel justified in using any other than "Smith" Chloroform to produce the deep coma required for their delicate operations. (Remarks of D. W. Yandell, Professor of Clinical Surgery, University of Louisville.) Per lb. \$2.00.

SULPHURIC ETHER AND HOFFMAN'S ANODYNE.

But one grade of these articles is made here, and that the strictly officinal article. They are prepared with the greatest care and put up in sealed packages, which may be regarded as our guarantee (see special note on first page) that the contents are of the best character, and will stand any chemical test and any reasonable exposure to which they may be subjected. Hoffman's Anodyne. Per lb. \$2.50.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES (Churchill's Remedy).

The reputation of this Syrup, as produced at these works, is so well established that it is used almost to the entire exclusion of the syrup of other manufacturers. It is a handsome and palatable article, prepared according to the process suggested by Dr. Churchill, of Paris, and communicated by him to Dr. Smith, who was the first to introduce its manufacture into the United States. Each fluid drachm contains the hypophosphites of lime two and a half grains, soda one and a half grain, potash one grain, and soda three fourths of a grain. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF PHOSPHATES (Chemical Food).

Like the previous article, this preparation was first manufactured in this country at these works. Our process has always produced an article of uniform strength, which is palatable to the taste, and remains clear and unchanged for years.

It is considered very useful in the treatment of softening of the bones, marasmus, nervous debility, tuberculous and other analogous diseases.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain phosphate of iron, two and a half grains phosphate of lime, with small amounts of other phosphates. Per doz. lbs. \$8.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA.

This preparation is already familiar to medical practitioners as an efficient and agreeable form for administering the bark. The tonic and anti-intermittent properties of the cinchona barks are well established, and they possess but one drawback in their extreme bitterness. This has been overcome to a great extent in the Elixir Calisaya, which, representing twelve grains of calisays bark in the fluid ounce, is so combined with other ingredients as to make it an agreeable cordial, acceptable to the most delicate stomach. To persons suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, general debility from sickness or other causes, etc., it will prove invaluable. It will be found one of the best, and at the same time harmless, preventives for fever and ague to persons exposed to its influence. Per doz, pints, \$9,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM.

This valuable Tonic Elixir combines the remedial properties of five grains of Peruvian bark and two grains pyrophosphate of iron, in each tea-spoonful combined with aromatics. The elegant form in which these tonics are exhibited, freedom from the chalybeate taste of similar preparations, and its permanency will recommend it to physicians and consumers. Per doz. pints, \$5,00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH STRYCHNIA

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) the

This valuable tonic and antiperiodic Elixir contains in each fluid dractim (tea-spoonful) the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and one one-hundredth grain strychnia, with sufficient aromatics to free it from the chalybeate taste common in similar preparations, which, with its permanency, will recommend it to both physician and consumer. To persons suffering from nervous prostration, symptoms of paralysis, anamia, arising from diseases peculiar to females, or general debility from any cause whatever, it will commend itself as a general therapeutic agent. It also forms one of the most effective remedies ever used to prevent the recurrence of intermittent attacks when the chill is broken. Per dox. pints, \$9.00

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH

8

Al

pur 1 Res Dru

Sug

Wir

and

400 AGU ALOI

66

ALOE

ALTE

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic contains the remedial properties of five

rains circhona calisaya bark, two grains pyrophosphate iron, and two grains amnonia citrate smuth, with aromatics sufficient to render it palatable to a delicate stomach.

It is valuable in cases of anæmia, chlorosis, and when a general tonic is required; and especially when such cases are complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, er chronic diarrhea. Per doz. pinta, \$9.00.

ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM WITH BISMUTH AND STRYCHNINE.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) of this valuable tonic and antiperiodic contains the remedial properties of five grains cinchona calisaya bark with two grains of pyrophosphate iron, two grains ammonia citrate biamuth, and one one-hundredth grain strychnine with aromatics.

ammona curate ossuum, and one one-uncreating rain strychnine with aromatics.

To persons suffering from nervous prostration, intermittent attacks, symptoms of paralysis, anzemia arising from diseases peculiar to females or general debility, when complicated with dyspepsia, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels, diarrhea, etc., this Elixir will commend itself as a valuable therapeutic agent. It is especially valuable as an antiperiodic to prevent the return of intermittent attacks when once broken. Per doz. pints, \$9 00.

ELIXIR OF PEPSIN, BISMUTH, AND STRYCHNINE.

This agreeable preparation, although adapted to any form of dyspepsia, is especially valuable in cases where this disease is complicated with general debility.

Each fluid drachm (tea-spoonful) contains five grains pepsin, one one-hundredth grain strychnine, one grain ammonia citrate bismuth, with aromatics. Per dos. pints, \$15.00.

FERRATED WINE OF WILD-CHERRY.

Each dessert-spoonful of this valuable and agreeable sedative tonic contains the medicinal properties of thirty grains of wild-cherry bark and eight grains citrate of iron.

It is especially valuable where the system requires the tonic effect of iron, with an arterial sedative. Per doz. pints \$9.00.

WINE OF PEPSIN.

Wine of Pepsin carefully prepared from fresh calves' rennets. Each fluid ounce contains five grains of pepsin in solution in pure old Sherry wine. Per doz. pints, \$15.00.

SYRUP PHOSPHATE IRON, QUININE, AND STRYCHNINE.

A powerful general tonic, stomachic, readily-assimilable chalybeate, well adapted to certain chlorotic and anzemic states, used in morbid conditions of the nervous system, chronic diseases of the kidneys, many forms of cutaneous diseases where a tonic effect is desired, and in cases of strumous children threatened with scroulous degeneration, and ultimately with localized tubercular development. One grain of phosphate iron, one grain phosphate quinia, and one thirty-second grain phosphate strychnia to the drachm (tea-spoonful) of syrup. Fer doz, lbs. \$15.00.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS NITRICI.

Sweet Spirits of Nitre has fallen into disuse with many practitioners in consequence of its liability to decomposition. This is owing either to want of care in its manufacture, or, as is toe often the case, from fraudulent additions of water to decrease its price. Water is injurious not only as a diluent, but is a most efficacious promoter of decomposition.

We have samples of this article, manufactured by us more than two years ago, which have remained until now unchanged, although frequently exposed to light and air. Our Spts. Nit. Dulce contains five per cent. of pure ether. Per lb. in 5 lb. packages, 35 cts.

CAUTION!

As close imitations of our preparations are in the market, in ordering our goods of others specify

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

and see that the SIGNATURE OF OUR MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IS WRITTEN ACROSS EACH LABEL

Physicians and druggists failing to obtain our preparations through dealers will be furnished by us at the lowest market price, with freight prepaid, on notifying us of the fact.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

Silver Medal awarded by Ohio Mechanics' Institute, 1860.

Large Silver Medal awarded by Cin. Industrial Exposition. 1870. FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1872. FOR BEST GLYCERIN.

FIRST PREMIUM awarded by Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, 1873. FOR BEST GLYCERIN.
Special Premium awarded for Sugar Coated Pills.

All the above Premiums were awarded for superiority of my articles over those of other competitors.

W. J. M. GORDON, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

LABORATORIES:

Eggleston Ave., Culvert and Fifth Streets, and Branch Street, OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

142 WALNUT ST., CINCINNATI.

I solicit special attention to the following articles. I offer every advantage to

purchasers that can be obtained of any MANUFACTURER in this country.
Glycerin and Chemicals of all kinds; Medicinal Fluid and Solid Extracts;
Resinoids and Oleo-Resins; Packed Herbs, Roots and Barks; Pure Powdered Drugs; Ground Drugs of all degrees of fineness for percolation or other use;
Sugar Coated Pills and Granules, Plasters, Ointments, Cerates, Syrups, Tinctures, Wines and Pharmaceutical Preparations generally.

** A liberal discount made according to amount purchased.
** Special Quotations made for large quantities.

SUGAR COATED PILLS.

Of the U. S. Pharmacopæia and from Receipts of Eminent Physicians. We claim for our SUGAR-COATED PILLS the indispensable qualities of SOLUBILITY and PERMANENCY. They are prepared of the best materials, and perfectly reliable.

10	e per l	500 anch.	the
ACID, ARSENIOUS, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-50, 1-60 gr	40	\$1 75 8 50	and By By S. m. S.
AGUE, Chinoidin, 2 grs. Ext. Col. Co	75	3 50	unity, had a seed Plunity, a seed in
(Pnly Alons Sonat 9 gra)	40	1 75	r Co surp surp so m so m so m so m so m so m so m so m
" COMP., Alees Scot., 2-3 gr., Alees Scot., 2-3 gr., Pulv. Rhei, 11-3 gr., Ol. Carui, 1-5 gr.	50	2 25	of Suga not be not be nabled heroidity where ibility an to th not be naval fa
" et ASSAF., {Pulv. Aloes Socot., 11-3 grs., Assafætida, " " " }	40	1 75	toture house ty can I am el nd sph sating, the pl ng solu ng solu ng to lote of than ty alwe
" et FERRI, " Aloes Socot., 1-2 gr. " Zingib, Jam., 1 gr. " Ferri Sulph. Exsic., 1. gr. " Ext. Conii, 1-2 gr.	40	1 75	manufa by no bilabili ilinery, size a size a od, and eneuri attentic more can rel sted to
" et MASTICH, (Lady (Pv. Al. Socot., 1 1-2 gr.) Webster's Dinner (Gum Mastich., 1-4 gr.) Pills,) 3 grs. (Flor. Rosse. 1-4 gr.)	50	2 25	or the receiped and receiped and receiped in large lar
ALOES, et MYRRH Pulv. Aloes Socot., 2 grm. Wyrrhæ, 1-2 "	50	2 25	thes for the strength of the s
" et NUX VOMICA, { Puly. Aloes Soc: 11/2 grs. }	50	2 25	aetili les a limp imp imp imp imp e emi e su e Fo e Fo e Fo e Fo e Fo e Fo e Fo e Fo
ALTERATIVE, Mass. Hydrargyri, 1 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr.	50	2 25	My f Franu seauty all of all of all of spec f pur Spec rrivate and e acturi

AMMON BROMID, 1 gr						
AMMON VALERIANATE, 1 gr		al miles wet has			2	- A 146
ANDERSON'S SCOTS, Pulv. Aloes Socot., 1 gr.	AMMON. BROMID,	1 gr			3	02
ANDERSON'S SCOTS, a Fruct. Colocyn., 1-2gr of Fruct. Colocyn., 2-12gr of Fruct. Color., 2-12gr of F	APIMON VALERIA	CPuly Aloes Socot	1 or)	-	2	0
ANTI-BILIOUS, { Pulv. Ext. Coloc. C. 21-2 grs. } (Vegetable) { Podophyllin, 1-4 gr. } Strychnill, 1-4 gr. } ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-CHILL, Chimoidine, 1-2 gr. Chimoidine, 1-2 gr. Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 gr. Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 gr. ANTI-EPILEPTIC Strychnill, 1-2 gr. Valerianate Quinine, 1-2 gr.		" Sapon, Hisp	an., 1-8 gr		2	Contra =
ANTI-BILIOUS, { Pulv. Ext. Coloc. C. 21-2 grs. } (Vegetable) { Podophyllin, 1-4 gr. } Strychnill, 1-4 gr. } ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, Strychnill, 1-4 gr. ANTI-CHILL, Chimoidine, 1-2 gr. Chimoidine, 1-2 gr. Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 gr. Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 gr. ANTI-EPILEPTIC Strychnill, 1-2 gr. Valerianate Quinine, 1-2 gr.	ANDERSON'S SCOT	rs, { " Fruct. Coloc	yn., 1-2 gr \ 40	1 75		H
ANTI-BILIOUS, Paily Ext. Coloc. Co. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				1 601	PHO !	0
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC. Pulv. Ipecae.	ANTI-BILIOUS, J P	ulv. Ext. Coloc. C. 21	-2 grs.) m	2 75	40	F
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC. Pulv. Ipecae.	(Vegetable) (1	(Strvehnim,	1-40 gr.)	77.17	2	4
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC: Fort. Ipecac. Ext. Coloc. Co., 2 1 1 20 5 75 ANTI-CHILL, Chimiodine, 1 1 27 27 ANTI-CHILL, Chimiodine, 1 1 27 27 ANTI-EPILEPTIC: Color Chimiodine, 1 1 27 ANTI-EPILEPTIC: Chimiodine, 1 1 27 ANTI-MALARIAL, Chimiodine, 1 2 27 Ext. Valerian, 1 27 Ext. Valerian, 1 27 Chimios Sulph., 1 27 ANTIMONII COMP. Calomel Color Calomel, as, 1 27 ANTHELMINTIC. Calomel Caysulph. Antimony, 40 1 75 Calomel Comp. Calomel Caysulph. Antimony, 40 1 75 ANTIPERIODIC. Ext. Quassite, 1 27 Ext. Quassite, 1 27 Ext. Quassite, 1 27 Ferri Sulph. Exaic., 1 27 Calomel Caysulph. 1 27 Ext. Quassite, 1 24 Pulv. Wyrrha, 2 3 27 Coloc. Comp., 2 2 Pulv. Rhei, 1 4 4 Pulv. Rhei, 2 4 Tysdale's Ext. Goloc. Co. 2 2 ARAFOETIDA, U. S. P. 40 1 75 ARAFOETIDA, U. S. P. 40 1 75 ARAFOETIDA, U. S. P. 40 1 75 ARAFOETIDA, 1 S. P. 40 1 75 BALLOU Hyd's, Chior, Mit., 1 4 75 3 50 BALLOU Hyd's, Chior, Mit., 1 4 75 3 50 BALLOU Hyd's, Chior, Mit., 1 4 75 3 50 BUNTH SUB CARB, 3 grs. 76 3 50 BIBMUTH SUB CARB, 3 grs. 76 3 50 And IGNATIA. Bismuth Sub. Carb. 4 grs. 1 50 7 25 And NUX VOM Ext. Nux Vomica, 4 4 1 50 And IGNATIA. Bismuth Sub. Carb. 4 grs. 1 50 7 25 And Hydra Chior. Ext. Liquatia manara, 4 4 1 50 7 25 And Hydra Chior. Ext. Liquatia manara, 4 4 1 50 7 25 And IGNATIA. Bismuth Sub. Carb. 4 grs. 1 50 7 25 And Hydra Chior		Ext. Belladonne,	1-10 %		2	Jan L
Ext. Coloc. Co. 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ANTI-DYSPEPTIC	Nam Hydrary. 2		4 75	0	70
ANTI-CHILL, Ol. Piper Mg. 1 gr. Arsenie, 1-20 gr. Into Hydrocyanate, 1-2 gr. Valerianate Quinine, 1 gr. Valerianate Quinine, 1 gr. Ext. Valerian, 1 gr. Ext. Valerian, 1 gr. Ferri Sul Exa., 1-4 (McCaw) (McCaw) (Ao. Arsenies, 1-80 (McCaw) (Ao. Arsenies, 1-80 (McCaw) (Ao. Arsenies, 1-80 (McCaw) (Ao. Arsenies, 1-80 (McCaw) (Ext. Coloc. Co., M			2	UZ
ANTI-EPILEPTIC ANTI-EPILEPTIC Sgrs. Iron Hydrocyanate, 1-2 gr. 2 liro 1.2 gr. 2 liro 2	(Cl	ninoidine, 1 gr.		(4.5)	m 11-	II
ANTI-EPILEPTIC Sgr. L2 L2 L2 L2 L2 L2 L2 L				5 75	90	3
ANTI-MALARIAL, (McCaw)	(A)	rsenie, 1-20 gr.	10-1	J I	5	T
ANTI-MALARIAL, (McCaw)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Valerianate Quinine	1-2 gr.	400 000	2	1.1
ANTI-MALARIAL, (McCaw)	ANTI-EPILEPTIC	Zinc,	1-2 00	20 70	3	0
ANTI-MALARIAL, Ol. Res. Fip. Nig., 1-16 (1)		(Oninia Splan		0.1107	H	
ANTI-MALARIAL, Or. Res. Fip. Nig., 1-16. (McCaw) Geisenin., 1-4 (Podophyllin, 1-8 (P		Ferri Sul. Exa.,		1000	00	17
Gelsentin. 1-8 " Podophyllin, 1-9 " Podophyllin, 1-9 " Podophyllin, 1-9 " Podophyllin, 1-9 " Podophyllin, 1-8 " Podophy		L. Ol. Bes. Pip. Nig.,	1-16 42 25	11 00	3	m'H
ANTIMONII COMP. Calomel U. S. P., (Pil. Calo—Oxysulph. Antimony, Guaiseum Resin. ANTHELMINTIC, Calomel, as, 1 gr. 100 4 75	(weeken)	1 Gelsentin	1-4 "	111	2	017
Comp. Guaincum Resin. Seatonin, Se	AMPINONII COM		4-0		2	HY
ANTHELMINTIC, {Santonin, as, 1 gr.} {Calomel, as, 1 gr.} {Calomelons Sulph., 1 gr.}	U. S. P., (Pil. Ca		ony, } 40	1 75	8	n
ANTIPERIODIC, Calomel, as, 1 gr., Cunchons Sulph., 1 gr., Ferri Sulph. Exst., 1 " 100 4 75 Ext. Quassies, 1 -2 " 100 4 75 Ext. Quit. Mil. Quit. Mil. Quit. Mil. Quit. Q	mel Comp.)				2	Y
Cinchong Sulph., 1 gr. 1 00 4 75 2	ANTHELMINTIC,	Colomel, as. 1 er. (The state of the s	4 75	2	4
ANTIPERIODIC, Ext. Quasaise, 1-2 " 1 00 4 75 1	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Cinchonæ Sulph.,			H	-3
# Rhel., 1-4 " 2-3 "	ANTIPERIODIC.	Ext. Quassise,	1-2 " 1 00	4 75	0	L
APERIENT. " Hyoseyam. 1-2 " 90 4.25 % Coloc. Comp., 2 " 10-4 " 10-4 " 10-5 " 10-4 " 10-5 " 10		11 Rhei.	1-4 "		-	000 400 500
APERIENT. " Hyoseyam. 1-2 " 90 4.25 % Coloc. Comp., 2 " 10-4 " 10-4 " 10-5 " 10-4 " 10-5 " 10	(Ext. Nux. Vomica.			2	
" Drysdale's Pulv. Rhei, 11-4	APERIENT	Hvosevam	1-2 4 90	,4 25	6	M
" Drysdale's " Aloc. Socot., 1 1-4 " 60 2 75 70 12 12 12 12 13 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15	}	Puly, Rhei.			00	-8
Nuc. Vomica. 1-2	# Devadale's	" Aloe. Socot., 1	1-4 11 00	9 75	2	70 4
MILD	Di young o	" Ipecac.,	0-12 "		3	OT
MILD					2	HO
APOCYNUM, 2 grs	4 MILD	Pulv. Rhei,	2 "		H	-
APOCYNUM, 2 grs. 70 3 25 ABARCETIDA, U. S. P. 40 175 "2 grs. 40 175 "2 grs. 40 175 "2 grs. 40 175 "6 comp. 5 as footida, 1 gr. 40 175 "6 et RHEI. Pulv. Rhei, 1 gr. 75 3 50 ATROPIA, 1-60 gr Ext. Col. Comp., 1 gr. 75 3 50 BALLOU. 1 gr. 75 3 50 Ext. Col. Comp., 1 gr. 75 3 50 Hyd'g. Chlor. Mit., 1 75 3 50 BELLADONNA EXT. (Eng.), 2 gr. 40 175 BISMUTH, 3UB. CARB., 3 grs. 75 3 50 BISMUTH et NUX (Bismuth Sub. Carb. 4 grs. 1 50 "8 UB-NIT., 3 grs. 75 3 50 BISMUTH et NUX (Bismuth Sub. Carb. 4 grs. 1 50 "YOMICA, Ext. Nux. Vomica, 2 grs. 1 50 "YOMICA, Ext. Nux. Vomica, 2 grs. 1 50 "A and Nux VOM. Ext. Nux. Vomica, 2 grs. 1 50 "a and IGNATIA. Ext. (Eng.), 2 grs. 1 50 7 25 "a and Nux VOM. Ext. Nux. Vomica, 2 grs. 1 50 7 25 "a and Nux VOM. Ext. Nux. Vomica, 2 grs. 1 50 7 25 "a and IGNATIA. Ext. (Eng.) 1 60 7 25	Digital IIII	Ol. Cari.	1-6 " 50	2 25	on	HH
" 2 grs. 40 1 75 " COMP	APOCYNUM, 2 gr	1		3 25	23	HD
"COMP	ASAFŒTIDA, U.	S. P		1 75	7	15
" et RHEI		Asafætida,	2 grs.) 40		1 2	H
" et BHEI. Pulv. Rhei, 1 " 75 3 50 ATROPIA, 1-60 gr 75 3 50 BH Ferrum per Hyd. 1 " 75 3 50 BH Ferrum per Hyd. 1 " 75 3 50 BH Ferrum per Hyd. 1 " 75 3 50 BH Ferrum per Hyd. 1 " 75 3 50 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Pecac. 1-8" 40 1 75 BELLADONNA EXT. (Eng.) 1 gr 40 1 75 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Pecac. 1-8" 40 1 75 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per Hyd. Per Hyd. 1 75 3 50 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per Hyd. 1 50 25 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per Hyd. 1 50 25 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per Hyd. Per Hyd. 1 50 7 25 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per Hyd. Per Hyd. Per Hyd. 1 50 7 25 BH Ferrum Per Hyd. Per	COME MININ	(Asafortida.		- 10	3	Offe
ATROPIA, 1-00 gr Ext. Col. Comp., 1 gr. 'Jalape, 1 ' 'J	" et RHEI	₹ Pulv. Rhei.	The Course of the	3 50	0	HH
Ext. Col. Comp., 1 gr. 75 3 50 1 gr.	ATROPIA 1-00 gr	(Ferrum per Hyd.,	1	3 50	0	Fil .
BALLOU	A LINUX III, I - W B.	Ext. Col. Comp.,	1 gr.)	0 00		
BELLADONNA EXT. (Eng.), ½ gr. 40 1 75 4 7	BALLOU	Wyd'g Chlor Mit.	1 95	3 50	2	H
BISMUTH, SUB. CARB., 3 grs		Pulv. Ipecac.,	1-8"		3	1
BISMUTH, SUB. CARB., 3 grs	BELLADONNA I	EXT. (Eng.), 2 gr			1	4
	*	- gr	60	2 75	0	0
	BISMUTH, SUB.	CARB., 3 grs	75			ň
	BISMUTH et NU	X Bismuth Sub. Carb.	4 grs.) 1 50		44	U
	VOMICA	L, Ext. Nux. Vomica,	3/4 / 5		1.3	
	and NUX	VOM. Ext. Nux Vom	36 gra. 1 50	7 25	0	R
	a and IGNAT	FIA Bismuth Sub-C	arb. 4 grs. 1 50	7 25	6	
CAFFEIN CITRAT., 1 gr				22 25	20	4
CALOMEL, 1-2 gr., 1 gr., 2 grs., 3 grs	CALOMEL, 1-2 gr	., 1 gr., 2 grs., 8 grs		1 78	22	7
" 6 grs	4 COMP.	(Calomel.		2 20	03	(')
(Plummer's) {Oxysulph. Antimony, } 40 1 75	(Plumme	er's) {Oxysulph. Ant	imony, } 40	1 75	0	5
3 grs. (Guaiacum Resin., 1 gr.)		Calomel.	1 (0.)		-	2
Pow'd Inecae Comp., 3 1-3 " 50 2 25	ot IPECAC	Pow'd, Ipecac, Con	ap., 3 1-3 " } 50	2 25	3	(0)
COMP. (Ext. Gentiane. q. s.)		(Ext. Gentiano.	d. s.			

DET A complete Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application. Pills sent by Mail in quantities not over 12 ounces.

As the purchaser may select, at List Price, amounting to \$15.00 I make this liber offer as an inducement for those who have not used my articles to give them a trial.

I make this liberal

	112. Gordon's Frac	23030	9	Lingu
4 1 8 1 - 2		Bottler	of H	10 500
CALOMEL et OPII	Calomel, 2 grs.)	1	00	4 75
		B000010W	90	
	Calomel, 1-8 gr. 1-8 gr. 1-2 fr.			
CALOMEL et BHEI	" Coloc. Co., 1-2 "		75	3 50
2 2 2	" Hyosevami, 1-6 "			
CAMPHOR et HYOS	- Gum Camphor, 1gr.		50	2 25
CYAMUS.	Ext. Hyos, Eng. 1 "	******	00	2 20
CAMPITOD COMP	Gum Camphor, 1 gr.]			
CAMPHOR COMP.	Powd. Kino, 1 "	****	90	4 25
3 grs.	Powd. Opium, 1 " ["			
CANNABIS INDICA	Ext. Capsicum, 1-16 " EXT., % gr. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 1% gr.	-dina	60	2 75
OB BIT B TO	Ext. Coloc. Comp., 1% gr.		-	
CATHURITO COME.	I STREET, I		60	0 75
U. S. P.	Calornel. 1 "	(00	2 75
	Pulv. Gambogiæ, 2-9 " Ext. Coloc. Simp., 1-3 ")		
	Podophillin, 1-4 " Pulv. Res. Scam., 1-3 "			
" (Vegetable)	" Aloes Socot. 1 1-4 "	}	60	2 75
	" Cardamomi, 1-9 "			
3 5 7 7 7 8 9 9	" Saponis, 1-3"			
	Ext. Coloc. Comp. 1 gr.			
	" Jalapae, "	****		SOV ST
CATHARTIC COMP.	" Jalapæ, Podophyllin, Leptandrin, "	****	00	0 75
U. S. P., (Improved).	Ext. Hyosevamna 2 "	1	60	2 75
3 grs.	Ext. Hyoscyamus, 2 " Gentianæ, "			
	Ol. Menth. Pin.			
CAULOPHYLIN, 1-10	gr	******	40	1 75
CERRI OXALAS, 1 gr		1	00	4 75
CHADMAN'S DINNE	Pulv. Aloes Soc.	1	00	0 00
CHAPMAN'S DINNE	R PILLS, Gum Mastich,	("	60	2 75
CHINOIDIN, 1 gr	Count Mastien,	2	40	1 75
2 grs	***************************************		50	2 25
(Chinoidin, 2 grs.)			100
" Comp.	Ferri Sulph. Exsic., 1 gr. }.	1	00	4 75
CHITTE LABOR TO THE	Ferri Sulph. Exsic., 1 gr. Oleo-resin, Pip.N. 1/2 gr.			-
		1	50 40	7 25 1 75
CINCHONA BULPHA	TE 2 are	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00	1 75 4 75
CINCHONIDIA SULF	H., ¼ gr		50	2 25
***	1 ** **********************************		70	3 40
- 46 - 66	2 "	1	35	6 25
	3 "	2	00	9 50
Res.	Scammony Pure, 1 gr			
COCCIA	. Aloe Socot., 11/4 " Colocynth, 1/2 "		90	4 25
	ss. Sulph., 18 "		20	2 20
101.0	arvoph. 12 "			
COLOCYNTHIDIS CO		3	05	15 00
COLOCYNTHIDIS CO	MP., 3 grs. (Extract Colocy	nth		
			80	3 75
COLOCYNTH et SPE	ily. Ext. Coloc. Comp., 2 g	18.	75	3 50
HYDRARG et Pi IPECAC, COLOCYNTH et Ex HYOSCYAMUS Ex	l Hidrarg2 g alv. Ipecac , 1-6	78.	10	3 00
COLOCYNTH et (Ex	t. Col. Co. 21/2 grs. 1	62.9		
HYOSCYAMUS Ex	t.Hyoseyamus 12 "	******	75	8 50
(Pulv.	Aloes Soc., 1 gr.			
0001710 9	Rhei, 1 gr.			0.00
COOK'S, 3 grs. Calor	nel, gr.	4440	50	2 25
Sapor	n. Hispan, % gr. l		Lui	0.00
OOPAIBÆ, U. S. P., 3	opaibæ,)	******	50	2 25
Pil. (Guaiae			- 1000
Comp. Morr	\$ 140 E ***********************************	******	80	3 75
Oleo-	Resin, Cubebse] [Pil. Coparbse, Oleo-Resin Cubebse, 1]			100
41 of But Chibal	(Pil, Coparbre, 14	gr.)		
ov Ext. Cine;	ATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-30 and 1-4	er.	80	3 75
TOTAL STREET,	ATE, 1-12, 1-20, 1-30 and 1-4	grs.	40	1 75
DIGITALIN, 1-60 gr	**************************************		75	3 50
DIGITALIS COMP.,	Pulv. Digital. Eng., 1 gr.)		**	0.00
DIGITALIS COMP.,	Potass. Nit., 2 "	*****	50	2 25
(Ocho TI				
DIURETIC, Sapo Hi	span. Pulv. 2 grs.	1.4	80	9 05
Ol. Bacc	m Junip. 1 drop.	******	50	2 25
				1000
DUPUYTREN, Hyde	Chlor, Corros. 1-10 or		50	2 25
Puly	Guaine, 3 grs. 3. Chlor. Corros., 1-10 gr Opri, 2 gr.	******	00	2 20
	70 0)			100

in this city. For example, we recently visited the Laboratory of W. J. M. Gordon, and studied all its various arrangements and plans "Practical Chemistry, so far as the preparation of standard drugs is implied, is being carried to a very high state of perfection Mr. Gordon makes vast quantities of Glycerin, and to show the great change which is going on in many of these matters, we simply remark that Mr. Gordon pays over \$...... year to one house in this city for refuse material for the we also found attractive processes under full headway for the manufacture of Bromide of Potash, Hyd. Chloral and other Chemicals in particular demand. Physicians and Druggists from the country may find it worth while to look through this Laboratory and see what manufacture of Glycerin, which formerly went out into the city sewers. So much for utilizing the waste products. In this Laboratory is doing. The proprietor will gladly make them welcome, and explain the details of his work." for manufacturing Chemicals.

From the Lancet and Observer, Cincinnati:-

. /	M. Gordon's Frice List	y Day	5
	, Bottles o		500
LATERIUM (Clut	terbuck's), 1-10 gr1	00 4	75
EMMENAGOGUE, (Mutter)	Ferri Sulph., 1½ gr. Aloe Socot. Pulv., ½ " Terebinth Alb., 1½ " Ergotine, 1 gr. Ext. Hellebore Nig. 1 gr.	40 1	75
EMMENAGOGUE,	Aloes, 1 gr1	40 6	75
PT DOVINITY		50 2	25
EKKE (Chevenne's	Powd. Jam. Ginger, 1 gr.)	50 2	2603
" CAPP (Val)	2 grs ett's), U. S. P., 3 grs	75 3	50
" CARB. (Val.	lett's), U. S. P., 3 grs	40 I 50 2	75 25 75
" COMP., U.	igra		75
" IODID., 1 g	Constitution of the second of	65 3	00
" IODID., 1 gr " LACTAT., 1 " PYROPHOS	PHATE 1 or	50 2 40 1	75
" SULPH, EX	CSICCAT., 2 gra	40 1	75
" VALER, 1	(For man Wadanaan 11/ and)	00 4	75
et Nuc. Vom.	Fer per Hydrogen, 1½ grs. Ext. Quassia, 1 gr. "Mux Vom., ½ gr. Pulv. Saponis, ½ gr.	75 3	80
ERRI ET QUINIZ	E CFT., 1 gr	400	50
-11 -11	E CIT., 1 gr	40 6	75
	Quevennes), 2 grs.)		50
" et STRYCH	Werri Cit or	75 3	50
ALBANIA COMP.	Assafortida 11-2 "	50 5	25
AMBOGIÆ COL P	Fulv. Gambogis '' Aloe Socot, '' Zingib. Jam., '' Saponis, Ext. Gentian, 2-3 grs. Aloes Socot 2-3	40 1	1 75
ENTIAN COMP.,	Ol. Carui, 1-5 "	50 5	25
ONORRHή	Pulv. Cubebee, 2 grs. Bals. Copaibe Solid, 1 "Ferri Sulph. Exaic., 1-2 "Terebinth, Venet., 11-2 "	90 1	2 75
ELSEMIN, 1-16 g		40	1 75
" 1-8 gr.		50 5	2 25 2 25
IEPATICA. Fil. E	ydrarg, 8 grs. Colocynth Comp., 1 " Hyoscyami, 1 " Aloes Socot.,	90	4 25
	Ferri Sniph, Exsic., 1		
HOOPER (Female Pills), 2 1-2 grs.	4 Saponis,	40	1 75
	Canellæ, Zingib. Jam.		
IYDRARGYRI, U.S	5. P., 3 gra		1 75
" COMP	Mass. Hydrarg., 1 gr. Pulv. Opii, 1-3 '' '' Ipecac., 1-4 ''		4 25
HYDRARG, IODIDI			1 75
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	-2 gr. RUB., 1-16 gr. PII, { Hyd g. Iodid., 1 gr. } Pulv. Opii. 1-3		2 00 1 75
(Ricord	PII, { Hyd g. Iodid., 1 gr. }		8 50
IVORASTIN, 1/4 gr	T (Fng)1-9 av	60.00	4 50
GNATLE AMARA	E EXT., 1-4 gr:	50	2 25
PECAC et OPII, (I	T. (Eng.) 1-2 gr. E EXT., 1-4 gr. 'ulv. Doveri, U. S. P.) 31-3 grs		2 25
ODOFORM., 1 gr:	020020000 02002000000000000000000000000	1 60	7 78
ODUFURM., 1 gr:			
" et FERRI	{ Ferrum per Hydrogen, 1 gr. } { Icdoform, sin, 1-4 gr. } dophyllin, 1-10 "	00	9 70

From Prof. John King, Editor American Relectic Dispensatory, King's American Practice, &c .:-

"For the last five or six years I have made use of a considerable quantity of Glycerin manufactured by W. J. M. Gordon, of this I have likewise used in my practice the leading Eclectic preparations manufactured by him, as Resin of Mandrake or Podophyllin, Leptandrin, Iridin, Aletrin, Alcoholic Extracts of Black Cohosh, as well as several Fluid Extracts, and have been much pleased with their actions, as they have invariably fulfilled the indications for which they are prescribed. I therefore take great pleasure and satisfaction in recommending Mr. Gordon to the Eelectic profession as one among our many excellent manufacturers whose preparations sity, for medicinal purposes, and I have no reason whatever for complaint, as it has in every instance answered the purpose admirably. may be relied upon."

PH II V PO

	Bottles	f 100	500	-
T REPORT MED. COMES	(Leptandrin, 1 gr.)			
LEPTAND. COMP.	(Podophyllin, 35 ")		4 75	
LEPTANDRIN, 1-	5 gr	40	1 78	
" 1-4 gr " 1-2 gr		40 50	1 75	
" 1 or.	***************************************	75	3 50	
LUPULIN, 3 grs		40	1 75	
MACROTIN. I-10 g	P	40	1 75	
MAGNESIZE et KI	HEI, [1 gr. each]	40 70	1 75	
" SULPHAT	E 1-20 gr	40	1 75	
46 66		60	2 75	
66 66		80	3 75	
66 66	1-8 gr1	70	3 25 4 75	
" VALERIAN	1-4 gr	00	4 75	
MORPHIÆ COMP	Morph. Sulph., 1-4 gr.	50	7 25	
MONE MARIE COME	Calomel, 1-4 " Calomel, Quiniæ Sulph., 2 grs.)	00	. 20	
	Quinie Suidh 2 grs. 1			
NEURALGIC	Morbus Salbu" 1-30			
Prof. S. D. Gross	Strychnia, 1-30 "3 Acid Arsenious, 1-20 "	00	14 75	
A TORS DO AP. CHIUNN	Ext. Aconiti, 1-2 "			
" [Gross], w	vithout Morphia 3	00	14 75	1
	Ext Hyoscyam, %gr.			1
	" Conii, " Ignat. Am. "		-	
NEURALGIC,	44 Opii. 12 44	00	0 75	
IDIOPATH.	Aconici.	00	9 75	
	" Cannab. Ind. 1/4 "			
0.0	Stramon. 1-6 " Belladonnæ, ½ "		-7	
NUC. VOMICA EX	KT., 1-4 gr	40	1 75	11
" 1-2 gr		40	1 75	1
OPII, U. S. P., 1 g	L	75	3 50	
" et CAMP	HORÆ { Pulv. Opii. 1 gr. }1	00	4 75	1
S at CAMPUT	Chalm Chair S. A S			1
" et CAMPH. TANNIN,	Camphoree, 1 " }1	00	4 75	
OPII, et PLUMBI	Pulv. Opii, 1-2 gr. Plumbi Acet., 11-2 grs.	75	3 50	
	50 gr1	00	4 75	
" 1-1	50 gr1 00 %	00	4 75	
# 003FD		25	6 00	
	Ext. Nux vom., 1-4	20	0 00	
PHOSPHORUS, (1	Phosphorus. 1-100 gr.		1.35	
VOMICA,	Ferri Carb. (Vallet's) 1 1 4	75	8 50	
BODODRYIIIN	Ext. Nux Vomica, 14"		2 80	
PODOPHYLLIN, 1	1-4 gr	40	1 75	
PODOPHYLLIN,	1-4 gr 1-2 gr	50	2 25	
- 11	1 gr	75	3 50	
PODOPHYLLIN	Podophyllin, 1-2 gr.			
COMP.,	A EAR OF THY ONCY MINI, 1-0	75	3 50	
	(" Nuc. Vqm., 1-16 ")		-	
PODOPHYLLIN e	Podophyllin kgr.			
Belladonna	Ol. Res. Capsici, 2 gr	75	8.50	
	(Saechari Lact. 1 gr.)			
	Podophyllin, % gr.] Leptandrin, 1-16 4			
PODOPHYLLIN COMP.	Leptandrin, 1-16	-	0.00	
(Eclectic.)	Juglandin, 1-16 " }	75	3 50	
(asoreouts)	Ol. Capsici,			
PODOPHYLLIN	et (Podophyllin.)	-00	0 85	
HYOSCYAMUS,	Ext. Hyoscyamus, as 1/2 gr. f	60	2.75	
at HVDRA	RG. {Podophyllin, 1-4 gr. }	50	2 25	1.
et Hibbas	Pil. Hydrarg., 2 " } "	00	2 20	
POTASS. BROMII	D., 1 gr	75	3 50	T
19 41	5 grs	25	6 00	1
" PERMA	NG. CRYST. 1-8 gr	50	2 25	1
COLUMB BOTHER.		28	4 00	-
66 66	1 gr	40	6 75	-
66 66	3 grs	75	13 50	
1) - 1	SID-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	00	19 75	1

From the Chicago Price Current and Chemical Repository :- Prof. H. D. Garrison, Editor.

taken from the common stock as it flowed from the still, fully corroborates his statement. We can not conceive any good reason for importing Glycerin, much of which is very impure, when se perfect an article is produced by our neighbor, and offered at prices far Mr. Gordon, long noted as the leading manufacturer of Glycerin in this country, is producing a perfectly odorless, colorless, concentrated and absolutely chemically pure Glycerin, all of which he warrants, and we must say that the specimen shown us, which was "A few weeks ago we had the pleasure of visiting the large manufacturing establishment of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati. below what an imported brand can be sold for of the same quality."

		mothe	s of 100	500	1
UINLE VALERIANATE, 1-2 g	F		2 00	9 75	100
" 1 gr			.3 50	17 25	
2 218		3	4 00	19 50	100
4 COMP Quinim St	upn., Hydrogen,	1 gr.	1 75	8 50	-
Acid. Ars	enious,	1-00 "	7 10	0 00	
Quinie Sul	it	1 66	1		
UINLE et COLO- Ext. Col. Co	mp	1 44			
ii Ignat.	Amar.,	1-2 "	2 25	11 00	
CYNTH. CUMP., Piperine.		1-2 "			11
Morph. Sul	oh.,	1-12"			
UINLÆ et EXT. BEL- Quin LADONNÆ. Ext.	se Sulph.,	1 gr.	4 80	0 86	
LADONNÆ. (Ext.	belladen.,	1	1 76	8 50	19
LADONNAS. (EXX.) UINLÆ et FERRI (Quiniæ Su CARB. (Ferri Cart (Quina i Ferri	(Vallet's)	1 gr.)	1 75	8 50	
Ouina	Sulph	gr.	2	.0.00	100
Ferri	Ferroey. 1	34			
OTHER BULL PRING I CHECK	ses. Capaic				0.71
ROCYAN., Gelsei	nin.	1-20 "	2 25	11 00	100
Podop	hyllin,	1-20 "			
- (Strych	nia,	1-60 "	4 1015	0 50	
UINIÆ et FERRI { Quin. Sulpi Ferrum pe	l.,	1 gr }	.1 75	8 50	
UINI R at FER- (Oninim Sula)	Lydroger	, 4			
UINLE et FER- RI LACT. COMP. Guinise Sulph Hat.Ignati Ar Ferri Lactat	nar. 36 "		.1 75	8 50	1
COMP. (Ferri Lactat.	2 46	***********	10	- 00	1
" ot FER. et (Quiniæ Su	ph.,	1 gr.)			
STRVCH- Ferri Carb.	(Vallet's),	3 70	1 75	8 50	
		1-60 "	1		
UINIÆ et FERRI (Phos. Quini et STRYCH " Iron,	10, 1 gr.)			0	
PHOS. " Stryel	1.1-00"		1 75	8 50	
UINIÆ, 10- (lodoform,	1.1-00 - 1				
UINLE, IO- lodoform, DOFORM & Ferri Carb. (Val	let's) 2 "		.3 00	14 75	
IRON, (Quinice Sulph.,	1/ 66	1	20	20. 20	-
ulnice, Valerianate, 1/2 gr	/2	************	2 00	9 75	1
		**********	.3 50	17 25	
et FERRIVALER, 2 gr. ot HY- DRARG. Quinise Sul Mass. Hydr Oleo-Resin, et STRYCHNIA, Qui	ph.,	i gr.	1200		13
DRARG. Mass. Hydr	arg.,	2 4 66	1 75	8 50	1
(Oleo-Resin	rip. Nig.,	1-4 "	,		1
et STRYCHNIA, Str	Pip. Nig., n. Sulph. chnia, 1-6	0 61	1 75	8 50	1
" ATTINCT VALER Qui	n. Valer.	1 gr. {	4.00	10	
" et ZINCI. VALER. Zin	n. Valer. ci. Valer.	1 "	4 00	19 75	
			. 75	3 50	
Saponis,	1 gr. 5	~ .		0.00	1 8
Pulv.	3 grs. } 1 gr. } Rhei, Noes Socol Myrrh,	z grs.			1
HEI, COMP., U. S. P. 3	lyrrh,	, Aye gra.	75	3 50	
		1 gr.			1 3
" et HYDRARG. Pulv. R Mass. E Soda Ca	hei.				1 .
" et HYDRARG Mass. E	ydrarg.	4 grs		4 75	
(Soda Ca	rb. Ex.				
ANTONIN, 1 gr	***************************************	***********	1 00	4 75	1
HEUMATIC, Ext. Coloc. Co. Colchi Ace	13% gr.				
HEUMATIC, GHORONAM	1 36 11	**********	90	4 25	1
Hyd. Chlor. Mi	12 11				1
(Pul	7. Scillae.	36 gr.	1	1	
Hyo. Chlor. Mi Hyd. Chlor. Mi CILLÆ COMP., U. S. P.,	Zin. Jama	iea, 1 ""	100		1
CILLÆ COMP., U. S. P.,	n Ammoni	ac, 1 "	50	2 25	1
(Pul	v. Saponis,	13% ")		1 .
CILLAE COMP., C. S. P., Gui Pul ILVER NITRATE, 1-4 gr		*********	75	3 50	1
Webster's Dinner Com Me	es 5000t.,	1 37	50	0.00	1
Pilla) 3 ore Wor Roy	on .	***********	00	2 25	1
TRYCHNIÆ, 1-20, 1-30, 1-40, 1-	50. 1-60 gr		40	1 75	1
VERTY PERC Potage, In	did., 2	1-2 grs.			
Pills), 3 grs. (Flor. Rot TRYCHNLE, 1-20, 2-30, 1-40, 1- YPHILITIC	alor. Cor	1-2 grs. 1-40 "	1 00	4 75	
ART. EMETIC, 1-20, 1-10, 1-4	gr	*************	40	1 75	21
RILLIN, 1-10 gr.		**********	50	2 25	1 6
DIDLEY DO Hadot, 2;	(18.)		-		1
Aloes Socot, 2; RIPLEX, Pli. Hydrarg., 1; Podophyllin, 3; KRATRIA SULPHATE, 1-12 gilnci VALERIANATE, 1 gr	f	**********	75	3 50	1
ERATRIA SULPHATE 1-12 CO	, ,			9 20	
INCI VALERIANATE, 1 97	**********	************	1 00	4 75	
Comp Cathertic and all 1	anding Tu	lla formi			
Comp. Cathartie, and all lound or in bulk.	onuing Pl	us rurnis	mad p	y the	;
	n special	recipes -	hon or	dered	1
n tota of not less than 3,000 at o	ne time.	ABY phys	ician l	ABVIDE	
					1
favorite recipe will find this a	great savin	g of time.	and at	a lesa	1
Fills will be made to order fro n lets of not less than 3,000 at o favorite recips will find this a cet than they can make them that All recipes strictly confidentia	great savin	g of time,	and at	a less	1

made. He is now turning out very handsome Sugar Coated Pills, as well as many other Pharmaceutical preparations. An immense "For some time past our attention has been called to the Pure Inodorous Glycerin of W. J. M. Gordon, of Cincinnati, and having obtained a bottle of the same from parties who did not know our object, we have submitted Mr. Gordon's Glycerin to several tests, and are happy to state that his Glycerin is, in every particular what Mr. G. claims—a pure and inodorous article, which we heartily recommend to the trade." Chicago Medical Times :-From

Elix

W. J. M. GORDON'S ELIXIES AND SYRUPS.

	Pe	r Gi	M.	Per dos.
ixi	Beeberine and Iron	. 89		16 00
99	Beef, Wine and Iron	. 5	25	9 00
er.	Bismuth	. 8	60	11 00
**	Bismuth and Strychnia	6	00	10 00
**	Bromide Ammonium	. 9	50	15 00
**	" Iron	. 11		18 00
**	" Potassium	. 8	50	12 00
	" Sodium	9	50	15 00
	Buchq	13		22 00
		10	00	16 50
2.6	" Compand Pariera Brava	. 10	50	16 50
**	Cardamon Comp	8	80	12 00 14 40
**	Cherry Bark Comp	6	00	10 00
	Cherry Bark Comp	5	50	9 00
**	" Ferrated	5	00	10 00
48	" and Protoxide Iron	- 5	00	7 50
**	" Pyrophosphate	5	50	9 00
**	" Iron, Strychnia and Pepsin	11	00	18 00
**	Bark, Iron and Bismuth. Calisya Bark, Iron and Strychnia. Calisya Bark Iron and Pepsin. Quinine and Strychnia.	. 5	00	10 00
**	Calisaya Bark, Iron and Strychnia	. 5	00	10 00
**	Calisya Bark Iron and Pepsin	11		18 00
**	" Quinine and Strychnia	15	00	24 00
**	From and Deel	- 69	25	9 00
**			25	9 00
	" Iron & Bismuth with Ext. Beef	7	00	12 00
	" Iron & Bismuth with Ext. Beel and Pepsin	9	00 50	15 00 10 50
	and Stryennia	0	00	12 00
**	" Strychnia and Bismuth	- 6	50	10 50
**	Cinchona Iron and Strychnia	7	00	12 00
**	" Pepsin and Bismuth	0	00	15 00
**	Citrate Coffein			30 00
**	Citrate CaffeinCitrate Lithia	15	00	24 00
**	Cordial ferrated	6	00	10 00
50	Corydalis	4	25	8 00
**	Corydalia Comp	4	25	8 00
**	Gentian and Chlo Iron with Ext Beef	5	25	9 00
**	Gentian Ferrared	4	25	8 00
44	" and Chloride Iron	5	25	9 00
**	" and Pyr phos. Iron	5	50	8 00
	Hops	4	25	8 00
xir	Helonias Comp	4	50	9 00
	lodide Iron	9	00	15 00
	Iron, Strychnia and Bismuth	6	40	10 50
	Lacto Phos. Lime	8		14 00
	" " and fron	8		14 00
**	and Iron	8		14 00
	" " Pensin and Pancreatine	8		14 00
	" " Iron	8	40	14 00
**	Lobelia Comp	5	60	9 60
	Lupulin		50	10 50
	Mandrake Comp		60	9 60
	Matico Comp		00	12 00
	Pancreatine	9 1	00	15 00
	Pepsin - Aromatic - Bismuth and Strychnia - and Bismuth - Bismuth, Strychnia and Iron - Iron and Bismuth - and Pancreatine	10	100	15 00 16 00
	Dismosth and Otersahmia	10	200	
	and Riemuth	10 /	100	24 00 22 00
	" N Bigmuth Stevennia and Iron	14	00	24 00
	" Bismuth, Strychnia and Iron	14 6	00	24 00
	" and Pancreatine	9	00	15 00
	and Bismuth	11 2	0	18 00
	" " Quinine	13 5	20	21 00
	" Strychnine	9 (JU)	15 00
-	" ferrated		00	21 00
	" Strychnia and Pancreatine	13	90	21 00
	" Bismuth and Pancreatine	13 (00	21 00
	" and Wafer ash	11 5	20	18 00
	Phosphate Iron		50	9 00
	Phosphorus		00	24 00
	Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Suryenila	14 (100	15 00
	Phosphate Iron, Quinine and Strychnia Phosphate Iron and Quinine Pink Boot Comp	7 0	10	12 00
	Protoxid Iron		50	9 00
	" Ied. Lime and Cinchona		10	18 00
	with arsenic			16 00

countries proparations. An inimense

stock of Botanic goods is a comparatively recent feature in his trade."

PURE POWDERED DRUGS.

I have constantly on hand a complete stock of PURE Powdered Drugs, powdered at my own Drug Mills, which Physicians may rely on. I also have a complete stock of Foreign and Indigenous Herbs, Roots and Barks, which I furnish crude, packed or ground. I am propared to make very low prices to those who purchase large lots for manufacturing or other purposes.

			*	Her dos.
ixi	Protoxide Iron with Iod Calcium	. 6	00	10 00
**	Potassium	. 6	40	10 50
	and Quintile		00	12 00
***	Propylamine		00	15 00 10 00
**	Pyrophos Iron Quining and Strychnia	7	00	12 00
**	Pyrophos. Iron, Quinine and Strychnia Pyrophos. Iron Quinine and Bark	- 6	00	9 00
	" and Soda	5	00	9 00
**	Quinne, Iron and Arsenic	7	00	12 00
**	Strychnia and Arsenic and Iron Bismuth and Strychnia	7	00	12 00
**	" and Iron	9	00	15 00
	" Bismuth and Streehnia	16	00	24 00
**	" Iron, Struchnia and Bismuth	15	00	24 90
**	Bhubarb and Columbo Comp	6	00	10 00
**	" and Fluid Magnesia	6	80	11 40
	Sarsaparilla Comp	6	40	10 80
**	Senna 45	- 5	60	9 60
**	Squills "	8	80	14 40
**	Stillingia 45	7	00	12 00
**	Turkey Corn 44	7	00	12 00
***	Taraxacum Comp	4	25	8 00
**	Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia	15	00	24 00
-	" Iron	7	00	12 00
*	" Morphia	15	00	24 00
	Hismuth and Strychnia. Tron, Strychnia and Bismuth. Rhubarb and Columbo Comp. and Fluid Magnesia. Sarsaparilla Comp. Senna Squills Turkey Corn " Taraxacum Comp. Val Ammon, Iron, and Strychnia. Iron. Morphia. Quinte.	28	00	36 00
	Valerianate of Ammonia	8	00	12 00
	" Ammonia and Quinine	14	00	24 00
	Ammonia and Morphia	8	50	12 00
	Quinine. Valerianate of Ammonia. Ammonia and Quinine. Ammonia and Morphia. and Strychnia.	13	00	22 00
	Strychnia	δ	90	8 00
	Zinc	5	50	8 00
BU	P Albuminate of Iron and Soda	6	00	9 00
up	Alterative	3	45	6 85
up	Chloral Hydrat	7	00	12 00
, -	Chloral Hydral	6	00	9 00
	" and Quinine	7	00	12 00
	and officinia	- 7	00	12 00
	of Hypophosphites Comp	3	45	
10	of Hypophosphites Comp	6	00	10 00
	Iod. Lime	7	90	12 00
	Iod. Lime	8	00	12 00
	Ipecac	4	30	
	Lacto, Phos. Lime Iron Lime with Pepsin	8	00	15 00
	" " Iron	9	50	15 00
	" Lime with Pepsin	9	50	15 00
	MISHIGATIONS	29	50	15 00
•	of Phosphates	- 5	50	10 00
	Partriage Berry (Mother's Cordial)	3	45	6 85
sU.	or rhosphates Patridge Berry (Mother's Cordial). P Lacto Phos. Potassa. Soda. Pulmonary Sarsaparilla, U. S. P. Sarsaparilla Comp.	9	00	13 00
	Pulmonery	3	4.6	13 00
	Farsanorille IT & D	9	40	6 85
	Saranarilla Comn	9	00	
	Senere	E	00	
	DOMONES	120	00	7.50
	Stillingia Comp	0	00	
	Sonille	2	200	
	" Comp. Hive Syrup	0	45	
	Scroftlaus	9	00	6 00
	Comp. H've Syrup Scroulous Wild Cherry De 60 Hypophos. Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron, 1 i	O.	-00	00
	Hypophos, Lime, Soda, Potassa, and Iron 11	b. 1	min	. 12 50
	1/		10	7 00
	Hypophos Lime and Sods		75.5	4 00
	Hypophos. Lime and Soda	80		. 00
	1 lb. bots	2000		10 00
	1/2			6 00
	52			4 00
	Iodide Manganese 1h 2	00		2.00
	lod., fron and Mangan			2 00
	Phosphatas [Chem Food]	-006		75
	" lb. bottles	***		9.50
	1/ "	252		5 00
		00		
	Phos. Iron and Lime		1 00	24 00
	Phos. Iron and Lime	1/		The same
	Phos. Iron and Lime	75	2 00	
	Phos. Iron and Lime ib. Quin and Strych Ib. Pyrophos Iron and Mang ib.	16 75 00		
	Phos. Iron and Lime	16 75 00	25	
	Phos. Iron and Lime	75 00 4	25	
	I lb. bots	16 75 00 4 5	25 14 05	
	Phos. Iron and Lime	16 75 00 4 5 3	25 14 05 25	7 40
ne	Phos. Iron and Lime	75 00 4 5 3 4 9	25 14 05 25 00	

I greatly desire that Physicians will give my preparations a trial, and to accomplish this I will send any quantity, how-My list of Fluid Extracts and Frices was published in the last number of this Journal. I will continue to publish each month additional articles until I have named my entire list

Complete Price Current and Dose Book furnished on application.

ever small, at lowest prices.

UNIVERSITY DISPENSARY

AND

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Spring and Summer Session of 1874.

The next Session of the above School will commence March 5, 1874, and continue until July 1st.

THE FOLLOWING COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN.

On Venereal Diseases and Diseases of the Skin,	
and Clinical Medicine,	By PROF. L. P. YANDELL, J.
On Ophthalmic and Aural Diseases,	BY PROF. J. M. BODINE.
On Diseases of the Throat and Chest,	BY PROF. E. R. PALMER.
On Urinology and Diseases of the Nervous System,	BY PROF. J. W. HOLLAND.
On Public Hygiene,	BY PROF. T. S. BELL.
On Clinical Diseases of Women,	By Prof. Crowe.
On Obstetrics,	BY DR. W. H. BOLLING.
On Clinical Surgery,	By PROF. D. W. YANDELL.
On Operative Surgery and Surgical Dressings, .	By Prof. R. O. Cowling.
On Physiology and Diseases of Children,	By Dr. F. C. Wilson.
On Practice of Medicine and Anatomy,	By Dr. W. O. ROBERTS.
On Chemistry and Materia Medica,	By Dr. H. A. COTTELL.

Daily examinations will be held upon all the branches of Medicine.

The Dissecting-rooms of the University of Louisville will be open for the Study of Practical Anatomy.

The Museum, Library, and Apparatus of the University will be used for the benefit of the class.

The University Dispensary is situated upon the grounds of the University, corner Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

Six thousand patients were treated during the past twelve months within its walls, thus affording to students ample opportunity for witnessing disease. Obstetrical cases will be given advanced students.

Daily clinics are held at the dispensary throughout the entire year

Terms in full for Spring and Summer Session, \$25.00.

Good board can be had in this city at from \$4 to \$6 per week.

For further information address

W. O. ROBERTS, M. D.

Dean of University Dispensary,
Office 204 Third Street, LOUISVILLE.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.

J. M. BODINE, M. D Professor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
L. P. YANDELL, JR., M. D Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. PALMER, M. DProtessor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. BELL, M. D
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D Prof. of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.
J. W. HOLLAND, M. DProfessor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.
D. W. YANDELL, M. D Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology. D. W. YANDELL, M. D Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology. Surgery.
R. O. COWLING, M. DProf. of Surgical Pathology and Operative Surgery.
W. O. ROBERTS, M. DDemonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.

Professors' Tickets, in full\$50		
Demonstrators' Ticket 10	oo Graduation Fee 30 0	10

The Regular Session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

A Preliminary Course of Lectures, free to all Students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the Regular Term.

J. M. BODINE, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty, 4951/2 West Wainut Street.



